PROCEEDINGS

OF

K. SHESHADRI IYER, ESQ.,

DEWAN TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,

FOR

JUNE 1885.

PART I, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

PART II, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

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PART I.

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PART I.

REVENUE.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 8th June 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 16, dated 7th April 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore, soliciting orders as to the acceptance or otherwise of the payment of arrears due by revenue defaulters if tendered within one month from the date of sale and before it is confirmed.

CAMP No. 422, DATED MYSORE, 8TH JUNE 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The sale should be stopped if payment of arrears of kanayam be made before sunset of the day previous to the date of sale. A payment or offer of payment after the sale is no ground upon which the Deputy Commissioner can cancel a sale. The Deputy Commissioner has the power (whether on his own motion or upon complaint of any party interested) to refuse to confirm a sale on the ground of some material irregularity, a mistake or fraud in publishing or conducting it, causing substantial injury to any person affected by the sale. If the Deputy Commissioner refuses on grounds above specified, he must cause a resale to take place. If he does not so refuse, he must confirm the sale within 30 days from date of sale. The Deputy Commissioner's attention is called to Sections 193 and 194 of Draft Revenue Code which contains the existing law on the subject.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The other Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 2nd June 1885.

READ—

Letter from the Vice President, Bangalore City Municipal Commission, No. 634, dated 16th March 1885, submitting the Budget Estimates of the City Municipality for the year 1885—86.

No. 1518-22—53, DATED 2ND JUNE 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The receipts of the Bangalore City Municipality for 1885—86, exclusive of a probable opening balance of Rs. 12,000, are estimated at Rs. 1,06,100, against Rs. 86,820 of last year, showing an increase of Rs. 19,280. The estimate of expenditure amounts to Rs. 99,460 or Rs. 10,380 more than that of the past year, leaving a probable balance of Rs. 19,000 at the close of the current year. The following is a comparative statement of these estimates :—

Details of Receipts.	Estimates.			Details of Expenditure.	Estimates.		
	1884—85	1885—86	Difference.		1884—85	1885—86	Difference
I. Octroi—				I. Collection—Octroi.	2,983	2,983	...
Cocoanuts, dry and green ...	3,400	3,250	—150	Tax on professions, &c.	2,742	2,742	...
Tobacco and Betel-Leaves ...	20,100	20,500	+400	Rents ...	300	300	...
II. House-Tax	17,000	17,500	+500	II. Head Office charges ...	2,520	2,160	—360
III. Tax on Professions—Mohatarfa Tax ...	26,200	28,600	+2,400	III. Public Works—Supervision ...	1,712	1,772	+60
VII. Rents ...	4,150	4,400	+250	Original works ...	11,665	10,000	—1,665
VIII. Gardens ...	50	50	...	Compensation ...	2,000	2,000	...
IX. Extraordinary—Sale of lands ...	500	500	...	Repairs ...	12,000	11,500	—500
Refunds and Recoveries ...	...	100	+100	Repairs of suburban roads ...	3,600	3,600	...
Other Items ...	160	200	+40	IV. Supervision and Management ...	1,200	3,000	+1,800
X. Fines ...	150	150	...	Police ...	5	...	—5
XI. Pounds ...	350	500	+150	V. Education ...	12,720	13,212	+492
XII. Miscellaneous ...	4,160	4,450	+290	VI. Charitable Grants—Town Hospital Grant ...	...	2,400	+2,400
Kandayam Land Revenue ...	5,000	20,000	+15,000	Civil Dispensary ...	4,139	4,139	...
Contributions ...	3,600	3,600	...	Vaccination ...	386	386	...
Fees from Town Municipal School ...	2,000	2,300	+300	Maternity ...	2,078	2,678	+600
				Government Chuttrum.	764	764	...
Total Income.....	86,820	1,06,100	+19,280	Langarkhana ...	1,800	1,800	...
Opening Balance ...	25,446	12,000	—13,446	Orphanage ...	1,000	1,000	...
				VII. Conservancy—Establishment ...	12,594	12,594	...
Grand Total.....	1,12,266	1,18,100	+5,834	Other charges ...	960	1,406	+446

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 2nd June 1885.

Details of Receipts.	Estimates.			Details of Expenditure.	Estimates.		
	1884—85	1885—86	Difference.		1884—85	1885—86	Difference.
Brought forward ...	1,12,266	1,18,100	+5,834	Charity reserve ...	1,900	...	—1,900
				VIII. Road watering ...	200	400	+ 200
				IX. Lighting ...	3,600	3,600	...
				X. Gardens ...	300	300	...
				XI. Extraordinary—Market Show ...	150	150	...
				XII. Miscellaneous—Refund of excess collections ...	200	100	—100
				Cattle Pound charges.	300	300	...
				Rewards for killing Cobras, &c., ...	250	250	...
				Mortuary Registration ...	390	390	...
				Other Miscellaneous.	1,622	2,000	+ 378
				Pension Grant ...	...	600	+ 600
				XIII. Reserve ...	3,000	10,934	+ 7,934
				Total Expenditure	89,080	99,460	+ 10,380
				Closing Balance	23,186	18,640	—4,546
Grand Total.....	1,12,266	1,18,100	+5,834	Grand Total	1,12,662	1,18,100	+ 5,834

2. RECEIPTS—*Octroi.*—The income from *Octroi* on betel-leaves and cocoanuts is entered as a lump sum. The revenue from each of these articles should, in future budgets, be shown separately.

3. The increase of revenue noticeable under "Tax on Professions and Trades—Mohatarfa" and "Land Revenue" is large. The increase of Rs. 2,400 under the former head is said to be a part of the arrears of enhanced rates on shops which is proposed to be collected during the current year. Under "Land Revenue" provision of Rs. 20,000 is made for the arrears of previous years' revenue due by Government from 1881-82 up to 1884-85, calculated on an average estimate of Rs. 5,000 per annum. The revenue due for 1885-86 has been properly excluded from the estimate as it becomes due at almost the close of the year and is received by the Municipality in the following year. Under these circumstances, the increased estimates are passed. The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, is requested to expedite the submission of the refund bills on account of the arrears of land revenue actually due to the Municipality.

4. EXPENDITURE.—On the side of expenditure it is observed that, in the budget submitted, the pay Rs. 85 per mensem of the Municipal Collector and *Ex-officio* Manager has been entered under a separate head "*Supervision and Management*" instead of being *as heretofore* proportionately charged to the heads of "*Collection*" and "*Head Office.*" The necessary alteration has been made in this office.

5. The *net* increase of Rs. 13,080 provided for in the estimate of expenditure is due chiefly to the large provision of Rs. 10,934 made under "*Reserve.*" In explanation of this the Vice-President states that the increased allotment is needed to enable the Board to carry out several projects, now under contemplation, which, when decided will be laid before the Board at their ordinary monthly meetings for approval. This provision is allowed to stand subject to all appropriations made therefrom being duly reported to this office for sanction.

6. Of the other increases entered in the budget of expenditure, those noted in the *margin have already been sanctioned. In addition to these, provision has been made under "*Public Works-Supervision*" for a Public Works Overseer on Rs. 55+15 allowance, in all Rs. 70, instead of an Engineer as in the past year's budget on Rs. 80 and for the pay Rs. 15 of a Sub-Overseer, employed for the supervision of suburban roads, who was hitherto borne on the temporary establishment on the same pay. The net increase under the head is Rs. 60 per annum. The increase of Rs. 492 under "*Education*" is due to the provision made for extra grants-in-aid to schools noted in the † margin. Under the head "*Conservancy,*" a sum of Rs. 446 has been entered in excess of the provision for last year, to meet the cost of providing additional conservancy carts which are said to be very necessary. The allotments under "*Road watering*" and "*Other Miscellaneous*" also show slight increases, *viz.*, Rs. 200 and 378 respectively. These increased provisions are approved.

Details.	Increased Provision.
* *Under Supervision and Management for—*	
1. The allowance to *Vice-President*, &c. Dewan's Proceedings No 34—6, dated 10th February 1885 ...	3,000
2. Grant to Town Hospital. Dewan's Proceedings No. 6498—524, dated 29th March 1885	2,400
3. Matron for Maternity. Dewan's Proceedings No. 5710—12—448, dated 20th January 1885.. ...	600
4. Pension grant. Dewan's Proceedings No. 109, dated 20th February 1885 ..	600

	Per Annum.
† Provision for Sanskrit School in Bangalore in addition to Rs. 20 already granted to Vidyanilaya. Dewan's Proceedings, (Education) No. 290—92 dated 15th April 1885, Rs. 30 per mensem ...	360
Canarese School, Bar Lines, Rs. 4 per mensum	48
Catholic Mission Vernacular School, Rs. 4 per mensem	48
Maharatta School, Basetti Pettah, Rs. 3 per mensem	36

7 The expenditure proposed to be incurred on "Public Works" amounts to Rs. 27,100 or Rs. 2,165 less than in the past year. The usual estimates and notifications of sanction for works undertaken in the year should be submitted in due course.

8. With the foregoing remarks, the Budget of the Bangalore City Municipality for the current year is sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The President, Bangalore City Municipal Commission.
„ Comptroller.
„ Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
„ Senior Surgeon to the Government.
„ Education Secretary.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 9th June 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 3570—143 of the 15th January 1885, from the Chief Judge of Mysore, stating that in Session Case No. 22 of 1884, tried before the Chief Court, the accused was charged with murder, but being undefended, the Court requested Mr. Advocate Rama Rao to defend the prisoner, and Mr. Rama Rao, having complied with the Court's request, the prisoner was acquitted after 3 days' trial, and recommending that under the circumstances brought to light by the above proceedings, it was desirable to provide funds for the defence of undefended prisoners in murder cases.

READ ALSO—

Letter No. 4701—170, dated 13th March 1885, from the Chief Judge, forwarding a statement showing the number of cases of murder which were tried by the Sessions Courts and the Chief Court in the year 1884, in which the prisoners were undefended.

CAMP No. 441—4, DATED MYSORE, 9TH JUNE 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—In the letters read above, the Chief Judge recommends that provision may be made in the Budget for the defence of undefended pauper prisoners in murder cases which, according to the statement received with the 2nd letter read above, were in the year 1884 as follows :—

	Rs.
In the late Sessions Court, Nundydroog, from 1st January to 28th May 1884	1
In the Chief Court	3
Sessions Court, Mysore	4
Sessions Court, Nagar	11
making a total of	19

2. The Chief Judge proposes Rs. 50 as the maximum fee for the defence of a prisioner in each such case, but it is believed that in the simpler cases a much smaller fee will be found sufficient. A sum of Rs. 1,000 per annum, will therefore probably suffice, not only for the defence of undefended prisoners in original trials, but also for the proper representation of persons sentenced to death in cases coming before the Chief Court for confirmation of sentences of death.

3. The Comptroller will accordingly be requested to provide a sum of Rs. 1,000 for "the defence of undefended pauper prisoners in murder cases" in the Budget for 1885-86, and to place this amount at the disposal of the Chief Court, which will be requested to frame the needful rules on the subject.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Chief Judge.
The Session Judges.
The Comptroller.
All District Magistrates for information.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 22nd June 1885.

READ—

Dockets from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, Nos. A and 36, dated 31st March and 20th April 1885, respectively, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the Kadur District for the current official year.

No. 1795-9—65, DATED 22ND JUNE 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimates of receipts and expenditure of the six Municipalities in the Kadur District for the current official year, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, are as shown in the subjoined statement :—

Receipts.	Chikmagalur.	Tarikere.	Birur.	Kadur.	Yedahalli.	Harihar pur.	Total.
I. Octroi—							
Cocoanuts, dry and fresh ...	205	90	10	2	14	4	325
Jaggory and sugar ...	377	95	56	11	1	...	540
Butter and ghee ...	204	46	15	3	16	3	287
Sheep and goats ...	235	...	...	...	6	...	241
Oil and oil-seeds ...	579	235	18	8	16	13	869
Betel-leaves	551	13	6	11	24	1	606
Tobacco	316	65	9	...	8	...	398
Cloth	3,344	800	665	249	78	5	5,141
Metals	250	...	..	...	6	...	256
Total Octroi.....	6,061	1,344	779	284	169	26	8,663
II. Tax on houses	2,500	730	545	266	184	29	4,254
III. Mohatarfa on Shops ...	1,400	510	450	96	169	35	2,660
Looms	50	100	18	3	...	...	171
Oil-mill	100	80	18	7	...	...	205
Cart	250	180	127	28	30	10	625
Hittals	...	2	...	...	...	...	2
VII. Rents	102	...	..	...	...	...	102
IX. Sale of lands	30	200	145	12	...	...	387
X. Fines	23	7	5	2	...	..	37
XI. Pounds	555	370	178	180	74	3	1,360
XII. Miscellaneous	265	87	150	29	16	...	547
School Fees	985	250	...	...	...	...	1,235
Total Income.. ...	12,321	3,860	2,415	907	642	103	20,248
Opening Balance.....	1,500	1,748	4,300	1,400	190	135	9,273
Total Gross Income.....	13,821	5,608	6,715	2,307	832	238	29,521

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 22nd June 1885.

Expenditure.	Chikmagalur.	Tarikere	Birur.	Kadur.	Yedahalli.	Hariharpur.	Total.
I. Collection Charges ...	1,056	174	56	21	16	..	1,323
II. Head Office charges ...	141	42	54	16	18	...	276
III. Public Works Supervision ...	...	...	48	12	.	...	60
Original Works	1,550	...	1,123	420	150	..	3,243
Compensation	250	...	...	...	...	...	250
Repairs, Municipal ...	2,580	590	1,060	130	110	133	4,603
Do Educational ...	20	25	...	20	20	...	85
IV. Palace Charges	1,971	282	462	...	...	..	2,715
V. Education	...	372	..	150	...	...	522
VI. Charitable Grants, Dispensary ...	...	92	...	...	...	...	92
VII. Conservancies—							
Establishment	2,772	1,080	510	360	432	84	5,238
Other Charges	1,300	540	...	...	14	...	1,854
IX. Lighting	970	480	1,300	450	72	...	3,272
X. Gardens	264	...	...	...	...	...	264
XI. Extraordinary	180	...	...	...	...	...	180
XII. Miscellaneous—							
Cattle Pounds	144	72	48	48	...	...	312
Rewards to dog and snake killers	130	20	10	20	...	...	180
Tools and Plant	60	...	...	...	...	...	60
Other Miscellaneous ...	420	68	...	...	...	...	488
Total Expenditure.....	13,811	3,837	4,671	1,649	832	317	25,017
Closing Balance.....	10	1,771	2,044	658	...	21	4,504
Grand Total.....	13,821	5,608	6,715	2,307	832	238	29,521

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—Besides cocoanuts, dry and green, betel-leaves, tobacco and cloth, the octroi tax is levied in the Municipalities in the Kadur District on a larger number of articles including jaggory, ghee, butter, sheep and goats, &c. The total estimate of octroi revenue ranges from Rs. 6,061 against Rs. 5,608 of last year in Chikmagalur, to Rs. 23 against Rs. 43 in last year in Hariharpur and is generally made up of *small sums* derived from the tax on a *large* number of articles. Cloth generally yields a large percentage of octroi revenue in the district as shown in the margin. As the demand under "house tax" in Chikmagalur is said to have decreased, owing to the recent re-valuation of houses there, it has been resolved by the Municipal Board of the

Names of Municipalities.	Percentages			
	Actuals 83—4	Estimates 83—4	84—5	85—6
Chikmagalur ...	44·5	53	44·7	55·17
Tarikere ...	62·7	56	60·6	59·52
Birur ..	85·9	83	85·	77·86
Kadur ...	84·01	63	82·	87·67
Yedahalli ...	44·2	50	39·	46·15

town to levy octroi on kerosine oil and metals on the ground that the local consumption of these articles is large and no hardship will be felt by the merchants who carry on trade on a large scale. The amount of revenue expected from the proposed tax on kerosine oil is not stated. The estimate entered under "oil and oil-seeds" exceeds that of the past year by Rs. 169. The estimated revenue from the tax on metals amounts to Rs. 250. A copy of this office memo No. 561 of the 29th November 1882, regarding the abolition of octroi in Davangere, is herewith forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner who is requested to submit proposals for revising the tax in the Municipalities in the District with a view to retain it in large and populous towns on a few productive articles.

3. *House-Tax.*—Under the head "*House-Tax*", the estimate entered in the budget of Chikmagalur, *viz.* Rs. 2,500, is less than that of the past year by Rs. 500. In his No. 91, dated 15th May 1885, the President of the Municipal Board of Chikmagalur reports that the demand under "*House-Tax*" in accordance with the recent re-valuation of houses, authorized in Dewan's Proceedings No. 3563—171, dated 9th September 1884, amounts to Rs. 2,608 or Rs. 954—8—0 less than that for 1883—84, and that this deficit is due to the fact that originally the houses had been overvalued, while the present revision has regulated the tax on the market value of the houses.

4. *Miscellaneous.*—The receipts under the head "Miscellaneous" in Chikmagalur comprise an estimate of Rs. 985 from school fees. From the correspondence ending with the Comptroller's letter to the Deputy Commissioner, No. 3933, dated 27th March last, it would appear that although the receipts and expenditure connected with the District High School in the town were re-transferred to Provincial Funds from 1st April 1882, the fees from the school continue to be erroneously credited to Municipal Funds. The Comptroller has called upon the Deputy Commissioner to submit a bill, showing these credits from 1st April 1882 up to date, in order that they may be transferred to the Provincial Budget under the head XV Education. Under these circumstances, the estimate of Rs. 985 from school fees will be struck out. The Deputy Commissioner will be requested to report what provision should be made on the side of expenditure in the budget of Chikmagalur to meet the charge of the transfer referred to.

5. EXPENDITURE.—On the side of Expenditure it is observed that the estimate of charges in the budget of Chikmagalur is almost equal to the estimated gross income, leaving only a very small probable closing balance of Rs. 10, while in the case of Yedahalli it is proposed to expend the whole of the estimated gross revenue inclusive of the opening balance. This is objectionable, as under para 8 of the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 1515-20—M. C. 84, dated 18 July 1879, the closing balances should not generally be reduced to a less sum than 25 per cent of the amount of collection. Moreover the Chikmagalur Municipality has to provide for a refund of the amount of school fees referred to in para 4 above, which was hitherto erroneously credited to Municipal Funds. In the current year's budget of this town, the *charge on account of establishments amounts to Rs. 6,615 or 47·9 per cent; the cost of public works to Rs. 4,400 or 31·8

* Total Expenditure Estimate is Rs. 13,811, of this—

		Rs.
Establishment Charges—		
Collection		1,056
Head Office		144
Police...		1,971
Conservancy		2,772
Garden		228
Extraordinary		180
Pound ...		144
Miscellaneous		120
	Total.....	6,615
Public Works—		
Original Works		1,550
Compensation		250
Repairs		2,600
	Total.. ...	4,400
Other Charges—		
Conservancy		1,300
Lighting		970
Garden		36
Miscellaneous		490
	Total.....	2,796

per cent and the miscellaneous expenditure to Rs, 2,796 or 20·3 per cent of the total estimate of expenditure. Also the budget of Yedahalli does not provide for the usual charge on account of the Dispensary in that town. Under these circumstances the budgets of these two towns will be returned for revision and early re-submission.

6. *Octroi.*—The estimates of charges on account of establishment and percentage under octroi would also require modification in accordance with the remarks regarding the revision of octroi made in para 2 above.

7. *Head Office.*—The pay of the Municipal Clerk in the Kadur District office on Rs. 20 per mensem with Rs. 3 for contingencies amounting to Rs. 276 per annum has been rateably distributed among the several Municipalities of the District.

8. *Public Works.*—Under "Public Works Supervisions" the budgets of Birur and Kadur provide Rs. 48 and 12 respectively on account of the proposed allowance to Gumastas doing Municipal work in the Taluk offices. This is a charge without precedent and objectionable. It will therefore be struck out.

9. The allotment under "Public Works" amounts to Rs. 8,241 as detailed in the margin. Provision has been made for the moiety of educational repairs in accordance with the Educational Secretary's docket to the address of the Deputy Commissioner No. 317, dated 15th January 1885.

	Rs
Supervision	60
Original works ...	3,243
Compensation ...	250
Repairs Municipal ...	4,603
Do Educational ..	85
Total.....	8,241

10. *Police Charges.*—By Dewan's Proceedings No. 4338-40—138, dated 13th September 1882, the Municipalities of Tarikere and Birur have each to pay Rs. 282 on account of the moiety of the cost of the Police establishment maintained in these towns. In the budget of Tarikere the usual provision of Rs. 282 has been entered: the budget of Birur however provides Rs. 462 or Rs. 180 more than the fixed charge as noted in the margin. This increase requires explanation.

Fixed Charge	Rs.	*Charge provided.*	Rs.
1 Daffadar at	10=120	1 Daffadar at	10=120
1 Constable at	7= 84	1 Constable at	7= 84
5 Peons at	6=360	10 Peons at	6=720
Total.....	564	Total.....	924
Moiety payable from Municipal Funds, is Rs	282	Moiety payable from Municipal Funds	=462

11. *Educational.*—At Tarikere a class for English instruction would appear to have been opened and provision has been made in the current year's budget, as in that of the past year, for a Head Master at Rs. 20, an Assistant at Rs. 10 and 1 rupee for contingent charge. The estimate of receipt from school fees amounted to Rs. 250 for the current year. The Municipal budget of Tarikere has only to provide for ¾ths of the cost of expenditure of the school, the remaining ¼th having to be contributed from Provincial Funds, Provision for ¾ths of this cost will accordingly be retained in the budget, pending the issue of the necessary orders in the Educational Department regarding the establishment, &c., connected with the school.

12. In the budget of Kadur a sum of Rs. 150 has been entered under "Education" for a schoolmaster on Rs. 12 and contingencies ½ rupee per mensem. For want of funds in this Municipality, the District Funds are debited with the full cost of the Local Fund Dispensary in the town. The provision for English education should therefore be struck out.

13. Under "Conservancy" there is a net increase of Rs. 72 in the budget of Tarikere as shown in the margin. This is sanctioned.

Conservancy.	Rs.	
Addition of 3 male Sweepers at Rs. 5	180	
Deduction—Allowance to Munsarkhana Sweeper at Rs. 2 ... 24		108
Overseer at Rs. 7 84		
Net Increase..... Rs.	72	

14. The budgets of all the Municipalities except Hariharpur provide for expenditure under the head "Lighting." The charge is usual in Chikmagalur. In Tarikere the budget shows that Rs. 270 were spent on account of lighting in 1883—84, and it provides Rs. 480 for lighting in the current year against Rs. 563 in the past year. An allotment under the head appeared in the budget of Birur for 1883—84 and 1884—85, and those of Kadur and Yedahalli for 1884—85. Similar allotment is made in the current year's budget of these towns. Except in Chikmagalur, Tarikere and Birur, lighting might be postponed in other places for the present.

15. On account of "Cattle Pounds" under the head "Miscellaneous" provision is made for a Peon at Rs. 4 in each of the towns of Birur and Kadur, a Mutsaddi or Rs. 6 in Tarikere and both a Mutsaddi on Rs. 7 and a Peon on Rs. 5 in Chikmagalun The Deputy Commissioner is requested to state whether a Mutsaddi alone on Rs. 6 is not enough for Chikmagalur.

16. With the foregoing remarks, the budget estimates of Tarikere, Birur, Kadur and Hariharpur for 1885—86 are sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur, returning the budgets of Chikmagalur and Yedahalli.
The Comptroller with copies of the sanctioned budgets.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Education Secretary for information.
The Police Secretary do with copies of details of Police charges.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 13th June 1885.

READ—

The marginally noted letters from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the District for the official year 1885—86.

No. A, dated 28th March 1885.
No. 89—65, dated 17th April 1885.
No. 191—153, dated 8th May 1885.
No. 310—229, dated 4th June 1885.
No. 319—236, dated 5th June 1885.
No. 355—260, dated 15th June 1885.

No. 1897-1902—64, DATED 30TH JUNE 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimated receipts and expenditure of the 13 Municipalities in the Shimoga District for the current official year are as shown in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	Shimoga.	Chaunagiri.	Honnali.	Nyamti.	Shikarpur.	Sirsikoppa.	Soraba.	Sagar.	Nagar.	Tirthahalli.	Davangere.	Harihar.	Kumsi.	Total.
RECEIPTS.														
I. Cocoanuts. (a) Cocoanuts, Fresh ...	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120
(b) Do Dry ...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30
(c) Betel-leaves ...	220	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	220
(d) Sugar ...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60
(e) Jaggery ...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
2(f) Sheep and Goats ...	320	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	320
3(g) Fuel, Lighting (a) Oil ...	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200
6(h) Tobacco ...	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	250
7 Cloth ...	3,300	120	35	150	100	75	100	800	135	360	200	100	...	5,475
Total Octroi.....	4,700	120	35	150	100	75	100	800	135	360	200	100	...	6,875
II. Tax on houses, buildings and lands ...	3,630	267	236	278	335	196	172	220	70	412	1,184	400	177	7,577
III. Mohatarfa tax on (a) Shops ...	3,100	181	164	284	358	336	157	238	82	...	475	280	115	5,770
(b) Looms ...	...	45	6	7	5	...	1	...	...	...	154	240	1	459
(c) Oil Mills ...	70	18	7	18	10	...	...	...	...	...	75	120	2	320
(d) Carts ...	400	126	85	91	106	86	38	80	15	...	225	80	53	1,385
IX. Extraordinary sale of building sites ...	5	20	...	10	10	5	8	25	22	75	...	10	5	195
X. Fines	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	3	13
XI. Pounds	255	130	95	35	205	130	70	145	63	...	50	55	50	1,283
XII. Miscellaneous ...	720	10	...	5	12	5	11	...	...	9	185	25	19	1,001
(a) School Fees ...	...	120	...	...	180	60	...	...	...	192	240	...	...	792
(b) Contribution from Local Fund...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(c) Subscription on account of School.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(d) Contribution by Townspeople for Extra Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	500
Total Income... ...	12,880	1,037	628	878	1,321	893	567	1,508	387	1,048	2,788	1,810	425	26,170
Opening Balance.....	17,283	1,789	2,906	3,102	3,588	3,026	1,730	9,370	855	1,905	3,498	4,389	342	53,783
Total Gross Income.....	30,163	2,826	3,534	3,980	4,909	3,919	2,297	10,878	1,242	2,953	6,286	6,199	767	79,953

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 30th June 1885.

	Items.	Shimoga.	Chamrajn.	Honnali.	Nyamti.	Shikarpur.	Sirsikoppa	Sorab.	Sagar.	Nagar.	Tirthahalli.	Davangere.	Harihar.	Kumsi.	Total.	
	EXPENDITURE.															
I.	Collection of (*a*) Octroi ...	810	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	810	
	(*b*) House tax ...	264	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	264	
II.	Head Office charges ..	315	24	36	24	36	36	24	36	24	36	72	48	12	728	
II.	Public Works (*a*) Original works ...	3,893	150	1,120	870	2,433	1,100	1,160	2,450	...	...	2,500	2,100	50	17,825	
	(*b*) Repairs, Municipal ...	1,900	300	400	670	192	180	100	385	75	150	200	400	65	5,017	
	(*c*) Do Educational...	50	25	...	14	80	15	...	50	...	..	20	75	...	329	
	(*d*) Reserve Grant ...	1,000	25	80	100	100	100	20	100	10	249	50	81	10	1,875	
IV.	Police charges	3,382	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500	...	3,882	
V.	Education	...	180	...	...	Full	137	...	...	..	288	416	...	...	1,433	
VI.	Charitable Grants.—Dispensary charges.	600	100	100	...	100	...	...	100	...	132	140	...	...	1,272	
VII.	Conservancy—(*a*) Establishment ...	4,428	444	480	480	648	348	240	564	252	432	648	420	252	9,636	
	(*b*) Other charges ...	2,400	91	14	14	25	25	13	41	11	24	520	312	26	3,516	
VIII.	Road watering and planting trees ...	360	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	360	
IX.	Lighting	410	...	110	110	30	30	...	112	...	...	192	...	..	994	
XI.	Extraordinary	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	100	
XII.	Miscellaneous—(*a*) Cattle Pound charges.	132	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	132	
	(*b*) Rewards to dog and snake killers ...	250	5	15	15	20	12	10	15	15	25	12	20	10	424	
	(*c*) Purchase of tools and plants...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	(*d*) Other items ...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	50	
	Total Expenditure.....	20,344	1,344	2,355	2,297	4,076	1,983	1,567	3,853	387	1,336	4,770	3,906	425	48,643	
	Closing Balance.....	9,819	1,482	1,179	1,683	833	1,936	30	7,025	855	1,617	1,516	2,293	342	31,310	
	Grand Total.....	30,163	2,826	3,534	3,980	4,909	3,919	1,597	10,878	1,242	2,953	6,286	6,199	767	79, 53	

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 30th June 1885.

2. RECEIPTS-*Octroi.*—In the Municipality of Shimoga estimates of receipts have been entered under octroi for the articles usually subject to the tax, while in all the other Minor Municipalities, the Deputy Commissioner has, in accordance with the orders of the Dewan conveyed in memo No. 561 of 29th November 1882, abolished the tax on all articles except cloth.

3. *House-Tax and Mohatarfa.*—Generally the estimates of income under house and mohatarfa taxes are almost the same as those of the past year. In Siralkoppa, the estimate of revenue under house-tax amounts to Rs. 196 or Rs. 104 less than that for 1884—85, while under "Oil mills" no estimate is shown for the current year, although Rs. 20 had been entered in the last year's budget as the estimated receipt from this source. In Sagar there is no estimate under "Looms" as against a very small sum of Rs. 7 shown as the anticipated revenue under this head in the year 1884—85. For purposes of comparison the details of actuals for 1883—84, under the several heads of mohatarfa, &c., in all the Municipalities should have been furnished.

4. The estimate of Rs. 720 under "Miscellaneous" in Shimoga includes a sum of Rs. 500 on account of the proposed levy of scavengering cess from 2 annas to 2 rupees per house per annum. This estimate is passed, subject to the early submission of the report called for in this office No. 41—10 of 2nd April 1884.

5. The Municipal Board of Shimoga in para 6 of their Proceedings of 10th and 11th March last, submitted with the budget of the town for the current year, propose to exempt from octroi jaggory from 3 seers to 1 maund in the year, betel-leaves not more than 50, cocoanuts—dry or fresh—not more than 2, and tobacco ½ a seer at a time when these are brought into the town for house-hold consumption. The President of the Board also recommends the adoption of this measure experimentally for six months. On this subject, the Municipal Board are informed that in the Town and Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and the Municipality of Mysore, exemption from octroi is allowed only for the marginally noted articles within the limits therein specified whether these be intended for private consumption or otherwise, and they are requested to consider whether similar practice might be adopted in Shimoga.

	Bangalore.	*Mysore.*
Sugar	not taxed in Bangalore	5 seers.
Jaggory		5 do
Ghee and Butter		5 do
Tobacco	¼ seer	¼ do
Betel-leaves	1 bundle of 50 leaves.	1 bundle of 50 leaves.

6. EXPENDITURE-*Collection.*—The estimate of expenditure under "*Collection*" amounts to Rs. 1,074 or Rs. 630 more than that of the year 1884—85 as noted in the margin. The increase of Rs. 204 under "Mohatarfa" is unobjectionable. As regards the proposed addition to the octroi establishment, it is observed that the increased provision now made is about 17 per cent of the estimated receipts from octroi or 7 per cent more than the limit laid down in para 3 of the late Chief Commissioner's No. 4053-64—MI. 202, dated 30th October 1879. The Municipal Board should therefore be requested to reconsider the estimate.

1885—86.		1884—85.	
Details.	Amount.	Details.	Amount.
Octroi.		*Octroi.*	
Proposed allowance to Sayer Monegar for doing octroi duty at Rs 5...	60	1 Karkun at Rs. 12	144
12 Kolkars at Rs. 5	720	4 Kolkars at Rs. 5	240
Contingencies at Rs. 2—8—0	30		384
	810	*Mohatarfa.*	
Mohatarfa.		1 Peon at Rs. 5...	60
1 Karkun at Rs. 12	144		
2 Peons at Rs. 5	120		
	264		
Total Rs.....	1,074	Total Rs.....	444

7. *Head Office.*—The estimate under "Head Office," including the provision for a Taluk Gumasta Rs. 10 and contingencies Rs. 2 per mensem at Shimoga, erroneously entered in the budget of that town under conservancy, amounts to Rs. 723 against Rs. 741 in 1884—85. The budgets now submitted show that the cost of the municipal establishment and contingencies in the District office is estimated at Rs. 579, this amount being rateably debited to all the Municipalities in the District, as detailed in the margin. This establishment is unnecessarily large. In the Bangalore District office there is only one Clerk on Rs. 20 per mensem. No District pays more than Rs. 25 for the Clerk employed on municipal work. The charge for the examination of municipal accounts in the Shimoga District should not therefore exceed this limit.

Details.	Municipalities.			
	Shimoga.	Davangere.	Harihar.	Other Towns.
District Office Clerk ...	10	...	...	24
Peon	1	...	4	...
Vernacular Clerk... ...	...	6	...	...
Contingencies	2	...	...	...
Total Rs	13	6	4	24
In all Rs. 47 or 564 per Annum				
Office furniture and forms per annum	15			
Total Annual Cost	579			

8. *Public Works.*—It is proposed to utilize for public works during the current year a part of the large balances at the credit of the several Municipalities in the District. The estimated outlay under the head "Public Works" accordingly amounts to Rs. 25,047 against Rs. 7,095 in the past year as shown under :—

Works.	1885—86.	1884—85.
Original	17,826	2,590
Repairs (Municipal)	5,017	3,945
Do (Educational)	329	560
Reserve	1,875	0
Total Rs....	25,047	7,095

	Name of Work.	Amount.
1	Constructing dust bins at Shimoga ...	500
2	Metalling the Petta road do ...	1,000
3	Drainage of do ...	500
4	Constructing the well near market do ...	575
5	Constructing roads in Tigalars' street do ...	500
6	Constructing 4 latrines at Honnali ...	400
7	Do do Nyamti ..	400
8	Deepening well at Shikarpur ...	500
9	Other water supply works do ...	1,500
10	Improving bonda for water supply at Siralkoppa	1,000
11	Contribution towards the construction of bandy-stand and musafarkhana at Sorab	1,000
12	Constructing well at Sagar ...	400
13	Do drains do ...	1,742
14	Do bonda at Davangere ...	2,000
15	Do roads and drains do ...	400
16	Do roads, tunnels, &c. at Harihar	2,100
	Total Rs.....	14,517

9. The principal original works provided for are noted in the margin.

10. The estimate for Rs. 1,742 for constructing box drains in the main street of Sagar, received with the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner's No. 319—236 of 5th June 1885, is herewith returned duly sanctioned.

11. *Police.*—Under "Police" the provision made in the town of Shimoga is the same as that for 1884—85. But in Harihar Rs. 1,000 have been newly provided for on account of the enlistment of Police for that town to patrol it by night. This is said to be in accordance with the wishes of the townsmen who have promised for this purpose, contributions for which a provision of Rs. 500 has been entered on the side of receipts under the head "Miscellaneous." The Deputy Commissioner, however, remarks that Extra Police has not yet been enlisted for the town and that the provision of Rs. 1,000 for this purpose is too much. He estimates the cost of the Police required at Rs. 336 per annum. Pending a reference

on the subject by the Deputy Commissioner in the usual course to the Secretary in the Police Department, a provision of Rs. 500 for expenditure will be retained in the budget of Harihar against a similar entry on the side of receipts.

12. *Education.*—Besides the English school at Davangere, the establishment of English classes at Shikarpur and Tirthahalli have been sanctioned in the Educational Department. It is also proposed to open similar schools at Channagiri and Siralkoppa. The proposal should be submitted to the Secretary in the Educational Department for orders. With the exception of Shikarpur, where the cost of the English school has been directed in Dewan's Proceedings, Educational No. 2263—4, dated 24th October 1884, to be met equally by fees and municipal revenue, only three-fourths of the expenditure connected with the other English municipal schools is payable from Municipal funds to which the fees in them are credited, the remaining one-fourth being defrayed by the Provincial and Local funds. This will be adjusted as per Comptroller's circular No. 1571, dated 21st December 1883, a copy of which is herewith forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner for information. Accordingly, only ¾ths of the provision made for the cost of English schools will be retained in the budgets, the estimate entered under "Contributions" on the side of receipts in Davangere being struck out.

13. *Dispensary Charges.*—In addition to the dispensaries already existing at Sagar, Tirthahalli and Davangere, provision has been made in the current year's budgets for the dispensaries recently sanctioned for Channagiri, Honnali and Shikarpur. In Shimoga it is proposed to entertain a nurse at Rs. 50 per mensem, the cost being defrayed from Municipal funds. The proposal is sanctioned.

Towns.	Details.	Amount.
		Rs.
Shimoga ...	Horse allowance to Overseer at 5 Rs.	60
	6 Latrine Scavengers at 7 Rs.	504
	1 Peon at Rs 5 ...	60
	Hire of 4 carts at Rs. 15 ...	720
	Total Rs.	1,344
	2 Latrine Scavengers at Rs. 7	168
Honnali ...	2 Do do	168
Nyamti .	1 Sweeper at Rs. 5 ...	60
Shikarpur ...	1 Watcher at Rs. 3 ...	36
Siralkoppa ...	2 Sweepers at Rs. 5 ...	120
Sagar ...	Increase of pay to Mutsaddi 8 to 9 Rs.	132
Davangere ...	Increase to 10 Sweepers 3 to 4 Rs.	
Harihar ...	Do Mutsaddi 6 to 7 Rs.	60
	1 Peon at Rs. 4 ...	

14. *Conservancy.*—The proposed increases under "Conservancy" which are as noted in the margin are sanctioned.

15. The allotment of Rs. 360 under "*Road Watering and Planting*" for planting vacant places in Shimoga and the provision of Rs. 100 under "Extraordinary" on account of expenditure in that town during festivities on State occasions are approved.

16. *Lighting.*—The cost of lighting in Shimoga is estimated at Rs. 410, of which Rs. 120 are for 2 lamp lighters on Rs. 5 each and Rs. 290 for oil and other charges. The number of lamps for which provision has been made should have been stated.

17. With regard to the provisions made newly under "Lighting" in the Municipalities of Honnali, Nyamti, Shikarpur, Siralkoppa, Sagar and Davangere, the Deputy Commissioner is requested to consider whether the proposed introduction of lighting into these minor towns may not for the present be postponed.

18. With the foregoing remarks, the budgets under review are sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, returning the sanctioned estimate for Sagar.
The Comptroller with copies of sanctioned budgets and their details.
The Education Secretary.
The Police Secretary with copies of details of Police charges.
The Secretary, Public Works Department, for information.

PART I.

GENERAL.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 2nd June 1885.

From the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, To the Dewan of Mysore, No. 434—90, dated Bangalore, 18th May 1885.

I am directed to invite your attention to letter No. 1171. I. G., dated 20th September 1881, from the Government of India in the Foreign Department, copy of which was communicated to you with this office letter marginally noted, and to request that you will be so good as to cause the promotion recommendation roll for the half-year ending 28th February 1885, for the Engineers and Subordinates of Revenue Establishment and Upper Subordinate Establishment belonging to the Government of India whose services have been lent to the Government of Mysore, to be forwarded to this office.

No. 1665—341, dated 12th October 1881.

2. To obviate, in future, the complaints which the Resident has received of the unpunctual submission of these half-yearly recommendation rolls, I am to suggest that instead of their being separately forwarded to this office, as at present, by the Head of each Department for the officers subordinate to him, they may all be collected and tabulated in your office, and one general roll for all the officers concerned forwarded to this office for transmission to the Government of India within one month after the close of the half-year in question, namely, after the 28th February and 31st August of each year.

3. The Government of India have now specially desired the submission of a promotion recommendation roll for the half-year ending 28th February 1885.

No. 1492-9—50, DATED BANGALORE, 2ND June 1885.

ORDER.—The accompanying extract from the above read letter is circulated to Heads of Departments for information. It is requested that the half-yearly promotion recommendation rolls may be punctually submitted to this office in time for their despatch to the Government of India through the Resident. The roll for the half-year ended 28th February should be submitted as early as possible.

C. RAGHAVACHARLU,
Offg. Under-Secretary.

To—The Chief Judge.
The Consulting Engineer.
The Secretary in the P. W. D.
The Manager, Mysore State Railway.
The Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey.
The Senior-Surgeon to the Mysore Government.
The Secretary, Police Department.
Other Heads of Departments.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 16th June 1885.

From the Deputy Superintendent in charge, Mysore Topographical Survey, To the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 85, dated Bangalore, 8th June 1885.

I have the honor to submit for the information of the Dewan the following report on the progress of the Topographical Survey during the season 1884—85.

2. Several changes took place during the year in the European staff of the party, *viz.*, the Assistant Superintendent, two Surveyors, and one Assistant Surveyor were transferred to other parts of India, while three Assistant Surveyors joined the party from other surveys. There was no alteration in the number of the Sub-Surveyors, but the menial establishment had to be largely augmented to provide the number of men required for work in the large tract of forest, and subsequently in connection with the large scale survey of Bangalore.

3. The operations consisted of—

(*a*). Preliminary triangulation amounting to 900 square miles in the Kolar District, which has brought the triangulation of the Province to a termination.

(*b*). Also of traversing and levelling to supply initial points for the detail survey on the 12″ scale of the Civil and Military Station and Town of Bangalore, the topography of which is now complete and amounts to 39·9 square miles.

(*c*). And lastly of topography on the 1″ scale comprising standard sheets Nos. 54, 58, 62, 67, 68 and 69 embracing an area of 2,365 square miles.

4. It was hoped on taking the field that standard sheets Nos. 65 and 70 would also have been completed but the survey of the forest tracts in the Gundlupet, Heggaddevankote and (south) Hunsur Taluks proved exceedingly arduous and difficult, besides which the party suffered severely in health, several of the detachments being so prostrated with fever as to be forced to flee from the jungles until the men regained their strength.

5. The great extent of forest-covered ground which fell within the area of survey, as well as the large amount of sickness has of course diminished the out-turn and somewhat enhanced the mileage rate of the season, but after a long experience of Mysore and from having been over nearly every part of the Province, I can safely assert I have never seen a more trying or difficult piece of the country than that just surveyed.

6. The mapping of the six standard sheets, and of the towns of Mysore and Bangalore is now being proceeded with and it is hoped that the whole will be sent up for publication during the recess.

7. An index map and the usual statistical table giving out-turn, cost, rate, &c., are appended: the mileage rate for the current season is however only approximate, as four months of the survey year have still to run, and it is not strictly the rate for final topography, on the 1″ scale as it covers the cost of the preliminary triangulation and also the 12″ survey.

8. I have to express my great obligation to Mr. Abdul Khader, K. B., Deputy Commissioner of Mysore, for his kind interest in the survey operations and his cordial and substantial support on all occasions, and I am also indebted to the Amildars of Gundlupet, Heggaddevankote and Mysore for the assistance they have rendered.

Mysore Topographical Survey.

Area previously surveyed up to close of October 1884.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during 1884-85 with cost per mile.			
Trigonometrically.	Topographically on 1″ scale.	Revenue. By Villages.	Revenue. By Fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical on 1″ scale.	Revenue.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
31,789	* 26,402	...	...	...	Rs. A. P. 25—8—3	...	900	†2,365 at Rs. 31-14-0 per squar mile	...	The cost per square mile of the present year's work is approximate only and includes cost of Trigonometrical and 12″ work.

* Also 83·9 square miles of State forests on scale of 4 inches = 1 mile.
" 23·88 " on scale of 12″ = 1 mile.

† Also 33 square miles on scale of 12 inches = 1 mile.

No. 1718-29—58, DATED 16TH JUNE 1885.

ORDER.—Recorded: the Dewan observes that the progress of work in the season under report is satisfactory.

C. RAGHAVACHARLU,
Offg. Under-Secretary.

To—The Deputy Superintendent in charge, Mysore Topographical Survey.
The Secretary, Public Works Department.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and Sub-Division officers.
The Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A notification directing Budan Sheriff, Munsiff and 2nd Class Magistrate of Hassan, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the English language, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	3rd June 1885.	
2	A notice in duplicate, received from the Sub-Collector of North Arcot, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, with a request that it may be served on the party therein named and the original returned to this office.	Do do	
3	The District Magistrate of Mysore was requested to expedite the submission of the statement of licenses granted under the Indian Arms Act for the year 1884—85.	Do do	
4	Sanction was accorded to the remission of certain portions of the sentences passed upon convicts Yalakki and Govinda of the Central Jail.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	5th do	
5	As requested, a notice of attachment against the pay of N. Gopalakrishnaiengar of this office was returned to the Additional Munsiff of Bangalore, who was informed that a moiety of the official's pay for April last had been remitted to the Munsiff's Court before the receipt of his letter No. 787, dated 4th instant.	Do do	
6	A notification directing A. Subba Iyer, Acting Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Tumkur Taluk, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Canarese language, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	6th do	
7	A notification directing Raghavendra Rao, Deputy Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of Channapatna, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Canarese language, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	10th do	
8	In reply, the Chief Judge was requested to furnish further information as to why Mr. Abdul Rahman, 1st Assistant Commissioner and 1st Class Magistrate, Bangalore District, should be vested with the power to try cases summarily.	Do do	
9	Certain summonses to witnesses, received from the District Magistrate of Coimbatore, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore and Kolar Districts for service on the parties therein named, and the return of the duplicates.	11th do	
10	In forwarding certain papers (to be returned), the District Magistrate of Tumkur was requested to report early as practicable the usual particulars regarding the accused Seshappa and Ramachandraiya in order that application may be made for their rendition.	13th do	
11	Copy of the list of casualties among the Mysore transmarine convicts at Port Blair during April 1885 was forwarded to the District Magistrate, Bangalore, with the intimation that information of the death of Kempa, the convict therein named, may be communicated to his surviving relatives.	15th do	
12	The return of sick prisoners in the jails of this State for May 1885 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	19th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	In forwarding certain papers, the Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue a warrant to the address of the District Magistrate of Coimbatore for the arrest and surrender of one Venkannaiya.	19th June 1885.	
14	Certain summonses were forwarded to the Munsiff of Mysore for service on the parties therein named and return to the Court which had issued them.	Do do	
15	An Assessor's summons was returned to the Registrar of the Chief Court duly served on Ramaiya therein mentioned.	20th do	
16	Sanction was accorded to the remission of portions of the sentences passed upon Dhakya and 3 other convicts of the Central Jail.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	Do do	
17	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers were requested to submit by the 3rd proximo the half-yearly return of persons surrendered under the Extradition Act during the half year ended the 30th June 1885.	22nd do	
18	Copies of two licenses issued by the Resident in Mysore to Messrs. N. V. Ramanujam and Co. of Madras to export certain ammunition to the Town of Bangalore and Tumkur respectively, were forwarded to the District Magistrates of Bangalore and Tumkur respectively.	25th do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th June 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

REVENUE.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copies of the Annual Report of the Department of Revenue Settlement and Agriculture, Madras, for 1883—84, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers.	1st June 1885.	
2	The Superintendent, Revenue Survey, was requested to submit the entire record connected with the boundary dispute between the villages of Byalakere and Chunchanahalli in the Nagamangala Taluk.	2nd do	
3	Five printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th May 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
4	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that there was no objection to the attachment and sale of the lands included in the mining blocks Nos. 5 and 6 in the Honnali Taluk held in the names of Colonel G. W. Cole and Mr. P. A. Cole.—Communicated to Messrs. Wilson & Co., Madras.	3rd do	
5	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was requested to submit further information regarding the Inam village of Puru in the Hiriyur Taluk.	Do do	
6	Sanction was accorded to the remission of mohatarfa amounting to Rs. 24—5—0 due on certain huts situated near Turuvekere.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	Do do	
7	Orders were passed cancelling that part of the decree of Mr. Mahomed Ali which directed a division of the emoluments attached to the office of Shanbhog of Naravangala Amanikere and Kaggere among certain hakdars.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
8	A notification regarding the sale of certain jodi villages in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication in 3 issues of that paper.	4th do	
9	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette with a request that 15 copies of the notification in Canarese may be forwarded direct to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
10	A petition from the ryots of Ramasamudra in the Chamarajnagar Taluk, regarding remission of assessment, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for disposal with certain remarks.	Do do	
11	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the Pujari of the temple at Belur should be called upon to pay full assessment on certain Inam land during the period the land was under resumption.	6th do	
12	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the Dewan quite approved of the arrangement made by him in filling up the vacancy of the Shanbhogship of the Nittur Firka in the Hassan Taluk.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st May 1885 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	6th June 1885.	
14	Statements of local cess realized during the last official year and allotments made therefrom were forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication.	Do do	
15	Sanction was accorded to the restoration of the jodi Inam attached to the temple of Basavesvara at Kodlipur in the Anekal Taluk on certain conditions.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	8th do	
16	The monthly accounts of average prices of different grains in each District in the State for April 1885 was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication.	Do do	
17	Orders were passed on a petition from Hanumakka, widow of Chikramegauda of Chikkachulikunte, Sira Taluk, regarding the Patelship of that village—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
18	Sanction was accorded to the cancelment of the 2nd sale of certain building site at Kadur—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District with the intimation that the purchase money paid by Chikbairanna should be returned to him.	Do do	
19	As requested, certain papers relating to the complaint of Mallari Rao, regarding the compensation for a building taken up for the Mysore State Railway in the old Cantonment at Mysore, were forwarded to the District Munsiff, Mysore, to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
20	A statement of rain-fall in the several Taluks of the state during April 1885 was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to furnish certain information regarding the grazing land available for the villagers of Mudadi Firka, Arsikere Taluk.	9th do	
22	A notification regarding the sale of the right of cutting grass in the Cubbon Park for the current year 1885 was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication.	Do do	
23	Do do to the Proprietor of the Daily Post.	Do do	
24	Sanction was accorded to the restoration of the Inam land attached to the Shanbhogship of Tondebhavi in the Goribidnur Taluk to Shanbhog Nanjundappa.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
25	A revenue demand notice was returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District duly served on Mr. T. T. Leonard.	10th do	
26	The Inam Superintendent was requested to submit an extract from the Inam settlement register regarding the Varshasana allowance of late K. Venkobachar.	11th do	
27	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit certain information regarding the Patelship of Gopagondatrahalli in the Honnali Taluk.	Do do	
28	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the orders passed in this office Proceedings No. 3696—84, dated 17th September 1884, might be followed in the	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	case of the umbli lands attached to the Patelship of Gama in the Shikarpur Taluk as well as in all similar cases.		
29	Translations of two notices of demand for arrears of land revenue to be served on Venkatasami, at present a prisoner in the Central Jail, Jubbulpur, late a private in the 2nd Regiment, Native Infantry, stationed at Sagar, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	12th June 1885.	
30	In returning the bills received from the Roman Catholic and other orphanages in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to ask the Managers of the Orphanages in the Civil and Military Station to submit them to the Resident or such other officer as he may direct.	13th do	
31	The Comptroller was requested to arrange for the refund of Rs. 627 payable to the Kayamguttadar of Dodgunta.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, with the intimation that, for the refund due by the Civil and Military Station Municipality, the Kayamguttadar should apply to the Resident.	Do do	
32	A copy of the printed papers on the subject of stacking hay and storing fodder for cattle, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
33	Sanction was accorded to the reopening of the weekly market at Burudagunte in the Sidlaghatta Taluk on Saturdays.	Do do	
34	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers were informed that correspondence regarding the reciprocal service of revenue processes may be carried on by them direct with those in Madras.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to submit further information regarding the weekly market held at Mittemari in the Bagepalli Taluk.	15th do	
36	The Manager, Revenue Survey office, was requested to submit this office letter No. 4903—63, dated 23rd November 1867, to the Superintendent of Revenue Survey for reference.	Do do	
37	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to submit in future the monthly rain-fall returns of the Districts so as to reach this office on or before the 10th of the month following that to which they relate.	Do do	
38	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the members of the Chikballapur Pallegar family should be referred to the Civil Court regarding the building site in the Fort of Chikballapur known "Pallegar's Vatara" and the Municipality of Chikballapur must be guided by the decision of the Civil Court.	Do do	
39	In forwarding certain correspondence, the Superintendent of the Government Botanical Gardens was requested to submit a report on the commercial and economical value of the bark, &c., of "sávé" plant.	16th do	
40	A notification of the sale of jodi Melanahalli in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication in 3 successive issues of the Gazette in English and Canarese, with a request that 35 printed copies of the notification may be forwarded direct to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
41	Copy of the Shimoga Local Fund Boards Proceedings of the 18th May last, together with copies of the statements of receipts and expenditure of the District Funds for the year 1884—85, was forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
42	A notification of the sale of the jodi village of Melanahalli in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication in 3 successive issues of that paper.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
43	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the action taken by him in attaching and bringing under Government management the Inam village of Kanchiganahalli in the Honnali Taluk, was approved, the Inamdars having failed to pay up the jodi for 1884—85.	16th June 1885.	
44	Certain papers relative to the complaint of the jodidar of Tumulu in the Maddagiri Taluk, regarding the loss of revenue sustained by him, owing to the prohibition of the manufacture of earth salt in that village, were forwarded to the Inam Superintendent for report.	Do do	
45	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the application of Mr Strickland of Hunsalli Estate for the grant of waste areca garden No. 37, measuring 12 acres and 26 guntas, may be accepted.	17th do	19th April 1884, Part II, R.
46	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, was requested to furnish further information regarding the shrava tenure on which he granted land No. 39 in the village of Hegodu in the Sagar Taluk.	Do do	
47	The remission of certain irrecoverable balances in the Mudgere Taluk amounting to Rs 1,450—6—4 was sanctioned, and certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, regarding the recovery of the arrears due on the estate lately owned by Messrs. Alstan and Company.	Do do	
48	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit further information on the subject of contribution payable by ryots for the repairs of tanks.	Do do	
49	The sale of the date leaves in the Arsikere Taluk to K. Krishnappa for Rs 70 was confirmed.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
50	The Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that his letter No. 58, dated 12th June 1885, stating no expenditure had been incurred in executing repairs to the Trigonometrical Survey stations of Jogimardi and Guhesvaramgudda in the Chitaldroog Taluk as they had been carried with the aid of the local agency, was noted.	Do do	
51	Statements of rain-fall gauged at Chitaldroog and certain other places during May 1885 were forwarded to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.	Do do	
52	In returning certain papers, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that if the case of Dodhanumanta and other ryots of Malya in the Goribidnur Taluk should be pending decision before the Deputy Commissioner or the Survey Superintendent, the final result might be reported to this office for information.	18th do	
53	In forwarding a copy of letter dated 15th instant, from Messrs. Wilson and Co., Madras, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the sale of the blocks Nos. 3 and 5 of the Honnali gold field therein referred to may be held in abeyance.	Do do	
54	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th June 1885, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	19th do	
55	A statement showing the quantity of rain-fall in the Taluks of the Mysore State for the month of May 1885, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication, with a request that 20 copies of the statement (omitting figures) may be printed and forwarded to this office.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Order
56	The Manager, Mysore State Railway, was requested to state what would be the cost of the cheapest machine for weighing loaded carts and to forward a copy (if available) of the catalogue of weighing machines.	20th June 1885.	
57	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested not to submit the rain-fall return in future daily.	Do do	
58	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, was requested to state what quantity of cotton, woollen, and silk tapes was generally brought into the town of Shimoga in a given year and what the proposed tax on them would amount to, and informed that the rate of the tax on piece goods of Indian manufacture should not exceed 3 per cent *ad valorem*, and that the present method of levying tax should be left undisturbed pending further instructions on the subject.	Do do	
59	Orders were passed on a petition from Puttanarasimbhatta of Nelamangala regarding certain land, affirming the order contained in this office Proceedings No. 2065-6—57, dated 19th July 1883.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	22nd do	
60	Five printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore Province for the fortnight ending 31st May 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	24th do	
61	The Khazana Bakshi was requested to issue strict orders to the Pallegar Rangappa Nayik of Molakalmuru not to pay anything to Mr. Narasimmaiengar towards the debt he owes him and for which his father the late Mr Chaluvaiengar had obtained a decree No. 150 of 1878 in the Court of the Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Bangalore District, until further orders from this office.	25th do	13th Nov. 1884, Part II, R.
62	The Vice-President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission was requested to submit a copy of the City Municipal President's letter No. 449, dated 22nd October 1883, together with a copy of its enclosure regarding the proposed draft rules for the establishment and management of the cattle pound in the Municipality of the Bangalore City.	Do do	
63	The tables relating to the cinchona and coffee cultivation were returned to the Assistant to the Resident with the information regarding the Mysore State for the years 1884 and 1885 respectively, duly filled in.	Do do	
64	A detailed list of Amrut Mahal kavals in the Nagamangala Taluk. prepared in 1835, was forwarded to the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department with certain remarks.	Do do	
65	Orders were passed on the Chikmagalur Municipal Board's Proceedings dated 31st March 1885, and communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	26th do	
66	The Comptroller was informed of the transfer of certain shares belonging to the Government of Mysore in the Maharaja of Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, (Limited,) to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for the time being, and a copy of the memo of transfer was also forwarded to him.	Do do	
67	Messrs. Best and Co., Agents, Mysore Gold Mining Company, Madras, were requested to pay at once the royalty due to the Mysore Government, and in forwarding a copy of a letter on the subject from the Comptroller for early and full report, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the royalty due must at once be collected, and the explanation of Messrs. Best and Co. for postponement of the payment could not be accepted.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	29th do	
68	In forwarding two statements, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the claim of Rai-Bahadur Yele Mallappa Chetty for compensation for loss of land could not	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	be decided upon till the boundaries of the jodi village referred to are defined by the Survey Department.		
69	A printed copy of the circular regarding cases of reclamation of waste land throughout Mysore was circulated to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers.	29th June 1885.	
70	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 362, dated 20th June 1885, from the District Magistrate of Coimbatore and of its enclosure, the Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore and Kolar Districts were requested to hand over the property therein mentioned to Lakshminarasaiya, Police Inspector of Erode.	Do do	11th June 1885, Part II, J.
71	Five printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th June 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
72	The sale of the right to collect kuranga stones in the Hassan Taluk for Rs. 10 to K. Krishnappa was confirmed.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	30th do	
73	Sanction was accorded to the grant of garden land No. 39 in the village of Heggodu in the Sagar Taluk to Subbabhatta on shraya tenure.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
74	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that in the Revenue Returns Nos. 3 and 4 for May 1885, received from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, the oldest case pending was against the Hassan Sub-Division officer, the date of the case being 7th July 1884; and that it should be disposed of early.	Do do	

MYSORE DEWAN'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, 30th June 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

FORESTS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Da pre Or
1	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to explain certain discrepancies in the sandalwood statement for November last.	1st June 1885.	
2	The supplemental pay bill of the Hunsur Daroga Lakshminarasappa from 1st to the 9th April last, was returned to the Superintendent of Forests, for explanation.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the toramatti logs in the bed of the Cauvery may be sold on the spot under the direction of the Forest officer and that the mature karachi and stunted teak in the Cauvery forests might be felled as part of the "Timber" collection of the current year.	Do do	
4	Orders were passed on a petition from Raghanna, Shroff, Davangere Taluk, regarding the sale of certain land, confirming the order of the Deputy Commissioner, holding the pattadar responsible for the arrears.	Do do	
5	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to take steps for the early adjustment of the outstanding balances against the Rangers and the late Syed Yakuf Sahib, carting contractor.	2nd do	
6	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub Division, was requested to explain certain items in the Forest balance statement for March last.	Do do	
7	Orders were passed on a petition from Krishnaiya of Yedatore, dismissing, for reasons stated, his complaint regarding the encroachment on certain Government lands as being frivolous.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	27th March 1884, Part II, Rev.
8	Orders were passed on a petition from Tirumalagauda of Dodbelavangala in the Dodballapur Taluk, regarding the Patelship of Maduranahosahalli in the same Taluk, confirming the settlement made by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner.	Do do	
9	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit further explanation regarding the driage of certain sandalwood.	Do do	
10	Sanction was accorded to the free grant of three cart-loads of unreserved wood for the construction of a makan for the use of the Musalman travellers at Ainur in the Kumsi circle.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.	3rd do	
11	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the Forester and Kamáti employed on fuel work at Closepet should be sent back to the Kabbaldurga Forest, their pay being defrayed from the working charges, and that if a permanent establishment should be found necessary, a proposition statement must be submitted at the end of the current year.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	In reply, Messrs. Barclay and Morgan, Madras, were informed that a formal conveyance was executed for the sale of the Karpanahalli and Benganur fuel plantations in the Kolar District, and the same was delivered to Mr. M. F. Lavelle and certain further instructions were issued to them on the subject.	3rd June 1885.	
13	The conveyances (original and duplicate) of the Karpanahalli and Benganur plantations were returned to Mr. M. F. Lavelle, Bangalore, duly signed by the Dewan and he was requested to send back the duplicate copy to this office for record, after registration.	Do do	
14	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed of the issue of a letter of credit in his favor by the Comptroller for Rs. 2,000 for Forest expenditure during the current quarter.	4th do	
15	A notice inviting tenders for carting timber and bamboos from the District forests to the Depôts in the Mysore District was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication in English and Canarese in two issues of the *Mysore Gazette* and to the Proprietor of the Daily Post.	Do do	
16	Twelve copies of the draft Forest Regulation were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	5th do	
17	Sanction was accorded to the free grant of wood to certain ryots of Kamasagara in the Channagiri Taluk to enable them to re-build their houses destroyed by fire.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.	Do do	
18	Sanction was accorded to the entertainment of four Monegars for such period as may be necessary during the current year for the purpose of felling and collecting sandalwood.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District with certain remarks and the Comptroller,	Do do	
19	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to explain certain items in the sandalwood statement for March 1885.	9th do	
20	Sanction was accorded to the grant of the usual allowance of sandalwood to the temples of Bhimanakatte Bhimesvara Devaru in the Tirthahalli Taluk, and Nilakantha Devaru in the Nagar Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.	10th do	
21	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that pending further explanation the sum of Rs. 194—4—0 was disallowed from his working charges bill for March last.	Do do	
22	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to explain certain items in the working charges bill for March 1885.	Do do	
23	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed of certain alterations made in his working charges bill for March 1885 and was requested to submit two statements regarding the fuel supplied to the Railway.	11th do	
24	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was requested to quote the number and date of the order sanctioning the sale of the sandalwood referred to by him.	13th do	
25	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit further information regarding the agreement between himself and Syed Mohadin, carting contractor.	15th do	
26	The Sub-Division officer, Hassan, was requested to furnish a statement showing the quantity of galnuts and tangadi bark collected and disposed of on the 31st March last and the amount realized therefrom as against the cost incurred and was informed that his report on the condition of the cardamom plantation at Divagal and Hanal and Nadaloppalu was awaited.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
27	Sanction was accorded to the free grant of wood and bamboos to certain ryots of Chikkagonigere in the Honnali Taluk with certain remarks.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	17th June 1885.	
28	In forwarding a copy of a letter from the Forest Probationer, Hassan, the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg was informed that there was already a cart track in the Vijayapur kaval, and that orders may be issued in the Coorg Forest Department preventing cartmen from encamping in the kaval.	Do do	
29	In returning a petition from Haji Abdulla, Haji Abubaker and Co. of Bangalore, the Superintendent of the Forests, Mysore District, was informed that the offer of the firm to buy sandalwood at the rates referred to may be refused.	18th do	
30	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts, except Shimoga, were requested to expedite the submission of the Forest demand collection and Balance statement for March 1885.	19th do	
31	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was rquested to explain certain items in the sandalwood tatement for March last.	22nd do	
32	The deed of conveyance of the Karpanhalli and Benganur plantations was forwarded to Messrs. Barclay and Morgan, Madras.	Do do	3rd instant, Part II, Forests.
33	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that the Dewan noted with satisfaction the rise of nearly Rs. 4,000 in the revenue from the sale of the "Minor Forest Products" of the District forests in Mysore for the year 1884—85, over the average of the five preceding years.	25th do	
34	Mr. J. Wallace, Mysore, was requested to state what he did with Rs. 1,687—8—0 received by a transfer receipt in September 1883, from the Railway Department, on account of the value of 909 sleepers sawn and supplied by him while he was Assistant Engineer in charge of the Palace Workshop.—Copy forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Palace Establishments, for report as to whether the amount referred to above had been paid by Mr. Wallace into the Palace Treasury.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to report the result of the prosecution for the theft of sandalwood alluded to in the Assistant Conservator's Journal of occupation for May 1885.	Do do	
36	With reference to his note, dated 4th June 1885, on the batta bill, for April 1885, of Mr. S. A. Bapu Rao, Forest Apprentice, the Comptroller was informed that as Mr. Bapu Rao was an Apprentice still employed on Railway fuel supply and other works in the Bangalore District, he should continue to draw batta as heretofore.	29th do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30*th June* 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

o.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission was informed that the provision of Rs. 3,000 made in the budget of the Municipality for 1885—86 should be disbursed as heretofore as allowances to the President and Vice-President of the Municipality.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	1st June 1885.	
2	An estimate for Rs. 10 for repairing the cattle pound at Kankanhalli was sanctioned and returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
3	Sanction was accorded to the stipend of Rs. 21—2—9 of the late Venkatappa Nayik, Pallegar of Mudimadagu, being continued in the name of his cousin Kadripati Nayik from the 14th October last following the death of the late Pallegar.—Communicated to the Khazana Bakshi and the Comptroller.	Do do	
4	A copy of letter No. 2494—507, dated 21st May 1885, from the Secretary, Public Works Department, stating that a modified estimate for Rs. 4,369 had been sanctioned for repairing the temple at Kalasa in the Mudgere Taluk, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
5	The Comptroller was requested to place Rs. 2,000 at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for the purpose of obtaining from 12 to 20 breeding rams from Australia, the proposal for improving the sheep breed of Mysore being approved by the Dewan.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	2nd do	
6	In reply, the Inspector General of Prisons was informed that it was undesirable to increase either the strength or the salaries of the Mysore Jail establishment, and that the contingent establishment might however be brought on the general establishment and the service of the members of the former be counted towards pension or gratuity as the case might be.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
7	Copy of letter No. 468—98, dated 23rd May 1885 from the Assistant to the Resident intimating that the Government of India had sanctioned the payment of Rs. 4,469—13—6 on account of charges for maintaining the prisoners of the Civil and Military Station during 1884 in the Central Jail belonging to the Mysore State, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Prisons and the Comptroller.	Do do	
8	A copy of the 1st page of the pension application of Mahomed Ali, late Shekdar, Sidlaghatta Taluk, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
9	Sanction was accorded to the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 35 to Hira Singh, late Peon, Kolar Sub-Judge's Court, and also of Rs. 92 earned by the deceased Daffedar Sankaraju of the same Court to his heirs.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
10	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, for Rs. 4 in favor of Mr. McHutchin, Executive Engineer, Mysore Sate Railway, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
11	The payment of a pension of Rs. 21—10—8 per mensem to Govinda Rao, 3rd Accountant, Military Secretary's office, was sanctioned with effect from the 1st January 1885.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	3rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Mr. P. N. Krishna Murti, Jaghirdar of Yelandur, was requested to arrange for the immediate payment of Rs. 3,600 due to Narasamma, daughter of Dattu Rama Rao, for the year ending 31st March 1885, and was informed that the Yelandur Jaghir Regulation having received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja would be immediately published in the *Mysore Gazette*	3rd June 1885.	
13	The Comptroller was requested to arrange for the necessary adjustment of the cost of the chita shuts received from the officers of the Mysore and Madras Governments for the equipment of His Highness the Maharaja's Body Guard—Communicated to the Military Secretary.	Do do	16th Dec. 1884, Part II, G.
14	The sum of Rs. 2—14—0 recovered from the pay of Mr. J. Ambrose for March 1885 was forwarded to the Military Secretary in final adjustment of the balance due by Mr. Ambrose for woollens purchased from the Military Stores.	4th do	4th Sept. 1884, Part II, F.
15	The sum of Rs. 92—13—4, being the amount recovered from the pay of Mr. A. L. Hayes for April and May 1885, was forwarded to the Military Secretary in final adjustment of the Siledar cast horses purchased by him.	Do do	
16	In reply, the Comptroller was informed that the balance of Rs. 20—8—7, referred to, out of the advances drawn for the purchase and distribution of sugar, &c., on the occasion of the birth of the Prince and Heir to His Highness the Maharaja, might be written off the accounts.	Do do	
17	A muzarayi contingent bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, for Rs. 2 for March 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
18	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 40 was forwarded to Mrs. C. Berry, Madras, on account of her son's scholarship for May 1885.	Do do	
19	The Consulting Engineer was informed that the sum of Rs. 340—4—0 due from Mr. South should be recovered from the payments to be made to him under his contract for erecting carriage and wagon stock.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
20	The amended budget estimates submitted by the Consulting Engineer for the Bangalore-Tumkur and the Tumkur-Gubbi lines for 1884—85 were sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Consulting Engineer.	5th do	
21	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, for Rs. 102—4—8 for the repair of the boundary marks in the Government unoccupied waste lands in the Channagiri Taluk and the Kumsi Sub-Division, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
22	The Comptroller was requested to refund the examination fees paid by the Sheristadars of the Hassan and Arsikere Taluks.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, with the remark that the officials should not have applied for the examination without the sanction of the Sub-Division officer, and to the Secretary, Examination Committee, with a copy of letter No. 134—36, dated 30th May 1885, from the Sub-Division officer, Hassan.	Do do	
23	A copy of Mr. W. McHutchin's letter dated 1st June 1885, explaining the grounds on which he claims to be included in the roll of Civil Engineers to be added to Schedule B of the Civil Pension Code, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	6th do	
24	The payment of a pension of Rs. 6—10—8 to C. Anantarama-iengar, late 3rd Munshi in the Holé-Narsipur Munsiff's Court, was sanctioned with effect from the 1st September 1884.—Communicated to the District Judge, Mysore, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
25	Mr. M. Rama Rao, Public Prosecutor, Shimoga, was directed to draw Rs. 150 per mensem as pay.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the District Judge Shimoga.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for Rs. 6—9—0 on account of loss by driage of 21 tolas opium, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	6th June 1885.	
27	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for Rs. 34—14—0, being the cost of stationery purchased for Phutpahani work during March last in the 31 villages transferred from the Yedatore to the Holé-Narsipur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
28	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was authorized to employ a copyist whenever urgently required, his remuneration being paid out of an annual maximum grant of Rs. 50 for which provision should be made in the budget by the Comptroller as "Charges for copying records of cases committed to the Court of Sessions."—Communicated to the Comptroller.	8th do	
29	Sanction was accorded to the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 30 each to Shek Bapu and Jadiya, Peons of the Bangalore Central Jail and District Lock-up respectively.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	9th do	
30	The payment of a compensation of Rs. 19—4—6 to Mr. Bates for damage done to his land in connection with the Mysore State Railway, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, the Manager, Mysore State Railway, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
31	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, was informed that there were not sufficient grounds for continuing any portion of the monthly grant of Rs. 4 allowed to the deceased Venkatarama Sastri of Gubbi to his widow.	Do do	
32	Two bills submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 150 and Rs. 44 incurred in purchasing stationery for the Phutpahani work in the Hunsur Taluk, were sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
33	The Comptroller in Mysore was requested to arrange for the payment of the portion of gratuity debitable to Mysore *viz.*, Rs. 6—6—5 sanctioned to Venkata, sweeper, Resident's office, in Resident's Proceedings No. 515-16—259, dated 29th May 1885.	Do do	
34	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 56 to Kannaiyappa, male attendant, Bangalore Lunatic Asylum, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
35	Sanction was accorded to two record stands being made up for the use of the Anekal Taluk at a cost of Rs. 26.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
36	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 21 required for the preparation of accounts in connection with the Survey settlement of the Jala Hobli, Bangalore Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
37	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 157—8—0 to Narasingaraya Chetty, Shroff, Nelamangala Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
38	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 59—8—0 to Shek Budan, 2nd class Constable, Mysore Town Police, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Secretary, Police Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
39	For reasons stated, the Comptroller was authorized to pass the batta disallowed in the batta bill of Mr. Gopalaiengar of the Amrut Mahal Department for February 1885 on his furnishing a certificate of having maintained camp equipage at camp during the period he was at head-quarters.	10th do	
40	An estimate submitted by the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, for Rs. 81—2—0, being the probable cost of bedding and clo-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	thing required for the in-patients of the Kolar Hospital, was sanctioned. —Communicated to the Comptroller		
41	In returning the pension application of V. Govindaraju Mudaliar, late Interpretor, Civil and Sessions Court, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that this Government accepted the proportionate amount of the pension *viz.*, Rs. 31—12—8 payable from the Mysore Revenues and that instructions would be issued to the Comptroller on the sanction of the said pension by the Resident being communicated to this office.	10th June 1885.	
42	A refund bill ubmitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 1—1—11 was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
43	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 20, payable to Melappa, Patel of Chilur, Honnali Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
44	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District in favor of Patel Devappa and 40 ryots of Belur in the Sagar Taluk, was passed for Rs. 26 and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
45	An estimate submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs 50 for the purchase of furniture for the Hassan Taluk Cutcherry, was sanctioned —Communicated to the Comptroller.	12th do	
46	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs 20—11—2, being the amount of acting allowance due to the Head Munshi of the Hassan Taluk for the period he acted for the Sheristadar of the Belur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	13th do	
47	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit two vouchers connected with his detailed contingent bill for May last.	15th do	
48	The Anche Bakshi was requested to submit a certain voucher connected with his office contingent bill for May 1885.	Do do	
49	The receipt from the Accountant and Treasurer, Bengal Secretariat, of postage stamps to the value of Rs. 1—4—0, was acknowledged.	Do do	
50	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit certain further information regarding the budget estimates of the minor Municipalities of the District for 1885—86.	16th do	
51	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Rs. 26—10—8, being the amount of supernumerary allowance due to K. Krishnappa, Mutsaddi of the late Chitaldroog Distillery, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
52	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Rs. 15—5—0, payable to Anantamurti Rao of the Chitaldroog Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
53	Sanction was accorded to the disbursement of full pay of the appointment of Sheristadar of the Bangalore Taluk to Guru Rao for the period he acted as such.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
54	Sanction was accorded to the usual allowance of office rent for renting a building for the accommodation of the office establishment of the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, on the understanding that a building for his office and its requirements is early constructed.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government.	Do do	
55	In returning the papers connected with the case of S. Shama Rao, Munshi in the Jagalur Deputy Amildar's office, the Assistant Commis-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	sioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that the official may pay the contribution payable by him to the British Government, and the Mysore Government could not pay it.		
56	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Rs. 2, payable to Maila of the Gauripur in the Chellakere Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	16th June 1885.	
57	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore was requested to obtain as early as possible the supply of British copper coins asked for in this office letter No. 1116—37, dated 8th May 1885.	17th do	
58	In reply, the District Judge, Mysore, was requested to prepare a fresh statement of re-appropriation for the sum of Rs. 86—12—0 referred to from the budget grants for 1885—86.	Do do	
59	Four muzarayi stipend orders Nos. 36—54, 66 and 40 of the Kolar Taluk were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District duly signed.	Do do	
60	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 7—1—3, payable to the Patel of Kanakenahall in the Belur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
61	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 38—8—0, being the cost incurred in obtaining the Bhand Patrik accounts of the 65 villages in the Belur Taluk from the Survey Department, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller	Do do	
62	A bill submitted by the Anche Bakshi for Rs. 1,169—8—3 on account of accommodation provided and vehicle mileage run for the Anche mail service during the half year ended 31st March 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
63	The Comptroller was requested to disburse pay to Captain Macintire for the 21st April 1885, casual leave of absence for that day being sanctioned to him.—Communicated to Captain Macintire.	18th do	
64	Sanction was accorded to the payment of gratuities of Rs 54, 40—8—0 and 20 respectively to Anche runners Vira, Nanjunda and Soma.—Communicated to the Anche Bakshi and the Comptroller.	19th do	
65	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to recover the cost (Rs. 80) of constructing the sluice to the Mirle Here channel from Gopala Rao referred to and pay it to the Public Works Department on the completion of the work.	Do do	
66	A bill, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, for Rs. 13—15—4 on account of jaghir allowance due to Murtuza Bég of Sarjapur, was countersigned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
67	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 2—4—0 in favor of Somasekharappa of Nadahalli, Manjarabad Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
68	The payment of a pension of Rs. 3—8—0 per mensem to Hammanta, Police Constable, Chamarajnagar Taluk, was sanctioned with effect from the date of last pay.	Do do	
69	The Treasury officer, Mysore District, was requested to advance Rs. 150 for camp expenses to be adjusted in future.	20th do	
70	P. S. Krishnaiengar was temporarily appointed as a special Clerk in the Dewan's office for the work of compiling statistics from the Census reports with effect from the 20th June 1885 on a pay of Rs. 15 per mensem.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
71	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for Rs. 1—12—0 on account of process fees, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	thing required for the in-patients of the Kolar Hospital, was sanctioned. —Communicated to the Comptroller.		
41	In returning the pension application of V. Govindaraju Mudaliar, late Interpretor, Civil and Sessions Court, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that this Government accepted the proportionate amount of the pension *viz.*, Rs. 31—12—8 payable from the Mysore Revenues and that instructions would be issued to the Comptroller on the sanction of the said pension by the Resident being communicated to this office.	10th June 1885.	
42	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 1—1—11 was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
43	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 20, payable to Melappa, Patel of Chilur, Honnali Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
44	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District in favor of Patel Devappa and 40 ryots of Belur in the Sagar Taluk, was passed for Rs. 26 and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
45	An estimate submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 50 for the purchase of furniture for the Hassan Taluk Cutcherry, was sanctioned —Communicated to the Comptroller.	12th do	
46	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs 20—11—2, being the amount of acting allowance due to the Head Munshi of the Hassan Taluk for the period he acted for the Sheristadar of the Belur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	13th do	
47	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit two vouchers connected with his detailed contingent bill for May last.	15th do	
48	The Amche Bakshi was requested to submit a certain voucher connected with his office contingent bill for May 1885.	Do do	
49	The receipt from the Accountant and Treasurer, Bengal Secretariat, of postage stamps to the value of Rs. 1—4—0, was acknowledged.	Do do	
50	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit certain further information regarding the budget estimates of the minor Municipalities of the District for 1885—86.	16th do	
51	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Rs. 26—10—8, being the amount of supernumerary allowance due to K. Krishnappa, Mutsaddi of the late Chitaldroog Distillery, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
52	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Rs. 15—5—0, payable to Anantamurti Rao of the Chitaldroog Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
53	Sanction was accorded to the disbursement of full pay of the appointment of Sheristadar of the Bangalore Taluk to Guru Rao for the period he acted as such.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
54	Sanction was accorded to the usual allowance of office rent for renting a building for the accommodation of the office establishment of the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, on the understanding that a building for his office and its requirements is early constructed.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government.	Do do	
55	In returning the papers connected with the case of S. Shama Rao, Munshi in the Jagalur Deputy Amildar's office, the Assistant Commis-	Do do	

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	sioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that the official may pay the contribution payable by him to the British Government, and the Mysore Government could not pay it.		
56	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Rs. 2, payable to Maila of the Gauripur in the Chellakere Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	16th June 1885.	
57	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore was requested to obtain as early as possible the supply of British copper coins asked for in this office letter No. 1116—37, dated 8th May 1885.	17th do	
58	In reply, the District Judge, Mysore, was requested to prepare a fresh statement of re-appropriation for the sum of Rs. 86—12—0 referred to from the budget grants for 1885—86.	Do do	
59	Four muzarayi stipend orders Nos. 38—54, 66 and 40 of the Kolar Taluk were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District duly signed.	Do do	
60	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 7—1—3, payable to the Patel of Kanakenahall in the Belur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
61	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 38—8—0, being the cost incurred in obtaining the Bhand Patrik accounts of the 65 villages in the Belur Taluk from the Survey Department, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller	Do do	
62	A bill submitted by the Anche Bakshi for Rs. 1,169—8—3 on account of accommodation provided and vehicle mileage run for the Anche mail service during the half year ended 31st March 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
63	The Comptroller was requested to disburse pay to Captain Macintire for the 21st April 1885, casual leave of absence for that day being sanctioned to him.—Communicated to Captain Macintire.	18th do	
64	Sanction was accorded to the payment of gratuities of Rs. 54, 40—8—0 and 20 respectively to Anche runners Vira, Nanjunda and Soma.—Communicated to the Anche Bakshi and the Comptroller.	19th do	
65	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to recover the cost (Rs. 80) of constructing the sluice to the Mirle Here channel from Gopala Rao referred to and pay it to the Public Works Department on the completion of the work.	Do do	
66	A bill, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, for Rs. 13—15—4 on account of jaghir allowance due to Murtuza Bég of Sarjapur, was countersigned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
67	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 2—4—0 in favor of Somasekharappa of Nadahalli, Manjarabad Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
68	The payment of a pension of Rs. 3—8—0 per mensem to Hammanta, Police Constable, Chamarajnagar Taluk, was sanctioned with effect from the date of last pay.	Do do	
69	The Treasury officer, Mysore District, was requested to advance Rs. 150 for camp expenses to be adjusted in future.	20th do	
70	P. S. Krishnaiengar was temporarily appointed as a special Clerk in the Dewan's office for the work of compiling statistics from the Census reports with effect from the 20th June 1885 on a pay of Rs. 15 per mensem.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
71	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for Rs. 1—12—0 on account of process fees, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
72	A revised bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for Rs. 5—15—0 on account of loss by driage of 17 tolas of opium, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	24th June 1885.	
73	The payment of a pension of Rs. 10 per mensem to Ramasami Naidu, 2nd Binder, Mysore Government Press, was sanctioned with effect from the 21st April 1885.—Communicated to the Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, and the Comptroller.	25th do	
74	In acknowledging the receipt of postage stamps for 4 annas, a license granted under the Indian Arms Act was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly countersigned and the postage stamps were forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
75	A bill, submitted by the Government Advocate for Rs. 29—3—2, being the amount of transcription fees for copying the proceedings in criminal appeal No. 94 of 1884, Government *Vs.* Ramegauda, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
76	The payment of a pension of Rs. 7—11—6 per mensem to V. Shamaiengar, late Sub-Division writer, Bangalore Division, Mysore Public Works Department, was sanctioned with effect from the 13th April 1885.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
77	The receipt from the Superintendent, Government Printing, Calcutta, of a transfer receipt for Rs 3, was acknowledged.	Do do	
78	The payment of a pension of Rs 4 per mensem to Bisapada, 2nd class vaccinator of the Sira Taluk, was sanctioned with effect from the 22nd May 1885.—Communicated to the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
79	The sum of annas 8 being the premium on transfer receipt No. 92835—2, dated 3rd February 1885, was forwarded to the officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury.	Do do	
80	Sanction was accorded to the payment of the marriage grant of Rs. 25, applied for by Reverend Rees on behalf of the famine orphan girl Timmi who was married on the 8th April last.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
81	Sanction was accorded to the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 72 to Venkata, Sepoy No. 1251 of the 1st Company, 2nd Regiment of the Mysore Infantry.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
82	The transfer receipt obtained from the Resident's Treasury on the 12th May last having been returned by the Superintendent, Government Press, Allahabad, owing to the books indented for not being available, the same was forwarded to the officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury duly countersigned for payment.	Do do	
83	The sum of Rs. 200 was forwarded to the Comptroller in full adjustment of the advance drawn from the Mysore Taluk Treasury under the authority of docket camp No. 52, dated 3rd April 1885.	26th do	
84	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the portion of the pension of Mr. Norris, late Chief Inspector of Police of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, debitable to the Mysore Revenues amounted to Rs. 40—0—8 and not Rs. 50—6—1 as reported by the Accountant General, Madras, and that the Darbar accepted the sum of Rs. 40—0—8 as the portion debitable to the Mysore Revenues and was prepared to issue the necessary instructions to the Comptroller on the Resident's sanction to the pension being communicated to this office.	29th do	
85	The receipt from the Assistant to the Resident of postage stamps for annas 4, being the fee due to the crier for publishing a certain proclamation, was acknowledged and the same was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Do do	4th March 1885, Part II, G.

Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
Sanction was accorded to a refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, for Rs. 250, being the amount of endowment with interest made by Banglé Chaudaiya, and to the amount being invested in the Government Savings Bank in the name of the Yoganarasimhaswami temple on the hill of Melkote with a view to making the offerings intended by the donee from the interest available therefrom.—Communicated to the Comptroller with the bill.	29th June 1885.	
A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District on behalf of certain ryots of the Kadur Taluk was returned to him for fuller explanation.	Do do	
The Treasury officer, Mysore District, was requested to make an advance of Rs. 920 to the Secretary General and Revenue Departments, to be adjusted by deduction from his salary and batta for June 1885.	30th do	
Sanction was accorded to the establishment of a Local Fund Dispensary at Sira, and certain instructions were issued to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, and the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, on the subject.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
With reference to his letter regarding the adjustment of the cost of repairing the Great Trigonometrical Survey Station at Chandragutti, Soraḥ Taluk, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the Resident had been written to on the subject and that on the receipt of the money the advance referred to would be adjusted.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30*th June* 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	With reference to his petition dated 5th March 1885, A. Gopalacharlu was requested to submit the order granting him the furlough leave referred to by him.	1st June 1885.	15th April 1885, Part II, G.
2	A notification granting two months' privilege leave to Tiruvengadasami Mudaliar, Deputy Amildar of Arkalgud, and directing the Amildar of the Holé-Narsipur Taluk to be in charge of the Arkalgud Range during the absence of Tiruvengadasami Mudaliar or until further orders, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
3	A notification granting Mr. Abdul Khader, Khan-Bahadur, Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, privilege leave for 10 days from the 1st instant and appointing Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao, B. A., Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, to act for him in addition to his own duties, was gazetted.—Communicated to Messrs. Abdul Khador, K. B., and V. P. Madhava Rao, B. A.	Do do	
4	Sanction was accorded to the grant of one month's privilege leave to T. Srinivasa Rao, Revenue Sheristadar of the Kolar District office.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Survey Superintendent was informed that the map of the Hunsur Taluk had been sent to Mr. Mackay, Manager of the Survey office, in November last.	2nd do	
6	A notification granting S. Krishna Rao, B. A., Deputy Amildar of Huliyar in the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, privilege leave for one month, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District with the intimation that the Amildar of the Taluk may be instructed to take charge of the Deputy Amildar's Range in addition to his own duties.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, was informed that the revision of the statistics of the Census of 1881 in accordance with the recent general revision of the boundaries of Taluks and Districts not having been completed, correct statements of the names and population of the Taluks of the State asked for by him could not be supplied.	Do do	
8	The original testimonials of the Advocates who applied for the Public Prosecutorship of Mysore were forwarded to the District and Sessions Judge, Mysore, with a request that they may be returned to the applicants.	Do do	
9	The Deputy Commissioners of the Shimoga, Mysore and Kadur Districts, and the Sub-Division officers of Hassan and French Rocks were requested to add the names of the Civil Surgeons at Mysore, Chikmagalur and Shimoga to the list of officers to whom cholera reports in Form A should be sent, and were informed that the reports should be made by the Amildars immediately after occurrence.	Do do	
10	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that there had been no casualties among the European Uncovenanted officers serving in this State during the month of April 1885.	Do do	
11	A notification granting one month's privilege leave of absence from the 16th proximo to Sitaramaiya, Deputy Amildar of Gudibanda, and appointing Gulam Mahomed Khan, Police Inspector of the Goribidnur Taluk, to act for him, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	3rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the necessary information on the subject of the various ways in use in Mysore for the preservation of fodder had been collected from the Districts and that the papers had been sent to the Government Press to be printed and would be forwarded to him as soon as they are ready.	3rd June 1885.	
13	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the orders regarding examination leave were not applicable to officials other than Amildars and Deputy Amildars.	4th do	
14	A notification extending the privilege leave for one month granted to Mahabala Rao, Amildar of the Chamrajnagar Taluk, by two days, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
15	Samples of Municipal forms required for the use of the Bangalore City Municipality were forwarded to the Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, with a request that the forms may be printed and supplied to the Vice-President of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission with a bill of cost.	5th do	
16	A statement showing the condition of the principal stations of the Great Trigonometrical Survey situated in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident with the request that if these stations should in future be placed in the charge of the Collector of the Station, intimation of the same may be given, in view to their exclusion from the next return, to this office.	Do do	
17	A copy of the Comptroller's letter No. 56 of the 11th May 1885, regarding the building in the Fort of Bangalore occupied by the Town Inspector, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, with the intimation that the original documents forwarded with this office docket camp No. 287, dated 28th May 1885, should be returned.	Do do	
18	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that the application of Reverend G. W. Sawday for the grant of marriage allowance to the boys of the Wesleyan Famine Orphanage at Tumkur similar to that allowed to the girls could not, for reasons stated, be granted.	Do do	
19	A notification granting Mr. Mahomed Ali, B. E., Town Magistrate of Bangalore, 20 days' privilege leave from the 6th instant, was gazetted.—Communicated to Mr. Mahomed Ali, B. E.	Do do	
20	Nine hundred and ninety-seven copies of Vaidyasangraha, printed at his request at the Mysore Government Press, were forwarded to Hosapandit Bhima Rao, and the Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to send a bill for the actual cost of printing the work to Hosapandit Bhima Rao at Mysore.	6th do	
21	Orders were passed on a petition from Mr. C. Papanna, late contractor, regarding the loss sustained by him in the execution of work on No. 1 District, Tumkur Railway.—Communicated to the Consulting Engineer.	Do do	
22	The pension papers of Nanjundaiya, late Shekdar of Shravanabelagola Hobli, Chamarayapatna Taluk, were forwarded to the Comptroller for verification and report.	Do do	
23	As regards the appointment of Narayana Rao as Registration Head Clerk in the Bangalore District office, the District Registrar of Bangalore and the Inspector General of Registration in Mysore were informed that the District Registrar of Bangalore was quite in order in objecting to the appointments in his office being made by the Inspector General of Registration without consulting the wishes of the former who was directly responsible for the good and efficient conduct of business in his office; and that the circular memo of the 5th September 1872 vested right of nomination in the District Registrars and a power of veto in the Inspector General; and that in the disposal of the appointment in question as well as similar appointments, the procedure laid down in the above quoted circular memo should be strictly followed.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
24	In reply, the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was informed that the boundary list of the Nilkunda kaval in the Nagamangala Taluk could not be found in the records of the Dewan's office.	6th June 1885.	
25	Sanction was accorded to the grant of 5 days' casual leave to Tirumala Rao, Amildar of the Hoskote Taluk.	Do do	
26	In reply, Mrs. M. Lancaster, Multan, was requested to stop the making of the six stamp punches referred to and return the sum of Rs. 31—8—0 forwarded to her under cover of this office No. 1218—14, dated 14th ultimo.	Do do	
27	The Superintending Engineer of Mysore was informed that for reasons stated, the Dewan declined to reopen the case of Alasingrachari, late Mestri in the Public Works Department.	Do do	
28	A petition from B. C. Rajappa, Jaganmohan Press, Mysore, for promotion, was forwarded to the Superintendent, Government Press, for consideration.	Do do	
29	Copies of certain Annual Reports on the Administration of Civil and Criminal Justice in the Mysore State, were forwarded to the Inspector General of Police, Bombay.	Do do	
30	In reply, the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was informed that for reasons stated, he and his assistants could not be allowed to occupy travellers' bungalows free of charge when travelling on duty.	8th do	
31	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the schedules and tables prepared during the census taken in 1879—80 may be kept for some time longer.	Do do	
32	A copy of letter No. 461—94, dated 23rd May 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, stating that the Government of India sanctioned the retention of the services of Major J. Rutherfurd for a further period of two years, was forwarded to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
33	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 2734 of the 21st March 1885, from the Acting Sub-Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Madras, to the Resident in Mysore, the District Magistrate, Kadur, was requested to report whether any permission had been granted in 1883 to Mr. J. S. Middleton of the Kadamane estate to shoot a limited number of elephants as stated by him and if so to forward a copy of the license or other document containing the conditions on which such permission had been granted.	Do do	
34	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 870, dated 1st June 1885, from the Inspector of Cattle Diseases in the Madras Presidency, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that if he thought there would be any use in sending for the veterinary student Venkatadasappa for the inspection of diseased cattle, he might communicate with the Inspector of Cattle Diseases.—Communicated to the Inspector of Cattle Diseases, Madras Presidency.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Manager, Mysore State Railway, was informed that the Magadi road level crossing close to the Bangalore City Station was unsatisfactory and should be early mended, the cost being charged to the State Railway Capital Account.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
36	A book in which the correspondence relating to the Amrut Mahal Department has been copied was forwarded to the officer in charge of that Department for return after taking a copy of the same.	9th do	
37	Sanction was accorded to the grant of three days' casual leave to Abdul Aziz, Amildar of the Bagepalli Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
38	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to forward to this office a certificate of the leave to which Svetadraiengar, Amildar of Tiptur, was entitled.	10th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
39	Copies of the rules in force in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, regarding house conservancy, were forwarded to the President of the Mysore Municipal Board.	10th June 1885.	
40	A notification granting Mr. T Raghavendra Rao, Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga District, three weeks' examination leave, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.	11th do	
41	The grant of one month's privilege leave on medical certificate to B. Santappa, Curator of the Government Museum, was approved.—Communicated to the Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum.	Do do	
42	In reply, the Comptroller was informed that Narasimhaiya who had been appointed 4th Clerk in the Mysore Deputy Commissioner's office should apply for leave to the Mysore Deputy Commissioner.	Do do	
43	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that there were no special reasons for condoning a break of 3 years, 4 months and 15 days in the service of Siddalingaiya, late Peon in the Yedatore Taluk, and his gratuity application was forwarded to the Comptroller for verification and report.	Do do	
44	Copy of a letter from the Education Secretary furnishing information as to the number of copies in store of the works of Scientific Historical or Antiquarian Interest published in Mysore during the years 1883 and 1884, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	13th do	
45	A notification cancelling the unexpired portion of 2 days of the leave on medical certificate granted to Mir Nizamuddin Ali Khan, Deputy Amildar of Turuvekere, in this office Notification No 44, dated 13th May 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	Do do	
46	In reply, the Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, was requested to send copies of the Patanjali Yogasastra to Narasimha Sastri, Bangalore, with a bill of costs, and informed that the Dewan had given Narasimha Sastri 6 months time to pay up the cost.—Communicated to Narasimha Sastri, Bangalore	Do do	
47	A copy of the report on the working of the Indian Company's Act X of 1866 in Mysore during the year 1884—85 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	15th do	
48	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that no copies of the Survey Manual were available in this office and requested to ask the Amildar of the Bangalore Taluk to explain what became of the copy supplied to his office.	Do do	
49	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that, under the circumstances stated, examination leave may be granted to Setu Rao, Amildar of the Kadur Taluk, and a notification investing Sheristadar Narasimmaiya, who was ordered to be in charge of the taluk, during the Amildar's absence with the powers of Magistrate of the 3rd Class, was gazetted.	Do do	
50	A notification granting Narasimmaiengar, Amildar of the Manjarabad Taluk, one month's leave on private affairs and appointing Venkataramanaiya the Sheristadar of the Taluk to act for him, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub Division.	Do do	
51	A copy of docket No. 670 from the Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, reporting that Apothecary T. K. Hall would be relieved of his duties on the 14th June 1885 to enable him to proceed to Madras and report himself for duty on the 15th idem, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
52	A notification granting B. Lakshmana Rao, Amildar of the Nanjangud Taluk, privilege leave of absence for 7 days and directing Shama Rao Sheristadar of the Taluk, to be in charge of it during Lakshmana Rao's absence or until further orders, was gazetted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
53	A notification cancelling the privilege leave for 15 days granted to Tirumalachar, Amildar of the Tirthahalli Taluk, in Notification No. 343, dated 6th June 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.	15th June 1885.	
54	Mr. Standish Lee, Head Master, Engineering School, Bangalore, was requested to prepare and submit a statement showing how many of the students referred to of the Engineering School submitted certificates of physical fitness and if so when and to whom, and in the case of those who have not, why they have not.	16th do	
55	The Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur, Mysore and Shimoga Districts were requested to expedite the submission of the return of furniture and books received or purchased for the use of the offices under their control for the year 1884—85.	Do do	
56	The Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was requested to forward as early as possible by rail, the agricultural implements and seeds purchased by the Under-Secretary when he was there.	17th do	
57	A notification granting 15 days' privilege leave to Mr. V. N. Narasimmaiengar, District and Sessions Judge, Mysore, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	Do do	
58	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that there was nothing in the records of the late Hassan or the present Kadur District to show that any license had been granted to Mr. Middleton of the Kadmane estate for shooting elephants.	19th do	13th May 1885, Part II, G.
59	In reply, the Proprietor of the Mysore Book Depôt Press, Bangalore, was informed that there was nothing in the records to show that he was ever asked to undertake the translation of the Survey Manual and that there was a translation ready for issue by Government, and that the proprietor's undertaking must be at his own cost and risk.	Do do	
60	The Classified General and Disposition Lists of the officers of the Mysore Revenue Survey Department as they stood on the 1st July 1885 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
61	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to state whether it was the intention of the Tumkur Municipal Board to publish their proceedings or accounts or both every month in the *Mysore Gazette* and if so to send it to the Press through this office.	Do do	
62	The Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, was requested to send one copy of the Dewan's printed monthly Proceedings to each of the Assistant Commissioners of Hassan, French Rocks, and Chitaldroog, in addition to the copies now distributed.	Do do	
63	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers and the several other Heads of Departments were informed that Tuesday, the 23rd June 1885, being the anniversary of the birthday of His Highness Prince Krishnaraja Wodayar Bahadur, should be observed as a general holiday throughout the State.	Do do	
64	In reply, the Superintending Engineer of Mysore was informed that there was no objection to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, sending the annual indent for printed forms from his office direct to the Stationery Depôt instead of through the Superintending Engineer.	Do do	
65	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that there had been no casualties among the European Uncovenanted officers serving in the State during May 1885.	Do do	
66	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to report the date on which Ramachandra Rao, Amildar of the Tumkur Taluk, availed himself of the leave sanctioned to him.	Do do	1st May 1885, Part II, G.
67	Six plates, foolscap size, regarding the drainage of the Fort of Mysore, were forwarded to the Superintendent of the Mysore Govern-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ment Press, with a request that 20 copies of each may be lithographed in the Government Press, the bill of cost being sent to the Mysore Municipality for adjustment.		
68	A list of references made by this office and remaining unanswered on the 31st March 1885 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	20th June 1885.	
69	The grant of 3 days' casual leave to Raghunatha Rao, Amildar of the Heggaddevankote Taluk, was approved.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
70	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that six days' extension of privilege leave may be sanctioned to Srinivasa Rao, Revenue Sheristadar of his office, if he should be entitled to it.	Do do	1st June 1885, Part II, G.
71	Four map plates (Nos. VIII to XI of the Mysore Fort Drainage) were forwarded to the Superintendent, Government Press, with a request that 50 copies of each of them and of those referred to above may be printed and forwarded to the President of the Mysore Municipality with a bill of cost.	22nd do	
72	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to return as early as possible the Comptroller's letter No. 636, dated 27th May last, despatched by mistake with this office letter camp No. 440, dated 9th instant.	Do do	
73	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers were requested to submit the return of deaths among European pensioners and uncovenanted servants for the half year ending 30th June 1885, so as to reach this office by the 3rd July 1885.	Do do	
74	Thirty copies of the catalogue of books registered during the 1st quarter of 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	24th do	
75	The Senior-Surgeon, Mysore Government, was requested to expedite the submission of the return called for in this office Circular No. 1234-60—42, dated 15th May 1885, regarding Europeans and East Indians, and informed that it should be prepared so as to include the whole of the Medical establishment in the Mysore State.	Do do	
76	In reply, the Registrar of the Chief Court was informed that the return of Europeans and East Indians called for should include the name of Mr. Plumer and also the names of the European and East Indian officials in the offices immediately subordinate to the Chief Court.	Do do	
77	The returns of Europeans and East Indians submitted by the Inspector General of Registration, Superintendent of Government Press, and Comptroller were returned to him for re-submission after inserting therein the particulars regarding himself.	Do do	
78	A notification extending the privilege leave for 15 days granted to Mr. J. G. North, Amildar of the Kolar Taluk, by 15 days, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Do do	
79	The Sessions Judge of Nagar having reported that he had submitted to the Chief Court the reports regarding the pecuniary dealings of himself and of the Munsiffs subordinate to him, the Registrar of the Chief Court was requested to submit the same together with the reports of the Subordinate Judge and Munsiffs immediately subordinate to the Chief Court.	Do do	
80	The Anche Bakshi was informed that until further orders arrangements may be made for the delivery to the Under-Secretary at Mysore of all letters addressed to the Dewan's office, the post from Mysore being stopped at Maddur on the 25th instant and delivered there.	25th do	
81	Orders were passed on the proceedings of the Municipal Board of Tumkur dated 9th June 1885, regarding the grants of the light-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ing contract to Venugopal Naidu for Rs. 150 and the appointment of certain persons as members of the Municipal Board.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.		
82	Sanction was accorded to the grant of 3 days' casual leave to Krishna Rao, Amildar of the Pavagada Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	25th June 1885.	
83	Orders were passed on the proceedings of the Municipal Board of Seringapatam dated 1st May 1885.—Communicated to the President of the Seringapatam Municipal Board and the Comptroller.	Do do	
84	In regard to the removal of the Dewan's office furniture from the lodge in the London Storeyard, the Secretary, Public Works Department, was informed that the matter would receive early attention on the return of the Under-Secretary from Mysore next week.	Do do	
85	A notification granting 7 days' casual leave to Abdul Aziz, Amildar of the Bagepalli Taluk, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
86	The Public Prosecutors of Nundydroog, Mysore and Nagar, were requested to furnish schedules, in the form sent, of their services made up to 1st April 1885.	Do do	
87	A notification granting one month's privilege leave to Raghunatha Rao, Assistant Commissioner, Kolar District, and directing Mr. N. Chelviengar, Assistant Commissioner, to be in charge of the District Treasury during the absence of Mr. Raghunatha Rao or until further orders, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	26th do	
88	A notification granting Mr. Mahomed Ali, Khan-Bahadur, Town Magistrate of Bangalore, one month's privilege leave in extension of that already granted, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and Mr. Mahomed Ali, E. B.	Do do	
89	Certain promotion recommendation rolls of the Engineering establishment employed on the Mysore State Railway for the half year ending 28th February 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident for transmission to the Government of India.	Do do	
90	Fifteen copies of the Dewan's Proceedings for April 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	29th do	
91	Seven flags were sent to the Military Secretary to be repaired at the Military Stores and returned with a bill of cost.	Do do	
92	A notification granting C. D. Ramaswami Iyer, Amildar of the Arsikere Taluk, 3 days' privilege leave, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
93	A notification granting Mr. R. Vijayindra Rao, Secretary to the Dewan in the Revenue and General Departments, privilege leave for 21 days from the 1st July 1885 and appointing Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao, Assistant Commissioner in charge of the French Rocks Sub-Division, to act for him and ordering certain other arrangements consequent thereon, was gazetted.—Communicated to Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao and the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	30th do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th June 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

No	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The promotion roll of certain officers was returned to the Military Secretary sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	1st June 1885.	
2	Sanction was accorded to Jamadar Mungaïi of the 1st Battalion, 4th Company, being confirmed in his preser' rank and his promotion notified in the *Mysore Gazette*.—Communicated to the Military Secretary.	2nd do	
3	In reply, the Military Secretary was informed that the resignation of Mr Devaraj Ars, of his appointment under Mysore Government from the 1st June 1885, was accepted.—Communicated to the Comptroller and Mr. Devaraj Ars.	13th do	
4	Certain papers regarding the building to be used as a Magazine for the Volunteers at Mysore showing the action taken by this Government in the matter, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	15th do	
5	The returns of the Savar and Barr Establishments for May 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	16th do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30*th June* 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

PUBLIC WORKS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 1885.

No	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Communications.		
1	An estimate amounting to Rs. 32,298, for improving and bridging the Ayahalli-Bisle ghat road, was returned to the Assistant Engineer, Hassan Range, duly sanctioned by the Local Government.—No. 3133—645	22nd June 1885.	
	Miscellaneous.		
1	Forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, for transmission to the Government of India, Foreign Department, for favourable consideration, letter dated 29th April 1885, from Mr. McLaughlin, Assistant Secretary to the Mysore Government, requesting with reference to paras 3 and 4 of Government of India Resolution No. 1412 G, dated 13th December 1884, that his name may be included in the list to be added to the Civil Pension Code, so that he may be admitted to the benefits of the new Pension Rules referred to.—No. 2849—580.	8th June 1885.	
2	Forwarded to the Executive Engineer, Palace Division, for information and guidance, copy of the Dewan's orders, dated 8th June 1885, to the effect that if the "Lal-Bagh Lodge" cannot be sold, the building should be thoroughly repaired, and a proper rent charged after the 9th June 1885.—No. 3053—627.	18th do	
3	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore was requested to move the Resident to obtain the permission of the Madras Government to the Mysore Government undertaking the restoration of the Madalur tank, registered No. 196 of Sira Taluk, situated on the borders of the Mysore Province and adjoining the District of Ananthapur in the Bellary Collectorate, as the proposed raising of the weirs by two feet will cause 18 acres of wet land and 6 acres of dry land belonging to the Arudi village of Madaksira Taluk to be submerged at full tank level.—No. 3211—654.	25th do	
	Account.		
1	The Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was informed that the Local Government has sanctioned a fixed travelling allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem, for Mr. Scaldwell, Executive Engineer, with effect from the date on which the Palace Division was formed. Communicated to the Executive Engineer, Palace Division, for information.—Nos. 2694—5 and 670—71.	5th June 1885.	
2	The Comptroller of Mysore was requested to place at the disposal of the Public Works Department, the sum of Rs. 5,000 sanctioned by the Local Government as a grant-in-aid from Local Funds General, for the Chitaldroog Sub-Division.—No. 3115—640.	20th do	

BANGALORE,
9th June 1885.

C. H. M. KENSINGTON, *Captain, R. E.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
P. W. D.

Mysore Govt. Press, Bangalore.—16-7-85—185.

PART I.

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2	Sanctioning the grant of 8 acres of land at a tax of Rs. 1-8—0 per acre to 2 individuals as coffee drying ground, and directing the adoption of this principle in all similar cases.	No. 762—5, dated 11th July 1885.	...	1
3	Passing orders on the application of Mr. Sanderson of Kenajeri, Mudgere Taluk, for the transfer of certain coffee lands from the temporary to permanent tenure.	Camp No. 755, dated 11th July 1885.	...	3
4	Passing orders on a reference as to whether the settlement with inferior holders of Bisagni and Dattatri Pit Matt lands should be in the permanent or temporary assessment.	Camp No. 785—6, dated 6th July 1885.	...	2
5	Passing orders on the application of some Patels who resigned their service inam lands for cash remuneration.	Camp No. 748—52, dated 11th July 1885.	...	3
6	Passing orders on the petition of Mudli of Honnakere villages in the Holalkere Taluk, complaining that assessment for more land than is actually in his occupancy has been levied from him.	No. 2163-4—57, dated 12th July 1885.	...	3
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PROCEEDINGS

OF

K. SHESHADRI IYER, ESQ.,

DEWAN TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,

FOR

JULY 1885.

PART I, IN EXTENSO.

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REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
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MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

BANGALORE:
PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,
1885.

PART I.

INDEX

TO THE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DEWAN TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

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	Nil.			
	REVENUE.			
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2	Sanctioning the grant of 8 acres of land at a tax of Rs. 1—8—0 per acre to 2 individuals as coffee drying ground, and directing the adoption of this principle in all similar cases.	No. 762—5, dated 11th July 1885.	...	1
3	Passing orders on the application of Mr. Sanderson of Kenajeri, Mudgere Taluk, for the transfer of certain coffee lands from the temporary to permanent tenure.	Camp No. 755, dated 11th July 1885.	...	2
4	Passing orders on a reference as to whether the settlement with inferior holders of Bisagni and Dattatri Pit Matt lands should be in the permanent or temporary assessment.	Camp No. 785—6, dated 6th July 1885.	...	2
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PART I.

REVENUE.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 10th July 1885.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 133, dated 16th May 1885.

I have the honor to bring to the notice of Government that of late a good many complaints have reached me regarding the unsystematic manner in which the cost of demarcation has been recovered from the ryots. As the Dewan is aware, the collection statements are sent by the Comptroller to the Revenue authorities and on these statements the amounts due are recovered from the occupants and a receipt given. Many instances of these statements being lost have occurred and copies have been applied for from my office, which I have of course supplied; but the loss of these statements alone shows that there are some grounds for the very generally entertained opinion that there is much irregularity in the collection of the charges in question.

2. Looking at the above circumstances, I would suggest the propriety of incorporating the amount due for demarcation in each kháte as an ordinary revenue demand. In support of this suggestion, I beg to forward copies of correspondence which has taken place between the Sub-Division officer of Hassan and myself on a petition received from some ryots of the Hassan Taluk.

No. 2112-21—72, DATED 10TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—To avoid mistakes and room for fraud, Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers will direct the Amildars to enter in the kháte of each ryot not only the Government demand of land assessment, but all other charges against land, both temporary and permanent, so that the khátedar may know exactly the full amount of his liabilities. Under this order the boundary mark charges will be so entered.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners.
The Sub-Division officers.
The Survey Superintendent, returning enclosures.

READ—

Letter No. 72, dated 5th May 1884, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.

CAMP No. 762-5, CAMP MYSORE, DATED 11TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The applications of Srinivasa Rao and Ganjam Abdul Khader Sahib for five and three acres of kharáb land for coffee drying ground are sanctioned, the land being taxed at the rate of Rs. 1—8—0 an acre. The principle of thus assessing lands required for purposes connected with coffee cultivation should be followed in all similar cases.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur.
The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga.
The Sub-Division officer, Hassan.
The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharoja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 11th July 1885.

READ—

Letters from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, Nos. 601, 633 and 692, dated 7th and 26th February and 21st March 1885, respectively, regarding the applications from Mr. Sanderson of Kanajeri, Mudgere Taluk, for transfer of the marginally noted coffee lands from the temporary to permanent tenure.

Survey Nos.	Village.
31 ...	... Devavanda.
123 ...	... Kanajere.
144 ...	... do
168 ...	... Angadi
5 ...	... Kamargode.
5 ...	... Harmakki.

CAMP NO. 755, CAMP MYSORE, DATED 11TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—From the particulars furnished in the above, it would appear that all the lands referred to, were, during the settlement of 1880—81, granted the benefit of half assessment for five years under para 7 of the Coffee Land Rules, the full assessment being at the rate of one rupee per acre. Mr. Sanderson, who has since purchased these lands, now applies for permanent assessment on them. Para 1 of Dewan's Proceedings No. 3662-70—98, dated 2nd August 1881, provides for "permanent assessment at Rs. 1—8—0 per acre to such of the planters as may *at once* call for it." But the application of Mr. Sanderson for permanent assessment though made sometime after the original settlement, may, as a special case, be complied with on the condition that he pays all arrears from the date of settlement at the permanent rate of assessment (see also para 3 of Proceedings No. 1216—19, dated 15th June 1883). Under these circumstances assessment at Rs. 0—12—0 per acre, being half of the permanent tenure rate, is leviable from Mr. Sanderson from the date of *original settlement* in 1880—81 for five years, the full rate of Rs. 1—8—0 being collected thereafter. This rule should always be followed in similar cases.

2. The previous orders from this office noted in the margin, are hereby cancelled.

No. 81—3, dated 16th February 1885.
No. 685—92, dated 13th March 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.

READ—

Survey Superintendent's letter No. 855, dated 21st March 1885, requesting a decision as to whether the settlement with inferior holders of Bisagni and Dattatri Pit Matt lands should be on the permanent or temporary assessment.

CAMP NO. 785—6, DATED 11TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—There are strong reasons of convenience why the settlement should be at the rates of the permanent settlement, as very clearly directed in para 4 of the Dewan's Proceedings No. 710-11—7, dated 28th April 1884. The 30 years' settlement would be extremely unsuitable for the lands in question, as it will require revision at the end of 30 years, and may possibly lead to doubtful claims of enhancement from the Matts and to enquiry and interference by Government, and to possible disturbance of the amount of the quit-rent. The permanent tenure was a cardinal condition of the arrangements finally sanctioned in the orders of 28th April 1884. The permanent rate is Rs. 1—8—0 per acre, and this should be invariably imposed except as regards the inferior lands referred to in para 6 of the orders above quoted, in the case of which the Deputy Commissioner may fix any rates between 1 rupee and 1½ rupees per acre, on the distinct understanding that the rates so fixed *shall be permanent*. The rules of 2nd August 1881 as regards reduced assessment for a few years should be applied to the lands in question, in so far as may be necessary.

2. On other questions raised by the Deputy Commissioner, the Survey Superintendent will issue the needful instructions.

3. The Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 479, dated 23rd June 1884, will be returned to the Survey Superintendent.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey Superintendent, with letter No. 479, dated 23rd June 1884, from Kadur, Deputy Commissioner.
The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 11th July 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 175, dated 23rd June 1884, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, regarding the application of some Patels who have resigned their naukari inam lands for cash remuneration.

CAMP No. 743—52, CAMP MYSORE, DATED 11TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The Deputy Commissioner is informed that it is not the intention of the Mysore Government to convert remuneration now enjoyed in land by village officers into cash payments, and applications for such conversions should not be entertained.

2. The officers, however, may resign their service inams on the ground of their deterioration from causes beyond their control or on other reasonable grounds, and select other lands which may be unoccupied either in their own village if available there, or in their neighbouring villages. Their own kandayam lands too in special cases may be granted as inams (service) in lieu of one-half of the old land relinquished: the equivalent of the remaining half being allotted in waste.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts and Sub-Division officers for information and guidance.
The Survey Superintendent.

READ—

Letter No. 119, dated 14th August 1884, from the Sub-Division officer, Chitaldroog, reporting upon the petition of Múdli of Honnakere village in the Holalkere Taluk, complaining that assessment for more land than is actually in his occupancy has been levied from him.

No. 2163-4—57, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH JULY 1885

ORDER THEREON.—The action taken by the Sub-Division officer for the correction of the errors in the Survey and Settlement accounts, as to the extent and assessment of recognized shares of Survey No. 20 in the village of Honnakere in the Holalkere Taluk, is approved.

2. Bandari, the holder of one of these recognized shares, is not liable to pay the arrears of the enhanced assessment for the years since the settlement in 1867—68, as the fact that a lower assessment than was proper has been hitherto demanded and recovered from him, was due to no fault on his part.

3. Nor can Government sanction the refund to Múdli, the holder of the other recognized share, of the excess which he has paid since the settlement, owing to an error in the settlement papers, which he failed to bring to notice for over 15 years.

C. RAGHAVACHARLU,
Offg. Under-Secretary.

To—The Sub-Division officer, Chitaldroog.
The Survey Superintendent with copy of the Sub-Division officer's letter No. 119, dated 14th August 1884.
All other Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers for information.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 11th July 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 483, dated 17th September 1884, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, reporting upon the petition of Parvati of Tarakanambi in the Gundlupet Taluk, complaining of the grant of a piece of land applied for by her to one Srikantaiya and Surappa.

No. 718, DATED CAMP MYSORE, 11TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The Dewan is quite satisfied that the land in dispute should be given to the petitioner Parvati who has applied for it in 1882—83 and obtained a saguvali chit for it and cultivated it the same year. It has been given to Srikantaiya and Surappa on the ground of their prior application of 1876—77 which had been rejected on the ground that the land applied for was part of a foot-path leading to Kotalvadi. The Dewan is of opinion that the objection was not valid, and if the applicants had then sufficiently explained their case and appealed against the orders of the subordinate Revenue authorities, the land would have been given to them. They acquiesced and thereby lost their chance; in 1881—82 they had another opportunity of raising their prior claim to the land when Basaiya and Dadu Sabi applied for portions of it and obtained them. Their silence then is equivalent to abandonment of any claim they might have had, and the Dewan does not consider their claim as simple applicants of 1876—77 is of any weight against an applicant of 1882—83, in fact such old applications should not have the weight which sometimes is attached to them. The consideration which Government usually accords to prior applicants does not give them a right, whereas the possession which Government gives to an applicant carries with it a right of occupancy which should not be disturbed in the summary way in which it has been in the present instance.

2. The land in dispute should be restored to Parvati after the standing harvest is removed by Srikantaiya and Surappa, who will also pay the current year's demand.

3. Proceedings are returned.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner,
Mysore District, with proceedings.
The other Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers
with reference to para 1.

PART I.

FORESTS.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Forests),—dated 10th July 1885.

From the Consulting Engineer to the Mysore Government, To the Dewan of Mysore,
No. 200, dated 13th June 1885.

In the office note attached, I have made some notes on Mr. Wallace's sleeper contract and I think the rate of profit is too high and that in any new contract the terms might fairly be altered. The simplest and most direct way being to increase the prime cost of the logs per cubic foot as delivered by the Forest Department.

2. The calculation depends on the percentage of waste and the amount it will fetch. In the office note the waste is given at 26·5 per cent with a result "*that if it fetches nothing*," the lowest price received by the contractor for sawing each sleeper will be 0·729 rupee or 11_3 annas.

But if the waste is 33 per cent and fetches nothing, the lowest price received for sawing drops to 0·597 rupee or 9½ annas per sleeper, and if waste is 50 per cent, then the lowest price is 0·13 rupee or 3 annas per sleeper.

3. From this I deduce that so long as the waste does not exceed 33 per cent, the contractor can make a good profit (9½—6) of 3½ annas per sleeper and still have the waste for sale. The original purchase rate for timber being 10 annas a cubic foot for forest logs all round.

4. But it is desirable to raise the Forest revenue by giving a fair price for its produce and at the same time to secure to the purchaser a fair profit on his transactions.

5. The Railway can afford to pay Rs. 2—12—0 per sleeper at site, and if Rs. 0—3—8, say 4 annas, is deducted on account of its haulage by rail from Mysore on to the Harihar extension, the commercial value of a sleeper at Mysore station is Rs. 2—8—0 and at this rate of purchase calculation may be made.

6. A metre gauge sleeper measures 6′ × 8″ × 4½″ containing 1½ cubic feet and weighs 80 lbs. The cubic foot of Mysore teak thus weighs 53½ lbs. and 42 cubic feet go to the ton weight.

From this the 10,000 logs containing 101,695 cubic feet supplied to Mr. Wallace weighed 2,429 tons and produced 74,800 cubic feet or 73·5 per cent in 50,000 sleepers and left 26,895 cubic feet or 26·5 per cent as "waste".

7. If the prime value of the logs is fixed at 14 annas a cubic foot and the price of the squared sleeper is Rs. 2—8—0, then the lowest price received by the contractor for sawing a sleeper (when waste sells for nothing) will be 0·720 rupee or 11½ annas rising till the sale of waste fetches its full purchase price of 14 annas a foot to Rs. 1·19 per sleeper. But here also the least profit per sleeper 5½ annas is too high and the prime cost of wood may still be safely raised.

8. If the price of the forest logs is fixed at 1 rupee per cubic foot and the squared sleeper at Rs. 2—8—0 and the percentages of para 6 are not largely departed from, then the contractor will gain a profit of from 1½ annas to 1 rupee per sleeper according as his waste sells for 0 or its full value of 1 rupee a cubic foot.

9. Therefore I would propose that in any fresh contracts that may be given for sawing sleepers from forest logs that 1 rupee should be fixed as the prime cost per cubic foot and Rs. 2-8-0 should be the price given per squared sleeper delivered and approved of at Mysore terminus.

Office Note.

Dewan's Proceedings No. 1110-15—40 of 12th May 1885 contains orders for adjustment of Mr. Appavu Chetty's wood sleeper account, and Consulting Engineer's No. 186, dated 11th June 1885, submits proposals for closing Mr. Wallace's account.

2. The contracts above referred to give the following data, *viz*:—

Mysore forest supplies Mr. Wallace 101,695 cubic feet in logs at an all round rate of 10 annas a cubic foot for Rs. 63,559.

(Mr. Appavu Chetty received 100,856 cubic feet).

Mr. Wallace returns to Government 74,800 cubic feet or 73·5 per cent of the wood sawn into 50,000 sleepers, for which he gets 1,00,000 Rs. and keeps 26,895 cubic feet or 26·5 per cent as waste.

That is to say:—

Mr. Wallace *returns* to Government its wood in 50,000 sleepers at its prime value of Rs. 46,750 and *retains* Rs. 16,089 of waste purchased from Government at 10 annas a cubic foot and receives for sawing Rs. 53,250 at a rate of Rs. 1·065 per sleeper.

3. The following questions arise :—

A. Is the waste worth 10 annas a cubic foot ?

B Is cost of sawing fairly represented at Rs. 1·065 for sleeper.?

C. Is the supply of 10,000 logs sufficient to secure 50,000 sleepers.?

4. A and B may be taken together, for the total gain depends on what the waste sells for as per table :—

Sale of Waste per Cubic Foot.		Price for Sawing per Sleeper.	
If at 0	Will be	...	0·729 R.
If at 1 Anna	„	...	0·76 R.
If at 2 Annas	„	...	0·796 R.
If at 4 „	„	...	0·863 R.
If at 10 „	„	...	1·065 R.

So that it may be said Mr. Wallace cannot get less than 12 annas and he may get 17 annas for sawing each sleeper.

Previous calculations (my No. 6 of 30th March 1884) estimate the cost of sawing per sleeper at from 6¾ to 5 annas so that it is fair to assume that Mr. Wallace will (after selling the waste) make 8 annas a sleeper or 25,000 Rs. on the job. This is a high rate of profit for cash transactions and much more so for one "on credit". The return for cash being about 30 per cent and the return for credit about 112 per cent.

C. The waste (para 2 ante) comes to 26·5 per cent. The Forest estimate (my No. 6 of 30th March 1884) gives 36 per cent for waste, and if 10,000 logs are not enough for 50,000 sleepers, the Forest Department must produce more on the same terms.

5. In any fresh contracts the prime value of the wood should be raised.

No. 2090-8—70, DATED 10T JULY 1885.

ORDER.—The Dewan is of opinion that as regards future Railway sleeper contracts the price per cubic foot of timber supplied by the Forest Department should be raised from 10 annas to 14 annas or 1 rupee, according to the quality of the logs supplied, the Forest Department levying no further royalty on its timber.

2. The Railway price to the contractor should also be raised to Rs 2½ per sleeper as proposed by the Consulting Engineer.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Consulting Engineer, Mysore Government.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Manager, Mysore State Railway.
The Comptroller.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Forests),—dated 10th July 1885.

From the Consulting Engineer to the Mysore Government, To the Dewan of Mysore, No. 199, dated 13th June 1885.

Under the original contracts with Mr. Wallace and Mr. Appavu Chetty, 80,000 sleepers have been supplied and 20,000 more have been demanded, so that the total is one lakh.

2. Of this lakh, 20,000 have already been expended on Gubbi extension, leaving 80,000 on hand or sufficient to take us 7 miles beyond Tiptur.

3. From Tiptur to Harihar (120 miles) 240,000 more sleepers are required, and to meet this one lakh more might come from Mysore and the balance from Lakvalli.

4. Under a separate letter it has been proposed that the cost of forest logs should be raised to one rupee a cubic foot, and the price of a squared sleeper fixed at Rs. 2—8—0 delivered at Mysore. The delivery by rail of a lakh of sleepers from Mysore at a mean lead of 200 miles on the section between Gubbi and Birur will cost Rs 0—3—8 per sleeper and be a revenue earning, and the delivery by cart of the balance 1½ lakhs on Birur-Harihar section will be 4 annas per sleeper; so that under this proposal the Railway will pay Rs 2—8—0 for each squared sleeper plus 4 annas for haulage or Rs 2—12—0 in all. The Forest at the same time receives its rate of one rupee per cubic foot

5. As regards 100,000 sleepers from Mysore, I propose that new contracts should be entered into with Mr. Wallace and with Mr. Appavu Chetty *when existing contracts are fulfilled* on following terms :—

That Forest supply 10,000 logs containing not less than 102,000 cubic feet in all at one rupee per cubic foot to each of the above contractors and that each should deliver 50,000 squared sleepers at Rs. 2—8—0 each. The price of the wood to be recovered when payment is made for approved sleepers, as under, *viz*, $\frac{4}{5}$ to Government and $\frac{1}{5}$ to contractor.

6. As regards supply of 1½ lakh sleepers from Lakvalli and Channagiri, delivery of logs might be made at the following four points,—Birur, Ajjampur, Railway crossing between Dummi and Holalkere and at Harihar. The total number of logs would approximately be 30,000 containing 306,000 cubic feet and weighing 7,287 tons and the credit to the Forest Department for such delivery would be 3,06,000 Rs.

No. 2099-2102—30, DATED 10TH JULY 1885.

ORDER.—The arrangements in regard to future sleeper contracts may, for the present, remain in abeyance, pending the settlement of Railway questions now under consideration. In the meantime the Consulting Engineer will be requested to put himself in communication with the Deputy Commissioners of Shimoga and Kadur with the view of ascertaining the quantity of stunted teak they will be able to supply for the purpose of being made into sleepers. Enquiries should also be made whether contractors are likely to be forthcoming in Shimoga or Kadur for the manufacture of sleepers on the terms of the existing contracts with Mr. Wallace and Mr. Appavu Chetty, and on the rates of price sanctioned in this day's Proceedings No. 2090-8—70.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Consulting Engineer to the Mysore Government.
The Deputy Commissioners, Shimoga and Kadur.
The Manager, Mysore State Railway.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Forests),—dated 10th July 1885.

From the Consulting Engineer to the Mysore Government, To the Dewan of Mysore, No. 198, dated 13th June 1885.

The Railway is paying Rs. 2 per squared sleeper of 1½ cubic feet of Mysore teak under the contract sawing arrangements now in Mysore.

2. The commercial value of a sleeper in Mysore I estimate at Rs. 2—7—0, based on a rate of Rs. 1—10—0 per cubic foot of wrought teak.

3. The Railway can therefore afford to pay Rs. 2—8—0 per sleeper; and a royalty might now be credited to the Forest Department at a rate of Rs. 0—8—0 per sleeper, and as 50,000 sleepers are cut from 101,695 cubic feet, the prime value of the forest logs will be increased from 10 annas to 14 annas a cubic foot thereby.

4. The *existing* contracts by Mr. Wallace and Mr. Appavu Chetty are for one lakh sleepers, so that the Railway may credit the Forest Department with Rs. 50,000 on completion of the order.

No. 2103-11—71, DATED 10TH JULY 1885.

ORDER.—The proposed royalty of half a rupee per railway sleeper supplied under the existing contracts with Mr. Wallace and Mr. Appavu Chetty will be no more than a just adjustment of the claims of the Forest Department for the value of its produce. The Dewan accordingly sanctions the payment of the proposed royalty on the sleepers supplied under the existing contracts, other rates being fixed for future contracts as directed in to-day's Proceedings No. 2090-8—70.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Consulting Engineer to the Mysore Government.
The Manager, Mysore State Railway.
The Comptroller.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 14th July 1885.

READ—

The Budget Estimates of the minor Municipalities in the Mysore District for 1885—86, submitted with the Mysore Deputy Commissioner's No. 819 of 9th February 1885.

No. 2131-4—85, DATED 14TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The receipts in the 10 minor Municipalities in the Mysore District for 1885--86, inclusive of the probable opening balance of Rs. 35,502, are estimated at Rs. 48,558 and their expenditure at Rs. 12,181. These estimates leave a probable balance of Rs. 36,377 at the close of the year, as detailed in the subjoined statement :—

Municipalities.	Hunsur.	Chamaraj-nagar.	Yedatore.	Heggad-devankote.	Gundlupet.	Nanjangud.	Tirumakudlu-Narsipur.	Malvalli.	Hole Narsipur.	Arkalgud.	Total.
RECEIPTS.											
I. Octroi—Cocoanuts, dry and fresh	130	7	13	20	27	250	15	14	22	24	522
Sugar and Jaggory	240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	240
Butter and Ghee	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40
Betel-leaves	90	9	7	6	17	125	1	20	87	51	413
Sheep and Goats	230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	230
Oil and oil-seeds	130	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	130
Timber, Chunam, &c.	210	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	210
Tobacco	40	5	4	2	20	135	5	175	29	50	295
Piece-goods	160	79	230	12	326	290	35	60	202	650	2,129
Other articles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60
Total Octroi.....	1,270	100	224	40	390	800	56	274	340	775	4,269
II. House Tax ...	380	232	164	93	296	546	108	295	368	390	2,872
III. Mohturfa Tax on (a) Shops ...	353	212	115	114	379	516	103	98	367	198	2,455
(b) Looms ...	16	108	...	4	...	...	4	87	286	73	578
(c) Oil-Mills ...	12	8	8	8	4	37	10	14	81	4	186
(d) Carts ...	123	5	29	10	103	103	3	35	35	30	476
Gardens	...	...	...	...	...	170	...	...	...	...	170
Sale of lands ...	20	7	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	127
Pounds	500	50	35	6	20	75	50	60	60	200	1,056
Fines	10	...	3	...	...	...	16	4	...	...	17
XII. Miscellaneous—											
Rental fees ...	150	...	...	...	146	...	120	...	...	192	608
Grant-in-aid ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Miscellaneous ..	160	3	12	...	2	63	16	3	3	50	242
Total.....	2,984	725	590	275	1,440	2,300	470	870	1,540	1,912	13,056
Opening Balance.....	4,616	2,955	2,100	1,001	4,420	7,102	2,652	1,557	5,241	3,858	35,502
Grand Total.....	7,600	3,680	2,690	1,276	5,860	9,402	3,122	2,427	6,781	5,770	48,558

	Municipalities.										
	Hunsur.	Chamarajanagar.	Yedatore.	Heggadevankote.	Gundlupet.	Nanjangud.	Tirumakudlu-Narsipur.	Malvalli.	Holé Narsipur.	Arkalgud.	Total.
Expenditure.											
I. Head Office charges	120	30	30	20	50	100	18	56	70	85	579
II. Collection	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	288
III. Public Works (*a*) Original Works	200	...	...	...	100	700	200	300	450	300	2,250
(*b*) Repairs, Municipal	500	400	200	100	500	..	. .	200	250	420	2,570
(*c*) Repairs, Educational	...	50	..	...	40	90	...	...	80	90	350
Conservancy Establishment	876	144	120	48	192	360	48	96	348	192	2,424
Other charges	360	...	...	..	144	144	...	...	...	...	648
Charitable Grants (*a*) Education	306	...	...	...	261	...	135	...	...	348	1,050
(*b*) Dispensary charge	144	...	84	..	...	144	...	...	...	...	372
Lighting	...	...	...	...	. .	...	...	...	...	...	...
General Improvement	150	100	150	100	150	300	50	200	200	200	1,600
Taluk Contingencies	50	..	...	.	..	..	..	...	...	...	50
Total	2,934	724	584	268	1,437	1,838	451	852	1,398	1,695	12,181
Closing Balance.. ...	4,616	2,956	2,106	1,008	4,423	7,564	2,671	1,575	5,383	4,075	36,377
Grand Total.....	7,550	3,680	2,690	1,276	5,860	9,402	3,122	2,427	6,781	5,770	48,558

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 14th July 1885.

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—Octroi is levied on five articles, *viz.*, cocoanuts, dry and green, betel-leaves, tobacco and piece-goods in all the minor Municipalities of the District except Hunsur, where the tax is collected on a larger number of articles. The Deputy Commissioner has proposed the abolition of the tax in all these Municipalities. On a consideration, however, of all the circumstances represented, the Dewan is of opinion that the tax should be abolished in all minor Municipalities, where the proceeds from the tax are inconsiderable. He accordingly directs that the octroi be abolished in all the minor Municipalities of the District referred to in the foregoing statement except Nanjangud, Hunsur and Arkalgud, where the tax should be confined to the five articles above named.

3. *Mohatarfa.*—The estimates under "Mohatarfa", including house tax, are the same as those of the past year and, when compared with the actuals of 1883—84, show but slight variations in a few towns. These estimates which are said to be based on the mohatarfa accounts are approved.

4. The orders in para 2 above will reduce the total estimate receipts during the year from Rs. 13,056 to Rs. 10,782.

5. EXPENDITURE.—*Head Office.*—An establishment consisting of one Clerk on Rs. 25, one on Rs. 15 and a Peon on Rs. 5 is maintained in the Mysore District office: and, in addition to this, the Deputy Commissioner provides Rs. 12 per annum for contingencies in each of the towns of Holé-Narsipur and Arkalgud, together with Rs. 15 on account of office furniture for the latter. The total cost amounting to Rs. 579 is rateably distributed only among the above-named ten minor Municipalities of the District, as the work of audit connected with the Municipalities under the charge of the Sub-Division officer is done in his office at French-Rocks. The municipal accounts of Mysore will, as resolved last year by the Municipal Board of that Town in regard to the accounts of 1883—84, be properly audited by a sub-committee of the Municipal members The present Municipal establishment of the District office which only examines the accounts of the ten small Municipalities referred to, is therefore large and admits of very considerable reduction. The pay for Municipal Clerk in other Districts is generally Rs. 20; and the Deputy Commissioner is requested to state what reduction he proposes in the Municipal establishment of his office.

6. *Collection.*—With reference to orders in para 2 above in regard to the revision of octroi, the establishment of 1 Monegar at Rs. 8 and 2 Peons at Rs. 6 each, maintained for collection of octroi in Hunsur, should be reduced, the work being entrusted, under the supervision of the Amildar and the members of the Municipal Board, to the local Revenue officials with a remuneration of 5 per cent on the collections, as in the case of other minor Municipalities in the Province. Similar reduction should, if possible, be made in the Arkalgud Municipality.

7. *Public Works.*—The proposed expenditure under the head "*Public Works*" amounts to Rs. 5,170, as detailed below :—

	Rs.
Original Works Allotment ..	2,250
Repairs, Municipal do ..	2,570
Do Educational do ..	350

Names of Works.	Estimated Amount.
To complete the new road in the Kormar's Street at Hunsur ...	200
Raising wall around a new well dug in the Municipal Garden at Gundlupet...	100
Constructing V drains at Nanjangud	400
Do dust boxes do...	100
Do roads in do	200
Do musafarkhana at Tirumakudlu-Narsipur ...	200
Do a new road and moharis	300
Do V drains in the fort	450
Do compound wall to a well called Gajagonda in Arkalgud...	300
Total.....	2,250

The original works, provided for, are noted in the margin. The usual estimates & notifications of sanction for works undertaken should be submitted in due course.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 14th July 1885.

Names of Towns and Details of Charges.	Provisions. 1885—86	Provisions. 1884—85	Difference.
Chamarajnagar.			
3 Sweepers at Rs. 4 in lieu of 1 at Rs. 4 ...	144	48	+ 96
Gundlupet.			
Addition of 1 cart at Rs. 12 besides 4 Sweepers at Rs. 4.	144 192	192	+ 144
Nanjangud.			
6 Sweepers at Rs. 5 instead of 4 at Rs 5 besides 1 cart at Rs. 12	360 144	240 144	+ 120
Tirumakudlu-Narsipur.			
1 Sweeper at Rs. 4 ... ... 1 Bullock	48 ...	48 12	— 12
Holé-Narsipur.			
5 Sweepers at Rs. 5 and 1 at Rs. 4 for 1885—86 and 6 at Rs. 5 for 1884—85.	348	360	— 12
Total.....	1,380	1,044	+ 336

8. The allotment under the head "*Conservancy*" amounts to Rs. 3,072 against Rs. 2,736 of last year showing a net increase of Rs. 336 as per details given in the margin. This increase, which is said to be absolutely necessary, is sanctioned.

9. Under the head "Charitable Grants" provision has been made for four Anglo-Vernacular schools and three dispensaries. The schools are maintained by the Municipalities with a Government grant of one-fourth of their cost. In the municipal budgets only three-fourths of the cost of these schools is provided for, in accordance with the Comptroller's Circular No. 1571 of 21st December 1883, by which the Amildars have been authorized to pay the whole cost of the establishment on presentation of monthly bills on which the charge would be adjusted by the Comptroller's office by debit of one-fourth to Government and three-fourths to Municipal funds, the latter, however, being credited with the school fees. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to give full details for the marginally noted allotments.

Towns.	Allotments for— School Charges.	Allotments for— Dispensary Charges.
Hunsur	306	144
Yedatore	...	84
Gundlupet	261	...
Nanjangud	..	144
Tirumakudlu-Narsipur ...	135	...
Arkalgud ...	348	...

10. The provisions made under "*General Improvement*" for any unforeseen charges are retained in the budgets, subject to the expenditure incurred therefrom being intimated to this office.

11. Subject to the foregoing remarks, the budgets under review are sanctioned, and the Deputy Commissioner will be requested to arrange that the total expenditure shall not exceed the total estimated income as given in para 4 above.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Comptroller, with copies of the Budget Statements with their details.
The Education Secretary for information.
The Surgeon, Mysore Government, for information.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 14th July 1885.

READ—

Replies received from the Deputy Commissioner's and Sub-Division officers to this office Circular No. 1523—32, dated 9th June 1884, about dieting charges of prisoners under trial and convicted and those in the custody of the Police of the Sub-Divisions of Taluks.

No. 2142-54—73, DATED, BANGALORE, 14TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—A permanent allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem is sanctioned to the Court of each Deputy Amildar in the State to meet the charges of dieting prisoners under trial and convicted, and those in the custody of the Police of the Sub-Division of the Taluk

V. P. MADHAVA RAO,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Comptroller.
The District Magistrates.
The Sub-Division Magistrates.
The Amildar do
The Deputy do do
The Police Secretary.

PART I.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, in the Public Works Department,—dated 24th July 1885.

READ—

Note by the Public Works Secretary, dated 11th June 1885, reporting the results of the Final Examination of the students of the Local School of Engineering, for the grade of Overseer, held in Bangalore during May 1885.

No. $\frac{3725-32}{785-92}$ DATED 24TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The following students are declared to have passed the Final Examination :—

1. G. N. Srinivasachar.
2. T. Narasimmaiengar.
3. T. S. Seshappa.
4. P. Raghavendra Rao.
5. K. Gopal Rao.
6. M. R. Singlachar.
7. Nagoji Rao.

II. The thanks of Government will be expressed to Mr. McLaughlin, Assistant Secretary in the Public Works Department, for the very careful manner in which he has conducted the examination, and also to the other Examiners for the assistance they have rendered.

F. J. McLAUGHLIN,
for *Secretary to the Government of Mysore.*

Mr. F. J. McLaughlin.
Mr. R. Scaldwell.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. LeMesurier, R. E.
Mr. J. Cooke.
Mr. E. R. Subbarayer.
Mr. C. T. Dalal.
Mr. Venkatasami Naidu.
Head Master, School of Engineering, Bangalore.

PART I.

POLICE.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Police),—dated 16th July 1885.

READ—

Letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, No. 256, dated 8th June 1885, suggesting certain alterations in the powers of the Police Assistant Commissioners laid down in the Memo appended to Circular No. 107—2, dated 6th May 1885.

No. 355—9, DATED 16TH JULY 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—In the memo appended to circular order No. 107—2, dated 6th May 1885, Police Assistant Commissioners are given the power of appointing and dismissing Constables and Daffedars. This power should be exercised by them in conformity with such general or special orders as the Deputy Commissioner may, from time to time, deem fit to issue for their guidance. The Deputy Commissioner may also, upon any special grounds, direct the dismissal of any Constable or Daffedar.

2. Too great importance cannot be attached to the proper selection of Constables and Daffedars, because on their respectability and good character depend in a large measure the success and popularity of the Police administration. The Dewan accordingly lays down the following rules on the subject :—

I. Constables for the Rural Police shall as far as possible be selected from the agricultural population. With the co-operation of Amildars, Police Assistant Commissioners will be able readily to induce respectable men of the ryot class to enlist themselves as Police Constables. Such men possess a local status and influence which are likely to be very useful for purposes of detection and prevention of crime.

II. No person shall be admitted into the force—

(*a*). who has been convicted of any serious crime ; or

(*b*). who is not able to produce a certificate of good character and thorough respectability from the Amildar or some other local officer of standing ; or

(*c*). who has been dismissed from the force for any fault whatsoever. The Deputy Commissioner may, for special reasons to be recorded by him in each case, exempt any person from the operation of this rule, a quarterly statement of such exemptions being submitted to the Secretary to the Dewan in the Police Department in the accompanying form.

S. VENKAT VARADAIENGAR,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Sub-Division officers.

Statement of Persons once dismissed from the Police Force and re-employed for special reasons for the Quarter ending 1885.

Number.	Name.	Rank at the time when dismissed.	For what fault or crime dismissed.	If re-instated to what rank appointed.	Special Reasons for re-employment.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, was informed that his application for Mr. Assistant Commissioner Nagesa Rao and the Munsiff and 2nd Class Magistrate of Yedahalli, being made 1st Class Magistrates, might be made through the Chief Judge.	1st July 1885.	
2	A notification cancelling the Notification No. 62, dated 15th June 1885, investing Sheristadar Narasimhaiya of the Kadur Taluk with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
3	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue a warrant to the address of the District Magistrate of South Canara for the arrest and surrender of the accused George Laboe.	4th do	
4	In acknowledging the receipt of postage stamps for 4 annas, a license under the Indian Arms Act was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly countersigned, and the postage stamps were forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
5	Copy of a letter from the 1st Assistant Resident, Hyderabad, explaining why the commission forwarded by him had not been executed, was forwarded to the District Judge, Mysore.	6th do	
6	Copies of two licenses granted by the Officiating Resident in Mysore to Messrs. Wilson and Co., Madras, for exporting certain ammunition to the Betmangala Taluk and Kodrikonda near Shimoga respectively, were forwarded to the District Magistrates of Kolar and Shimoga respectively.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Survey Superintendent was informed that the Dewan disapproved of the conduct of certain ryots of Kommenahalli and sanctioned their prosecution, and did not however think it necessary to depute the Public Prosecutor to conduct the case.	Do do	
8	Copy of letter No. 778—155, dated 26th June 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, stating that the warrant issued against Saiyad Khadar had not been executed as the whereabouts of the accused could not be ascertained in Coorg, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Mysore.	Do do	29th April 1885, Part II, J.
9	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue a warrant to the address of the District Magistrate of Salem for the arrest and surrender of the accused Lakshmi.	7th do	
10	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue a warrant to the District Magistrate of Coorg for the arrest and surrender of the accused Srikanthaiya	Do do	
11	A copy of letter No. 796—157, dated 30th June 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, stating that the evidence produced was not sufficient to justify the issue of a warrant for the surrender of Seshappa and Ramachandraiya, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District for communication to the complainant.	Do do	13th June 1885, Part II, J.
12	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to report whether Gundappa referred to in the return, submitted by him, of persons surrendered under the Extradition Act for the half year ending 30th June 1885, was a British subject or not.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	A warrant to the address of the District Magistrate of Coimbatore for the surrender of Venkammaiya was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kadur.	8th July 1885.	
14	For reasons stated, a notice received from the Collector, North Arcot, was returned to the Assistant to the Resident unserved.	Do do	3rd June 1885, Part II, J.
15	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit for perusal the proceedings in the case of the sandal theft committed by one Rajadhari.	9th do	
16	A notification directing Gulam Mahomed Khan, Acting Deputy Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of Gudibanda, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Canarese language, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge	Do do	
17	A notification directing B Narasimmaiengar, Munsiff and 2nd Class Magistrate of Sagar, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Canarese language, was gazetted —Communicated to the Chief Judge.	Do do	
18	Sanction was accorded to the remission of portions of the sentences passed upon Venkatanarasa and two other convicts of the Mysore Jail —Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	10th do	
19	A copy of the Report on the Prison Administration in British Burmah for the year 1884 was forwarded to the Inspector General of Prisons for perusal and circulation among the officers in charge of Jails in the State.	Do do	
20	A return under Section 9 of the Rules under the Extradition Act XI of 1872 of persons made over by the Political Agent for trial by the Courts of this State during the half year ended 30th June 1885, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	11th do	
21	Two summonses issued by the 2nd Magistrate's Court, Erode Taluk, Coimbatore, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District with a request that the same may be served on the parties therein named and the duplicates returned to the Sub-Magistrate, Erode, direct.	14th do	
22	The memorial addressed to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore by Venkatadasa Boyi, prisoner in Sessions Case No. 14 of 1885, on the file of the Chief Court, was returned to the Chief Judge with His Highness' order thereon declining to interfere with the sentence of death passed upon the memorialist, together with the records of the case.	15th do	
23	Two summonses to witnesses in a criminal case before the District Magistrate of the Sangli State, received through the Resident from the Political Agent, Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District with a request that they may be served on the individuals therein named, who were said to reside at Davangere, and returned to this office.	Do do	
24	Copy of a license issued by the Resident in Mysore to R. Gopalakrishnama Chetty and Sons, Madras, to export certain ammunition to Tiptur, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Tumkur.	Do do	
25	A warrant addressed to the District Magistrate of Salem for the surrender of Lakshmi was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar.	16th do	7th July 1885. Part II, J.
26	A notification investing Tirunarayanachari, B. A., B. L., Munsiff of Chikballapur, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class and also certain additional powers and directing him to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Canarese language, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	Do do	
27	Mr. M. Rama Rao, Public Prosecutor, Mysore, was requested to proceed to French Rocks and conduct the prosecution of the ryots of	18th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Komerahalli in the Mandya Taluk on the 21st instant in connection with the charge of an assault and obstructing a public servant in the discharge of his duty preferred against them by Mr. A. G. Hudson, Assistant Superintendent of the Revenue Survey Department, and also to see Mr. Hudson at Bangalore and take all necessary instructions in regard to the case.—Communicated to Mr. A. G. Hudson, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey and the Survey, Superintendent.		
28	A warrant under the Extradition Act for the surrender of Srikanthaiya accused of criminal breach of trust by a public servant, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kadur.	18th July 1885.	7th instant, Part II, J.
29	The return of sick prisoners in the jails of this State for June 1885 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	20th do	
30	Copy of a license issued by the Officiating Resident in Mysore to Mr. B. D. Plummer, Superintendent of Mysore and Nundydroog Gold Mines, Kolar District, to export certain ammunitions to the Nundydroog Gold Mining Company's mines near Kolar, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar.	21st do	
31	A notification abolishing the Additional Munsiff's Court at Bangalore from the 1st August 1885 and transferring the jurisdiction vested in that Court to the Court of the Munsiff of Bangalore, was gazetted.	22nd do	
32	A notification directing a Court of Additional Munsiff be established at Mysore from the 1st August 1885 with local jurisdiction over the Town and Taluk of Mysore and that from that date the Munsiff of Mysore shall exercise local original jurisdiction within the Taluks of Tirumakudlu-Narsipur and Hunsur, was gazetted.	Do do	
33	A notification investing the Subordinate Judge of Bangalore with the powers of a court of small causes in suits not exceeding Rs. 100 in value, arising within the limits of the Bangalore District, was gazetted.	Do do	
34	Sanction was accorded to the remission of 2 months and 4 days of the sentence passed upon convict Kari Ranga of the Central Jail and his release on the 11th August 1885.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	Do do	
35	A notice was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly served on Mr. Russell, Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District.	Do do	
36	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue a warrant for the surrender of Seshappa and Ramachandraiya.	23rd do	
37	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that a copy of the simple text of the Indian Penal Code may be purchased and charged for in his contingent bill, if a copy had not been previously supplied to the Tumkur Munsiff's Court.	Do do	
38	A notification investing the Munsiff of Mysore with the powers of a court of small causes in suits not exceeding Rs. 50 in value arising within the Taluks of Mysore, Tirumakudlu-Narsipur and Hunsur, was gazetted.	Do do	
39	A notification appointing Mr. C. R. Subbarayer, B. A., Additional Munsiff of Mysore, was gazetted.	Do do	
40	A notification investing Mr. C. R. Subbarayer, B. A., Additional Munsiff of Mysore, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class to be exercised within the limits of the Mysore District and also with the additional powers referred to in Clause (*a*) of Section 25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	Do do	
41	The proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District to exempt Abdul Rahman Khan of Yemmedoddi Kan in the Kadur Taluk from the operations of all prohibitions and directions contained in Section 13, 14, 15 and 16 of the Indian Arms Act, was sanctioned.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
42	Copy of certain correspondence relative to the arrest and surrender of George Laboe, accused of criminal breach of trust, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kadur for information.	24th July 1885.	4th instan Part II, J
43	An assessor's summons was returned to the Registrar of the Chief Court duly served on the individual therein named.	Do do	
44	A memorial from Chamaraj Bahadur, Mysore, was returned to him with the Dewan's endorsement thereon declining to interfere with the sentence of acquittal passed upon the accused Murudappa by the Sessions Judge, Mysore.	Do do	
45	Copy of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to Mr. H. Lyon, Agent, the Indian Consolidated Gold Company, Limited, Pundalur, Wynad, to export certain ammunition to the Kolar works of the Indian Consolidated Gold Company in Urigam, Mysore State, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar.	28th do	
46	Copy of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to Messrs. Best and Co. of Madras for exporting certain ammunition to the Town of Bangalore was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Bangalore.	29th do	23rd instant Part II, J.
47	Two warrants addressed to the District Magistrate of Anantapur for the surrender of Seshappa and Ramachandraiya of Kumgal were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
48	Under Section 272 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the Government Advocate was authorized to prefer an appeal before the Chief Court against the sentence of acquittal passed by the Sessions Judge, Shimoga, in Shimoga Sessions Case No. 15 of 1885, Government *vs* Giri Timmaiya; and the District Magistrate of Shimoga was requested to give the Government Advocate any instructions for the conduct of the appeal that may be considered necessary.	Do do	
49	A draft statement of the defence to be put in a civil suit brought by Nanja and Narasimha against the Amildar of the Nelamangala Taluk and the Muzarayi Officer of the Bangalore District for the recovery of certain inam land was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District with certain remarks.	30th do	16th April 1885, Part II, F.
50	Copy of a license granted by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to Messrs. Treacher and Co. of Bombay to export certain ammunition to Hunsur was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Mysore.	Do do	
51	A warrant of commission, together with postage stamps of the value of Rs. 4—8—0, received from the Court of the Durbar Karbari of the Miraj State, was forwarded to the Registrar of the Chief Court for execution under the orders of the Chief Court.	31st do	
52	A copy of the "List of enactments in force in Native States" was forwarded to the Secretary, Legislative Department, with a request that the volume may be carefully revised so far as it relates to the State, any errors or omissions found therein being communicated to this Department at an early date for report to the Government of India through the Resident; and the Assistant to the Resident's original letter on the subject was also forwarded to him for reference and obliging return.	Do do	
53	Copy of a license granted by the Commissioner of Police, Madras, to Messrs. Best and Co. of Madras for importing certain ammunition to Madras, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
54	The following notification was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication in 3 issues:— "Notification No. 92, dated 31st July 1885—His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to point out that the Rules of Interpretation laid down in Notification No. 153, dated 2nd September 1881, published at page 124 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 3rd September 1881, do not apply to those parts of the Acts of the British Legislature which apply in terms to British subjects in the dominions of Princes and	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	States in India in alliance with Her Majesty and which for that reason and to that extent have the force of law in Mysore by virtue of the authority of the British Legislature." "2. His Highness is further pleased to direct that the above mentioned Notification No. 153, dated 2nd September 1881, shall not apply to the General Clauses Act (I of 1868) or to Section 230 of the Indian Penal Code as amended by Act XIX of 1872, or to the Indian Coinage Act XXIII of 1870."		

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st July* 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
42	Copy of certain correspondence relative to the arrest and surrender of George Labee, accused of criminal breach of trust, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kadur for information.	24th July 1885.	4th instant, Part II, J.
43	An assessor's summons was returned to the Registrar of the Chief Court duly served on the individual therein named.	Do do	
44	A memorial from Chamaraj Bahadur, Mysore, was returned to him with the Dewan's endorsement thereon declining to interfere with the sentence of acquittal passed upon the accused Murudappa by the Sessions Judge, Mysore.	Do do	
45	Copy of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to Mr. H. Lyon, Agent, the Indian Consolidated Gold Company, Limited, Pundalur, Wynad, to export certain ammunition to the Kolar works of the Indian Consolidated Gold Company in Chigam, Mysore State, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar.	28th do	
46	Copy of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to Messrs. Best and Co. of Madras for exporting certain ammunition to the Town of Bangalore was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Bangalore.	29th do	23rd instant, Part II, J.
47	Two warrants addressed to the District Magistrate of Anantapur for the surrender of Seshappa and Ramachandraiya of Kumgal were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
48	Under Section 272 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the Government Advocate was authorized to prefer an appeal before the Chief Court against the sentence of acquittal passed by the Sessions Judge, Shimoga, in Shimoga Sessions Case No. 15 of 1885, Government *vs.* Giri Timmaiya; and the District Magistrate of Shimoga was requested to give the Government Advocate any instructions for the conduct of the appeal that may be considered necessary.	Do do	
49	A draft statement of the defence to be put in a civil suit brought by Nanja and Narasimha against the Amildar of the Nelamangala Taluk and the Muzarayi Officer of the Bangalore District for the recovery of certain inam land was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District with certain remarks.	30th do	16th April 1885, Part II, F.
50	Copy of a license granted by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, to Messrs. Treacher and Co. of Bombay to export certain ammunition to Hunsur was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Mysore.	Do do	
51	A warrant of commission, together with postage stamps of the value of Rs. 4—8—0, received from the Court of the Durbar Karbari of the Miraj State, was forwarded to the Registrar of the Chief Court for execution under the orders of the Chief Court.	31st do	
52	A copy of the "List of enactments in force in Native States" was forwarded to the Secretary, Legislative Department, with a request that the volume may be carefully revised so far as it relates to the State, any errors or omissions found therein being communicated to this Department at an early date for report to the Government of India through the Resident; and the Assistant to the Resident's original letter on the subject was also forwarded to him for reference and obliging return.	Do do	
53	Copy of a license granted by the Commissioner of Police, Madras, to Messrs. Best and Co. of Madras for importing certain ammunition to Madras, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
54	The following notification was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication in 3 issues:— "Notification No. 92, dated 31st July 1885—His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to point out that the Rules of Interpretation laid down in Notification No. 153, dated 2nd September 1881, published at page 124 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 3rd September 1881, do not apply to those parts of the Acts of the British Legislature which apply in terms to British subjects in the dominions of Princes and	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	States in India in alliance with Her Majesty and which for that reason and to that extent have the force of law in Mysore by virtue of the authority of the British Legislature." "2. His Highness is further pleased to direct that the above mentioned Notification No. 153, dated 2nd September 1881, shall not apply to the General Clauses Act (I of 1868) or to Section 230 of the Indian Penal Code as amended by Act XIX of 1872, or to the Indian Coinage Act XXIII of 1870."		

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st July* 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

REVENUE.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was requested to submit early the entire records relative to the Puttakatte tank bed claimed by Javaregauda of Kyatanahalli in the Seringapatam Taluk.	2nd July 1885.	
2	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 281—15—3 from the accounts of the Tarikere Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the statement showing the average prices of different grains should in future be sent in English in proper printed forms and that the forms should be regularly indented for and always kept on hand.	3rd do	
4	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit the entire correspondence relating to the case in which Mr. Porter of Santaveri Estate took up land without applying for it.	Do do	
5	A petition No. 877, dated 29th June 1885, from Subbramannya Shastri, agent of the Sringeri Matt, complaining of the delay in the payment of the sayer realizations due to the matt for the months of March and April last, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District for disposal.	Do do	
6	Twenty copies of the Opium Act were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, and he was informed that copies of the Excise Act were not available.	Do do	
7	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 178—30 of the 5th June 1885, from the Collector of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore to the Assistant to the Resident, the Superintendent of the Mysore Revenue Survey was requested to send at once to the Collector the akaraband of the ten fields transferred from Upparahalli to Belakahalli.—Communicated to the Assistant to the Resident.	4t do	
8	A notification regarding the sale of the jodi village of Machenahalli in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication in 3 successive issues.	Do do	
9	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, with a request that 10 English and 25 Canarese copies of the Notification may be sent to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division direct.—Communicated to the latter officer.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that as requested by him copies of all proceedings sanctioning the remission or assessment in the taluks of the Hassan Sub-Division, would be also sent to him.	Do do	
11	Sanction was accorded to the grant of certain land as service inam to the Shanbhog of Hebbal Amanikere village in the Bangalore Taluk in lieu of the service inam land resigned by him.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land in favour of the ryots of Hommargalli in the Heggaddevankote Taluk for building purposes and also to the remission of the assessment thereon —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District and the Survey Superintendent.	6th July 1885.	
13	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to explain certain items in the remission statement of the Tirumakudlu-Narsipur Taluk.	Do do	
14	A notification inviting tenders for the abkari contract of Coorg was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette for publication in 4 successive issues commencing with the 11th instant.	Do do	
15	Letter No. 60 G—28-12 from the Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department was circulated to the Deputy Commissioners and Sub Division officers with reference to Mr. Douglass report on bee keeping published in the *Mysore Gazette* of the 18th April 1885.	7th do	9th April 1885, Part II G.
16	With reference to his report on the petition of Devappa, Handigode, Sagar Taluk, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit the map of the village referred to together with certain further information on the subject.	Do do	
17	Orders were passed in the case of petitioner Linga of Basavanahalli in the Hassan Taluk, stating that there were no grounds for interfering with the sale of the lands referred to, and informing the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, that the balance of Rs. 46—12—5 due on the lands sold may be remitted and that the sum of Rs. 83—5—4 paid by petitioner on the 11th August 1884 or more than a year after the sale should be refunded to him after deducting from it any sum due by him for the assessment of the past year on lands still left in his enjoyment.	8th do	
18	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 30th June was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
19	Sanction was accorded to the remission of Rs. 21—8—0 due by 3 ryots of the depopulated village of Melapur in the Tiptur Taluk, with the remark that in cases like this the equitable course would be to grant the lands on a progressive tenure as an encouragement to the ryots to hold on in the bechirakh village.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	9th do	
20	Extract of paras 1 and 2 from the Proceedings of the Dewan No. 6865-75—149, dated 18th March 1885, explaining the reasons for raising the rates at which opium was to be sold by Government to licensed vendors and by them to the public, was forwarded to the Resident.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested further information regarding the new tank proposed to be constructed by Manjappa of Siralkoppa at Bhagasandra in the Shikarpur Taluk.	Do do	2nd August 1885, Part II R.
22	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that no account was taken of the income from salt pans derived by the jodidar of Tumulu in the Maddagiri Talukg during the inam settlement, and that the complaint of the jodidar was therefore ground less and could not be entertained.	Do do	
23	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit further information regarding the petition of Iregauda of Patadur in the Mudgere Taluk regarding certain land.	Do do	
24	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land in the village of Kurubattur in the Manjarabad Taluk for the construction	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	of houses and shops and also to the remission of the assessment thereon, with the instruction that the site should be divided into plots of 3 guntas each and sold by public auction and the proceeds credited to Government—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, the Survey Superintendent and the Comptroller.		
25	The attention of the District and Sub-Division officers was invited to this office Proceedings No. 2360-9—55, laying down certain rules for securing the hulbanni of each village or groups of villages to the villagers themselves in preference to out-siders in modification of standing orders on the subject directing the sale of hulbanni to the highest bidder; and they were requested to submit early reports showing Talukvar the revenue results of the system introduced as an experiment in 1884—85 together with the opinion of the Revenue officers in favor of or against the continuance of the system.	9th July 1885.	
26	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the hulbanni rules issued in 1884 as a temporary arrangement would continue in force in the Kadur District excluding the Hassan Sub-Division for the current year, and that at the end of that period, a report should be submitted similar to the one now sent.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	16th July 1884, Part I, G.
27	As requested, the sanad said to have been granted to the Archik of Lakshminarasimhaswami temple at Marihalli, Tirumakudlu-Narsipur Taluk by Navab Phathai Ali Khan, was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	10th do	
28	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to state whether the amount realized by the sale of fishing in the Kankanhalli Taluk was credited to the Municipality or Imperial revenue and under what head in either case, and also the amount realized for each of the last 3 years.	Do do	
29	As requested, the proceedings connected with the case of Yadava Rao, Shanbhog of Kangondanahalli, Davangere Taluk, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
30	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the privilege of drawing bagani toddy conceded to holders of coffee land on permanent tenure was intended to extend only to that quantity which may be required for making bread and other cooking purposes.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioners of Kadur and Shimoga Districts.	Do do	
31	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the Circular of the late Deputy Commissioner, granting hulbanni of unoccupied Government waste land on trijayi tenure permanently to applicants, being without sanction of the Government, was cancelled; that grants issued under that Circular had no force and must cease, and that he should dispose of the lands under the orders ofJuly 1884, the amount of trijayi kandayam being taken into account in calculating the average hulbanni proceeds.	Do do	
32	Orders were issued to confirm the village of Lokanhalli in the Hassan Taluk to the temple of Janardhanaswami at Bailahalli under ½ quit-rent on the survey valuation and to hand over the management of the village to the parties who formerly managed it, they being held responsible for the proper maintenance of the temple and correct accounting of the revenue of the village to the Muzarayi Department.—Communicated to the Assisstant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division and the Inam Superintendent.	Do do	
33	Orders were passed on a petition from Timmegauda and others of Anjaneyanahosahalli in the Yedatore Taluk, complaining that a garden belonging to the Anjaneya temple in the village had been leased to one Naranappa instead of to the pujari of the temple who had always held it.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
34	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the transfer of the villages of Uggihalli Magani from the Mudgere to the Manjarabad Taluk was not considered necessary, and that the transfer of Kasavanahalli from the Kadur to the Arsikere Taluk was sanctioned, and a notification regarding the same was gazetted.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	11th July 1885.	
35	Orders were passed on a petition from Subbaiya of Gudibanda regarding sale of certain resumed kodagi inam at Pasapalodu to the effect that for reasons stated, the petitioner was not entitled to any redress.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Inam Superintendent.	Do do	
36	Sanction was accorded to the remission of certain arrears of land revenue due by Devi of Kergodu in the Mandya Taluk.—Communicated to Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.	Do do	
37	The Patelship of the village of Neralige in the Shikarpur Taluk was ordered to be restored to Halappa.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
38	Orders were passed deciding that Nanjunda should hold the patta for certain lands in the village of Kamasamudra in the Arsikere Taluk till Sannanaranappa establishes his claim in a civil court to their recovery.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
39	Orders were passed on a petition from Subbaiya of Dommasandra in the Anekal Taluk, complaining of the levy of wet assessment on his lands which were cultivated with dry crops to the effect that pending the early introduction of the Survey Settlement, the Dewan declined to alter the existing rates, it being always in the Deputy Commissioner's discretion to recommend remissions in particular years upon special grounds such as absence of irrigation, &c.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
40	Orders were passed regarding the reduction of the rate of assessment of coffee lands of Batani Bhima Rao and Tirumala Rao.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
41	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that Subbanna may be restored to the Shanbhogship of the inam village of Kenchenahalli in the Honnali Taluk, with a distinct warning that he must discharge the duties of the office to the satisfaction of the Inamdars.	Do do	
42	Sanction was accorded to the patta for certain land in the village of Dod Tumkur in the Dodballapur Taluk being retained in the name of Tore Dasi and to the proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District to deprive Shanbhog Kadrappa of his office for a certain number of years for the false statement made by him in this and similar cases, a trustworthy man selected by the registered holder of the office being appointed in his stead.	Do do	
43	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was directed to remove Hatyappa from the Patelship of Srigiripur in the Magadi Taluk and to appoint a respectable ryot of the village in his stead on probation if necessary, with a warning that his confirmation would depend upon his considerate management of the village.	Do do	
44	For reasons stated, the Inam Superintendent was requested to restore the inam village Kadabanahalli in the Manjarabad Taluk, to the archka of the Anjaneya temple at Suklespur on the kayamgutta tenure and fix the amount of the rent payable by the present holder, and the Sub-Division officer, Hassan, was informed that the Muzarayi Department must see that the proceeds of the village are properly applied in accordance with the directions of the original granter Annaiyachari.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
45	The proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District to allot the Bechirakh village of Kenkere in the Kunigal Taluk to the neighbouring villages in lieu of the grazing land taken up for the Amrut Mahal kaval in Ranbhanahanta, was sanctioned as a temporary measure, and he was informed that on the receipt of the promised report from the Amrut Mahal officer, final orders would be passed on the subject.—Communicated to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.	11th July 1885.	
46	Orders were passed on a petition from the ryots of Mayasandra in the Magadi Taluk to the effect that there was no reason to cancel the decision of the Survey Superintendent to include certain land in the Achkat of the Bisgur tank.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
47	Orders were passed on a petition from Shamapandit and other jodidars of Kuppemal Agrahar in the Nelamangala Taluk to the effect that the arrears shown against them having been embezzled by the Shanbhog and Shekdar, no further sum should be collected from them, that the balance of jodi should be struck off as irrecoverable, and that the heirs of the Shanbhog and Shekdar should be excluded from office.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
48	Orders were passed on a petition from Tonde Kallegauda of Kellangere in the Arsikere Taluk to the effect that for reasons stated, the Dewan declined to interfere with the appointment of Mastegauda to the Patelship of the Kellangere Firka, but directed that on the occurrence of the next vacancy, the selection should be made from among the nearest heirs of the dismissed Kallegauda, who may be qualified.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
49	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the bund unauthorizedly erected by the kayamguttadar of Bairapalli in the Bagepalli Taluk for increasing the capacity of the kayamgutta tank, should be removed and the kodi reduced to its former level.	Do do	
50	Orders were passed on a petition from Achannabhatta of Chikmagalur, regarding the sale of certain building site, to the effect that for reasons stated, the Dewan declined to interfere in the matter, and that if the statement of the petitioner that the applicant Mahomed Husen obtained the site for coffee cultivation should be true, the land should be assessed under the rules.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
51	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that for reasons stated, the Dewan would not interfere with the appointment of Kuri Timma to the Patelship of Agrahara and its Dakhali villages including Talagoni in the Bangalore Taluk.	Do do	
52	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that order of the Chitaldroog Sub-Division officer Mr. Namakal Rao, directing the recovery of certain fines from petitioner Hanumantaiya, the Shanbhog of Raipete in the Pavagada Taluk, was cancelled and that the Sub Division officer should pay back the amount to the petitioner.	Do do	
53	Orders were passed on a petition from Chamabasavaiya and others of Sakre in the Yedatore Taluk, complaining of misappropriation of a portion of the produce of the inam lands of the temples of Someswara and Basavesvara in the above village by Mallikarjunaiya, the trustee of the lands, informing the Deputy Commissioner that for reasons stated, the Dewan declined to interfere with the existing arrangement; that Mallikarjunaiya should be directed to keep detailed current accounts of receipts and expenditure of the temple and the Matt referred to, and that it was the duty of Govern-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ment to see that all public charitable and religious institutions are properly managed and that the absence of the direct supervision of the Muzarayi Department over institutions like those referred to above did not deprive the Government of its right to prevent misappropriation and other malpractices		
54	The Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was informed that for reasons stated the petition of Bhaskraiya of Bellur in the Nagamangala Taluk regarding certain lands in the bed of the Chakenahalli tank was rejected.	11th July 1885.	
55	Orders were passed on a petition from Dalal Kitch Chetty of Channapatna in the Closepet Taluk, directing that the whole irrigable achkat under the Vandarguppe tank should be brought under a uniform but moderate wet assessment.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
56	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District regarding a house purchased by Agasale Annappa of Chikmagalur.	Do do	
57	The proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District to devide survey No. 17 of the village of Dombarhalli in the Dodballapur Taluk among its 3 original holders, was sanctioned with the intimation that the Shanbhog should be severely censured for his conduct in connection with the land.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
58	Orders were passed on a petition from Ahobala Rao regarding the jodi lands assigned for his chuttrum at Arsikere, directing him to pay Rs. 50 as jodi annually for the lands.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub Division.	Do do	
59	In reply, the Survey Superintendent was informed that the circumstances stated, the inam referred to of Bakshi Virabhadrappa in Hebbalu in the Mysore Taluk, may be brought on the file and disposed of on its merits, and that the sannad should be carefully examined.	Do do	
60	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, regarding the remission of assessment due by Vine Shamanna of Bettadpur in the Hassan Taluk.	Do do	
61	With reference to the house-breaking and theft committed in the Deputy Amildar's Cutcherry at Kumsi, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the Police Constable who was in charge of the Cutcherry at the time should be dismissed and that the Depty Amildar must be called upon to pay up the amount lost in two equal monthly instalments.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
62	Orders were passed on a petition from Viraiya, Patel of Nittakki in the Sorab Taluk, confirming the order of the Deputy Commissioner regarding the enhancement of the rate of assessment payable by petitioner from the year Srimukha.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
63	In forwarding certain correspondence, the Inam Superintendent was requested to take steps to assess certain lands fully as they were no longer the property of the temple of Basaveswara at Kausika in the Hassan Taluk, the assessment thus fixed being levied and paid to the temple.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
64	Orders were passed relative to a manure pit given to the Patel of Korati in the Hoskote Taluk for building purposes.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
65	Orders were passed regarding the kayamgutta village of Kakkeballi in the Manjarabad Taluk, granted for the maintenance	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
	of the Agastesvara temple at Ramanathpur to the effect that the arrears due on account of the village should be written off the accounts, that the village should be resumed by Government, the Survey Superintendent being asked to introduce detailed survey and settlement into the village, that out of the total collections of the village, a fixed amount should be paid for the benefit of the temple and that a competent Parpattegar should be appointed to manage the institution and that the case should be registered in the Inam accounts under cash payments.—Communicated to the Inam and Survey Superintendent and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.		
66	Orders were passed regarding the maintenance of a chuttrum at Attihalli out of the produce of the lands dedicated by one Subbaraya of Haradanhalli in the Chamarajnagar Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	11th July 1885.	
67	Orders were passed on a petition from Nanjundaiya of Manchenahalli in the Goribidnur Taluk, confirming the order of the Deputy Commissioner regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
68	Orders were passed in the case of Javaregauda of Ukkada in the Seringapatam Taluk, directing that certain land be made over to him for Rs. 300, any excess that may have been recovered being refunded to him.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.	Do do	
69	In reply, the Survey Superintendent was requested to furnish a list of survey papers which were prepared and recorded in his Department as regards inam villages which were subjected only to a valuation survey, for the purpose of ascertaining their total valuation in order to calculate the Government quit-rent.	Do do	
70	In forwarding copies of certain papers regarding the grazing of the Mysore Amrut Mahal cattle in Coorg jungles, the draft rules on the subject were submitted to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg for the consideration and orders of the Chief Commissioner, with a request that after approval they may be published for the guidance of the Coorg officers, the Durbar at the same time publishing them for the guidance of the Mysore officers.	Do do	11th March 1885, Part II, G.
71	The proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District to assess the lands below the Doddakabanahalli tank held by Timmegauda at 8 annas per kudu, was sanctioned, subject to modification at the settlement by the Survey Department when under the existing rules Timmegauda would have a remission of one-fourth the entire assessment subject to the prescribed conditions; and the Secretary, Public Works Department, was requested to direct the Executive Engineer to see that the repairs are properly executed.	Do do	
72	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that as Venkatappa, Shanbhog of Sivanhalli in the Kunigal Taluk, had improved and was giving satisfaction, nothing more serious than a censure was at present needed and that the Amildar must be directed to watch the Shanbhog's work carefully.	Do do	
73	Orders were passed confirming certain inam lands to the temple of Rangaswami at Konapur in the Hassan Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division and the Inam Superintendent.	Do do	
74	Orders were passed on a petition from Akkamma and Timmegauda of Bedangere in the Kunigal Taluk to the effect that the land referred to having been granted to Timmappegauda, it was not necessary to deprive him of it, the trees on it being sold to him on a fair	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	valuation; and that the petitioners had no claim to the land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.		
75	The proceedings relative to the case of Hanumantegauda of Kyatanahalli in the Hassan Taluk, complaining of the levy of double license fee, were returned to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	11th July 1885.	
76	In returning the Canasese records relative to the cases of petitioner Talvari Lingi of Gidagarhalli in the Biriyur Taluk and the Patel hak of Gilkenahalli in the Holalkere Taluk, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that the petitioners concerned were informed that the Dewan declined to interfere with the orders appealed against.	Do do	
77	Orders were passed regarding the Shanbhogship of Chikkole Firka in the Belur Taluk and communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
78	The appeal of the Shanbhog of Nakkanhalli in the Kolar District, against the orders of the Deputy Commissioner, suspending him for a year was, for reasons stated, rejected.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Do do	
79	Orders were passed on a petition from Vasannachari of Ramnathpur in the Yedatore Taluk, regarding a piece of land attached to his batamanyam land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Inam and Survey Superintendent.	Do do	3rd August 1883, Part II, R.
80	A petition from Bairegauda and Nanjundegauda of Guttahalli in the Kolar Taluk for the restoration of certain resumed kodagi inam land was, for reasons stated, rejected.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
81	Orders were passed on a petition from Venkanna and certain others of Hugalgere in the Chintamani Taluk, declining to interfere with the order of the Deputy Commissioner fining them for clandestine cultivation of Government land without the payment of assessment. —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
82	Orders were passed on a petition from Venkatasamaiya of Hosakere in the Mulbagal Taluk, regarding certain revenue arrears due by him,—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
83	Orders were passed regarding the jodi inam village of Lakshmisagara in the Tarikere Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Do do	
84	As regards the rate of assessment to be imposed for the cultivation of guenia grass on coffee lands, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was referred to the terms on which grass lands were held as set forth in the title-deed forms recently issued.	Do do	
85	The records connected with the case of petitioner Narasimhachari of Kannyar in the Arkalgud Range, were returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, the petitioner having been informed that the Dewan declined to interfere.	12th do	
86	The vernacular records connected with the case of petitioner Dodnarasa and Chiknarasa of Kaladevipur in the Maddagiri Taluk were returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, with the intimation that the petitioners had been informed that the Dewan declined to interfere in their case.	Do do	
87	In returning the records relative to the case of petitioners Subbarayappa and others, goldsmiths of Chintamani, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, was informed that the petitioners were informed that the Dewan declined to interfere.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
88	The records connected with the case of Venkatramanaiya and other inamdars of Arekere and Kalenahalli in the Yedatore Taluk, were returned to the Survey Superintendent, the Dewan's decision declining to interfere with the settlement of the boundaries having been communicated to the parties concerned.	12th July 1885.	10th July 1883, Part II, R.
89	Sanction was accorded to the re-opening of a weekly market at Jangamkote in the Sidlaghatta Taluk on Thursdays.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	15th do	
90	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to expedite the submission of the annual accounts for 1884—85.	Do do	
91	The petition of Timmappaiya regarding his restoration to the Shanbhogship of Nirgunda Firka in the Arsikere Taluk, was rejected. —Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
92	The Assistant to the Resident was informed of the standard observed in Mysore in framing estimates of crops.	16th do	
93	Sanction was accorded to the leasing out of certain lands in the catchment channel of the Bangalore water supply for the current year to the British Commissariat Department on the average of the hulbanni realizations during the last 4 years.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
94	Statements of rain-fall gauged at Chitaldroog and certain places during June 1885, were forwarded to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.	Do do	
95	The map and akaraband of the village of Bilkihalli situated within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	17th do	4th instant, Part II, R.
96	As requested, copies of certain letters regarding the construction of a chuttrum by Bakshi Narsappa at Mysore, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
97	A notification regarding the sale of the right to collect kuranga stones in the Goribidnur Taluk for the year 1885—86, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication.	Do do	
98	Do do to the Proprietor of the Daily Post.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Do do	
99	A notification regarding the transfer of the villages of Kodahalli and Gurupanaata from the Sidlaghatta to the Kolar Taluk was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
100	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit the vernacular and other papers relative to the Tyamagondal temple land in the Nelamangala Taluk.	Do do	16th April 1885, Part II, F.
101	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to submit the correspondence relating to the raising of the tank bund of the Sarigehalli tank in the Gubbi Taluk.	Do do	
102	In reply, the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, was requested to ascertain and report the bulk of one ton of ordinary cotton as finally pressed and packed for export by hydraulic pressure or other means.	Do do	26th May 1885, Part II, R.
103	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit a detailed statement of the arrears due by Karnik Tippaiya of Magadi up to date, noting the arrears due for each year, and also the amount formerly remitted in his favor.	Do do	27th Feb. 1883, Part II, R.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
104	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit a statement regarding the lands in the possession of Mr. Porter of the Santavery estate.	17th July 1885.	3rd instant, Part II, R.
105	Orders were passed on a petition from Narasanna, declining to review the orders already passed directing his removal from the Shanbhogship of Morur in the Magadi Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	19th March 1885, Part II, R.
106	Orders were passed on a petition from Naranappa and others of the Goribidnur Taluk, regarding the remission of assessment to the effect that the claims for remission advanced by them had been justly rejected by the District officer.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	18th do	
107	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to state when the demarcation and assessment of the coffee lands included in the inam lands of the Kalasa temple had been completed.	Do do	29th July 1884, Part II, G.
108	As requested by the Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, sanction was accorded to the continuance for the current year of the system of selling hulbanni sanctioned in Proceedings No. 2360-8—55, dated 16th July 1884.	Do do	
109	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was requested to introduce into every village the system of selling hulbanni sanctioned in Proceedings of 16th July 1884, and give it a fair trial during the current year and submit a report at the end thereof regarding the scheme being adopted permanently.	20th do	
110	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to expedite the submission of the statement of revenue cases No. 3 and the statement of miscellaneous Proceedings No. 4 due for May last.	Do do	
111	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to note in the weekly season reports now being sent the amount of rain-fall for the week in each of the taluks in their respective Districts and informed that the ten day rain-fall reports now being sent may be discontinued.	21st do	
112	Certain discrepancies in the rain-fall return for June last were pointed out to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
113	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts except Kolar were requested to submit without further delay certain returns due for the year 1884—85.	22nd do	
114	Five printed copies of the return of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 30th June 1885, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
115	A notification of the sale of the jodi villages of Chagalete and Dasanayakanahalli in the Bangalore Taluk, was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	Do do	
116	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to submit further information regarding the tank of Heggadpur in the Heggaddevankote Taluk.	Do do	
117	In reply, Mr. F. G. Shaw, Madras Army, Ootacamund, was informed that the information asked for by him regarding gold mines had been furnished to him by the Amildar of the Bowringpet Taluk, and that if any similar information should be required regarding the Kolar Gold Mines, application must be made to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
8	As requested by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, sanction was accorded to the continuance of the system of selling hulbanni sanctioned in Proceedings No. 2360—9-55, dated 16th July 1884 for another year, with the intimation that a report should be submitted at the close of the year regarding the results of the system.	22nd July 1885.	
9	A notification regarding the sale of the jodi villages of Chagaleti and Dasanayakanahalli in the Bangalore Taluk, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication in 3 successive issues of the Gazette.	Do	do
120	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th July 1885, was forwarded to Assistant to the Resident.	Do	do
121	Copy of a statement showing the amount of kandayam due to the Mysore Government by the Kolar Concessionaries Company, was forwarded to Mr. W. H, Beaumont, Secretary, Kolar Concessionaries Company, (Limited), London, who was requested to pay up the arrears without further delay into the Kolar District Treasury.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	23rd	do
122	The Survey Superintendent was requested to furnish as early as possible a tabular statement showing villagewar the results of the settlement of the Channarayapatna Taluk as sanctioned in the Dewan's D. O. letter of the 9th August 1884.	Do	do
123	The sale of the jodi village of Molenahalli in the Belur Taluk was confirmed.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division and the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do	do
124	Orders were passed on a petition from Narasimha Dasachari of Tyamagondal, Nelamangala Taluk, to the effect that there was no ground to cancel the sale of his inam land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do	do
125	Orders were passed on a petition from Boregauda of Hommaranahalli in the Channarayapatna Taluk to the effect that owing to the introduction of the survey settlement into the Channarayapatna Taluk, the hulgaval tenure referred to had been abolished.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French-Rocks Sub-Division.	Do	do
126	In returning certain printed correspondence, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the need of ware houses near Railway Stations for the storage of wheat had not yet been felt in this State.	24th	do
127	Two notices received through the Resident from the Sub-Collector of North Arcot, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for service on the parties therein named and the return of the duplicates to this office duly endorsed.	Do	do
128	Orders were passed on a petition from Nanjappaji Ars of Hebbalguppe in the Heggaddevankote Taluk regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	27th	do
129	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that there was no objection to his reconsidering the request of Ramaswamaiengar, son of B. Garudacharlu, late Treasurer, Bangalore District, to repair the Harohalli tank on certain conditions.	Do	do
130	With reference to his letter No. 315, dated 2nd March 1885 to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, regarding the Mudadi tank bed in the Arsikere Taluk, the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was requested to state if there were any havals in that Taluk which the Amrut Mahal Department would renounce.	Do	do
131	Orders were passed regarding the Shanbhogship of Vijakur in the Sidlaghatta Taluk confirming the order of the Deputy Commissioner	Do	do

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	in the case, and rejecting the appeal preferred by Raja Rao.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.		
132	Sanction was accorded to the remission of Rs. 2—10—6 in favor of Venkappa of the Nagar Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	28th July 1885.	
133	The remission of house tax amounting to Rs. 6—10—8 in the Municipalities of Shimoga and Kumsi, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
134	Sanction was accorded to the continuance of the system of selling hulbanni sanctioned in Proceedings No. 2366-9—55, dated 16th July 1885 in the Mysore District for the current year, with the intimation that at the end of the year a report on the subject should be submitted.	Do do	
135	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land for building purposes in the village of Gummanahatti in the Sira Taluk and also to the remission of assessment thereon.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do Do do	
136	The sale of certain land in the jodi village of Haralukatte in the Belur Taluk was confirmed.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
137	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District regarding the repairs of the Senivagal tank in the Bangalore District.		
138	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to furnish a copy of letter No. 6, dated 7th January 1861 from His Highness the late Maharaja to the late Chief Commissioner, regarding the endowment of lands, &c. for the construction of a chuttrum by Bakshi Narsappa at Mysore, the letter referred to having been transferred to the Resident's office in 1881 with records of the old Residency Department.	Do do	
139	Orders were passed on a petition from Krishnambhatt of Gidanhalli in the Anekal Taluk, regarding certain land and communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
140	Orders were passed on the complaint of Kondi Subbannachar of Belur, regarding certain land and communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
141	A notification regarding the sale of the jodi village of Hulgode in the Belur Taluk, was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	29th do	
142	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette with a request that 10 English and 25 Canarese copies of the notification may be sent to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
143	In forwarding certain correspondence, the Inam Superintendent was requested to furnish an extract from the inam settlement register showing the circumstances under which the paditara allowance and the jodi lands of the temple of Yoganarasimhaswami at Holal in the Hassan Taluk had been resumed.	Do do	
144	The Comptroller was requested to state the State Railway receipts and the profit from the sale of Malwa opium for the year 1884—85.	Do do	
145	Orders were passed on a petition from Sankarabasava of Arlikere in the Tiptur Taluk, regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Order
146	Orders were passed on a petition from Virachetti of Holesal in the Tirumakodlu-Narsipur Taluk, regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	29th July 1885.	
147	The trade returns for the year 1884—85 were returned to the Deputy Commissioners of the Mysore and Kadur Districts for correction.	Do do	
148	The writing off of Rs. 1,180—0—8 from the accounts of the Kadur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
149	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers were requested to report upon the working of the rules sanctioned in Proceedings No. 4461—123, dated 20th August 1881, authorizing the remission of half assessment on entire fields of wet land remaining uncultivated owing to failure of irrigation together with returns in the form sent.	30th do	
150	Three documents relating to the ownership of the building in the fort of Bangalore occupied by the Town Police Inspector, were returned to the Comptroller for safe custody in the Huzur Treasury.	Do do	
151	The sale of the jodi villages of Aladahalli and Samudravalli in the Hassan Taluk, was confirmed and sanction was accorded to the refund to the jodidars of the excess realization from the sale.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	31st do	4th March 1885, Part II, R.
152	A notification stating that in notification No. 78 of the 22nd July 1885 that the Taluks of Bangalore, Hoskote, Anekal, Kankanhalli and Closepet should be read for the words "Bangalore District," was gazetted.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st July* 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

FORESTS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 11,500. —Communicated ' the latter officer.	2nd July 1885.	
2	The batta bill of the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, for May 1885, was returned to him for explanation.	Do do	
3	The Deputy Commissioners of the Shimoga and Kadur Districts, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, were requested to submit a statement in the form sent showing the cost of weighing and stamping the sandalwood during the last five years.	Do do	
4	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, was requested to quote the authority for the sale of 10¼ tons of jajpokal at Rs. 240 per ton while the retail rate was Rs. 450 per ton.	3rd do	
5	The Sub Division Officer, Hassan, was requested to state why he return showing the demand collection and balance of Forest revenue of the Hassan Taluk for March last, had not been furnished to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, yet.	4th do	
6	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit further explanation regarding certain items in the sandalwood statement for November last.	Do do	
7	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the sum of Rs. 194—4—0 referred to may be re charged in the next working charges bill, the necessary vouchers in support of it being sent up.	Do d	
8	Copy of letter No. 1068, dated 4th July 1885, from the Comptroller and extract of para 2 Mr. Russell's letter No. 77, 18th June 1885, regarding the adjustment of certain balances was forwarded to Mr. R. Vijayindra Rao and Honorary Secretary Rangacharlu Memorial Hall for information.	6th do	
9	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts, except Shimoga, were requested to expedite the submission of the Forest demand, collection and balance statement for March last.	Do do	
10	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to furnish explanation regarding the cost of weighing and stamping a certain quantity of sandalwood.	Do do	
11	The Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore Districts were requested to submit statements showing prosecutions for breaches of Forest Rules during the past official year.	Do do	
12	The receipt from the Assistant to the Resident of a remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 42, being the sale proceeds of sandalwood illicitly taken from Mysore Territory into South Canara, was acknowledged and the same was forwarded to the Comptroller with a request that	Do do	17th Nov. 1884, Part II, Forests.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	credit for the amount may be given to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District from the forests of which the sandalwood was stolen.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.		
13	In reply, Mr. Robert Buchanan, Honorary Secretary, North Mysore Planters' Association, Koppa, was informed that the Deputy Commissioner would readily receive any suggestions the Planters may make on the question of seigniorage and forward them to this office with his recommendation.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	6th July 1885.	
14	Under the circumstances reported by the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, the agreement made by him without demanding security from the carting contractor Syed Mohadin Saib, was approved.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	7th do	
15	In forwarding No. 52, dated 22nd ultimo (to be returned) from the Forest Apprentice, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to furnish certain explanation regarding a sum of Rs. 31 therein referred to.	Do do	
16	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, for Rs. 6,800 for expenditure during the current quarter.—Communicated to the latter officer.	Do do	
17	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, was instructed to request the Wesleyan Missionary in charge of the Gubbi Wesliyan Mission House not to destroy the small sandal trees and plants in the Mission House and informed that as a special case he might be permitted to remove for purposes of cultivation little plants just sprouting up.	9th do	
18	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that his recommendation for the promotion of Mr. Lovery, Assistant Conservator, was noted.	10th do	
19	Orders were passed regarding the adjustment of the accounts of Messrs. Wallace and Appavu Chetty in connection with the sleeper contracts.—Communicated to the Consulting Engineer, the Manager, Mysore State Railway, the Comtroller, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, and the Assistant Commissioner in charge, Palace Establishments and Mr. Wallace.	Do do	
20	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District was informed of the issue of a letter of credit in his favor by the Comptroller for Rs. 6,800 for expenditure during the current quarter.	15th do	7th instant Part II, Forests.
21	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed of the issue of a letter of credit in his favor by the Comptroller for Rs. 11,500 for expenditure during the current quarter.	Do do	
22	Sanction was accorded to the permission granted to Messrs. Wilson and Co, for removing firewood by Dewan's Proceedings No. 5898—338, dated 22nd February 1884, being extended for one year from June 1885.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, with certain remarks.	16th do	25th July 1884, Part II, Forests.
23	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the financial accounts of 1884—85 having been closed, the sum of Rs. 194—4—0 referred to was struck off his working charges bill for March last, but that it should be re-charged in the current year's bill and adjusted.	17th do	
24	An estimate submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, for Rs. 60 for opening a cart track from the Devarayadurga Forest to Svantanahalli for the conveyance of the Railway fuel, was sanctioned and the Deputy Commissioner was requested to report with reference to the Forest Map of the Devarayadurga Forests, from what point the proposed track was being opened.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
25	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to report immediately whether Mr. Lavelle had been cutting firewood in any Government jungle on an extensive scale close to the Railway line paying 6 annas a cart-load as alleged in the petition submitted by him and if so upon what authority.	22nd July 1885.	
26	In forwarding copy of certain correspondence regarding the hut erected by the Wynad Forest Depôt at Gundri, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to state if the Mysore Forest Ranger objected to the Malabar officials rebuilding the shed for their Forest staff and if so on what grounds and also to submit a report as to whether the Superintendent had any thing to say against the rebuilding of the hut and erection of a cattle shed.	Do do	
27	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that the Palace elephants should not have been applied for the purpose stated, as such request could never be granted.	Do do	
28	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit further information regarding the dismissal of peon Ranganna	23rd do	
29	The Secretary, Public Works Department, was requested to state if certain timber pieces which some time ago Mr. Wallace offered to buy, had been still lying in the Executive Engineer's Workshop at Mysore and if so to make them over to the Railway Department.—Communicated to the Manager, Mysore State Railway.	24th do	
30	The officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was informed that all items of jungle produce in the Amrut Mahal Kavals may be managed by the Amrut Mahal Department, and the proceeds credited to that Department, that the Dewan generally approved of his views as set forth in letter No. 107, dated 11th August 1884, and that applications for collections of tangadi bark in Amrut Mahal Kavals should be disposed of in the Amrut Mahal Department on the license system in order to secure uniformity of practice, the rate per cart load being increased where necessary.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
31	A copy of the report on the Forest Administration in the Madras Presidency for the year 1883—84, was circulated to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
32	The proposal of the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, to dig 50 pits for trapping elephants at a cost of Rs. 3 per pit and to incur certain other expenditure in connection with the same, was sanctioned —Communicated to the Comptroller.	27th do	
33	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Forest Apprentice in charge of Government Plantations for Rs. 4,000 for expenditure during the current quarter.—Communicated to the Forest Apprentice.	Do do	
34	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit further information regarding the Hampapur fuel reserve.	28th do	
35	In reply, the Comptroller was informed that credit for Rs. 42 may be afforded to the Kadur District, to which the sandalwood referred to belonged and the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to bring the amount on his demand collection statement.	Do do	6th July 1885, Part II, Forests.
36	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to state the cost of sawing certain teak, honne and black-wood trees.	Do do	
37	The journal of occupation and batta bill of the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, for June 1885, were returned to him for further explanation.	29th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
38	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit for perusal the proceedings in the case in which Kenc.a and five others had been convicted of grazing cattle in andsetting fire to the Lirekalgudda Forest in the Arsikere Taluk.	30th July 1885.	
39	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that free grant of wood could not be sanctioned to the temple of Kóte Prânadevaru at Santebennur which received no attention from Government and which was so little cared for that no contribution towards the repairs could be raised.	31st do	
40	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that the site recently granted to the Coorg Forest Department at Arkalgud for the purpose of a timber depôt being for the time in the possession of the Coorg Forest Department, there should in future be no interference with regard to the right to the manure collected thereon, that the sale already held should be withdrawn if practicable and convenient, and that otherwise, the proceeds realized should be remitted to the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Coorg.	Do do	
41	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that there was no objection to the proposed expenditure being incurred for transplanting the "Kapok" seedlings already raised, but that no further action need be taken as the complete correspondence on the subject which would presently be published showed that the cultivation of the plant for its ownsake would not at all be economical.	Do do	
42	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to submit further information regarding the grazing of the Amrut Mahal cattle in certain Forests.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st July* 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub Division, for Rs. 3—3—0 payable to Mr. B. Mockett, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	2nd July 1885.	
2	Sanction was accorded to the sum of Rs. 1,400 belonging to the Ramadevaru temple in the Closepet Taluk being invested in Mysore Debentures, and the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to report how he would invest the balance of the endowment, *viz.*, Rs. 500, referred to.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
3	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 250—10—4, being the proportionate share of the ganja contract creditable to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for February 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
4	In returning a transfer receipt for 8 annas in favor of the Comptroller, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to send one in favor of the Under-Secretary.	3rd do	
5	In returning the last pay certificate and service register of Mr. G. Cullis, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that as Mr Cullis reported himself for duty at this office on the 12th June 1885, he would draw pay here from that date, and that Mr. Cullis having been relieved of duties at Mysore on the 8th idem the interval should be reckoned as joining time, that he should be paid from the Deputy Commissioner's office up to the 11th ultimo, and that his service register and last pay certificate should be modified accordingly and re-submitted.	Do do	
6	Sanction was accorded to the cost of the uniform of the special jail guard for guarding the lock-up at Chikmagalur being met from General Savings—Communicated to the District Magistrate, Kadur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	21st Nov. 1885, Part II, F.
7	The Comptroller was requested to obtain and forward to this office a bank bill in favor of Messrs. W. H. Allen and Co., London, for £ 4—19—6, the price of 6 copies of Mr. H. G. Keene's Indian History purchased by the Mysore Government.	4th do	
8	The services of Sitaramaiya, Police Inspector, Sagar Taluk, were placed at the disposal of the Sringeri Matt for employment as Deputy Amildar of the Jaghir villages belonging to the Matt for a period of 5 years, with the intimation that while so employed Sitaramaiya would draw a salary of Rs. 70 plus Rs. 30 allowance and that his pension, on his retirement, would be borne by the Government and the Matt according to the rule of proportion as defined in the Civil Pension Code, and the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to relieve Sitaramaiya as early as possible and direct him to report himself to the Agent of the Sringeri Matt.—Communicated to the Agent of the Sringeri Matt and the Comptroller.	6th do	
9	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 13—2—8, being the transcription fee for copying certain Proceedings, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
10	A copy of letter No. 719—138, dated 22nd June 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, stating that the Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, had received instructions to remit to the Mysore Durbar copper coins amounting to Rs. 50,000 and enquiring to whom the	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders
	consignment should be addressed and how it was proposed to adjust the whole account, was forwarded to the Comptroller for early reply.		
11	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 38 to be refunded to Patel Devappa and 4 other ryots of Belur in the Sagar Taluk was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller, the bill for Rs. 26 sanctioned for the same purpose being cancelled.	6th July 1885.	
12	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District for Rs. 20—6—1 payable to the jodidar of Nerlahalli in the Goribidnur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
13	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to report in detail the quantities of the articles of stationery ordered to be purchased by him and also the prices paid for each.	Do do	
14	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 10, being the registration fee on 10 share certificates of the Maharaja of Mysore Spinning and Weaving and Manufacturing Company (Limited) transferred to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for the time being, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
15	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 40 was forwarded to Mrs. Berry, Madras, on account of her son's scholarship for June 1885.	7th do	
16	A letter from the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Madras, regarding the Dewan's account with the Bank up to the 30th June 1885, was forwarded in original to the Comptroller for verification and, if correct, for despatch of the acknowledgment sent therewith.	Do do	
17	Sanction was accorded to the allotment of Rs. 5,000 from Local Funds General for 1885—86 for the purpose of completing the sinking of wells in the several Districts commenced during 1884—85.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
18	A public service remittance transfer receipt for one rupee was forwarded to the Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department, on account of subscription to Part V of the Journal of Indian Art.	8th do	
19	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 8 was forwarded to the Proprietor, the Orient, Bombay, on account of subscription to the "Orient" for the year ending 31st December 1885.	Do do	
20	Letter No. 1960—56 R, dated 1st July 1885, from the Manager, Mysore State Railway, stating that the Railway should not be made to pay for the improvement of the road at the Railway crossing near the Bangalore City Station, and submitting an estimate for the railings to the Magadi road beyond the crossing, was forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department, for opinion.	Do do	
21	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 7—12—0 was forwarded to Messrs. King, King and Co., Bombay, on account of two copies of Amery's Notes on Forestry.	Do do	
22	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 4—5—0 was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham and Co., on account of an additional copy of Gribbles Medical Jurisprudence.	Do do	
23	In forwarding a public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 3,000, the Assistant to the Resident was requested to procure 5 chests of opium from the Opium Agent at Malwa.	Do do	
24	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 175—4—6, on account of remuneration due to Patels of the Anekal Taluk from 1880—81 to 1884—85, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
25	Sanction was accorded to the refund of Rs. 25 to Mir Nizamuddin Ali Khan, Deputy Amildar of Turuvekere, being the amount of the fee paid by him in the Hiriyur Taluk Treasury for the Amildar's examination, as he was unable to appear for the examination owing to his illness.—Communicated to the President of the Board of Examiners and the Comptroller.	9th July 1885.	
26	In reply, the Military Secretary was informed that Mr. Raghavacharlu would himself pay the balance of Rs. 200 due on account of horses purchased by him.	Do do	
27	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the value of the jewels belonging to the Tadasaghat temple amounting to Rs. 18—13—0 should be refunded to the Devatis without demanding any security from them, the temple not being under Government management.	Do do	
28	In returning a voucher for Rs. 504 the Military Secretary was informed that the sum could not be recovered from the salary of Mr. A. L. Hayes of this office for 4 months more, and that it was advisable to make other arrangements for the recovery of the same.	Do do	
29	With reference to a bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District on account of almirahs, &c., he was requested to state how the wants had hitherto been supplied and where the stamp papers and coin had been respectively kept.	Do do	
30	A copy of letter No. 699—134, dated 20th June 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, intimating that the Government of India had exempted the Mysore State from the operation of the recent ruling regarding the payment of pensions from Her Majesty's Treasuries on behalf of Native States, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
31	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 27 to Kalla, Police Constable, Nagamangala Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Secretary, Police Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
32	The payment of a pension of Rs. 3—8—0 to Syed Ali, late Siledar, 2nd Risala, 3rd Regiment, was sanctioned with effect from the date of retirement.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
33	The plan and estimate for repairing the compound wall of the Prasanna Lakshminarasimhaswami's temple at Holé Narsipur were returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for further explanation with the remark that the cost of the work may be considerably reduced by inviting tenders for the same.	Do do	
34	The receipt from the Collector of Bombay, Bombay, of postage stamps for Rs. 2—3—9 and copy of the Indian Forest Act of 1878, was acknowledged.	Do do	
35	Sanction was accorded to the payment of gratuities of Rs. 64 and Rs. 24 respectively to Mahomed Mastan and Imam Khan of the Public Works Department.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
36	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 25, being the marriage allowance of an orphan girl Magdalena of the Roman Catholic Famine Orphanage at Shimoga, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
37	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District for Rs. 286—10—0 on account of travelling allowance due to the representative ryots of the Chitaldroog Sub-Division who attended the Dasara meeting held at Mysore in October 1884, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller with the remark that the distances entered in the bill would be subject to check in the Comptroller's office.	Do do	
38	With reference to his letter forwarding for adjustment a bill for Rs. 18—12—4, being the cost of the pattern shabraque received from the	Do do	29th May 1885, Part II, M.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Officer Commanding His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard, Madras, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the amount had already been remitted by the Military Secretary to that officer.		
39	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 7—4—0 was forwarded to the Manager, the Mahratta, Poona, on account of subscription to the Mahratta for the year ending 31st December 1885.	9th July 1885.	
40	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 45 was forwarded to Messrs. John Elliott and Co, Agents, "the Englishman," Calcutta, on account of subscription to one copy of the "Englishman" for the year ending 31st March 1886.	Do do	
41	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 10 was forwarded to the Manager, Guardian of Health, Lahore, on account of subscription for the years ending 31st December 1884 and 31st December 1885, for the 2 copies only which have been regularly received out of the number reported by him to have been sent, with the remark that the subscription for the other copies referred to could not be remitted without further explanation from him.	Do do	19th May 1883, Part II, F.
42	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 17,752—9—4, being the amount of duty including local cess on the arrack issued to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore during April 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	10th do	
43	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division for Rs. 2 payable to Shekbudan of Dodderi in the Challakere Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
44	A sight draft for £ 4—19—6 drawn by the Bank of Madras, Bangalore, on the *Comptoir d Escompte de* Paris, London, favoring Messrs. W. H. Allen and Co. was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident on account of the price of 6 copies of Keene's Indian History purchased by this Government.	Do do	
45	In reply, the Comptroller was informed that as Jaya Krishna Das had failed to substantiate his claim and as Bhagirata Das had no right to succeed to Krishna Bayi's property, the Government Pro-note referred to would be credited to Government as an unclaimed deposit, and he was requested to communicate this decision to Jaya Krishna Das and Bhagirata Das.	Do do	18th Dec. 1884, Part II, F.
46	The payment of a compensation of Rs. 6,500—10—4 to the ryots of Paduvarhalli in the Mysore Taluk, whose houses had been proposed to be raised to a higher level, for their lands and houses was sanctioned, with the remark that the Amildar should in person pay the money to the ryots.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
47	A bill submitted by the Military Secretary for Rs. 27—5—1 on account of expenditure incurred in connection with the case of embezzlement by Sarpeshkar Chitambra Rao of the 2nd Regiment was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
48	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 52—8—0 to Bikkoji, late Jail Peon of the Kolar District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
49	Copies of letter No. 608—121, dated 4th June 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident enclosing copy of letter from the Accountant General, Madras, to the Officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury, instructing him to disburse Rs. 4,469—13—6 being the charges incurred on account of the prisoners convicted by the British Courts of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, and confined in the Central Jail, Bangalore, during 1884, were forwarded to the Inspector General of Prisons and the Comptroller in Mysore.	11th do	2nd June 1885, Part II, F.
50	Sanction was accorded to the payment of the gratuity of Rs. 120 received by the deceased Venkatanaranappa, late Shekdar of Begur	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Hobli, Holalkere Taluk to his heirs.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division and the Comptroller.		
51	The Treasury officer of the Mysore District Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 150 for camp expenditure to be adjusted in future.	11th July 1885.	
52	For reasons stated, the order contained in this office Proceedings No. 4177-8—240, dated 20th October 1884, granting a pension of Rs. 4—13—8 per mensem to Narasimha Nayik, late 2nd class, Police Jamadar, Srinivaspur Taluk, was confirmed.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
53	Sanction was accorded to the payment of pensions of Rs. 4–13–2, Rs. 3 and Rs. 2—8—0 respectively to Naranappa, Sanjivaiya and Bolegauda of the saver establishment of the Mysore Town Municipality with effect from the 1st July, 16th August and 1st July 1884 respectively, and also of gratuities of Rs. 27 and Rs. 3 to Beram Khan, late sweeper of the Hunsur Taluk Cutcherry, and Siddalinga, late Revenue peon, Yedatore Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	13th do	
54	The pension application of Sanjivaiya, late Judicial Gumasta, Heggaddevankote Taluk, was forwarded to the Comptroller for verification and report.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	14th do	6th July 1885, Part II, F.
55	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the consignment of copper coins referred to may be addressed to the Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury, Bangalore, and that the nominal value of the coins would be paid into the Resident's Treasury on demand in the usual course.	Do do	
56	An estimate submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division for Rs. 33—3—8 for making up 25 new belts for Revenue peons of the Mandya Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	15th do	
57	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division for Rs. 15—2—6 payable to Kuppaiengar of Maddur, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
58	Sanction was accorded to payment of the Varasasana allowance of Rs. 2—6—8 per mensem of the late Venkobachar of Dodballapur to his brother, the son of Venkobachar being a minor.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, the Comptroller and the Inam Superintendent.	Do do	
59	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to obtain small silver coins for Rs. 20,000, the same being sent to the address of the Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury, Bangalore.	Do do	
60	As requested, a copy of the 1st page of the pension application of V. Govindaraju Mudaliar, late Interpretor, Civil and Sessions Court, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	10th June 1885, Part II, F
61	Sanction was accorded to the payment of a bonus of Rs. 55–2–0 to Daroga Dasa Panth.—Communicated to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department and the Comptroller.	Do do	
62	The receipt from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, of transfer receipts for Rs. 3—8—0 and Rs. 9—5—4, was acknowledged.	17th do	
63	A bill received from the Anche Bakshi for Rs. 597—3—0 on account of Railway charge for the Anche Mail Service for the quarter ended the 30th June 1885, was forwarded to the Comptroller duly countersigned for adjustment.	Do do	
64	As requested by the District and Sessions Judge, Mysore, re-appropriation of budget grants amounting to Rs. 86—12—0 for making belts and badges for the court and process establishment peons of the District Court, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
65	In reply, the Military Secretary was requested to forward the Railway receipts or goods delivery notes for the sum of Rs. 172--15--0 referred to by him.	17th July 1885.	
66	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs 3—7—11, being the arrears of compensation payable to Narasimha Bhatta of Totanhalli in the Hoskote Taluk for 1884—85 on account of his inam land taken up in 1867 for the Hoskote-Malur road, was sanctioned with the remark that the sum of 8 annas due by Narasimha Bhatta on account of quit-rent for 1884—85 should be deducted from Rs. 3—7—11 and credited to Government.	Do do	5th Oct. 1882, Part II, F.
67	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 33—6—7, being transcription fees payable to the Chief Court by the Government Advocate for copying charges in certain criminal appeal cases on the file of the Chief Court, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller, and the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, (except Bangalore,) were authorized to employ a copyist whenever absolutely required, his remuneration being paid out of an annual maximum grant of Rs. 25 for which provision should be made in the budget by the Comptroller as "charges for copying records of cases" committed to the Court of Sessions, a similar grant of Rs. 50 per annum having already made for the Bangalore District.	18th do	8th June 1885, Part II, F.
68	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District on account of charge allowance payable to Seshagiri Rao, Revenue Head Accountant who was in charge of the duties of the Revenue Sheristadar during the absence of the latter on privilege leave, was forwarded to the Comptroller duly corrected to Rs. 2—5—4.	Do do	
69	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of new vessels at a cost of Rs. 50 for use in the Chuttrum at Attikuppa.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
70	In returning a bill, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that no allowance could be sanctioned to Narasimha Murti Rao, Deputy Amildar of Grama for having been in charge of the Hassan Taluk during the absence of the Amildar on examination leave. —Communicated to the Comptroller.	21st do	
71	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that the detailed contingent bill of the District for June 1885, was passed for Rs. 77 only and that the sum of 2 annas therein disallowed should be shortdrawn in the next bill.	Do do	
72	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that Lakshman Rao, Amildar of the Hunsur Taluk, not having applied for examination leave, the refund of the examination fee paid by him could not be granted.	Do do	
73	Sanction was accorded to the payment to the Municipality of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore of the local cess and irrigation cess levied on the land revenue collections within the limits of that Municipality for 1881—82 to 1883—84 amounting to Rs. 725-12-11 and Rs. 320—6—5.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	22nd do	
74	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 3—3—0 payable to Venkategauda Kubulgauda of the Kankanhalli Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
75	Three bills on account of sayer allowances paid to the Sringeri Matt for the months of March, April and May 1885, were forwarded to the Comptroller duly countersigned.	Do do	
76	Three refund bills on account of abkari allowance payable to the Sringeri Matt for the months of March, April and May, &c., were forwarded to the Comptroller duly countersigned.	Do do	
77	Sanction was accorded to the payment of a reward of Rs. 10 to Iregauda, Patel of Chithalli in the Belur Taluk for having detected	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	the offence of unauthorizedly cutting date trees committed by Maraiya, a Public Works Department contractor, with the intimation that the Shekdar or other official through whose neglect the offence had remained so long undetected should be warned.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.		
78	In recording a letter from the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, stating that whole of the Pudvat Fund at the credit of the temple of Rama Devaru at Closepet amounting to Rs. 1,900 had been forwarded to the Comptroller for the purchase of Mysore Railway Debentures, the Deputy Commissioner was informed that the bonds should be in the name of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for the time being.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	22nd July 1885.	
79	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District for Rs. 150 payable to the ryots of Dodderi in the Maddagiri Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	23rd do	
80	The payment of a pension of Rs. 5 per mensem to Sanjivaiya, late Judicial Gumasta, Heggaddevankote Taluk, was sanctioned with effect from the 1st March 1885.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
81	In returning the gratuity application of 3rd class Serjeant Syed Husen of the Police Force of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the Durbar accepted the proportionate amount of gratuity *viz.*, Rs. 2—8—2 payable from Mysore revenues and that the necessary instructions would be issued to the Comptroller for the disbursement of the same on the sanction of the gratuity by the Resident being communicated to this office.	Do do	
82	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 260—8—0, being the amount of court costs due to the defendants in the civil case of the Balepete Narasimhaswami temple, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	30th June 1885, Part II, F.
83	Sanction was accorded to the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 384 to P. J. Hanchard, late Overseer of the Mysore Public Works Department.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department and the Comptroller.	Do do	
84	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 399—14—3, being the expenditure incurred in removing sand from the temple at Talkad, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
85	An estimate for Rs. 499—15—10 for the extension of the Fernery in the Lal-Bagh, Bangalore, was sanctioned and returned to the Superintendent, Government Botanical ardens.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	24th do	15th July 1885, Part II, F.
86	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division for Rs. 120 on account of rent of the old Taluk Cutcherry building at Palhalli for 6 months from July 1884 to the close of December 1884, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller and certain correspondence on the subject was returned to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.	Do do	
87	The receipt from the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District of a transfer receipt for 8 annas was acknowledged.	Do do	
88	Two muzarayi contingent bills amounting to Rs. 4 submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, for the months of April and May 1885, were sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
89	A stipend order to be issued to Syed Khudboddin, Khazi of Hunkur in the Anekal Taluk, was returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District duly corrected and signed.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
90	An estimate (to be returned) for making up an almirah and 3 chests was forwarded to the Superintendent, Central Jail, for report as to whether the articles could be made at the Jail at less cost than Messrs. Appavuchetty & Co's. estimate for the same.	24th July 1885.	9th instant, Part II, F.
91	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, regarding the repairs of the Great Trigonometrical Survey stations at Mallappanabetta and Kittanavara, and to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District regarding the repairs of the Chandragutti Station in the Sorab Taluk, the same being communicated to the Comptroller and copies of blank forms of annual return were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division Officers.	Do do	
92	A money order for Rs. 74—6—0, being the pay and allowances due to the late Mr. Webber of the Dewan's office, was forwarded to Mr. James Carr, Solicitor, Madras.	Do do	
93	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the District office detailed contingent bill for June 1885 was passed for Rs. 55—14—6 and transmitted to the Comptroller and that the sum of Rs. 0—12—6 therein disallowed should be short drawn in the next bill.	27th do	
94	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division for Rs. 5—8—0 in favor of Sidda of Bidare in the Channarayapatna Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	28th do	
95	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 228—9—2, being the proportionate share of the ganja contract revenue creditable to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for March 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
96	A refund bill for Rs. 3—8—0 payable to Aiya Channavirappa and Maraiya of the Chitaldroog Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division.	29th do	
97	A statement of Europe articles for Rs. 8—0—6 was returned to the Survey Superintendent duly sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
98	Sanction was accorded to the expenditure of Rs. 2—8—0 incurred in the purchase of goa paper for the Chitaldroog Sub-Division office with the intimation that before incurring similar expenditure in future, it should be ascertained from the Stationery Depôt whether such articles as were urgently required could not be supplied therefrom.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division.	Do do	
99	Sanction was accorded to the payment of Rs. 87—4—3, being the arrears of tasdik allowance due to the Udapi Palamar Matt for January, February and March 1884.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
100	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 21, being the cost of a wooden box to be kept in the Bannergatta temple, Anekal Taluk, to receive kanike, was forwarded to the Comptroller duly countersigned.	Do do	30th Jan. 1885, Part II, F.
101	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, for Re. 1, payable to Basappa and Lingappa of Badikerepura, Chitaldroog Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
102	A notification of sanction for Rs. 10—7—2 for repairing the Komarahalli Ranganathaswami temple in the Davangere Taluk was accepted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
103	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 17—9—9, being the amount recovered from the pay of H. Venkatesaiya of this office for June 1885, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District in final adjustment of the Government demand due by him.	29th July 1885.	
104	A notification of sanction for Rs. 19—11—6 on account of relining with silk the palanquin attached to the Chandragutta Renukamma temple in the Sorab Taluk, was accepted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
105	The sum of Rs. 150 was forwarded to the Comptroller in part adjustment of the advance of Rs. 500 drawn from the Mysore District Treasury under the authority of this office docket No. 4, dated 1st April 1885.	Do do	
106	Sanction was accorded to the stipend of Rs. 25—6—10 per mensem of the deceased Narasimharaju, Pallegar of Anegondi being registered in the name of his son Venkatapatiraju with effect from the date (16th January 1885) of the death of Narasimharaju.—Communicated to the Khazana Bakshi.	30th do	
107	The sum of Rs. 4—12—0, being the amount recovered from the pay of Dalayat Hanuman Singh of this office for June 1885, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District in final adjustment of the arrears of kandayam due by him to the Kunigal Taluk.	Do do	
108	The Military Secretary was requested to expedite the submission of the pension papers of Adinarayanasami Naidu, late Risaldar.	31st do	
109	Sanction was accorded to the making up of an almirah at a cost of Rs. 50 for securing stamp papers, the chests required for copper coins being obtained from the Huzur Treasury on application.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
110	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 5 payable to T. Aiyanna of the Shimoga Taluk was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
111	The receipt from the Comptroller of the imperial transfer receipt No. 25—93500 for Rs. 935—12—2, was acknowledged.	Do do	
112	A copy of docket No. 222, dated 10th July 1885 from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, submitting a bill for Rs. 44—4—0 on account of travelling allowance due to the Setu Rao, Amildar of the Kadur Taluk for the journey made to and from Bangalore to appear for the Amildar's examination, was forwarded to the Comptroller together with its original enclosure or opinion and obliging return.	Do do	
113	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 20—1—10 payable to Rudrappa of the Shikarpur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st July* 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, was informed that the Dewan declined to re open the case of *Krishna Rao*, Head Record keeper of his office.	1st July 1885.	
2	Thirty copies of the catalogue of books registered under the Government of Mysore under Act XXV of 1867 during the quarter ended 31st March 1885 together with two copies of each of the publications therein entered, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	2nd do	
3	The Anche Bakshi was informed that all service covers to the address of the Under-Secretary should from the 2nd instant be delivered at Bangalore as usual.	Do do	
4	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the sketch map referred to could not be found in the records of this office.	3rd do	
5	In forwarding 5 copies of the Court Fees Act in English and 10 in Canarese, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was informed that the Gambling and Registration Acts were not available.	Do do	
6	The service register of Mr. B. Rajagopalaiengar, pensioned Amildar, was returned to him.	Do do	
7	Four days' casual leave of absence was sanctioned to the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore.	Do do	
8	In reply, the Surgeon in charge of the Bangalore Town Dispensary was informed that no copies of Mr. Gribbles, Medical Jurisprudence for Indian Criminal Courts were available.	Do do	
9	The grant of 3 days' casual leave to Gundappa, Amildar of the Chellakere Taluk, was approved.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	4th do	
10	Copy of letter No. 760—152, dated 25th June 1885 from the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for information and guidance, with the request that the Great Trigonometrical Survey stations at *Dodgudde* and *Machelbetta* may be handed over to the Collector of Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.	Do do	
11	In reply, the Resident in Mysore was informed that the Durbar had no objection to the Engineers of the South Mahratta Railway Company making a close examination of the bridge at Harihar over the Tungabhadra river.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department in Mysore, with a request that the necessary orders may be issued to the Executive Engineer to arrange in communication with the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga that no inconvenience or obstruction is caused to the public traffic during the examination of the bridge by the Engineers of the South Mahratta Railway Company, and also to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
12	With reference to the application of Lakshman Rao, Amildar of the Nanjangud Taluk, for the refund of his examination fee submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, he was requested to state if examination leave had been refused to Amildar Lakshman Rao on the ground of public exigency.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	A notification stating that Virasami Mudaliar, Amildar of the Sidlaghatta Taluk, had been granted ~ days' privilege leave of absence with effect from the 24th June 1884, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	4th July 1885.	
14	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to direct that letters despatched from his office to different officers be not sent in the same cover, and informed that 2 letters addressed to the Police Secretary, received in a cover to the address of the General Secretary, had been transferred to the former officer.	6th do	
15	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers were requested to submit indents to this office for the necessary number of almirahs or tin cases required for preserving Survey and Topographical maps.	Do do	27th April 1885, Part II, G.
16	Sanction was accorded to the grant of 3 days' casual leave to K. Mahabal Rao, Amildar of the Chamarajnagar Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
17	In returning certain enclosures, a copy of letter No. 218, dated 24th June 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, regarding the succession of Suprasannendra Tirth to the Raghavendra-swami Matt at Mantralaya, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	15th May 1885, Part II, G
18	Sanction was accorded to Mallegauda Hattigauda, Patel, being selected as a representative of the Manjarabad Taluk for the Dasara Assembly in the place of Yeslur Mande Patel Doddegauda deceased.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
19	In reply, Mr. Lovell Pocock, Survey of India, Bangalore, was informed that it was not intended by the Mysore Government to entertain new officers in the Revenue Survey.	Do do	
20	A notification granting Major J. Rutherfurd, Deputy Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, two months' privilege leave, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
21	Copy of letter No. 17, dated 4th July 1885, from the Dewan of Mysore to the Resident in Mysore, was forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department, with copy of the Chief Engineer's letter No. 701, dated 2nd June 1885, with a request that the necessary orders may be issued to the Executive Engineer to arrange in communication with the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District that no inconvenience or obstruction is caused to public traffic during the examination of the bridge at Harihar over the Tunga Bhadra by the Engineers of the South Mahratta Railway Company.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for information and guidance and for report of the steps that may be taken in the matter.	Do do	
22	A notification granting Mr. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar, Assistant Commissioner, two months' leave on private affairs in extension of that already granted, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
23	In reply, certain documents showing that the building in the fort of Bangalore (No. 24 situated in G. Street), lately occupied by the Town Police Inspector, belonged to the Mysore Government, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident for perusal and return.	Do do	
24	In reply, Mr. Lacelles was authorized to shoot the rogue elephant referred to by him with the intimation that a formal license should be obtained from the District Magistrate.—Communicated to the District Magistrate, Kadur.	Do do	
25	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that Rama Rao, Sheristadar of the Heggaddevankote Taluk, was to blame for having left his station without the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner and without waiting for such sanction on his application for leave, and that as the Deputy Commissioner was of opinion that the suspension of Rama Rao for the period of his absence	Do do	27th May 1885, Part II, G.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	was sufficient punishment for his irregularity, no further orders were called for.		
26	A notification granting Mr. C. E. M. Russell, Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, 3 days' casual leave, was gazetted.—Communicated to Mr. Russell.	6th July 1885.	
27	Copy of letter No. 679—130, dated 15th June 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident enclosing a copy of letter No. 1214 Miscellaneous, dated 26th May 1885, from the Madras Government regarding the proposed resignation of British service by Assistant Apothecary J. A. Costello, &c, was forwarded to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government.	Do do	
28	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that there had been no deaths among the European pensioners in the Mysore State during half year ended 30th June 1885.	7th do	
29	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that there had been no casualties among the European Uncovenanted officers employed in this State during the month of June 1885.	Do do	
30	In forwarding a copy of the Census Report of 1881, Revd. G. W. Sawday, Wesleyan Missions Orphanage, Tumkur, was requested to pay its cost, *viz.* Rs. 4, into the Tumkur District Treasury, and the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to intimate the receipt of the amount.	Do do	
31	A notification stating that for the words "15 days" mentioned in the first part of this office notification No. 66, dated 24th June 1885, regarding the extension of the leave granted to Mr. North, Amildar of the Kolar Taluk "two months" should be read, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	24th June 1885, Part II, G.
32	In returning Mr. R. S. Benson's letter, dated 5th June 1885, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that permission may be granted to Mr. Benson and the other gentlemen who had applied for it to shoot an elephant either in the Bandipur or Kakankote Forests but not in the Berambadi and Begur Forests.	8th do	
33	As requested, a statement showing the services of V. Ratna Mudaliar, late Treasury Cash Accountant, Tumkur District, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, duly verified rom the accounts in the records of this office up to 30th November 1862.	Do do	
34	In forwarding for publication the Proceedings of the Bangalore City Municipal Commission, dated 29th June 1885, the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was requested to forward 20 spare copies of the same to the Vice-President and 3 to this office.	Do do	
35	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was requested to supply all Police Assistant Commissioners in future with a copy of the Gazette commencing with the next issue.—Communicated to the Secretary, Police Department.	9th do	
36	Copies of certain letters from the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, applying for the services of certain Hospital Assistants now serving in Coorg, were forwarded to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg with the intimation that the increasing demand for Dispensaries compelled the Dewan to apply for the services of the Hospital Assistants referred to.	Do do	
37	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to issue a license or two for a fixed period for shooting a certain number of elephants and report the result to this office.	Do do	
38	The certificates of physical fitness submitted by certain students of the Engineering School, Bangalore, were forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department, with certain remarks regarding the certificates of the other students.	Do do	16th June 1885. Part II, G.
39	The grant of 3 days' casual leave to Kasturirangachari, Deputy Amildar of Devanhalli, was approved.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
40	A notification granting Mr. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar, Assistant Commissioner, two months' leave on private affairs in extension of that already granted, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, and to Mr. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar.	10th July 1885.	
41	Sanction was accorded to the grant of 6 weeks' sick leave on forfeiture of half pay to Mr. Narasinga Rao, the Judicial Head Munshi in the Kolar District office, and to certain arrangements made in connection therewith.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller	Do do	
42	In reply, the Secretary, Public Works Department, was informed that the lodge in the London store yard could be made available for the residence of the Sub-Overseer of the Cubbon Park in the manner stated.	Do do	
43	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 21 to Mahomed Sahib, Revenue Peon, Chikmagalur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
44	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to submit the entire record connected with the estate of the late Chik Dese Ars.	Do do	
45	In reply, Mr. H. C. Gooch, Advocate, Bangalore, was requested to forward to this office for reference a true copy of the Mysore Deputy Commissioner's order No. 37, dated 7th May 1878, to Chik Virajammanni, 2nd widow of the late Dese Ars.	Do do	
46	The Military Secretary was requested to have 3 flags made up at the stores and forward them to this office.	Do do	
47	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers were requested to report to this office, the dates of departure and return to duty of the Amildars and Deputy Amildars in their Districts and Sub-Divisions who appeared at the late examination in view to the same being notified.	Do do	
48	A copy of the report made by Mr. Madaiya, on the result of the conference held by him with Mr. Peet, regarding the boundary dispute between Mysore and Coimbatore, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore with the intimation that the copies of the forms referred to by Mr. Peet had been forwarded to the Jaghirdar of Yelandur for information and guidance.	Do do	
49	In reply, certain instructions were issued to the Chief Judge regarding the Mysore Civil, Criminal and Revenue Examinations.	Do do	
50	The arrangements proposed by the Sub-Division officer, Chitaldroog, in connection with the transfer of the Chellakere Taluk Sheristadar to Hiriyur, were sanctioned, with the intimation that a vacancy on Rs. 30 should be reserved for a supernumerary still remaining to be provided with an appointment on Rs. 30.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	Do do	
51	The Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was requested to give a post of Rs. 30 to Srinivasaiengar, a supernumerary of the Central College, Bangalore, in filling up the post of Head Munshi of the Sub-Division office rendered vacant by the promotion of Seshagiri Rao to a Taluk Sheristadarship, and was directed to report himself to the Sub-Division officer.	Do do	
52	Mr. V. N. Narasimmaiengar, District and Sessions Judge, Mysore, was requested to give full information regarding the whereabouts of a Sanskrit manuscript lent by the Sringeri Matt in 1880 to Ramachandra Rao, Amildar of the Kavaledurga Taluk.	Do do	
53	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that the orders issued to the Amildar of the Gundlupet Taluk for securing the tusks of the wounded elephant referred to, should it die, were approved, and that a similar direction was given to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District.	11th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
54	A notice regarding the Horticultural Show to be held at the Lal Bagh was forwarded to the Compiler of Mysore Gazette, and the Proprietor of the Daily Post, for publication, and the Superintendent, Government Press, was requested to print and forward to the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens direct, 100 copies of the prize list, the proof sheets being also sent to him for correction.—Communicated to the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore.	13th July 1885.	
55	In reply, the Superintendent of Government Gardens, Bangalore, was requested to throw the contract for extending the Fernery in the Lal-Bagh open to public competition by inviting tenders for the same.	15th do	
56	The District Magistrates of Bangalore and Mysore Districts were requested to furnish a list, in the form sent, of all newspapers and periodicals, European and Vernacular, published in their respective Districts and registered under Section 5 of Act XXV of 1867.	Do do	
57	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the temporary appointment of Head-Quarter Inspector P. Nanjunda Naidu to act for Mr. E. S. Subrayar, Public Prosecutor, who was appointed Acting Munsiff of Honnali, was approved.	17th do	
58	The original certificate of physical fitness granted to M. Narayan Rao and a copy of the one granted to S. Nagoji Rao, students of the Engineering School, Bangalore, and also extracts, paras 2 and 3 of a letter from the Assistant Master in the Engineering School, were forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
59	A notification granting 4 days' privilege leave to Mr. J Cameron, Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore, was gazetted—Communicated to the Comptroller and to Mr. Cameron who was requested to report the dates of his departure and return.	Do do	
60	A statement received from the Survey Superintendent was returned to him for resubmission after entering in column 5 the year in which Major Rutherfurd obtained commission in the British Government service.	18th do	
61	The Secretary, Public Works Department was requested to furnish a good road map of the Mysore State (the latest available) showing all the important roads and the principal towns on and near each road.	21st do	
62	A notification extending the privilege leave granted to Mr. R. Vijayindra Rao, Secretary to the Dewan, Revenue and General Departments by 14 days, was gazetted.	Do do	
63	Copies of a list of prizes to be awarded at the forthcoming Horticultural Show at the Lal-Bagh, were forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, and the Proprietors of the Daily Post and Spectator, for publication in 3 successive issues.	22nd do	
64	Certain original enclosures of his letter regarding the examination of the bridge over the Tungabhadra river were returned to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
65	As requested, 5 copies of the Cattle Trespass Act were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	23rd do	
66	Fifteen copies of the volume of the Dewan's Proceedings for May 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
67	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to be in charge of the Chitaldroog Sub-Division during the period of the absence of the Sub-Division Officer at Bangalore.	Do do	
68	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the name of this Government may be registered for two copies of "Amara".	24th do	
69	A notification granting C. Venkatachalaiya, Amildar of the Sira Taluk 10 days' privilege leave of absence, was gazetted.—Communicat-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ed to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, with the intimation that Muhammad Jaffar, Police Inspector of the Taluk, may be in charge of the Taluk during the absence of Venkatachalaiya and also to the Comptroller.		
70	A notification granting 2 months' privilege leave of absence to Hema Hanumantaiya, Amildar and 3rd class Magistrate of the Gubbi Taluk and appointing Subba Iyer, Revenue Sheristadar, Tumkur District, to act for him, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	24th July 1885.	
71	A notification stating with reference to notification No. 32, dated 1st May 1885, that A. Subba Iyer would be treated as having acted as 3rd grade Amildar, Tumkur Taluk, during the entire period of Ramachandra Rao's absence on privilege leave, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
72	Two copies of the Annual Report on the Administration of Prisons in the Province of Coorg for the year 1884 with the Officiating Chief Commissioner's Review thereon, were forwarded to the Inspector General of Prisons, Mysore.	Do do	
73	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that petitioner Sripati Rao, late Amildar of the Sagar Taluk, had been repeatedly informed that the endorsement given to him on the 5th January 1880 was final.	Do do	
74	A notification granting privilege leave of absence for one month to Ramaswamaiya, Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk and appointing Mir Nizamudin Ali Khan, Deputy Amildar of Turuvekere to act for him, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
75	A return of all Europeans and East Indians who were in the service of the Mysore State on the 1st January 1885, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
76	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to print 100 copies of a docket regarding cotton cultivation and forward them to this office.	27th do	20th June 1885, Part II, R.
77	In forwarding copies of certain letters on the subject of the cost of platform weighing machines, Mr. Standish Lee was requested to state if he knew anything cheaper.	Do do	
78	The Comptroller was requested to state to what privilege leave Mr. Raghavendra Rao, Assistant Commissioner, was entitled.	Do do	
79	In reply, the Anche Bakshi was requested to state the total number of mail bags of each kinds now in use, and also to submit a statement of the purchase during the last 5 or 10 years.	Do do	7th July 1884, Part II, F.
80	A notification cancelling the privilege leave for 4 days granted to Mr. Cameron, Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore, in notification No. 74, dated 17th July 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to Mr. Cameron.	Do do	17th July 1885, Part II, F.
81	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit a map showing the Municipal boundaries of the Town of Bangalore as altered by the exclusion of the village Muniraddipalya within its limits.	28th do	
82	The priced catalogue of plants and seeds for sale at the Lal-Bagh was forwarded to the Superintendent of the Government Press, with a request that 100 copies of the same may be printed and forwarded to Mr. Cameron and 2 copies to this office.—Communicated to the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens.	Do do	
83	An application for gratuity on behalf of Shek Mahomed Moma, Revenue Peon in the Belur Taluk, was forwarded to the Comptroller for verification and report.	Do do	
84	Apothecary Costello's resignation of his appointment in the subordinate medical service of the Madras Presidency, was forwarded to	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	the Assistant to the Resident, with a request that the acceptance of the same may be intimated to this office.		
85	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the suspension of Tirumalachari, Amildar of the Bowringpet Taluk, pending the result of the enquiry into the charge of misappropriation brought against him, was approved; that the proceedings of the enquiry should be submitted for the orders of Government with as little delay as possible, and that B. Sitaramaiya, Amildar of the Bangalore Taluk, was appointed to act as Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Bowringpet Taluk until further orders.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	29th July 1885.	
86	A notification appointing B. Sitaramaiya, Amildar of the Bangalore Taluk, to act as Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Bowringpet Taluk, Kolar District, until further orders, was gazetted.	30th do	
87	The service register of K. Ramaswamaiengar, Amildar of the Shimoga Taluk, was returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, his services for the period during which he had been employed in the Dewan's office being entered in the same and duly attested by the Under-Secretary.	Do do	
88	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to submit a statement in the form sent showing the distribution of work between themselves and the Assistant Commissioners.	Do do	
89	His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore was pleased to appoint Mr. D. Subbaiya, B. A., Superintendent of His Highness the Maha Rani's Girls' School at Mysore, to be a Trustee of the Devaraj Bahadur Charity Education Fund *vice* Mr. A. R. Narayanashastri deceased.	Do do	
90	The Military Secretary was requested to have 2 peons' belt made up at the Stores and forwarded to this office, scarlet cloth 2nd sort being supplied by the Stationery Depôt on indent.	31st do	
91	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that His Highness the Maharaja would contribute Native Palanquins, carts and other vehicles with appropriate trappings for the Colonial and Indian Exhibition and that one palanquin and certain other articles would be contributed from Mysore if desired.	Do do	
92	In reply, the Officiating Resident in Mysore was informed that His Highness the Maharaja would be pleased to further the objection of the Exhibition by lending such pictures and models that may be suitable for display at the London Exhibition of 1886, and that certain pictures were either ready or under preparation.	Do do	
93	Copy of a letter from Mr. J. P. Barker, Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, was forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, with a request that the explanation of the Amildar of the Attikuppa Taluk may be obtained and forwarded to this office.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st July* 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the returns showing the actual strength of the Mysore Siledar Horse and Infantry for the month of June 1885 were posted to the Quarter-Master General, Ootacamund, 1st July 1885 and a duplicate copy of the same was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	1st July 1885.	
2	An indent, submitted by the Military Secretary, for woollens, &c., required for the Local Force for 1885—86, was sanctioned.	9th do	
3	In reply, the Military Secretary was requested to submit a complete report showing the manner in which effect had been given to the orders conveyed in Proceedings No. 215 —7, dated 15th April 1885, together with a nominal statement in the form sent of the men affected by the revision.	16th do	15th April 1885, Part II, M.
4	A copy of letter No. 930—179, dated 14th July 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident stating that the Officer Commanding the Bangalore Division had intimated his approval of the estimate for constructing a magazine for the use of the Company of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers at Mysore, was forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department, with the request that the Executive Engineer at Mysore may be instructed to take up the work in question on hand at once.	28th do	15th June 1885, Part II, M.
5	Certain instructions were issued to the Military Secretary regarding the attendance of Siledar orderlies in the Dewan's Office.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31st July 1885.

V. P. MADHAVA RAO, B. A.,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

PUBLIC WORKS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF JULY 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Miscellaneous.		
1	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore was requested to inform the Chief Superintendent of Telegraphs, Madras Division, that Mr. Halagaiyagauda, Apprentice Engineer, will be ordered to proceed to Madras, to receive instruction in the process of testing lighting conductors, as soon as intimation is received of the date when it will be convenient to commence such instruction.—No. 3410—701.	7th July 1885.	
2	The Principal, Civil Engineering College, Madras, was requested to state what fee will be demanded for each Mysore student, for whom a vacancy may be reserved in the Upper Subordinate class of the College.—No. 3505—714.	13th do	
3	The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore was informed that Overseer Mr. Vigor of this Department had not the permission of the Durbar to accept the offer of an appointment made to him in the Madras Public Works Department, but that if he wishes to resign his appointment under the Mysore Government, he will be permitted to do so.—3554—728.	16th do	
	Establishment.		
1	The physical fitness certificate produced by Apprentice Engineer Mr. Halagaiyagauda, was forwarded to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, with the intimation that the Local Government has sanctioned his entertainment in the public service as a special case, his age being above the limit fixed in the Civil Pension Code. Communicated to the Executive Engineer, Tumkur Division.—No. 3396-7—698-9.	7th July 1885.	
2	The Executive Engineer, Shimoga Division, was informed that the Local Government has ordered that Overseer Alasingalachari be reduced to Sub-Overseer, 1st Grade, on account of the irregularities committed by him in connection with the construction of the Siralkoppa-Hangal road, and that he be warned that if his conduct continues to be as unsatisfactory as it has been in the past, he will be dismissed from the service.—No. 3540—719.	15th do	
	Account.		
1	An estimate amounting to Rs. 1,888 was returned to the Executive Engineer, Palace Division, duly sanctioned by the Local Government, providing for the expenditure already incurred in connection with the water-supply of the Palace at Bangalore. Communicated to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.—No. 3571—72 and 731—32.	17th July 1885.	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Irrigation.		
1	An estimate for restoring the Kamandhalli Tank, Serial No. 630 of the Ramasagara Series, was returned to the Executive Engineer, Kolar Division, duly sanctioned by the Local Government for Rs 6,688.—No. 3688—775.	23rd July 1885.	

BANGALORE,
31st *July* 1885.

C. H M. KENSINGTON, *Captain, R. E.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
P. W. D.

Mysore Govt. Press, Bangalore.—4-9-85.—185.

DEWAN'S OFFICE
ENGLISH GENERAL RECORDS

PROCEEDINGS

OF

K. SHESHADRI IYER, ESQ.,

DEWAN TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,

FOR

AUGUST 1885.

PART I, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

PART II, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

BANGALORE:

PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1885

PART I.

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TO THE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DEWAN TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF **AUGUST** 1885.

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	Nil.			
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2	Sanctioning the budget estimates of the Municipalities of the Kolar District for 1885—86.	No. 2976-9—95, dated 22nd Aug. 1885.	...	1 to 4
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	MILITARY.			
	Nil.			
	PUBLIC WORKS.			

PART I.

REVENUE.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 7th August 1885.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 791, dated 15th March 1884,

I have the honor to submit the following proposals for the revision of the assessment of the Channarayapatna Taluk of the Mysore District, less 19 villages transferred from Nagamangala aluk still unsettled.

2. A report by Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie, the officer who carried out the classification this taluk, is appended. In it will be found a very good description of the villages under port, together with a good deal of useful information, statistical and otherwise.

3. The taluk under report is divided into the following maganis or ancient sub-divisions :—

Number.	Magani.	Number of Government villages.	Kavals.	Inam villages.	Total.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Channarayapatna	52	2	...	54	
2	Dandiganhalli	50	3	...	53	
3	Begur	62	1	...	63	
4	Anati	52	1	...	53	
5	Nuggehalli	71	4	...	75	
6	Hirisave	57	2	...	59	
7	Sravanbelgola	52	...	4	56	
	Total.....	396	13	4	413	

The present report deals solely with the Government villages excepting where otherwise specifically stated.

4. As at present constituted Channarayapatna is a large well shaped taluk, but with the head-quarters not very conveniently situated at Channarayapatna, a thriving town on the Bangalore-Hassan road. Although of large size, the variations of climate in the tract under report are but slight, the average rain-fall being about 22 inches although, if the last 10 years including the famine be taken, the average is only 16 inches.

5. The taluk is well found in roads, the southern portion possessing the advantage in this respect as will be seen by referring to the sketch map and to para 26 of Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie's report. The southern villages are more in, and near, the present main line of traffic, but the completion of the Railway from Tumkur holds out the prospect of a future in this respect for the northern villages also. It is observable that the markets of this taluk are chiefly in the southern portion. The soils are of the ordinary light red and sandy description going through few gradations, excepting near Nuggehalli, in the centre of the taluk, where there is some soil of a color approaching black. Of the ordinary red soils the best are in the Anati and Didiga Maganis. The soil in the wet and garden lands is of the ordinary character, but with too large an admixture of clay in many places.

6. The crops in dry, wet and garden lands are described in para 11 of Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie's report. They are of the ordinary kind and need no remark beyond stating that the gardens are not in my opinion of a very high order, but are capable of improvement, owing to the fact of water being near the surface almost everywhere. As regards the wet lands it is of importance to note that the sugar-cane grown is all of the small kind, "Chan" or "Marakhabbu" The ryots are stated by Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie to neglect taking even one crop of rice annually under some of the finest tanks, a statement which is borne out by the village accounts. There is channel irrigation in only two of the villages under report at the tail end of the Holé-Narsipur North Channel.

7. The internal resources of the villages under report may be estimated from the following statistical statement prepared from the classing returns :—

Number of Government villages.	Houses.	Population.	Square miles	Cattle.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Market Towns.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
396 & 13 Kavals.	12,243	55,174	382	204,506	570	11,659	7	

8. The taluk, excluding Inam villages, has therefore an area of 382 miles, with a population of 55,174, which gives 144 to the total area per square mile, and 385 to the square mile of occupied area These figures denote a fairly populated tract, as taluks go in Mysore, but nothing more. It must be borne in mind, however, that the tract under report is a sheep-breeding country and the large stretches of good pasture land, while reducing the rate of population are a source of strength, rather than a draw-back as in the case of some taluks where the "Parampok" lands contain little or no pasture and no sheep are bred. Cattle moreover, it will be seen, are very numerous. Channarayapatna suffered during the famine, the most lasting effects of which are to be seen in the decay of the gardens with here and there a roofless village. In the test taken, during the famine, to ascertain the loss of population, the Magani of Nuggehalli, which was selected for census test, shows a decrease of 33·93 per cent on the figures of the 1871 Census, but the Magani of Grama, selected for Census-test in the neighbouring Hassan Taluk, showed a still greater decrease, *viz*, 36·96 per cent. The worst effects of the famine are stated to have been in the northern part of the taluk, but I very much doubt the possibility of drawing any nice distinction on this point. The coffee districts, although not very close at hand, are now said to be pretty largely resorted to and, at the time of the famine, I have no doubt many a ryot went and found subsistence there, even if he did not bring back some of his wages as he does in ordinary years.

9. The taluk has been divided up by survey as shown in the following statement :—

Description of Land.	Government.		Inam.		Total.		Grand Total.
	Occupied.	Waste.	Occupied.	Waste	Occupied.	Waste.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Dry crop	81,688	50,586	7,850	...	89,538	50,586	140,124
Rice...	5,597	1,032	770	...	6,367	1,032	7,399
Garden	4,617	124	100	...	4,717	124	4,841
Total.....	91,902	51,742	8,720	...	100,622	51,742	152,364
Area of village site, roads, tanks and hittal lands, &c., ...							77,384
Area of whole Inam villages							2,939
Area of Kavals							14,640
Total Area of the whole taluk, (386 square miles)							247,327

The chief points deserving of notice in the above are the large proportion of arable dry crop land unoccupied and the comparatively small area of garden and rice land similarly situated. The unculturable area is not proportionately extensive, the fact being that the unoccupied land of this taluk, whether recorded as arable or as parampok, is all of pretty fair quality and depth, and hence the importance of the tract as good grazing land maintaining large herds of cattle and flocks of sheep.

10. The past revenue management I will deal with as briefly as possible. There never has at any time been a regular survey of the land, much less any demarcation or scientific assessment. As might be expected, a great variety of rates on both wet and dry land are stated

to, and as a matter of fact many more do, exist Dry rates are said to range from 7 annas to Rs. 10 per acre. I need scarcely say that no lands paying such rates as Rs. 10 per acre have been found, but some villages near Didiga have been paying very high dry assessment, in fact all imaginable degrees of assessment may be found. Wet rates under channels are from Rs. 5 to Rs. 7, under tanks from Rs. 2 to Rs. 9 per acre. Gardens are said to be assessed at from Re. 1 to Rs. 6 and in the case of vegetable gardens up to Rs. 11 per acre. Some instances of the rates of assessment really paid are given by Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie at para 15 and these show very unjustifiable extremes. The old nominal rates are no index whatever to the real incidence of the assessment which was very much a matter of chance, the old assessment being based on no particular system, much less upon considerations of the relative capability of the land. The weight of the old assessment will be understood better from the following statement which shows, on the basis of the newly ascertained area, the collections under each head in each magani. The distinction into wet and garden in the old accounts being very faulty and quite different from that made by the survey, the two kinds of cultivation are treated together :—

Magani.	Dry Crop.			Wet.		
	Acres by Survey.	Old Collections	Average Rate.	Acres by Survey.	Old Collections.	Average. Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Channarayapatna	11,786	9,112	0 12 4	1,975	8,355	4 3 8
Dandiganhalli	9,636	6,292	0 10 5	1,304	4,883	3 11 11
Begur	12,539	9,719	0 12 4	1,556	5,887	3 12 6
Anati	9,781	8,439	0 13 10	1,778	6,610	3 11 6
Nuggehalli	13,391	10,793	0 12 11	1,578	5,481	3 7 7
Hirisave	10,249	8,365	0 13 1	936	4,398	4 11 2
Sravanbelgola	14,306	10,366	0 11 7	1,087	4,508	4 2 4
Total.....	81,688	63,086	0 12 4	10,214	40,122	3 14 10

The magani is of course too large a unit to afford any very reliable information regarding the relative weight of the old assessment, for directly we begin to descend to villages and, still lower, to individual holdings, the uniformity which exists in the average rates in each magani, rapidly disappears. Thus, in the above statement, it would appear that the dry rates are more uniform than the wet which in reality is not the case, for Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie states at para 15 that "the rice and garden rates appear to be very equally distributed," while the dry assessment is said to be most unequally distributed. The truth of this remark would be soon apparent if the village were made the unit for comparison. Taking the figures however, even maganiwar, there are unjustifiable degrees of assessment. It would not be easy to assign any good reason for the difference, for instance, in the rates of Nuggehalli and Hirisave, especially in the wet rates. There has been a far greater suppression of the true occupied area of the dry land than there has been of that of rice and garden, as the following figures clearly show :—

Description of land.	Area in acres by old accounts occupied.	Area in acres by survey occupied.	Increase by survey.
1	2	3	4
Dry	47,269	81,688	34,419
Wet and Garden	7,872	10,214	2,342
Total.....	55,141	91,902	36,761

11. Now we have in the above figures a very serious suppression of the true occupied area of dry land. There is a considerable suppression in the case of wet and garden also, but not nearly to so serious an extent as in the case of dry land. This point will have to be kept in sight when I come to show farther on that with every incentive to keep the dry assessment low, I am nevertheless obliged to propose a very considerable increase.

12. The next statement shows the collections in the villages under report for the last 25 years, the prices current of the staple grains being, to save space, shown side by side with the collections :—

Year.	Bijavali into Khandis.	Total Demands Rs.	Remissions.	Balance Collections Rs	Rice (Paddy.)	Ragi.	Kulthi.	Tuvar	Avare.	Harala.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1858—59 ...	4,097	79,153	...	79,153	34	27	36	26	27	28
1859—60 ...	4,564	83,113	...	83,113	50	38	45	28	38	28
1860—61 ...	4,956	85,646	...	85,646	45	32	32	20	27	24
1861—62 ...	5,305	88,148	...	88,148	39	39	26	23	26	20
1862—63 ...	5,794	93,043	...	93,043	38	49	36	22	26	15
1863—64 ...	6,159	93,402	...	93,402	30	36	20	16	18	14
1864—65 ...	5,558	96,074	...	96,074	26	26	18	13	16	13
1865—66 ...	7,090	99,141	...	99,141	24	26	18	13	16	15
1866—67 ...	7,722	1,05,320	...	1,05,320	14	19	15	11	15	14
1867—68 ...	7,656	1,07,590	...	1,07,590	18	20	17	12	16	15
1868—69 ...	7,596	1,06,742	...	1,06,742	25	25	19	16	20	27
1869—70 ...	7,647	1,06,475	...	1,06,475	22	38	27	20	28	22
1870—71 ...	7,788	1,08,699	...	1,08,699	32	41	13	20	20	15
1871—72 ...	7,817	1,08,450	..	1,08,450	39	52	36	13	13	19
1872—73 ...	7,976	1,09,841	...	1,09,841	25	39	25	10	11	18
1873—74 ...	8,100	1,10,611	...	1,10,611	23	31	13	8	13	14
1874—75 ...	8,348	1,13,209	...	1,13,209	22	34	15	8	11	18
1875—76 ...	8,407	1,14,926	...	1,14,026	25	16	14	8	13	12
1876—77 ...	8,474	1,14,015	...	1,14,015	12	7	5	6	6	5
1877—78 ...	8,394	1,13,480	...	1,13,480	8	5	2	4	3	5
1878—79 ...	8,043	1,10,485	...	1,10,485	15	8	2	4	4	9
1879—80 ...	7,571	1,05,010	...	1,05,010	16	16	16	5	10	8
1880—81 ...	7,383	1,02,443	...	1,02,443	32	18	26	12	20	16
1881—82 ...	7,219	1,01,044	...	1,01,044	32	32	34	16	32	14
1882—83 ...	7,341	1,03,208	...	1,03,208	24	24	32	13	20	13

Five years' Average	1,04,438
Ten years' Average	1,08,753
Twenty years' Average	1,06,463
Twenty five years' Average ...	1,02,335

13. We have in the above figures a clear indication of something wrong in the old assessment. Either the pressure was very unequal or the tract under report suffered more severely than other parts of Mysore. I have already shown that the test-census shows the Taluk of Hassan to have suffered more than Channarayapatna, but in the former the Magani of Grama was selected for test and it closely adjoins the villages now under report. It is of importance to bear this fact in mind when I come to compare the proposed rates with those adopted in adjoining taluks. I attribute the disappearance of revenue to the unequal incidence of the old assessment under which the lands relinquished, or deserted, as a result of the famine, bore more than their fair share of the assessment, the ryot short-sightedly looking, not so much to what lands were best to keep, but which bore the highest assessment and these last he resigned. I do not think that, as a whole, the old assessment was heavy, but its inequality has been prolific of inconvenience of every kind, amongst other things an equal and carefully distributed assessment, however light, will produce unequal increase.

14. For the purpose of assessment I propose to divide the villages under report into two groups as below, with the maximum rates of assessment shown opposite each :—

Group.	Number of Villages.	Maximum Dry Crop Rate.	Maximum Rice Rate.	Maximum Garden Rate.
1	2	3	4	5
I	161	2 4 0	8 0 0	12 0 0
II	235	2 2 0		

The proposed garden and rice maximum rates are the same for all villages, while that proposed for dry crop land varies but little, the circumstances of the tract presenting but slight variation. The first group comprises the better populated southern portion of the taluk and the villages immediately on the Bangalore-Hassan road. The second group represents the bulk of the taluk. The maximum dry rate for group I is the same as was adopted for the 2nd group of the Hassan Taluk and thus fits in with the rates hitherto adopted to the west. In the Arsikere, Tiptur and Gubbi villages to the north, north-east and east, the maximum dry rate adopted was Rs. 2. In the 2nd group of the villages under report there is room for a difference of 2 annas in the maximum rate, as compared with the maximum rate further north and east where there must be a small difference in climate favorable to the former.

15. The assessment of the occupied lands, under the proposed rates, will be as below :—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.			Garden.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
I	161	38,666	42,237	1 1 6	3,241	15,121	4 10 8	1,448	6,096	4 3 4
II	235	43,022	43,985	1 0 4	2,356	10,556	4 7 8	3,169	13,419	4 3 9
2	396	81,688	86,222	1 0 11	5,597	25,677	4 9 5	4,617	19,515	4 3 8

16. The next statement exhibits the extent and assessment of all the arable waste as available for cultivation :—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.			Garden.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
I	161	16,778	14,831	0 14 2	350	1,396	3 15 10	30	85	2 13 4
II	235	33,808	27,851	0 13 2	682	2,704	3 15 5	94	318	3 6 2
2	396	50,586	42,682	0 13 6	1,032	4,100	3 15 7	124	403	3 4 0

17. The extent and assessment of the minor inam lands are next shown :—

Group.	No. of villages.	Dry Crop.			Rice.			Garden.		
		Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.	Acres.	Assessment.	Average Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
I	161	3,325	3,332	1 0 0	296	1,444	4 14 1	33	135	4 1 5
II	235	4,525	4,271	0 15 1	474	2,194	4 10 1	67	272	4 0 11
2	396	7,850	7,603	0 15 6	770	3,638	4 11 7	100	407	4 1 1

18. Finally, for the purpose of general comparison, the whole area Government occupied, waste and inam, are shown in contrast with the collections of 1882—83 :—

Group.	No. of Villages.	As per old accounts.		As per Survey.									
				Government occupied.		Government waste.		Total.		Inam.		Total Government and Inam.	
		Bijvari Khandi.	Collections.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
I	161	3,313	48,374	43,355	63,454	17,158	16,312	60,513	79,766	3,654	4,911	64,167	84,677
II	235	4,028	54,834	48,547	67,960	34,584	30,873	83,131	98,833	5,066	6,737	88,197	1,05,570
2	396	7,341	1,03,208	91,902	1,31,414	51,742	47,185	143,644	1,78,599	8,720	11,648	152,364	1,90,247

19. The general effect of the proposed settlement is shown in the following statement:—

Description.	Acres by Survey.	By old Accounts.		By Survey.	
		Collections.	Average Rate.	Assessment.	Average Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Dry Crop	81,688	63,086	0 12 4	86,222	1 0 11
Rice	5,597	27,704	8 14 10	25,677	4 6 9
Garden	4,617	12,418		19,515	
Total	91,902	1,03,208	1 2 0	1,31,414	1 6 11

The crucial point in my proposals, it is evident, at a glance, lies in the propriety or otherwise of adding so largely to the existing dry assessment. On the one hand there is the fact that since the famine the collections have gone down rapidly to their present comparatively low figure and as there is little rice and garden land now lying waste, we know that the loss must have occurred in the dry land by resignations and desertions. The existence of a great deal of waste land still to be brought under the plough points also to the advisability of not increasing the old assessment very much. These are the only considerations that force themselves on our notice in favor of not adding to the existing dry assessment. On the other hand there is the fact that the true occupied area has been enormously suppressed in the old accounts being 47,269 acres against 81,688 by survey. There is the gross inequality of the incidence of the old assessment giving room for a very much larger increase than I have proposed, without adopting higher rates, but above all, there is the fact that the rates proposed by me at para 14 are in keeping with those already adopted and successfully working in taluks already settled, and to adopt lower rates would be to follow mere expediency rather than knowledge already gained. The area now claimed as occupied is very great, and I suspect that, in a grazing taluk like this, a good deal of hulbannu land has been shown as occupied. There is no harm whatever in this, beyond disturbing my estimate, but it prepares us to expect some resignations of land at the settlement. These resignations, if they take place at all, will not be at all fewer if we adopt lower rates. On the whole I have decided to adopt the rates shown at para 14, feeling sure that those rates are in themselves low, that they are justified by rates already sanctioned, and working well in settled taluks, and that to adopt lower rates, with the prospect of resignations likely to occur in the face of much surreptitious enjoyment of land, would be simply to sacrifice revenue to which Government is justly entitled. The highest dry rate under my proposals will probably be about Rs. 1—12—0 per acre, and the lowest probably 5 or 6 annas, the average being Rs. 1—0—11. These rates, notwithstanding the increase they cause, I view without the slightest uneasiness.

The increase in the wet and garden assessment is very moderate, but the maximum rates proposed are quite high enough compared with those adopted in adjoining settled taluks. Moreover there is no doubt the old assessment on these lands was very high. The inequality of the old assessment however and considerable suppression of the true area has enabled me, with lower rates, to effect a small increase, more than half of which increase however will go, as shown further on, to the District Irrigation Fund. In connection with the general increase under all heads, it must not be overlooked that the ryots will be relieved of the payment to the Shanbhogs, in money, of about Rs. 5,000 as esimated by Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie at para 19; as also of grain payments, which latter however are stated to be very uncommon.

21. The realizations from the sale of grazing came in 1882—83 to Rs. 2,358. Some improvement under this head may be expected after settlement, but estimate on this point is not easy.

The one anna local cess in 1882—83 brought in Rs. 7,006. Under the proposed settlement the amount will be Rs. 8,213 on the Government occupied land and Rs. 728 on minor inam lands, in all Rs. 8,941.

22. There will be a gain to Government, apart from all calculations of local cesses and grazing, of Rs. 28,206. From this will have to be deducted about Rs. 8,000 required to pay village officers who however at present receive some pay and hold some office lands, so that some reduction of my estimate, about Rs. 1,000 probably, may be expected; also must be deducted the amount of Rs. 2,658 to be credited annually to the District Irrigation Fund.

23. The deductions noted in the preceding para having been made, there will be a clear gain to Government of over Rs. 17,000. This sum is liable to reduction by resignations, for the reasons given in para 19.

24. The usual classwar statement, sketch map and list of inam villages are appended.

25. It remains only to furnish the particulars, as per separate appended classwar statements, for 18 villages now transferred to the Arsikere Taluk and 2 villages transferred to the Attikuppa Taluk. The 18 villages were of the Yeraganal Magani and, as will be seen in the sketch map, lie just north-west of the Channarayapatna Taluk as now constituted. The two Attikuppa villages occupy an isolated position to the south-east. All these villages pretty closely resemble the adjoining portions of Channarayapatna in their characteristics. The effect of my proposed settlement on the occupied lands, contrasted with the old assessment, is shown below, the grouping being the same as that adopted for Channarayapatna. Particulars also appear for the 2 villages transferred to the Attikuppa Taluk at my request subsequent to the general adjustment of boundaries.

Taluk.	Class or group.	No. of villages.	By old Accounts		By Survey Accounts.									
					Government occupied.		Government waste.		Total.		Inam.		Grand Total.	
			Bijavari Khandi	Old Collections.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Arsikere ...	I.	4	75	1,773	1,632	1,814	976	691	2,608	2,505	129	120	2,737	2,625
	II.	14	216	3,375	2,730	3,958	2,253	1,892	4,983	5,850	172	210	5,155	6,060
	2	18	291	5,148	4,362	5,772	3,229	2,583	7,591	8,355	301	330	7,892	8,685
Attikuppa.	I	2	33	334	476	513	148	130	624	643	39	40	663	683

26. The classwar statements furnish full particulars for the above villages the circumstances of which were duly considered with reference to their original position in the Channarayapatna Taluk although now, for convenience sake, separately noticed. The 18 villages of Arsikere, it will be seen, are but slightly raised as to their assessment, the 2 villages transferred to the Attikuppa Taluk on the contrary being considerably increased although the rates are low. This alone will serve to show how unequal must be the effect of a new and carefully distributed assessment, the 18 villages of Arsikere being scarcely affected by rates which elsewhere very considerably add to the existing demand.

27. I have the honor to request sanction to the rates now proposed which I hope to be able to give out about the beginning of May.

B.

List of Whole Inam Villages in the Channarayapatna Taluk.

Number.	Name of Village.	Description of Inam.	Nature of Survey.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
1	Sravanbelgola	Sarvamanya.	Valuation.	
2	Hoshalli	Do	Do	
3	Uttenhalli.	Do	Do	
4	Kabbalu.	Do	Do	

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 7th August 1885.

From the Assistant Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, dated Bangalore, 16th July 1883.

I have the honor to forward the following report on the Channarayapatna Taluk of the Mysore District, classed by the "C" Establishment during season 1882—83.

Boundaries.

2. The taluk is bounded on the north by the Arsikere and Tiptur Taluks, on the east by Kadaba and Nagamangala, on the south by Nagamangala and Attikuppa and Holé-Narsipur and on the west by the Hassan Taluk.

General Description.

3. The taluk, as now formed, is compact in shape; except that some villages recently transferred to the Arsikere Taluk are isolated, and surrounded by villages of Channarayapatna. These should be re-transferred to Channarayapatna and, if necessary, other villages on the boundary should be selected for transfer to Arsikere. The Taluk is about 24 miles from north to south, and about 21 miles from east to west. The area is about 400 square miles.

Population.

4. According to the Census supplied by the Amildar, the population amounts to 62,209 souls, 29,288 males and 32,921 females, being an average of 155 to the square mile.

Physical Characteristics.

5. The taluk is almost entirely of a plain or maidan character. It is gently undulating throughout, and there are no hills except on the western boundary where a low ridge of hills forms the division between this taluk and Hassan. There is a cluster of rocky hills at Sravanbelgola, the seat of the Jain religion, on the top of the highest of which stands a colossal image of stone 60 feet high.

There are immense stretches of waste land everywhere throughout the taluk, and viewed from a height, the proportion of cultivated to waste appears to be about one to three. These waste uplands are generally bare of trees, and bear very little scrub or brushwood, and though mostly culturable, they have lain waste from time immemorial, and are only used as pasturage for cattle, and the large flocks of sheep which are found everywhere. The hollows between the waste uplands are occupied by the cultivated land and are generally pretty well wooded. Topes of mango trees are scarce, but tamarind, mova (ippe), fig and babul trees are pretty numerous.

Sub-Divisions.

6. The taluk as now constituted consists of the following hoblis and villages :—

Hobli.	Government Villages.	Sarvamanyam Villages.	Kavals.	Remarks.
Channarayapatna	61	...	3	Two Government villages have been absorbed by the Survey, *viz.*, Bid Deostan measured into Kasaba Channarayapatna and Bagur Amanikere into Kasaba Bagur.
Dandiganhalli	65	...	3	
Bagur	60	...	...	
Anati	58	...	2	
Nuggehalli	72	...	4	
Hiresave	65	...	2	
Sravanbelgola	54	4	..	
Total.....	435	4	14	

Drainage.

7. The drainage of almost the whole taluk is effected by small streams or nullahs, connecting chains of tanks; the direction being north to south, and they discharge into the Hemavati river. An elevated ridge or saddle runs almost unbroken along the northern part of the taluk from east to west, and the streams to the north of this ridge flow north and eastwards to the Shimsha river. There is no river or stream of any importance in the taluk.

Irrigation.

8. Rice land is irrigated almost entirely from tanks. In only two villages in the Channarayapatna Hobli there is some land irrigated by the tail end of the Holé-Narsipur north channel From these villages the anicut is over 40 miles, and the water supply is rather precarious. Gardens, which are chiefly situated under tanks, are irrigated from wells or "gundis" which are simply holes dug in the ground and are hardly ever revetted with stone. Water is everywhere closed to the surface in this taluk, especially in the villages immediately surrounding Sravanbelgola where sugar-cane is grown in many places without water supply from tanks; and is irrigated by hand, from temporary wells dug in the hollows, where the sugar-cane is grown.

Vegetable gardens are found on the margin of almost every tank and are watered by hand.

Tanks.

9. There are some fine chains of tanks, especially in the western part of the taluk. Almost all the principal tanks in the Taluk were inspected at test, and a record made of their condition and capability. A number of what were once fine tanks are now breached, and valuable wet land under them can now only be cultivated with dry crops. The gardens under these (cocoanut and supari) also have gone, or are fast going, to decay. The Didigaamankere breached five years ago is a notable instance of this.

The sluices also of many tanks are choked, so that the ryots though paying wet or "Banjar" kandayam can only grow dry crops. The ryots are unwilling or unable of themselves to repair the sluices, and calmly wait for such time as Government may undertake to assist them. The state of the large tank at Huresave, inspected in May 1883, appears specially to call for attention. Under this tank there is a large area of valuable and highly assessed land. There are two sluices to the tank, one of which has been choked for three or four years, and the other leaks so much that water cannot be stored in the tank.

The following table shows the number of principal tanks with sluices in working order, the number of tanks with sluices choked and the number of breached tanks :—

Tanks with sluices in working order.	Tanks with sluices choked.	Breached Tanks.	Total.
113	48	39	200

In the above, many tanks shown as working, have only one "tub" running, out of two or three, the others being choked.

Wells.

There are hardly any stone built wells except those for drinking purposes, those for irrigation being simply excavated pits.

Soil.

10. *Dry crop soils.*—Grey friable sandy soil, and reddish sandy soil are about equally distributed throughout the taluk. In some parts of the taluk, the reddish soil is of a firmer nature, with a less admixture of sand; and good crops are produced on it. This soil is chiefly found in the Anati and Didiga Hoblis, and also in the neighbourhood of Channarayapatna itself. Shallow gravelly soil is found in the villages all along the Hassan boundary owing to the proximity of a low range of hills. Soil of this description is also common in the villages at the south-east corner of the Taluk lately transferred from Nagamangala. There is a small extent of dark brown soil, mixed with small round stones, near Nuggehalli, and also in the Anati Hobli, but as a rule it is rare. There is little or no black dry crop soil. The soil in most of the hollows beside nullahs is dark red, and more loamy than the usual red sandy soil of the uplands. Nearly the whole of the immemorial waste land in the taluk consists of red sandy soil of a good depth.

Soil of wet lands.

Soil of wet lands.—The soil of wet lands under tanks is usually much mixed with clay, which has a very deteriorating influence on the crop. The best soil is under the Channarayapatna Amanikere, and the large tanks of Kasaba Bagur, Kasaba Anati and Kasaba Nuggehalli. This consists of a rich brown loam which bears a heavy crop of rice.

Garden soils.

Garden soils.—Most of the garden land also suffers from a great admixture of clay, or clay and sand, and in all the taluk good soil in gardens is very rare which principally accounts for their poor condition, as water is everywhere abundant and close to the surface. The soil of the cocoanut gardens in the north of the taluk is red sand and well adapted for cocoas but not for other crops.

11. The dry crops are gidragi (a little), dodragi, kulti hutchellu. wolleyellu, field beans, tuvar, navane, sáme, harka, castor-oil, chillies, Bengal-gram and a little tobacco, a little cotton.

Dry crops.

Under the largest tanks and Amanikeres, such as those of Kasaba Anikere, Kasaba Bagur, Kasaba Anati, Hiresave and the Amanikeres Channarayapatna, Dindaguru, Jenavara and Bekka, they grow only Vaisak rice, and the only kind of rice grown is mungkyasri or dodkyasri, both coarse varieties. The people aver that even under these fine tanks they do not get even one rice crop with certainty every year. They say they only get one every third year or so, owing to the tanks not filling. Examination of the village accounts corroborates their statement as regards a period of the last ten years. They grow ragi and Bengal-gram, &c., when the tanks do not fill.

Wet crops.

Under the other smaller tanks, where rice is grown in the rains, they sow a number of different varieties, *viz.*, bilebhatta, kembatti, sanbhatta, putbhatta, anikalbhatta, also dodkyasri and mungkyasri. Black rice is also grown in a few places in hollows without irrigation, when the rains are favorable. Rice is sown broadcast on the more elevated portions of the rice fields, and planted out in the hollows.

The small sugar-cane (chani or marakhabbu) is grown under 57 tanks out of the 200 principal tanks of the taluk. It is most extensively grown under the following tanks, *viz.*, Kasaba Anikere, Kasaba Bagur, Kasaba Anati and the Hiresave, Dindagur and Jenavara Amanikeres. It is usually planted about the end of May or beginning of June, but sometimes as early as February dependent on the supply of water in the tank. The soil is first ploughed two or three times and manured. Two cuttings each with three "eyes" are planted together at the distance of a hand breadth apart. They are planted at a depth of about 4 inches, and covered with a mixture of earth and manure. The plants should be manured from time to time, till they are about 2 feet high. It has to be watered about 15 days in the month, during the hot weather. It is invariably planted on the elevated parts of the rice fields, as in the hollows it would suffer from excess of moisture. The cane takes *at least* 18 months to mature, and it was ascertained by experiments personally superintended at Kasaba Anikere and Kasaba Bagur* where I was encamped during the manufacture of jaggory, that a crop of sugar-cane is not more remunerative than two crops of rice. The expense of crushing the cane is considerable, as from 8 to 10 men are required to work the mill every night. At Kasaba Bagur the men got 3½ annas each per night, if the production amounted to 6½ maunds per night; if less, they got only 2 annas. They also get a lump of jaggory each in the morning. Each man has to bring a bullock with him to assist in working the mill. At Kasaba Bagur it is the custom to give as "Miras" a lump of jaggory every day while crushing is going on to the following, *viz.*, Carpenter, Shanbhog, Nirganti. Talavar, Kumbar, and to one or two village shrines. They estimated the cost of one night's crushing as being about 3 Rs. At Bagur the cane was passed through the mill two or three times. Here the jaggory was made into lumps the size of oranges. At Anikere it was poured out on a date mat and when cool scored all over into squares with a knife and the bits broken off. Eight annas a day is paid as hire of the mill and boiling pan. At Kasaba Anati it was found that 12 men were employed and the mill worked all night and nearly all day and they turned out about 8 maunds per day. Buchanan in his journey through Mysore noticed the sugar-cane cultivation in the Channarayapatna Taluk. It appears however that the better kinds of sugar-cane are never grown, and probably never have been. The ryots allege various causes for this, such as the soil being unsuitable, &c. The chief reason appears to be that the better kinds require much more trouble and attention, more manure, and more water. In many places the sugar-cane crop was very poor and the out-turn very small.

* Results of crop experiments have been forwarded to Superintendent, Revenue Survey.

The garden crops are cocoanuts, supari, plantains, betel-leaves, mangoes, limes and other fruits, also vegetables. The cocoanut trees are no where very productive except in the northern part of the taluk in the Anati Hobli where they flourish in the red sandy soil. The supari produce must be very small, and plantains do not thrive owing to the clay soil. Betel-leaves are grown in very small patches only. As a rule the garden crops may be described as indifferent. The only good gardens in the taluk are at Kasaba Yeraginalu (now transferred to Arsikere) and Toti in the Hiresave Hobli. Much more however might be made of the gardens if they were worked up, as water as before mentioned is everywhere close to the surface.

Garden crops.

There are many young cocoanut gardens in the Anati Hobli, recently planted, for which the ryots only pay dry crop assessment. They will not come into bearing for 10 or 12 years.

12. Ragi field beans and hutchellu are grown all mixed up together. A field of ragi unmixed with other crops is rarely to be seen. In the western villages bordering on the Hassan Taluk, when the early rains are favorable, they grow gidragi, followed by a crop of kulti in the cold weather. Gidragi is rarely sown to the east of Channarayapatna Kasaba.

Mode of cultivation.

Tenure.

13. A good deal of the wet land under the large tanks is held by Brahmans for whom ryo of adjoining villages cultivate on the "várá" system. Most the wet land under the large tank of Kasaba Anati is let on tl "ek-sal kandayam" principle. The land under this tank is very highly assessed and as the tar filling is said to be uncertain, kayampattadars are few. A good many beds of breached tanks ar also held on the "ek-sal" system

The holdings in this taluk are very minute, there being two or three pattadars in almos every survey number however small. One pattadar, however, has small pieces of land scattered al over the village lands, but it is rare to find a man with a large block of land in one place. Th holdings in dry crop probably do not average more than from 1½ to 2 acres.

Wages.

14. Wages are very small in this taluk. Harvest hands in some places get 9 cash and a meal. They begin to work at 11 A. M. and go on till evening In other parts the men get one anna and women 8 pies. For weeding, women get from 8 to 9 pies and take the grass. A plough man only gets two annas for a day's work, and has to provide plough and bullocks. The wages for working sugar mills were stated above.

Rates.

15. The present dry crop rates are nominally from 7 annas to 10 Rs. per acre. The tari rates are under channels from Rs. 5 to Rs. 7 per acre, under tanks from Rs. 2 to Rs. 9. Garden rates are from Re. 1 to Rs. 6. Vegetable gardens are from Re. 1 to Rs. 11 per acre.

There is no record as to who fixed the rates originally. Comparison of rates with actual area when Shanbhogs were present, led to the conclusion that from Rs. 3 to 4 for wet land, Rs. 4 to 5 for garden, and about rupee one for dry crop are the average rates at present prevailing in the taluk. The rates in dry crop however are most unequally distributed. In most of the villages the fields near the village site are assessed at very high rates, *i. e*, from Rs 2 to Rs. 3 per acre and often more, the fields possessing no particular advantage in respect of soil or otherwise, their only merit being proximity to the village In Kasaba Bagur and Kasaba Naule very high rates for dry crop prevail all round. The average of all the numbers of Kasaba Naule which were tested came to Rs. 2·6 per acre. The rice and garden rates appear to be very equally distributed.

The following table shows the actual rates prevailing in the different Hoblis as ascertained by the average of all numbers tested when Shanbhogs were present :—

Name of Hobli.	Rate per Acre.		
	Kushki.	Tari.	Bagayat.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Channarayapatna	1 6 0	3 8 0	3 7 0
Bagur and Yeriginalu *	1 5 0	4 0 0	3 0 0
Nuggehalli and Didiga *	0 13 0	4 4 0	3 11 0
Anati	1 5 0	4 10 0	3 4 0
Anikere	0 14 0	4 1 0	4 3 0
Hiresave	1 0 0	5 2 0	4 1 0
Gandisi †	0 12 6	2 2 0	3 13 0
Sravanbelgola	1 3 0	2 9 0	4 12 0
Naule Amanikere	0 0 0	4 12 0	5 4 0
Dindagur do	0 0 0	5 3 0	3 6 0
Channarayapatna do	0 0 0	9 6 0	5 1 0
Jenavar do	0 0 0	6 10 0	4 6 0

* Yeriginalu Hobli is now incorporated in Bagur and Didiga in Nuggehalli.
† Villages of Channarayapatna now transferred to Arsikere Taluk.

16. The exports are ragi, jaggory, tuvar, butter, kulti, field beans, oil seeds, Bengal-gram, cocoanuts, castor and sweet oil.

Export and imports.

The imports are rice, wheat, kerosine oil, cloth, chillies, dry cocoanut, brass from Tiptur, cotton, supari, tobacco, &c.

17. There are weekly markets at the following places :—

Markets.

Hoblis.	Villages	Hoblis	Villages.
Anikere ..	Nuggehalli ..	Dandiganhalli ..	Nuggehalli.
Channarayapatna.	Hiresave ..	Channarayapatna ..	Hiresave.
Bagur ..	Sravanbelgola ..	Bagur ..	Sravanbelgola.

The people in the northern part of the taluk also resort to Tiptur.

18. A maund of grain contains 200 seers by measure.

Weights and measures.

Chillies, supari, tamarind, tobacco, sigekayi, khobri, &c., are weighed by a seer weighing 26 rupees, 40 of these seers go to a maund.

19. Shanbhogs get Rs. 0—4—8 from each pattadar, also 5 annas on account of commutation of grain : little, if any, grain is now collected from the ryots. The Shanbhogs also get wages varying from Rs. 5 to Rs. 28 per annum. The total paid to Shanbhogs in this taluk amounts to Rs. 5,646. This includes their pay, commutation of grain and "Masi Kánike." Kulvadis get one kolaga of grain from each pattadar ; they also hold inam land both jodi and sarvamanyam.

Remuneration of Village Servants

20. There are no fairs held of any importance in this taluk. Many small temple festivals are held at different places which are attended by people from adjoining villages, but there are no large assemblies.

Fairs

21. Grazing is everywhere abundant owing to the quantity of waste land in every part of the taluk.

Grazing.

22. Nearly all the kavals are elevated ridges, partially covered with low scrub jungle, or small trees such as a muttiga, babul, &c. The grazing on them is indifferent except in hollows here and there. The soil is generally of fair quality. There is little or no valuable timber.

Kavals.

23. The average rain-fall for the last ten years, according to record kept in the Taluk Cutcherry, amounts to 16 inches, 4 cents. The famine years however being included in this, from 20 to 22 inches might be accepted as the average.

Rain-fall.

24. The cattle are numerous, and owing to the extensive pasture grounds, they are in good condition and attain a fair size. Some very fine plough and cart bullocks are found all over the taluk. Sheep are very numerous, the grazing being well adopted for them.

Cattle.

25. There are a good many carts, especially in the Bagur and Anati hoblis, though the only roads available are tracks over the waste uplands. There are a good many also in Channarayapatna and adjoining villages. Most of the carts are used for transporting grain, &c. to other parts of the country.

Carriage.

26. The southern portion of the taluk benefits by the Bangalore-Hassan high road which passes through it from east to west. From this road a made-road branches off 2 miles west of Channarayapatna and runs due north to Arsikere, benefiting the villages on the western side of the taluk. This road is in good order. The high road from Channarayapatna to Attikuppa benefits a few villages in the south of the taluk. There is a very fair made-road from Channarayapatna to Sravanbelgola, which breaks off from the Bangalore-Hassan road about a mile east of Channarayapatna. It was intended to carry on this road to Nagamangala, and if completed would be very useful. It is only finished however as far as Sravanbelgola. There is a loop line of made-road which branches off from the Bangalore-Hassan and about a mile west of Hiresave, runs north to Nuggehalli, and from Nuggehalli runs towards Channarayapatna joining the Bangalore-Hassan road again about 1½ miles east of Channarayapatna. This road is in fair order in the dry season, but after rain very heavy for carts. A track was laid out for a made-road during the famine from Nuggehalli due north towards Tiptur, but was never completed. This road I understand is now to be completed as a feeder to the Tumkur line of railway. Carts now pass along the made-track and as it passes mostly over waste uplands, it can be made into a very useful road at but little cost. There is also a track for a made-road from Channarayapatna to Bagur, but the nullahs are unbridged and it is almost impas-

Roads.

sable for carts. At least two-thirds of the taluk has no accommodation in the shape of made-roads. Carts going from village to village make use of tracks along the top of the waste uplands.

27. Earth salt is manufactured in a good many places, *viz* :—

Manufactures

Hobli.	No. of Pans.	Contract Rate. Rs.	As.
Channarayapatna ..	3	12	0
Arsikere ..	2	6	0
Bagur ...	2	7	10
Anati ..	8	38	0
Nuggehalli ..	4	21	10
Hiresave ...	3	10	4
Total 22		95	8

Common white cloth and cumblies are manufactured in many villages throughout the taluk, but not on a large scale in any village. Brass vessels of different sorts are made at Sravanbelgola, and quantities are exported from there to different parts of the country.

28. The climate is considered healthy. At Nuggehalli a record of the temperature was kept daily during the months of April and May and the thermometer never exceeded 85° in the shade. 90° would be about the average for the less elevated parts of the taluk during the hot weather.

Climate.

29 This taluk suffered severely during the famine especially in the north of the taluk. This is evident from the large area of land now lying waste which was in cultivation just before the famine. Very little of this land is being taken up yet, and it will take some years before cultivation attains the limit which it had reached before the famine. It may be remarked however that most of this waste land is dry crop of poor quality. There is very little waste rice or garden land. In almost every village roofless and untenanted huts mark the calamity which overtook the people in the famine time. Some small villages near Nuggehalli were entirely depopulated. From almost every village people resort to the coffee districts, where the men get about Rs. 6 per mensem and the women 4 Rs. The people in the southern portion of the taluk are generally better off than those in the north.

Condition of people.

30. The general condition of the boundary marks is very satisfactory. More than one-half of the taluk was measured before the famine, and since then the repair of the bandhs has evidently been carefully attended to by the taluk authorities who deserve great credit on this account. Even in the waste land the bandhs are all in first rate order. Only under a few tanks where the bandhs in rice fields found to be in bad condition. Most of these have now been put in order. I attribute the satisfactory state of the boundary marks in this taluk entirely to the unremitting attention of Mr. M. Ramaswamaiya who has for the last few years been Amildar of Channarayapatna, and who was recently transferred to Arsikere. He is a very active officer, constantly moving about and has great influence over the ryots, and when measuring was going on in the taluk under my superintendence, I received great assistance from him.

Condition of boundary marks.

31. The remarks in this report about the northern part of the taluk are applicable also to the villages recently transferred from Channarayapatna to Arsikere.

From the Officer in charge of the French Rocks Sub-Division, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, Bangalore, No. 1407—1017, dated Camp Attikuppa, 9th March 1884.

With reference to your letters Nos. 332 and 333, dated 6th August 1883, to the address of the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, calling for his opinion regarding the incidence of the present assessment, &c. in the Channarayapatna Taluk, I have the honor to forward a translation of a statement prepared by the Amildar of Channarayapatna at my instance.

2. It would have been satisfactory if the grouping of the villages had been made with reference to the advantages enjoyed by them in respect of roads, climate and markets.

3. With the exception perhaps of Anati hobli, the other villages of the taluk have fairly good facilities for disposal of their produce.

4. The tracts about Nuggehalli including the adjoining villages of the Hiresave and Bagur hoblis suffered severely during the famine. The taluk as a whole come within the famine area and has not yet recovered from its effects.

5. The existing dry rates shown under column 5 are very high. It is notorious that these rates are only nominal. The excessiveness of the assessment in almost all these cases in compensated by extensive 'chor' cultivation, and the 'bijwari' will be found on actual measurement to be twice and thrice the quantity recorded in the accounts.

6. The dry rates proposed to be imposed under column 17 are rather heavy. The rates imposed in the adjoining villages transferred from surveyed taluks shown under column 16, appear to be equitable and may be adopted for the villages situated near and round them.

Statement showing the Details of Assessment, &c, in the Channarayapatna Taluk, 1884.

1	2	3	4								5						6	7				
Number.	Name of Hobli.	Number of Villages to be settled.	Revenue.								Existing Rates.						Principal sources of water supply, tanks, &c.	Rate of Assessment of lands under these tanks.				
			Dry.				Wet.				Dry per acre.		Wet per acre.		Garden per acre.			Wet.			Garden	
			Area in acres.	Amount.			Area in acres.	Amount.			From.	To.	From.	To.	From.	To.						
				Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A. P.
1	Channarayapatna ...	54	6,848	9,112	0	0	1,210	5,959	0	0	0 7 0	6 0 0	2 12 0	10 1 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Channarayapatna Tank...	10	1	0	6	0 0
																	Jenavara Tank ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Dindagur do ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
2	Dandigenahalli ..	51	4,985	6,295	0	0	610	3,086	0	0	318	1,797	0	0	5,913	11,178	0	0	0 7 0	6 8 0	2 4 0	7 8 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Anakere do ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Yeleyurkere do ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
3	Bagur ...	60	6,480	9,319	0	0	924	4,337	0	0	224	1,208	0	0	7,628	14,864	0	0	0 7 0	5 4 0	2 8 0	9 0 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Bagur do ...	9	0	0	6	0 0
																	Rangasamudra lakere ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
4	Anati	55	6,320	9,244	0	0	909	4,329	0	0	522	2,720	0	0	7,751	16,293	0	0	0 7 0	5 12 0	2 0 0	9 0 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Anatikere do ...	9	0	0	6	0 0
																	Navalekere ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
5	Nuggehalli	71	7,981	10,793	0	0	736	3,231	0	0	458	2,250	0	0	9,075	16,274	0	0	0 7 0	5 8 0	2 8 0	7 8 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Santesivaradakere ..	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Jamburkere ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Nuggehallukere ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
6	Hiresave	57	6,677	8,365	0	0	442	2,393	0	0	299	2,005	0	0	7,418	12,763	0	0	0 7 0	5 8 0	2 8 0	7 8 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Agraharabelguli ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Hiresave	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Thoti	7	8	0	6	0 0
																	Mattighatta ...	7	8	0	6	0 0
7	Sarambelgula ...	47	8,144	10,561	0	0	882	3,875	0	0	188	972	0	0	9,164	15,208	0	0	0 7 0	5 8 0	2 8 0	7 8 0	3 8 0	6 0 0	Dekkada Amanikere ...	7	8	0	6	0 0

Number.	Name of Hobli.	Number of Villages to be settled.	8 Agricultural Population and Climate. Population.	Climate.	9 Description of Land.	10 Whether favorably circumstanced for cultivation.	11 Yield per acre in Khandis of 200 seers each. Maximum yield on best soils per acre. Dry. Ragi Kh K M	Dry. Beans, Dals, &c. Kh K M	Wet. Kh K M	Garden	Average yield on ordinary quality of land	Proportion of first class land	12 Money value of the produce mentioned under column No 11. Dry land. Ragi. Kh K M	Sundry grains. Kh K M	Total. Kh K M	Wet land. Kh K M
1	Channarayapatna ...	54	10,000	Good.	Red light soil	Favorable ..	3 0 0	1 0 0	12 0 0	According to the crop and method of cultivation.	$\frac{2}{3}$ of the Maximum yield ...	$\frac{2}{3}$ of this hobli consists of first class land .	12 0 0	5 0 0	17 0 0	48 0 0
2	Dandiganahalli ...	51	7,800	Do	Soil of red color and mixed sand	Do	3 0 0	1 0 0	10 0 0	Do	Do .	Do ...	12 0 0	5 0 0	17 0 0	40 0 0
3	Bagur	60	7,400	Do	Clay soil mixed with black and white earth ...	Do ..	3 0 0	1 0 0	10 0 0	Do	Do ..	$\frac{3}{5}$ of the land is of first class.	12 0 0	5 0 0	17 0 0	40 0 0
4	Anati	55	6,400	Not good.	Red clay mixed with sand.	Not much land favorable for cultivation	2 8 0	1 0 0	8 0 0	Do	Do ...	Do ...	10 0 0	5 0 0	15 0 0	32 0 0
5	Nuggehalli ..	71	8,700	Good.	Red soil	Tolerable	2 8 0	1 0 0	8 0 0	Do	Do . .	Do ...	10 0 0	5 0 0	15 0 0	32 0 0
6	Hiresave .	57	9,000	Do	Do ...	Do	3 0 0	1 0 0	10 0 0	Do	Do ...	Do . .	12 0 0	5 0 0	17 0 0	40 0 0
7	Sravanbelgola . .	47	12,600	Do	Red soil mixed with sand ..	Do	3 0 0	1 0 0	8 0 0	Do	Do	Do ...	12 0 0	5 0 0	17 0 0	32 0 0

Number.	Name of Hobli.	Number of Villages to be settled.	13 Net yield deducting half of the gross for the costs of cultivation. Dry. Kh.	K.	M.	Wet. Kh.	K.	M.	14 Existing Roads.	15 Place of Sante.	Number of villages.	16 Assessment imposed on settled villages. Dry. First Class. Rs.	A.	P.	Second Class. Rs.	A.	P.	Third Class. Rs.	A.	P.	Fourth Class. Rs.	A.	P.	Wet. First Class Rs.	A.	P.	Second Class. Rs.	A.	P.	Third Class. Rs.	A.	P.	Fourth class. Rs.	A.	P.
1	Channarayapatna ...	54	8	8	0	24	0	0	There are five roads *viz.*, Bangalore, Mysore, Hassan, Holé-Narsipur and Arsikere roads. A road to Tiptur under construction	On Saturday at Channarayapatna Kasaba	7	1	8	0	1	4	0	0	12	0	0	8	0	7	9	0	6	0	0	5	0	0	2	13	0
2	Dandiganhalli	51	8	8	0	20	0	0	2 roads Bangalore—Mysore and Arsikere Hassan,	No Sante	14	1	8	0	1	4	0	0	12	0	0	8	0	7	4	0	6	0	0	5	0	0	2	14	0
3	Bagur	60	8	8	0	20	0	0	1 road to Mysore, Bangalore and Hassan from Arsikeré.	On Friday at Bagur Kasaba																										
4	Anati	55	7	8	0	16	0	0	No road. A road under construction leading through the villages of this Hobli to Tiptur.	On Monday at Santesivara ..	2	1	8	0	1	4	0	0	13	0	0	9	0	4	4	0	3	8	0	2	12	0	2	8	0
5	Nuggehalli	71	7	8	0	16	0	0	2 Roads. One from Nuggehalli to Bangalore *viâ* Hiresave, the other to Mysore-Shimoga-Hassan *viâ* Channarayapatna.	On Friday at Nuggehalli																										
6	Hiresave	57	8	8	0	20	0	0	1 Road. Bangalore-Mangalore road.	On Sunday at Hiresave ...	8	3	0	0	2	8	0	1	12	0	0	10	0	6	8	0	5	8	0	4	10	0	3	0	0
7	Sravanbelgola ...	47	8	8	0	16	0	0	1 Road joining the Channarayapatna road.	On Tuesday at Kasaba... ...	...																									

***Proceedings** of the Dewan to His Highness **the Maharaja of Mysore**, (Revenue),—dated 7th **August** 1885.*

Number.	Name of Hobli.	Number of Villages to be settled.	17																																18
			Rates which may be imposed in future settlement.																																Remarks.
			Garden.								Dry per acre.								Wet per acre.								Garden per acre.								
			First Class.		Second Class.		Third Class.		Fourth Class.		First Class.		Second Class.		Third Class.		Fourth Class.		First Class.		Second Class.		Third Class.		Fourth Class.		First Class		Second Class.		Third Class.		Fourth Class	
			Rs	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	
1	Chamarajapatna	...	54	7 0	0	6 0	0	4 0	0	2 4	0	3 0	0	2 0	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	8 0	0	6 0	0	4 0	0	3 0	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 8	0	3 8	0
2	Dandigunhalli	...	51	8 0	0	7 0	0	5 0	0	3 0	0	3 0	0	2 0	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	7 0	0	5 8	0	3 8	0	2 8	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 8	0	3 8	0
3	Begur	...	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 0	0	2 0	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	7 0	0	5 8	0	3 8	0	2 8	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 8	0	3 8	0
4	Anki	...	55	5 0	0	4 0	0	3 12	0	1 8	0	2 8	0	1 8	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 0	0	3 0	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 8	0	3 8	0
5	Nuggehalli	...	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 8	0	1 8	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 0	0	3 0	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 8	0	3 8	0
6	Hirisave	...	57	7 0	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 0	0	3 0	0	2 0	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	7 0	0	5 8	0	3 8	0	2 8	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 8	0	3 8	0
7	Sravanbelgola	...	47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 0	0	2 0	0	1 0	0	0 8	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 0	0	3 0	0	6 0	0	5 0	0	4 0	0	3 0	0

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 7th August 1885.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, No. 792, dated, Heggaddevankote, 15th March 1884.

I have the honor to forward for your perusal and return at your earliest convenience with any remarks you may desire to make, my report No. 791 of today's date containing proposals for the revision of the assessment of the Channarayapatna Taluk.

2. I received letter No. 1407—1017 of the 9th instant from the Officer in charge of the French Rocks Sub-Division after my report was completed. I do not understand the principle on which the figures in the statement attached to that letter have been drawn up by the Amildar, but there is enough in them to show very clearly that the rates proposed in column 17 are much higher than are ever likely to be imposed by this Department. I am glad to find that the Officer in charge of the Sub-Division much prefers to adopt the rates already in force in adjoining settled villages. Such a course under almost any circumstances is a safe one, but it is especially so when we are confronted, as in the present instance, with much corruption in the old assessment and with an immense extent of concealed cultivation.

3. I shall feel greatly obliged by an early return of these papers, as I am anxious to lose no time in laying them before Government.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 1,662, dated 17th March 1884.

I have the honor to return the enclosures and accompaniment of your letter No. 792, dated 15 instant, which I have read with interest, and beg to state that the Taluk of Channarayapatna is not under my charge but exclusively under that of the Officer in charge of the French-Rocks Sub-Division. I am not therefore in a position to propose anything or offer any opinion regarding the settlement of that taluk.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, To the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the French-Rocks Sub-Division, No. 804, dated, Kerur, 24th March 1884.

The Deputy Commissioner of Mysore in his letter No. 1662 of the 17th instant having stated that the French-Rocks Sub-Division being exclusively under your charge, he is not in a position to offer any opinion on the proposed settlement of the Channarayapatna Taluk, I have the honor to request that you will return the papers now sent with any remarks you may wish to make.

2. I shall feel much obliged by as early an expression of your opinion as possible.

From the Officer in charge of the French Rocks Sub-Division, To the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, No. 29, dated 21st April 1884.

With reference to your letter No. 804, dated 24th March 1884, calling for my opinion regarding the survey settlement of Channarayapatna Taluk, I have the honor to make the following remarks.

2. As remarked by the Superintendent in para 19 of his report to the Secretary, the new settlement affects mainly the revenue derived from dry lands. Channarayapatna is a maidan taluk and the greatest portion of its revenue is derived from dry lands. The question for consideration in the proposals for the new settlement is, how an increase of 36·6 * per cent in the dry assessment will affect the cultivation and revenue.

* Old collections 63,086 Rs.
Survey assessment 86,222 Rs.

3. The Superintendent of Survey is fully alive to the fall in collections in recent years as shown in the statement given in para 12 of the report, also to the fact that Channarayapatna suffered severely during the famine. But he explains that the famine affected the neighbouring hobli of the Hassan Taluk even more severely, and that the rates proposed for Channarayapatna are the same as those adopted for the neighbouring taluk and found to be working there satisfactorily, and he attributes the fall in collection to the "unequal incidence of the old assessment under which the lands relinquished or deserted bore more than their fair share of the assessment, the ryot short-sightedly looking, not so much to what lands were best to keep, but which bore the highest assessment, and these last he resigned."

4. The figures given in para 12, however, show that with every decrease in the revenue there has been a corresponding decrease in the area. Regarding inequality of incidence, I have not been able to ascertain how the old rates affect individuals. No doubt, as remarked by the Classing officer in para 15 of his report, there are here and there instances of a heavy acreage

assessment. But the averages noted in statement No. I, prepared by me, which will be referred to more in detail further on, show the pressure of the assessment villagewar and there are certainly no great extremes. Again, whatever the comparative results of the Test Census in the Grama and Nuggehalli hoblis may be, (and it is doubtful if Grama was a sufficiently representative hobli for test purposes), there can be no question that there was heavy mortality in the cultivating population of Channarayapatna during the famine. From statement marked II* appended to this letter, it will be seen that Channarayapatna in the Census of 1881 shows a loss of 20 per cent in her population as compared with the figures for the Census of 1871. It will be a long time before this loss is recouped. Even among the present population many resort to coffee estates for livelihood, and with regard to those left behind, there being very little of exportable articles produced, all the time that can be spared from the raising of the bare necessaries of life, is devoted to the breeding of sheep and cattle. As regards Hassan again, however unfavorable the result of the Test Census in one of its hoblis may be, it had a population of 454 persons to the square mile of occupied area at the time of settlement as compared with only 385 souls for Channarayapatna.

* Gives the figures for 1871 and 1881 for almost all the villages in Appendix A.

5. But in considering the merits of a dry taluk like Channarayapatna with its extensive dry and pasture lands and comparing it with its neighbour, an even better test is the average annual rain-fall of the two taluks. In this respect there is a marked distinction between the Taluks of Channarayapatna and Hassan Whereas the whole of the Hassan Taluk including the Grama hobli gets the benefit of the heavy western monsoon though in diminished quantities as we go eastwards, the rain-fall in Channarayapatna is scanty throughout, and the average is only that of the central taluks of the Province. From the settlement reports I gather that the rain-fall for Hassan varies from 25 to 30 inches in Grama and Attavara and that it is as much as 35 inches for the western hoblis. The figures for Gubbi and Tiptur are 21 inches each. For Arsikeré 20 to 30 inches. The rain-fall for Channarayapatna is given as 22 inches, but the fall is only 16 inches when the average for 10 years including the famine years is taken.

6. For these reasons, it would seem to be desirable to settle Channarayapatna on the basis of the Gubbi, Tiptur and Arsikere Taluks rather than on that of Hassan. From the statement given below, however, it would appear that the tendency of the new settlement is, to adopt for Channarayapatna the rates imposed in Hassan. The statement shows the incidence of the dry assessment for the villages of the *Hassan, Arsikere, Tiptur and Gubbi Taluks adjoining the Channarayapatna villages together with the group in which they have been placed in their respective taluks. The figures for Holé Narsipur are not available.

* With the exception of Palya, Allur and Chikkangal.

	Hassan Group II.			Arsikere Group I.			Tiptur Group I.			Gubbi Group II.		
Minimum for the groups	2	4	0	2	4	0	2	0	0	1	12	0
Average for the group	1	1	9	0	15	8	0	14	1	0	13	0
Average for the whole Taluk	1	0	1	0	14	10	0	12	10	0	13	0

For Channarayapatna two groups have been adopted, the first with a maximum of Rs. 2—4—0 and the second with a maximum of Rs. 2—2—0. The averages for these groups are Rs. 1—1—6 and Rs. 1—0—4 respectively with a total average of Rs. 1—0—11 as against an average of only Rs. 0—12—4 under the old rates. These figures are nearly the same as those obtained for Hassan, and though the maximum for the 2nd group in Channarayapatna is lower than for the 1st group by 2 annas, the averages bear out my contention that Channarayapatna is treated on the basis of Hassan and not on that of the other neighbouring taluks with which it has more in common.

7. The result of the adoption of the above rates is a total increase of 36·6 per cent in the dry assessment. On going over the villagewar statements (Appendix A) I find very few cases of decrease in the total assessment. The majority of the villages show a marked increase in some cases as much as 800 per cent. I have had a statement prepared marked I showing details of the old and new assessment in the case of villages in which the total assessment has been raised more than 50 per cent. In this statement the increase under rice and garden is inconsiderable, but the increase under dry is very marked. This latter increase is more than accounted

for by increase in area, but there are not wanting instances in which the increase is due mainly to enhancement of rates. I would instance the following villages :—

	Group.	No.
Bisalhalli	I	45
Dodmatigatta	I	70
Bhairapura	II	157
Melankamangatta	II	168
Hoshalli..	II	169
Musganhalli	II	170
Gangeshettihalli	II	192
Hanumantapura	II	194
Machbunhalli	I	109
Virsagara	II	207
Kaligundi	I	157
Bomenhalli	II	108

It would moreover be a mistake to conclude that the increase in survey area is all due to suppression of true area in the old 'bijavari' accounts. No small portion of the increase * must be due to the practice of ryots measuring large extent of waste lands into their holdings during the survey.

* Old bijwari 47,269 acres. Survey area 81,688 acres.

8. The averages given in black ink under column 9 are those obtained by dividing the old assessment by the old 'bijavari' under column 7 converted into acres, and the antique figures are averages obtained by dividing the old assessment by the number of acres as per survey measurement given under column 10. It will be observed that the black ink average rates of the old 'bijavari' correspond very nearly with the averages under the proposed settlement. But as is well known, the old rates, and as a consequence the averages under them, are only nominal. The ryot under the old loose management had the remedy for over-assessment in his own hands—he encroached on Government waste until the pressure of the rates was lightened. Now turning to the actual incidence of the assessment as given in the antique figures under column 9, it will be seen how marked an increase the averages under the new settlement show over them.

9. In the above statement almost all instances of exceptionally high increase are in the case of becherakh villages. In the majority of these, the increase is due to ryots of neighbouring villages holding a few acres nominally and encroaching on the whole village 'achkat' mostly for grazing purposes. The villages of Mavinkere and Kasvankoplu—Nos.* 139 and 140—are notable instances. The old average which was about an anna an acre has now been raised to 14 and 12 annas respectively.

* 1st Group.

10. It will not of course pay to hold these lands under the high rates now proposed to be adopted. There must also be considerable resignations in the case of lands in which large tracts of Government waste have been measured into former holdings.

11. Considering therefore the slow rate of increase (if any) in the population, the remarkable absence of darkhasts of late years, the attraction of extra labor to the coffee estates, and considering also that there will be no great demand for land as it is not capable of producing any exportable articles, it is doubtful if an increase in the rates is expedient especially in the face of the fact that a great portion of the land both occupied and waste is devoted to pasture. On the other hand this peculiarity in Channarayapatna would point to the desirability of lowering the maximum, at least, for the north and eastern villages.

12. To what extent, however, the maximum for the groups might be reduced without affecting the present collections, and also so as to provide funds for payment of village officials, is a question which the Survey Department alone can decide.

13. In connection with the subject of money payments to village officials, I would take this opportunity to suggest that rather than pitch the rates high so as to find ways and means for paying these officials, steps may be taken to give practical effect to the oft declared policy of the present Government to give lands to the Shanbhog and Patel in lieu of cash remuneration. The allotment may be made during the survey settlement of this taluk, and Channarayapatna offers a good field for the experiment as there is plenty of waste land of good quality available for a grant.

14. The rice and garden rates are moderate, and what increase there is in garden assessment is to a great extent accounted for by increase of area under the survey.

15. The grouping of villages has been on the whole made with reference to situation and soil.

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16. It would facilitate the work of forming an opinion regarding the bearings of rates if the maximum rates actually imposed for each village were shown in the villagewar statements. The map sent with the report is meagre in details and does not show the villages and tanks. It would economize labor and time if District officers could be given the benefit of all the data on which the recommendations of the Superintendent are based.

17. The work of preparing the sketch map marked V showing villages and settlement groups, together with collecting figures given in Statements I, II, III and IV, and a trip to Channarayapatna for instituting personal inquiries, have considerably delayed the preparation of this letter.

18. With reference to para 3 of the letter of the Assistant Settlement officer to the address of the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey, regarding the retransfer of 18 villages of the Yerganal firka, a similar recommendation has been made by me in this office letter No. 474—86, dated 3rd August 1883, to the address of the Secretary to the Dewan.

19. The enclosures received with the letter under reply are herewith returned.

No. I.

Statement showing the several villages of the Channarayapatna Taluk in which the new assessment shows an increase of over 50 per cent on the original 'beriz' together with details of area and assessment.

Hobli.	Number.	Name of Village.	Old 'beriz.'	New 'beriz.'	Increase per cent.	Dry.						Rice.						Garden.						Remarks.
						Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			
						Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Kasba Channarayapatna.		**1st Group.**																						
	2	Gulsisda ...	362 0 0	554 0 0	53	155	240 0 0	1 8 9 / 0 11 2	327	403 0 0	1 3 4	14	71 0 0	5 1 2 / 4 2 10	17	66 0 0	3 14 2	13	51 0 0	3 14 9 / 2 10 11	19	85 0 0	4 7 7	
	3	Jetanhalli ...	137 0 0	246 0 0	79	101	112 0 0	1 1 9 / 0 8 4	214	203 0 0	0 15 2	0	... ...	... ..	6	20 0 0	3 5 4	5	25 0 0	5 0 0 / 3 9 1	7	23 0 0	3 4 7	
	12	Karimarahalli ...	166 0 0	253 0 0	52	96	143 0 0	1 7 10 / 0 10 0	229	213 0 0	0 14 11	1	3 0 0	3 0 0	0	... .	... ..	8	20 0 0	2 8 0 / 1 10 8	12	40 0 0	3 5 4	
	17	Adgur	521 0 0	701 0 0	54	134	201 0 0	1 8 0 / 0 13 2	245	297 0 0	1 3 5	56	319 0 0	5 11 2 / 3 10 8	87	396 0 0	4 5 2	Guntes 3	1 0 0	5 0 0 / 0 5 8	3	8 0 0	2 10 8	
	23	Yedvanhalli ...	119 0 0	239 0 0	126	65	67 0 0	1 0 8 / 0 5 6	195	169 0 0	0 15 9	12	52 0 0	4 5 4 / 2 11 9	19	98 0 0	5 0 10	0	... . .	. .. ..	1	4 0 0	4 0 0	Becherak.
	27	Valagerisomanhalli ...	238 0 0	365 0 0	53	152	222 0 0	1 6 9 / 0 11 11	297	324 0 0	1 2 0	2	7 0 0	3 8 0	0	... ..	.. . ..	3	9 0 0	3 0 0 / 0 14 5	10	31 0 0	3 1 7	
	28	Somalapura ...	112 0 0	217 0 0	93	111	108 0 0	0 15 7 / 0 8 10	194	207 0 0	1 1 1	Guntes 8	1 0 0	5 0 0	0	... .	.. ..	1	3 0 0	2 0 0 / 1 0 0	3	10 0 0	3 5 4	
	36	Bbandihalli ...	197 0 0	22 . 0 0	81	94	150 0 0	1 9 5 / 0 15 11	151	180 0 0	1 3 1	2	6 0 0	3 0 0	0	.... .	... .	7	41 0 0	5 13 9 / 3 11 7	11	46 0 0	2 12 9	
	37	Shettihalli ...	371 0 0	601 0 0	62	149	180 0 0	1 3 4 / 0 9 7	300	348 0 0	1 2 7	34	182 0 0	5 5 8 / 3 12 9	48	230 0 0	4 12 8	2	9 0 0	4 8 0 / 1 8 0	6	23 0 0	3 13 4	
	38	Arlapura ...	333 0 0	1.. 0 0	52	59	61 0 0	1 0 6 / 0 8 3	118	114 0 0	0 15 5	34	157 0 0	4 9 10 / 3 14 10	40	212 0 0	5 4 9	Guntes 12	1 0 0	3 5 4 / 0 8 0	2	7 0 0	3 8 0	
	40	Malavangatta ...	159 0 0	38 . 0 0	142	154	151 0 0	0 15 8 / 0 11 11	207	235 0 0	1 2 6	3	8 0 0	2 10 8 / 0 3 4	38	138 0 0	3 10 5	...	.. .. .	....	4	12 0 0	3 0 0	

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No. I.—*Continued*

Hobli.	Number.	Name of Village.	Old 'beriz.'	New 'beriz.'	Increase per cent.	Dry.				Rice.						Garden.						Remarks.
						Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'		Survey area and assessment.		Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			
						Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Nagenhalli.	47	Tarbenhalli	274 0 0	432 0 0	58	140	229	1 10 0	426	397	0 14 11	22	6 0 0	2 0 0	3	10 8 9	30 0 0	3	5 4 5	4 2 14 0	8	35 0 0	4 6 0	Bechirakh.
	73	Rangapura	82 0 0	129 0 0	57	53	76	1 0 0	125	104	0 13 0	...	...	...	2	7 1 ...	...	8	2 0 0	3 0 0	8	25 0 0	3 2 0	
	76	Singapura	13 0 0	89 0 0	585	43	13	0 0 0	109	89	0 13 1	...	...	...	13	48 0 0	3 11 1	Guntes. 16	1 0 0	2 0 0	1	2 0 0	0 15 3	
		1st Group.																						
	88	Doderi	291 0 0	356 0 0	91	149	231	1 8 10	421	477	1 2 2	12	58 0 0	4 13 4	13	48 0 0	3 11 1	Guntes. 8	2 0 0	0 10 0	7	22 0 0	3 2 3	
		2nd Group.																						
	135	Hesaru	78 0 0	152 0 0	94	55	73	1 8 6	138	130	0 15 1	2	5 0 0	2 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	137	Narsipura	56 0 0	109 0 0	94	45	33	1 11 0	75	65	0 14 6	5	23 0 0	4 9 7	13	44 0 0	3 6 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	138	Somalura	189 0 0	372 0 0	95	116	143	1 3 9	239	264	1 2 2	11	45 0 0	4 1 6	26	104 0 0	4 0 0	Guntes. 16	1 0 0	2 9 0	2	4 0 0	2 0 0	
	140	Jambur	472 0 0	864 0 0	82	332	341	1 1 0	585	612	1 0 9	7	12 0 0	1 11 5	19	94 0 0	4 15 2	30	11 0 0	3 15 4	155	0 0	6 11 1	
	144	Hulakere	183 0 0	342 3 0	114	149	177	1 3 0	291	390	1 0 6	15	6 0 0	0 6 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2 0 0	2 0 0	
	145	Tenkenhalli	114 0 0	210 0 0	84	137	108	0 12 5	211	199	0 9 1	1	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	Guntes. 12	5 7 0	1 0 16	5	11 0 0	2 3 2	
	148	Navinahalli	68 0 0	123 0 0	80	55	48	0 13 11	98	84	0 13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	20 0 0	3 5 4 1 6 10	14	38 0 0	2 12 7	

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No. I.—*Concluded.*

Serial Number.	Name of Village.	Old 'beriz.'	New 'beriz.'	Increase per cent.	Dry.						Rice.						Garden.						Remarks.
					Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			Old 'bijavari' in acres with 'beriz.'			Survey area and assessment.			
					Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	Area.	Assessment.	Average assessment per acre.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
		1st Group.																						
117	Rachenhalli ...	71 0 0	108 0 0	52	71	71 0 0	1 0 0 / 0 11 6	116	108 0 0	0 14 11	...	... ...	... ...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	
119	Chennenkopla (Jinnankopla) ...	43 0 0	88 0 0	104	48	43 0 0	0 14 4 / 0 7 5	93	88 0 0	0 15 2	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	
121	Vaderhalli ...	355 0 0	680 0 0	91	222	345 0 0	1 8 10 / 0 9 4	593	665 0 0	1 1 10	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	2	10 0 0	5 0 0 / 1 6 10	7	15 0 0	2 2 5	
122	Hadenhalli ...	211 0 0	388 0 0	83	141	209 0 0	1 7 9 / 0 10 5	320	368 0 0	1 2 1	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	4 Guntes.	1 0 0	10 0 0 / 0 3 0	8	20 0 0	2 8 0	
124	Honnenhalli ...	79 0 0	145 0 0	83	81	79 0 0	0 15 7 / 0 8 4	152	145 0 0	0 15 3	16 Guntes.	1 0 0	2 8 0	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	
125	Sivapura ...	37 0 0	72 0 0	94	28	37 0 0	1 5 2 / 0 8 8	68	72 0 0	1 0 11	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	
127	Chikbilli ...	314 0 0	574 0 0	82	182	306 0 0	1 10 10 / 0 10 11	485	558 0 0	1 2 5	20 Guntes.	2 0 0	4 0 0	...	... ...	...	1	6 0 0	6 0 0 / 1 3 2	5	16 0 0	3 3 4	
128	Hiribilli ...	356 0 0	673 0 0	89	287	355 0 0	1 6 0 / 0 9 9	581	673 0 0	1 2 6	8 Guntes	1 0 0	5 0 0	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	
132	Parma ...	281 0 0	458 0 0	62	98	108 0 0	1 1 7 / 0 7 1	242	252 0 0	1 0 8	58	162 0 0	2 12 4	45	182 0 0	4 0 8	3	1 0 0	3 10 8 / 1 9 1	7	24 0 0	3 6 10	
134	Gullenhalli ...	171 0 0	322 0 0	88	155	158 0 0	1 0 4 / 0 9 8	261	306 0 0	1 2 9	3	10 0 0	3 5 4	...	... ...	...	24 Guntes.	3 0 0	5 0 0 / 0 9 7	5	16 0 0	3 3 2	
136	Matanvalli (Matnavale) ...	215 0 0	381 0 0	77	160	204 0 0	1 2 2 / 0 11 6	294	356 0 0	1 3 4	4	11 0 0	2 12 0	...	... ...	...	...	... ...	...	6	25 0 0	4 2 8	

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ಸೆಕ್ಷನ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಪ್ರಜಾ ತಹಶೀಲ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಣ.

ಹೋಬಳಿ ಹೆಸರು.	ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಹೆಸರು.	೧೪೭೩ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.	೧೪೯೧ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.
ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಣ	ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಣ ..	೨,೬೩೬	೨,೬೦೪
	ಗುಳಸಿಂದ ..	೪೧೧	೨೭೭
	ಜತ್ತನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೫	೪೨
	ಬಿರಾಹಳು ..	೧೫೪	೧೫೨
	ಗುಂಡಶೆಟ್ಟಿಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೦೫	೭೫
	ಗುರುವೂರನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೨	೬೪
	ಮಾದೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೪೫	೧೩೫
	ಗೊರನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೪೫	೧೬೩
	ಪ್ಯಾಲಸಮುದ್ರ ..	೫೨	೨೫
	ಮೊಳೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೧೩೪	೧೦೬
	ಕರಿಮೂರನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೧೩೦	೯೯
	ಕಾಳೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೩೪೩	೩೫೯
	ಬೆಳಂದೂ ..	೩೬೩	೨೬೦
	ಯೂಕೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೪೯೩	೪೧೪
	ಚಿಕ್ಕೊಂಡನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೦೪	೭೭
	ಅಡಗೂರು ..	೨೫೬	೨೦೨
	ಜೋಗಿಪುರ ..	೬೬	೬೨
	ಕೆರೇಬಿಹ್ಕೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೨೩	೧೨೪
	ಬಿಂಡೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೪೧	೧೧೫
	ಜನಿವಾರ ..	೧೭೪	೪೨೩
	ಚಮಡಿಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೬೩	೧೪೧
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	ದೊಡ್ಡೇರಿ ..	೨೧೪	೧೪೬
	ಕಗ್ಗೆರೆ ..	೨೫೯	೨೨೯
	ಅಗ್ರಹಾರಬಿಳಗುಲಿ ..	೪೯೪	೨೬೩
	ಹೊಸೂರು ..	೩೨	೪೫೫
	ನೆರಲಕೆರೆ ..	೧೪೬	೧೪೫
	ಮೂಳಕೆರೆ ..	೧೯೫	೩೦೫
	ಹುಮ್ಮಿನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೪	೧೩
	ಹುಲ್ಲೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೦೩	೪೯
	ನಾರೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೨೧	೩೪
	ದ್ಯಾವಲಾಪುರ ..	೧೧೬	೧೦೩
	ದಿಜಗಾ ..	೧೯೩	೧೨೯
	ಮೇಲಿನಕಾವನಗಟ್ಟ ..	..	೧೩
	ಕರಿಕ್ಯಾತನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೫೬	೧೧೬
	ತುಂಕೂರು ..	೨೫೧	೧೯೧

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ಸೆಸನ್ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಪ್ರಜಾ ತಪಶೀಲ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟಣ.

ಹೋಬಳಿ ಹೆಸರು.	ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಹೆಸರು.	೧೪೭೬ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.	೧೪೯೦ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.	ಹೋಬಳಿ ಹೆಸರು.	ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಹೆಸರು.	೧೪೭೬ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.	೧೪೯೦ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.
ನಗ್ಗರಹಳ್ಳಿ.	ಮೂಕಿಕೆರೆ ..	೬೯೧	೬೫೫	ಹಿರಿಸಾವೆ.	ಬಿಳಕೆರೆ ..	೬೯೦	೬೬೯
	ಮೇಳಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೭೫	೪೪		ಮಾದಲಕೆರೆ ..	೬೧೩	೧೫೯
	ಬಿದರಕೆರೆ ..	೧೫೦	೧೬೫		ಪುರಾ ..	೬೭೫	೬೧೫
	ಹಂಪನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೩	೬೫		ದಾಸರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೫೭	೧೫೫
	ಕೆಳಗನಕಾಮನಗಟ್ಟು ..	೪೩	೩೦		ದುಗ್ಗೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೭೫	೯೦
	ಮಂಡ್ಲಿಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೧೦೫	೪೫		ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೪೬	೩೧೫
	ಪುಯಿಗೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೧೬	೩೧		ನಿಂಬಿಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೪೩	೧೩೧
	ಮಸಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೫೩	೧೬೫		ಹುಳವಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೩೩	೬೬೪
	ಈಚಲಿ ..	೩೬೩	೩೩೯		ನಾಗನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೦೫	೬೩
	ವೆಂಗ್ಯಗೆರೆ ..	೧೬೯	೧೧೦		ಮತ್ತಿಗಟ್ಟ ..	೩೦೫	೧೪೩
	ಬರ್ದಿಕೆರೆ ..	೪೩೧	೪೯೫		ಆಯಿರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೪೬	೬೧೬
	ಮಾದರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೦೪	೬೦೧		ಮುದನೆವು ..	೧೫೫	೧೩೧
	ಚಿಕ್ಕೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೦೫	೧೬೬		ಪುಳಿಗೆರೆ ..	೧೩೪	೧೩೯
	ಚೆಣ್ಣೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೬೩	೧೫೫		ಕೋರೆಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೩೪	೧೯೪
	ಹೆಬ್ಬಳಲು ..	೧೧೯	೧೬೪		ದೊಮ್ಮೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೫೬	೧೦೩
	ಕಟಿಗೆಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೫೩	೧೧೩		ಹೊಸೂರು ..	೧೬೯	೧೩೬
					ಪೂಮೂದಿಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೫೪	೧೧೩
	ಜುಮ್ಲಾ ..	೧೧,೧೪೬	೪,೩೫೬		ದಾಸರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೩	೬೦
					ಯಾಗಟಿ ..	೪೪	೪೦
					ಜೊಳಂಬಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೫	೩೫
ಹಿರಿಸಾವೆ.	ಹಿರಿಸಾವೆಗ್ರಾಮ ..	೧,೦೪೧	೯೦೩		ಚನ್ನನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೬	೪೪
	ಬೂಕ ..	೬೩೬	೬೦೩		ಕಮ್ಮಾರವಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೪೩	೧೪೪
	ಬೂಕರಬೆಟ್ಟ ..	೬೪	೩೧		ಬೊಗಾಡನಕೊಪ್ಪಲು ..	೪೧	೪೧
	ಅರಕೆರೆ ..	೩೦	೬೪		ವೀರನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೦	೬೦
	ಸೋರೆಕಾಯಿಪುರ ..	೧೪೧	೧೦೬		ಕಸರನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೯೦	೬೩
	ಸಬ್ಬನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೯೪	೧೬೪				
	ತೂಬಿನಕೆರೆ ..	೧೪೯	೬೦			೯,೦೬೫	೩,೫೪೯
	ಕಬ್ಬನಕೆರೆ ..	೩೫೫	..				
	ಕೊತ್ತನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೬೩	೧೫೧				
	ಕೋಳೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೬	೪೦	ಶ್ರವಣ ಬೆಳಗೊಳ.	ಅರುವನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೧೧	೬೫೫
	ಬ್ಯಾದರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೬೪	೧೩೧		ಜಿನ್ನಾತಪುರ ..	೬೩೪	೧೫೧
	ಯಾಳನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೯೩	೧೩೪		ಬಿನ್ನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೧೦	೧೦೬
	ಮಾಕನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೩	೪೪		ರಾಚೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೩೦	೧೩೫
	ಜೆನ್ನೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೩೪	೪೧೦		ಜೆನ್ನನಕೊಪ್ಪಲು ..	೧೪೦	೧೧೯
	ಹೊನ್ನೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೬೯೬	೬೯೪		ಕಕ್ಕಾ ..	೬೪೯	೩೪೦
	ಬಿಳಗಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೫೩	೬೫೧		ವಡ್ಡರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೪೬	೪೪೩
	ಕೋಟೆ ..	೩೪೪	೬೩೬		ಹಡೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೪೩	೬೧೧
	ಹೆಗ್ಗಡಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೩	೬೦		ಚೊಳೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೫೯	೬೦೧
	ಕಿರಸಾವೆ ..	೩೧೫	೬೩೩		ಹೊನ್ನೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೯೪	೬೯೦
	ಮೇಟಿಕೆರೆ ..	೧೪೩	೧೩೦		ಶವಪುರ ..	೪೩	೩೪
	ನರಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೬೫	೧೩೯		ಸಾಕೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೫೬	೬೯೬
	ತುಪ್ಪದಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೪೦	೧೩೪		ಚಿಕ್ಕಬಳತಿ ..	೬೬೪	೬೫೫

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ಸೇನೆಸ ಪ್ರಕಾರ ಪ್ರಜಾ ತಪಶೀಲ್ ತಾಲ್ಲೂಕು ಚನ್ನರಾಯಪಟ್ಟ.

ಪೈನಲಿ ಹೋಬಳಿಗಳು.	ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಹೆಸರು.	೧೪೭೯ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.	೧೪೮೧ನೆ ಇಸವಿ.	ಪೈನಲಿ ಹೋಬಳಿಗಳು.	ಗ್ರಾಮದ ಹೆಸರು.	೧೪೭೯ನೇ ಇಸವಿ.	೧೪೮೧ನೇ ಇಸವಿ
	ಹಿರಿಬಳತಿ ..	೬೨೩	೬೩೪		ಮಲ್ಲೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೬	೩೬
	ಮಂಜೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೯೪	೧೦೩		ಕಂಬಿರಾಯಿಪುರ ..	೪೩	೪೫
	ಹಳೆಬಿಳಗುಳ ..	೫೮೪	೫೩೧		ಹಿಂದಲಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೦೬	೬೪೦
	ಬೊಮ್ಮೇಗಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೦೩	೪೪		ಹೂಲಮಶ್ತಿಗಟ್ಟ ..	೯೯	೩೪
	ರವಿರಮೊ ..	೧೬೫	೪೦		ದಬಿಗಟ್ಟ ..	೯೦೪	೩೩೩
	ಹೊಸೂರು ..	೩೩	೧೪–		ದಮ್ಮನಿಂಗಲ ..	೫೪೩	೪೪೦
	ಗುಳೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೩೧	೧೬೧		ಕುರುಬರ ಹೊಸಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೩೩	೧೫೯
	ಮಲ್ಲಶೆಟ್ಟಿಪಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೧೧	೪೪		ಆಲದಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೯೩	೩೧
	ಮಟ್ಟನವಲೆ ..	೬೩೩	೧೯೩		ಮಜ್ಜನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೧	೬೫
	ರಾಜಪುರ ..	೧೩೧	೧೦೪		ನಾಗರ ಗಟ್ಟದ ಕೊಪ್ಪಲ	೪೧	೩೧
	ಕೆಂಬಿನಕೋಣ ..	೬೦೯	೧೫೩		ಹಲಸೆನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೯೩	೪೧
	ಬಸವನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೫೩	೬೦		ಸಾಶೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೬೦	೯
	ಕೋಡಿಬಿಳಗುಳ ..	೧೯೦	೧೩೪		ಕೆಪ್ಪೆಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೧೦	೫೩
	ಜಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೯೯	೪೩೩		ಡಿಂಕ ..	೪೪೪	೩೩೪
	ಹುಂಬೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೫೬	೩೦೬		ಸುಗ್ಗನಹಳ್ಳಿ ಕೊಪ್ಪಲು ..	೫೦	೩೪
	ಜುಟ್ಟನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೩೧೦	೬೬೫		ಗುರಿಕಾರನಹಳ್ಳಿ .	೧೩೩	೧೫೦
	ಅಂಕನಳ್ಳಿ ..	೧೩೦	೧೦೯		ಹೊನ್ನೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೯೫	೫೦
	ಕೊತ್ತನಗಟ್ಟ ..	೬೪೩	೬೩೧			೧೧,೫೪೯	೯,೩೪೫
	ಬೊಂವೇನಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೯೯	೧,೦೪				
	ಸುಂಡಹಳ್ಳಿ ..	೪೧೩	೩೯೦		ಮಟ್ಟು ಜುಮ್ಲಾ ..	೩೧,೦೩೦	೪೫,೪೪೩

No. III.

Statement showing the Area, Assessment, &c., of occupied lands of the several villages transferred from Holé-Narsipur, Gubbi and Tiptur Taluks.

Number.	Village.	Dry Crop.					Rice.					Garden.					
		Area.	Assessment.	Average per acre.	Rate as per Akarband. Maximum.	Rate as per Akarband. Minimum.	Area.	Assessment.	Average per acre.	Rate as per Akarband. Maximum.	Rate as per Akarband. Minimum.	Area.	Assessment.	Average per acre.	Rate as per Akarband. Maximum.	Rate as per Akarband. Minimum.	
1	Dod Ganni	214	212 0 0	1 0 8	1 10 0	0 9 0	420	2,148 0 0	5 4 0	8 2 0	3 1 0	13	69 0 0	5 5 0	6 8 0	2 4 0	Received from Holé-Narsipur in November 1882.
2	Doddaballi	55	65 0 0	1 3 0	1 10 0	0 13 0	257	1,525 0 0	5 14 11	6 8 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Galhalli	236	270 0 0	1 2 3	1 11 0	1 0 0	38	253 0 0	6 10 6	7 5 0	5 11 0	3	22 0 0	7 5 4	8 0 0	2 8 0	
4	Narnakki	256	357 0 0	1 6 0	1 10 0	0 12 0	171	978 0 0	5 11 6	8 1 0	3 8 0	10	61 0 0	6 1 6	7 0 0	4 8 0	
5	Sasalpura	201	180 0 0	0 14 7	1 3 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	1	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 0 0	
6	Nallúru	248	288 0 0	1 5 7	1 9 0	0 10 0	180	1,077 0 0	5 15 11	7 5 0	4 9 0	1	7 0 0	7 0 0	7 0 0	... ...	
7	Mancheganhalli ..	76	70 0 0	0 12 7	1 4 0	0 10 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	
8	Agrahara	184	226 0 0	1 3 7	1 9 0	0 14 0	229	1,206 0 0	5 4 3	6 12 0	3 10 0	51	301 0 0	5 14 5	8 0 0	4 8 0	Do do
9	Kambenballi	78	82 0 0	1 0 9	1 6 0	0 12 0	53	509 0 0	5 4 0	7 5 0	3 12 0	2	67 0 0	7 7 0	7 0 0	... ...	
10	Cholenballi	77	53 0 0	0 11 0	1 2 0	0 7 0	118	721 0 0	6 1 9	6 12 0	5 12 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	
11	Somadevarpura ...	19	18 0 0	0 15 0	1 2 0	0 12 0	39	119 0 0	5 1 7	6 0 0	3 10 0	12	66 0 0	5 8 0	6 8 0	4 12 0	
12	Chittan Hosahalli ...	97	110 0 0	1 2 2	1 6 0	0 12 0	60	310 0 0	5 2 8	4 8 0	4 2 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	
13	Puttanahalli	123	91 0 0	0 11 10	0 15 0	0 6 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	1	1 8 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	1 8 0	
14	Tajigeri	103	83 0 0	0 12 10	1 0 0	0 7 0	21	128 0 0	6 1 5	6 12 0	3 12 0	10 G.	1 0 0	4 0 0	3 8 0	3 0 0	
15	Kachenballi	68	81 0 0	1 3 0	1 9 0	1 1 0	203	1,180 0 0	5 1 3	7 5 0	4 6 0	7	50 0 0	7 2 4	7 0 0	6 8 0	
16	Singanballi	47	51 0 0	1 1 4	1 4 0	0 14 0	93	521 0 0	5 9 7	6 3 0	4 2 0	2	14 0 0	7 0 0	5 12 0	4 0 0	
17	Honshettihalli	160	186 0 0	1 2 7	1 10 0	0 11 0	123	722 0 0	5 2 0	6 12 0	4 6 0	1A. 7G.	7 0 0	7 0 0	6 0 0	... ...	
18	Kalennahalli	46	105 0 0	1 3 6	1 7 0	0 11 0	280	1,608 0 0	5 12 0	7 5 0	4 6 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	
19	Bindenahalli	335	368 0 0	1 1 6	1 10 0	0 11 0	22	127 0 0	5 12 4	7 5 0	4 2 0	7	44 0 0	6 4 9	7 0 0	2 0 0	
20	Paduvanahalli	233	241 0 0	0 15 6	1 6 0	0 10 0	30	164 0 0	5 7 6	6 6 0	3 5 0	13	42 0 0	3 4 0	4 0 0	1 12 0	
21	Chik Ganni	41	42 0 0	1 0 5	1 6 0	0 14 0	199	1,221 0 0	6 2 2	6 15 0	4 6 0	2	12 0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	2 0 0	
22	Gangaramalu	482	485 0 0	1 0 1	1 7 0	0 9 0	17	63 0 0	3 11 3	4 4 0	2 8 0	78	166 0 0	2 2 3	5 0 0	1 4 0	Received by transfer from the Tiptur Taluk.
23	Mallanahalli	210	263 0 0	1 4 0	1 12 0	0 14 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	28	78 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	
24	Balganchi	295	325 0 0	1 2 5	1 4 0	0 12 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	3	10 0 0	3 4 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	Received by transfer from the Gubbi Taluk in November 1882.
25	Balganchi Amanikere ...	6	8 0 0	1 5 0	1 9 0	0 15 0	102	504 0 0	4 15 0	6 8 0	3 4 0	24	120 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	4 0 0	
26	Gauderhalli	155	177 0 0	1 2 8	1 9 0	0 15 0	17	53 0 0	3 4 0	3 8 0	1 14 0	13	53 0 0	4 1 0	7 0 0	2 4 0	
27	Siravanahalli	112	85 0 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 10 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	
28	Hoomaranhalli... ...	127	142 0 0	1 1 11	1 7 0	1 0 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	5	12 0 0	2 6 0	4 0 0	1 8 0	
29	Timlapura	72	57 0 0	0 12 0	0 15 0	0 12 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	9 G.	0 8 0	2 4 0	1 8 0	... ...	
30	Antanahalli	96	83 0 0	0 13 10	... ...	... ...	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	1	3 0 0	3 0 0	... ...	... ...	
31	Honshettihalli	377	421 0 0	1 1 10	1 8 0	0 14 0	...	... ...	...	... ...	... ...	1	3 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	2 4 0	

No. IV.

Statement showing the Area, Assessment, &c., of several kinds of land of the villages lying on the border of the Channarayapatna Taluk.

Taluk.	No.	Village.	Dry crop.					Rice.					Garden.				
			Area.	Assessment.	Average per acre.	Rates imposed as per Akarband. Maximum.	Rates imposed as per Akarband. Minimum.	Area.	Assessment.	Average per acre.	Rates imposed as per Akarband. Maximum.	Rates imposed as per Akarband. Minimum.	Area	Assessment.	Average per acre	Rates imposed as per Akarband. Maximum	Rates imposed as per Akarband. Minimum.
Tiptur.	1	Ajjakanahalli	411	429 0 0	1 0 7	1 10 0	0 9 0						5	20 0 0	1 10 0	4 0 0	2 8 0
	2	Muddanahalli	365	415 0 0	1 2 2	1 8 0	1 13 0	8	32 0 0	4 0 0	4 0 0	3 14 0	67	247 0 0	3 15 9	6 0 0	1 12 0
	3	Kanaturu	334	418 0 0	1 4 2	1 12 0	1 0 0	78	353 0 0	4 9 5	5 14 0	3 2 0	55	220 0 0	4 0 0	7 0 0	2 4 0
	4	Vignasandra	594	650 0 0	1 1 6	1 7 0	1 0 0	86	357 0 0	4 2 5	4 12 0	2 3 0	211	1,597 0 0	7 7 4	10 0 0	1 4 0
	5	Jamgatta	70	697 0 0	0 15 10	1 8 0	0 13 0	38	166 0 0	4 1 9	4 12 0	3 0 0	101	212 0 0	2 6 4	5 0 0	1 4 0
	6	Gangangatta ...	789	779 0 0	0 15 7	1 2 0	0 12 0	30	142 0 0	4 15 8	5 4 0	3 10 0	184	487 0 0	2 10 4	5 8 0	1 8 0
	7	Bajaguru	911	941 0 0	1 0 6	1 10 0	0 12 0	115	415 0 0	3 9 8	5 12 0	2 12 0	137	505 0 0	3 11 0	8 0 0	2 0 0
	8	Alaguru	691	742 0 0	1 1 2	1 8 0	0 10 0	162	880 0 0	5 7 8	6 0 0	2 12 0	69	390 0 0	5 10 5	8 0 0	2 0 0
	9	Nonavinakere Amanikere ...	134	132 0 0	0 15 6	1 5 0	0 8 0	769	3,334 0 0	4 5 4	6 4 0	2 12 0	60	268 0 0	4 7 5	8 0 0	2 4 0
	10	Kasaba Nonavinakere ...	704	854 0 0	1 3 4	1 14 0	0 13 0	130	706 0 0	5 10 7	6 0 0	4 12 0	404	2,457 0 0	6 1 6	8 0 0	2 0 0

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Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 7th August 1885.

From the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey and Assessment, To the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 59, dated Hunsur, 24th April 1884.

I have the honor to forward the whole of the papers connected with the proposed revision of the assessment of the Channarayapatna Taluk of the Mysore District. My report was sent to the officer in charge French Rocks Sub-Division on the 24th ultimo and was only received back on the 24th instant.

2. It will be observed that the Sub-Division officer is opposed to the increase to the existing dry assessment involved in my proposals, and has supported his objections by writing at considerable length and preparing several statements. Both letter and statements will be found appended.

3. Mr. Mádhava Rao's preliminary paragraphs are very interesting, but they are, in every way, subsidiary to para 6 which contains the very essence of the objections now raised to the proposed settlement. It is there stated that it would be better to settle Channarayapatna on the basis of the Gubbi, Tiptur and Arsikere Taluks rather than on that of Hassan. Mr. Mádhava Rao writing on the 9th March last (letter No. 1407—1017), before he had seen my proposals and before he had been alarmed by the great apparent increase of the dry assessment involved in my proposals, and at which time I think his opinion on the question of rates was more valuable, very properly disapproved of the absurdly high rates of assessment which the Amildar had suggested and gave it as his opinion that the rates already adopted in neighbouring taluks should be taken as a guide. This opinion is quite consistent with the objection now made, but it reduces the question, so far as the Sub-Division officer's opinion is concerned, to the narrow limits of an enquiry whether neighbouring rates have, or have not, been fairly followed in proposing rates for Channarayapatna. In the adjoining villages of the Hassan Taluk, the dry crop maximum rate adopted was Rs. 2—4—0; in the adjoining villages of Tiptur, Gubbi and Arsikere, the maximum dry crop rate adopted was Rs. 2. In Channarayapatna, the maximum dry crop rates proposed for the two groups are Rs. 2—4—0 and Rs. 2—2—0 respectively. All this was fully stated at para 13 of my report, and I fail to see in what respect the Hassan rates have been more taken as a guide than those of the northern and eastern taluks. The figures denoting rain-fall as usually provided cannot be trusted. The general opinion is that, exceptional causes set aside, the fall diminishes from west to east. Channarayapatna is certainly better situated than Tiptur and Gubbi, and I think the small difference of 2 annas in the maximum dry rate is quite justifiable. The dry crop maximum has been fixed for some villages adjoining Hassan at Rs. 2—4—0 and for others at Rs. 2—2—0, the former being on, or very near, the high road. On the same principles some of the villages, on or near, the high road, in the Grama Magani of Hassan, had a maximum dry rate of Rs. 2—8—0 and some of Rs. 2—4—0. I do not think that any inconsistency has occurred in fixing the rates now under report.

4. I imagine, rather, that the increase on the old dry assessment, as a whole, and also village-var, is viewed with alarm, and that had no great increase resulted, the rates would have been considered moderate enough. This is happily illustrated, in the present instance, by the difference of opinion between the Sub-Division officer and myself, he viewing the wet rates (see para 14) as moderate, while he considers the dry rates heavy. I also consider the wet rates fair but, intrinsically, and compared with actual wet rates in adjoining taluks, they are decidedly high, but their adoption involves no great increase. I am glad, for my part, to find that the increase will fall chiefly on the dry lands, for I am fully aware that the area is far more understated in the old accounts than in the case of the wet lands and that, intrinsically, the dry rates are not high. They will have no deterrent effect whatever on existing, or intending, cultivators. Some lands, held on hulgaval, will be relinquished and some economical contraction of their holdings, to suit their means, may be forced on the ryots, but that any *bonâ fide* cultivator will feel the proposed dry rates to be heavy, or be discouraged by them, I do not for an instant believe. It is impossible to combine a cultivating and a pasturage rate. If it is worth the ryot's while to keep grazing land in his holding at survey rates, he will do so, otherwise he will have to buy it at the annual sales to eke out what he can get from the common free grazing lands or "Gomal" set apart at the settlement.

5. At para 12 the Sub-Division officer remarks that only the Survey Department can decide to what extent the maximum rates for the groups might be reduced, without affecting the present collections, and also so as to provide the pay of village officials. No doubt I can calculate pretty accurately the sum that the adoption of certain rates will give on the occupied area, but I cannot tell what land will be resigned at the settlement. The adoption of rates a good deal lower than I have proposed would not, in my opinion, induce the ryots to hold one acre more land than they would under the rates proposed, and the consequence might be a lower revenue than hitherto realized, a result unequal as regards other settled tracts and needlessly unjust to Government.

6. The Sub-Division officer makes one definite proposal in para 11 which is to lower the maximum dry rates, at least for the north and eastern villages. It so happens that those are the

villages least raised and the same may be said of the 2nd group generally as the following figures prove:—

Group.	Old Dry Assessment.	New Dry Assessment.	Percentage Increase.	Remarks.
I	29,045	42,237	45	
II	34,041	43,985	29	

The truth is that, although the Sub-Division officer states at para 4, with no intention of course to mislead, but still practically with such a tendency, that the average rates shown by him in Statement No. 1 show the pressure villagevar and "there are certainly no great extremes," the old dry assessment is, as a matter of fact, grossly unequal and no manipulation of the rates, unless we cast aside all rule, system and past experience, will make the new assessment other than unequal in its effect on one that is corrupt. The average rates in black ink, given in column 9 of the statement above alluded to, are obtained by dividing the old assessment by the old bijavari converted into acres. Such average rates might show no great extremes where the old assessment had been, as of course it would be in the particular villages selected, notoriously low, but how would such averages contrast if taken for all the villages under report? The figures in antique, in the same column, are of course low throughout; no averages would be very high, all the villages being instances of exceptionally low assessment. The difference between the figures in black and the figures in antique in column 9 represent the extent to which the area was understated. The survey average rates in column 12 if viewed in the abstract are not high. It must surely be obvious that if rates so moderate have the effect of reducing the old assessment in a few villages and in others of increasing it in all degrees, up to even 800 per cent, the fault must lie in the old, not in the new, assessment.

7. The figures given in Sub-division officer's Statement No. II and the deductions therefrom are beyond dispute, but it would be a mistake to base a settlement entirely on the exceptional famine years.

8. The average survey dry rates in Statements Nos. III and IV, even for the Arsikere, Gubbi and Tiptur villages transferred to the taluk under report, do not, if compared with similar rates in Statement No. I, bear out the opinion that the rates now proposed do not fit in with those adopted in the northern and eastern taluks.

9. I must not omit to note that, although the survey assessment of the occupied land as now proposed comes to Rs. 1,31,414 and shows a very large increase on the collections of 1882—83, the old collections at one time went as high as Rs. 1,14,026 in 1875—76, and when the extraordinary extent of encroachment, especially in dry lands, and the intrinsic lightness of the dry rates now proposed are duly considered, I do not think the gross assessment proposed is too high, liable as it is to reduction by resignations and to provide the pay of village officers and contribution to the Irrigation Fund. I think Mr. Mádhava Rao at para 4 takes too desponding a view of the condition of this taluk. Of course it is well known that, generally speaking, the maidan taluks of Mysore do not export any very exceptionally valuable commodities, but still some of what they grow they export, and I think that, even in Channarayapatna, there is something more than the "bare necessaries of life" and that a good deal of grain, jaggory and oil is exported. For our present purpose we are of course looking at the taluk from a comparative point of view. It is well provided with roads, especially in the southern portion, there are a good number of local markets, the climate is healthy and the pasturage is plentiful and fairly good. It is liable to suffer from vicissitudes of climate, as exemplified by the famine, but not so liable in this respect as taluks further east.

10. At para 10 the Sub-Division officer shows that he shares the very common error of supposing that the grouping of villages has any connection with the classification of the soil and this may perhaps account for his contention, at para 6, that because the average dry rate in Channaryapatna is only a little less than that in Hassan, the settlement has been framed on the basis of the latter taluk exclusively. The average rate in a taluk depends upon the quality of the soil and proportion of good to bad. There is more good soil in Channarayapatna in my opinion than in Hassan.

11. As regards the complaint at para 16, regarding the want of detail in the map accompanying the report, the Dewan is well aware that as a part of the settlement the amalgamation of a considerable number of small villages with larger ones takes place and it would be a great and

needless expense to multiply taluk maps before settlement, only to be altered afterwards. I usually have one manuscript copy made for my own use, but for the future will have a copy made as an accompaniment to the settlement report or at any rate for the use of the District officer. The requisition for *all* the data upon which the recommendations of the Superintendent of Survey are based is rather comprehensive, but I shall willingly meet the wishes of Revenue officers as far as possible if I am informed of what is required.

12. I do not think that any useful purpose will be served by discussing the question raised by the Sub-Division officer at para 18 in a report of this character. I may here state that the rates have not been pitched exceptionally high to meet the cost of paying village officials.

13. I have endeavoured, in the short time at my disposal, for I only received these papers yesterday, to dispose of the objections raised by the Sub-Division officer whose fears regarding the undue weight of the dry assessment, I believe, to be groundless. Operations are so far advanced in other talukas, for settlement this season, that I would earnestly solicit early sanction so as to admit of my commencing to give out the rates by the 15th proximo.

No. 1140-1—21, DATED 16TH MAY 1884.

ORDER THEREON.—With the foregoing letters, the Superintendent of Revenue Survey submits proposals for the settlement of the Channarayapatna Taluk in the Mysore District, exclusive of the 19 villages transferred from the Nagamangala Taluk, but inclusive of 18 and 2 villages transferred respectively to the Arsikere and Attikuppa Taluks.

2. For rice lands a uniform maximum rate of Rs. 8 per acre and for garden lands one of Rs. 12 per acre are proposed. The area by survey of rice and garden lands under occupation is 10,214 acres, which now bears an assessment of Rs. 40,122, being an average of Rs. 3—14—10 per acre. The assessment proposed by the Survey for the same area is Rs. 45,192 being an average of Rs. 4—6—10 per acre, that is, 8 annas more than the present actual rate. Comparing the rates now proposed for Channarayapatna with those adopted for the neighbouring Taluk of Gubbi settled in May 1882, we find that the former are considerably heavier than the latter as shown below :—

	Average Rate per Acre of Rice and Garden lands.								
	Old.			New.			Increase.		
Gubbi Taluk	3	4	9	3	12	11	0	8	11
Channarayapatna Taluk.	3	14	10	4	6	10	0	8	0

The rates in Channarayapatna are already high and are evidently not capable of the same increase as in Gubbi, where garden cultivation is both more extensive and more valuable. A slight reduction of the rice and garden rates proposed for the former taluk will be perfectly justified by the extreme uncertainty of wet crops, as reported in para 11 of the Deputy Superintendent's report, and by the absence of the more valuable garden cultivation, but at the same time the Government are not prepared to regard the proposed rice and garden rates as other than moderate, or as likely to be felt as burdensome.

3. For the purpose of settlement as regards dry lands, the taluk has been divided into two groups, the 1st group comprising the more populated villages in the south as well as the villages commanded by the Bangalore-Hassan road. The maximum dry rates per acre proposed for the two groups are Rs. 2—4—0 and Rs. 2—2—0 respectively. The Government are of opinion that these rates are higher than what the

taluk can well bear in its present condition. The dry rates in this taluk and in Gubbi are compared below:—

		Survey maximum rate			Number of acres by Survey	Old assessment.	Assessment by Survey	Average old assessment per acre			Average Survey assessment per acre.			Difference between old and Survey average assessment.		
		Rs	A.	P.				Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.			
Gubbi Taluk	1st Group	2	0	0	21,119	61,612	19,102	0	10	1	0	14	6			
	2nd Group	1	12	0	56,185		45,589				0	13	0			
	3rd Group	1	8	0	20,120		14,549				0	11	7			
	Total				97,424	61,612	79,240	0	10	1	0	13	0	0	2	11
Channarayapatna Taluk	1st Group	2	4	0	38,666	29,045	42,237	0	12	0	1	1	6			
	2nd Group	2	2	0	43,022	34,041	43,985	0	12	7	1	0	4			
	Total				81,688	63,086	86,222	0	12	4	1	0	11	0	4	7

4. It will be seen from the foregoing that though the old dry assessment in Channarayapatna is heavier than in Gubbi, yet the increase proposed is also higher than what was adopted for the latter taluk. The prevailing soil is doubtless of good quality, but the taluk suffered severely during the famine of 1877—79, and will require many years before it can recover its former condition. At no time was it a rich taluk. It has always sent a larger portion of its population than any other taluk in the Province to work on coffee plantations in the Nilgiris, the Wynaad and Coorg. It is one of the taluks which do not get the full benefit of either the south-west, or north-east monsoon. It has a normal rain-fall of under 22 inches in the year, though during the past 10 years including the period of the late famine, the average annual fall was only 16 inches. It has a population of only 155 to the square mile. The proportion of cultivated to arable waste land is As. 2 to 1. The highest land revenue realized before the famine was Rs. 1,14,000. It is now only Rs. 1,03,000, owing to extensive relinquishments of dry lands. These considerations point in the opinion of Government to the necessity of reducing the proposed dry rates so as to bring the average rate to between 13 and 14 annas per acre. It is true that the recorded area under occupation has been found to be grossly inaccurate, but it must be remembered that this inaccuracy alone rendered the old assessment bearable, for by dividing the amount of the old revenue by the actual occupied area ascertained by the survey, the actual average rate per dry acre is found to be Rs. 0—12—4, a rate by no means unduly low when the prevailing rates of neighbouring taluks and the poor condition of this taluk are taken into consideration. A large quantity of land is held for grazing purposes on a nominal assessment. With the introduction of the settlement, much of this land will be resigned, but it is believed that an average assessment of between 13 and 14 annas per acre of cultivated dry land will prevent the settlement resulting in a loss of revenue to Government.

Under such circumstances, the Superintendent of Revenue Survey will be requested to revise the rates now proposed for adoption, and to submit a fresh proposal for the settlement of this taluk.

From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Settlement, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 212, dated Mysore, 26th June 1884.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Dewan's Proceedings, No. 1140-1—21, dated the 16th May last, directing a revision of the proposals submitted under my letter No. 791 of the 15th March last, for the settlement of the Channarayapatna Taluk.

2. At para 4 of the Dewan's Order, as above, I am directed to re-cast my proposals so as to bring the average rate on the occupied dry lands of the taluk to between 13 and 14 annas per acre. The settlement having now been postponed, for the present season, and considerable time being left for discussion, I make no apology for again submitting for consideration some of the more important points bearing on the question at issue. I do this, not from any desire to combat

the views of Government because they happen to differ from my own, but in order to bring about the reduction in the proposed assessment of dry lands in such a manner as to lay the settlement under report, as little open as possible to any charge of inconsistency or anomalous treatment unfair to adjoining villages already settled.

3. The following statement contrasts the circumstances of the taluk under report with those of surrounding taluks already settled as regards some very important points.—

Taluk.	Population.	Population per square mile.		Maximum dry rates.	Average dry rate.
		On occupied area.	On whole area.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
Hassan excluding 3 semi-malnad maganis...	55,901	454	198	2 8 0 2 4 0	1 3 1
Channarayapatna	55,174	385	144	2 4 0 2 2 0	1 0 11
Kadaba (whole)...	59,588	313	125	2 0 0 1 12 0 1 8 0	0 13 0
Group of Kadaba adjoining Channarayapatna	14,293	386	125	2 0 0	0 14 6
Honnavalli (whole)	27,788	224	83	2 0 0 1 12 0 1 8 0	0 12 10
Group of Honnavalli adjoining Channarayapatna	21,701	244	106	2 0 0	0 14 1
Haranhalli (whole)	38,794	413	148	2 4 0 2 0 0 1 12 0	0 14 10
Group of Haranhalli adjoining Channarayapatna	28,310	422	152	2 4 0	0 15 8

The groups of villages immediately adjoining the Channarayapatna Taluk are shown in abstract, as it is important that they should be viewed separately from the bulk of the taluks to which they belong. It will be at once obvious that in order to carry out the wishes of Government, by lowering the dry assessment of the occupied lands to an average of between 13 and 14 annas per acre, it will be necessary to adopt maximum rates for dry lands much lower than in the adjoining groups of adjoining taluks. Thus in the adjoining group of Haranhalli, the average dry rate is Rs. 0—15—8 per acre and the maximum dry rate is Rs. 2—4—0 ; if we reduce the assessment of Channarayapatna so as to come to a little over annas 14 per acre on the average, the maximum dry rates would have to be Rs 1—14—0 and Rs. 1—12—0 for the 1st and 2nd groups respectively, instead of Rs 2—4—0 and Rs. 2—2—0 as proposed by me in my original report. Now the result would be not only that would Channarayapatna have maximum dry rates far lower than the adjoining groups of Haranhalli, Kadaba and Honnavalli, but lower even than the general maximum dry rates for those taluks as a whole. If we look at the question of population, it will be seen that the only taluk, except Hassan, that can favorably compare with Channarayapatna, in that respect, is Haranhalli but, in the last mentioned taluk, the figures were compiled before the famine which is calculated to have reduced the population by 47 per cent Yet Channarayapatna *after* the famine shows a state of things very nearly similar to what existed in Haranhalli *before* the famine. Kadaba, it will be observed, is far behind Channarayapatna as regards population and in my opinion possesses those advantages which are considered in our settlements in a far lower degree.

4. I beg very respectfully to point out that the remarks, at para 4 of the Dewan's Proceedings which deal with the question from an abstract and not a comparative point of view, will apply with equal, and in some instances greater, force to the adjoining settled taluks, excepting as regards the portion of its population which Channarayapatna sends to work in the coffee plantations. From its position Channarayapatna would naturally send a large number of its people to work in the coffee districts, but the same may be said of Hassan, Narsipur and Arkalgud and, as I have already remarked at para 8 of my original report, I do not consider the accessibility of

the coffee districts to the people at all an unmixed evil. It saved many during the famine and, as regards the steady and punctual payment of the Government revenue, nothing secures that result so much as the proximity of the coffee districts. Of course on the other hand, labor is withdrawn, but only occasionally and to a small extent, at critical times. The people do not go to the coffee districts solely because they are poor, they would go from almost any maidan taluk similarly situated, as regards distance, with that under report. Generally speaking the people who go to work in the coffee districts leave not earlier than September, returning again in fair time for sowing operations, thus reducing the inconvenience of their absence to a minimum as regards ordinary dry cultivation. Mr. Elliott calculates at para 8 of the Famine Report that the savings brought home by the coffee coolies amount annually to 18½ lakhs of rupees.

5. I formed my opinion of the taluk under report as much from close personal observation as from anything else, and I have no hesitation in recording my opinion that Channarayapatna possesses higher advantages than any of the adjoining settled taluks except Hassan. The return of rain-fall as at present kept I have always regarded as unreliable. Thus, in the Mysore Gazetteer, the rain-fall in Channarayapatna in 1873 and 1874 is recorded as 33·89 and 21·92 inches respectively, while in the Hassan Taluk in the same years the figures are 26 and 14·50 respectively and so on, through all taluks, the figures are palpably the result of partial and unscientific gauging.

6. What I have now however to do is to report how the wishes of Government, as regards reducing the proposed dry assessment, can be met. The difficulties in the way of reduction, as I have already pointed out, lie in the anomaly of adopting lower rates for Channarayapatna than for adjoining villages, although all recorded information which we have collected shows a better state of things as regards population, roads and markets in the former, always excepting the Hassan Taluk. It will be necessary, therefore, in justification of the proposed reduction to fall back upon the plea of the inexpediency of adding very largely to the existing demand and it is undoubtedly the case that the adoption of rates similar to those adopted in adjoining taluks entails, relatively, a larger increase on Channarayapatna than on the other taluks concerned. It is for Government to decide how far it is safe to adopt a course of expediency against one marked out by past experience. It must be borne in mind that the circumstances of the taluk under report, as regards the extent of land under occupancy, are very peculiar. If the statement at para 3 be consulted, it will be seen that the population of Channarayapatna is almost identical with that of the Hassan Taluk and yet the area under occupancy is 91,962 acres against only 70,948 acres in Hassan. I think it will be found that whatever rates may be adopted, a good deal of land now held, or rather claimed, will be resigned.

7. There is another point noted by me at para 20 of my original report, and not alluded to in the Dewan's Proceedings, which is that the ryots will be relieved of the payment of about Rs. 5,000 to the Shanbhogs, as a result of the settlement and its concomitant operations.

8. I must confess that I feel myself placed in a position of great difficulty by the view which Government has taken of the proposed settlement. The maximum dry rates for the two groups in Channarayapatna at present stand at Rs. 2—4—0 and Rs. 2—2—0. If we reduce the maximum dry rate of the 1st group to Rs. 2—0—0, there is the difficulty that the 2nd group must necessarily also be reduced, and then the maximum dry rate of the latter will be lower than those of the neighbouring villages of Kadaba, Honvalli and Haranhalli. Again, if we reduce the maximum dry rate of the 1st group to Rs. 2—2—0 and of the 2nd group to Rs. 2—0—0, any very great anomaly will be avoided, but the proposed dry assessment would be only reduced by about Rs. 5,000, leaving the total assessment of the occupied dry lands at about Rs. 81,000 against Rs. 63,086 old, and this Government may not consider enough. By adopting maximum dry rates of Rs. 2-0-0 and Rs. 1—14—0 respectively for the two groups, the reduction would be about Rs. 10,000, leaving the dry assessment at Rs. 76,000 new against Rs. 63,086 old. I must leave Government to decide whether to forego Rs. 5,000 or Rs. 10,000 of the proposed dry assessment, although at the same time I do not recommend the latter and larger reduction. To adopt maximum dry rates which would bring the average dry rate to between annas 13 or 14 would involve such an anomaly and lay the settlement open to such a well grounded charge of inconsistency, that I have deemed it my duty to point out to Government how some portion of the required decrease may be arrived at by a somewhat less questionable procedure. By adopting maximum dry rates of Rs. 2—0—0 and Rs. 1—14—0 for the two groups respectively, the average dry rate on occupied lands would be 14 annas 10 pies per acre, exactly the same as the average dry rate on the occupied lands of the Haranhalli Taluk. I do not think any one acquainted with the two taluks would say this was quite fair, especially as the soils of Channarayapatna are much better than those of Harnhalli. I therefore strongly recommend that the maximum dry rates be fixed at Rs. 2—2—0 and Rs. 2 respectively for the 2 groups of Channarayapatna.

9. I have no difficulty in recommending, for rice lands, a maximum of Rs. 7—8—0 instead of Rs. 8—0—0. The former fits in with the rates adopted in the Hassan and other adjoining Taluks This change will cause a decrease of Rs. 1,600 in the assessment of the occupied rice lands. The garden assessment has been fixed by myself, after making every allowance for

the circumstances of each individual garden, and I can recommend no departure from my original proposals. With the above reduction in the rice assessment the proposed assessment of the garden ***and*** rice will be Rs. 43,592 new against Rs. 40,122 old. I may here remark, with reference to para 2 of the Dewan's order, that the gardens of Kadaba, although formerly cultivated with the better sorts of garden produce, are not so extensive as those of the taluk under report and were found at the time of classification to have in most cases lost almost all the supari trees. Lieutenant-Colonel Mackenzie at para 14 of his report mentions that much might be made of the gardens of Channarayapatna, water being everywhere near the surface.

10. If the dry maximum rates be fixed at Rs. 2—2—0 and Rs. 2—0—0 respectively, which are the lowest rates I can conscientiously advocate, and the maximum rate for rice lands at Rs. 7—8—0 in both groups, the effect of the settlement will be as follows :—

Description	Old Assessment.	New Assessment.
1	2	3
Dry	63,086	81,000
Garden and Rice	40,122	43,592
	1,03,208	1,24,592

11. There is no probability of the settlement resulting in a loss of revenue to Government even if the dry rate were reduced to an average of between 13 and 14 annas as noticed at para 4 of the Dewan's Proceedings, but I trust Government will abandon the intention of adopting any arbitrary rate of that kind which, as I have already shown, must stultify all our previous settlements in adjoining talukas.

12. I have made no fresh calculations regarding local fund and irrigation cess; the amounts will vary in proportion to the reduced assessment.

13. Nor have I prepared any new classwar statement. When I have obtained the final orders of Government I can submit a new classwar statement if required although it scarcely appears necessary.

14. I shall feel greatly obliged by early orders on the alternative proposals made at para 8, as although the current working season is now over, it may perhaps be possible to make use of the phutpahani which has been carried out and introduce the settlement very early next season.

BANGALORE, 9TH AUGUST 1884.

MY DEAR COLONEL GRANT,

The maximum dry rates for Channarayapatna Taluk may be fixed at Rs. 2 and Rs. 1—14—0 respectively for the 1st and 2nd groups. These rates I find give an average rate of Rs. 0—13—9 for the entire area of arable dry, though on the occupied portion of it they may give about Rs. 0—14—11. On the whole therefore I consider that the maximum rates as above (Rs. 2 for 1st group and Rs. 1—14—0 for 2nd group) will in every way be fair and reasonable.

The maximum rice rate may be reduced to Rs. 7—8—0 as proposed. You may set people to work accordingly. Official orders will follow.

Yours very sincerley,

K. SHESHADRI IYER.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 7th August 1885.

No. 2628-37—84, DATED 7TH AUGUST 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The rates of assessment having been fixed in the Dewan's lemi-official letter of the 9th August 1884, the foregoing papers are recorded.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Superintendent, Revenue Survey
The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
The Sub-Division officer, French Rocks.
Other Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers.

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 22nd August 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 501—184, dated 18th July 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the District for the year 1885—86.

No. 2976-9—95, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND AUGUST 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimated receipts and expenditure of the 13 Municipalities of the Kolar District for the current official year are as noted in the following statement:—

Items of Receipts.			Kolar.	Bowringpet.	Malur.	Shrinivaspur.	Chintamani.	Mulbagal.	Sidlaghatta.	Yadigenhalli.	Chikballapur.	Devanhalli.	Bagepalli.	Gudibande.	Gowribidnur.	Total.
I.	Octroi—															
	(a)	Cocoanuts, fresh ...	50	15	8	2	7	16	55	10	60	10	3	1	1	238
	(b)	Do dry ...	15	3	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	26
	(c)	Betel-leaves ...	30	40	30	8	25	25	65	7	95	5	8	1	10	344
	(d)	Sugar ...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
	(e)	Jaggory ...	24	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28
	(f)	Ghee ...	5	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	9
	(g)	Sheep and Goats ...	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	155
	(h)	Oil ...	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45
	(i)	Oil-seeds ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	23
	(j)	Building materials ...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	13
	(k)	Tobacco ...	45	6	1	1	20	15	8	1	25	...	...	...	1	123
	(l)	Cloth ...	400	300	60	35	590	240	600	...	220	...	20	2	50	2,517
		Total Octroi.....	791	364	99	46	655	296	730	18	419	17	26	4	62	3,527
II.	House Tax ...	...	1,800	140	236	245	455	372	700	243	800	470	110	190	165	5,926
III.	Mohatarfa tax on—	(a) Shops ...	1,100	130	130	76	323	207	453	218	562	204	40	80	92	3,615
		(b) Looms ...	345	3	33	...	8	8	8	8	54	29	1	20	5	522
		(c) Oil Mills ...	110	4	5	10	23	24	8	15	100	20	2	...	6	327
		(d) Carts ...	570	48	48	66	53	132	94	38	120	145	25	15	31	1,405
IX.	Extraordinary—Sale of lands ...		...	30	...	...	5	15	...	...	3	10	1	...	...	64
X.	Fines ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XI.	Pounds ...		120	20	30	40	20	60	20	1	50	15	4	3	2	385
XII.	Miscellaneous ...		90	25	...	1	30	13	15	8	50	25	10	4	5	276
	School Fees ...		...	275	...	...	...	144	..	...	385	96	...	...	...	900
		Total Income.....	4,926	1,039	581	504	1,572	1,271	2,028	549	2,543	1,031	219	315	368	16,947
		Opening Balance.....	2,612	1,865	2,534	957	4,943	2,975	6,980	2,122	8,222	4,328	1,067	1,609	1,338	41,552
		Total Gross Income.....	7,538	2,904	3,115	1,461	6,515	4,246	9,008	2,671	10,765	5,359	1,286	1,925	1,706	58,499

Items of Expenditure.	Kolar.	Bowringpet.	Malur.	Shrinivaspur.	Chintamani.	Mulbagal.	Sidlaghatta.	Vadigenahalli.	Chikballapur.	Devanhalli.	Bagepalli.	Gudibanda.	Goribidnur.	Total.
I. Collection of (*a*) Octroi tax ...	40	15	5	2	50	20	40	2	20	1	2	1	3	201
II. Head Office charges	70	10	10	10	20	10	20	10	20	10	10	10	10	220
III. Public Works—(*a*) Original works ...	1,500	100	150	100	500	300	600	200	400	200	200	200	200	4,650
(*b*) Repairs, Municipal...	540	167	150	150	200	475	544	200	648	222	225	175	150	3,846
(*c*) Do Educational...	60	33	...	52	174	125	56	...	52	78	...	15	100	745
IV. Police charges	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000
V. Education	...	468	...	...	...	252	...	...	738	192	. .	...	.	1,650
VI. Charitable Grants-(*a*) Dispensary charges.	570	...	...	...	...	. .	...	...	150	...	..	..	...	720
VII. Conservancy—(*a*) Establishment ...	894	120	120	192	256	224	262	96	456	192	120	128	120	3,180
(*b*) Other charges ...	360	...	...	96	140	96	112	...	224	...	...	...	...	1,028
IX. Lighting	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60
XI. Miscellaneous ...	150	50	50	30	60	60	60	20	80	30	25	50	25	690
Total Expenditure.....	6,244	963	485	632	1,400	1,562	1,694	528	2,788	925	582	579	608	18,990
Closing Balance.....	1,294	1,941	2,630	829	5,115	2,684	7,314	2,143	7,977	4,434	704	1,346	1,098	39,509
Grand Total.....	7,538	2,904	3,115	1,461	6,515	4,246	9,008	2,671	10,765	5,359	1 286	1,925	1,706	58,499

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 22nd August 1885.

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—Octroi is levied on cocoanuts, dry and fresh, betel-leaves, tobacco and cloth in all the Municipalities of the District, while in Kolar, Chintamani and Chikballapur, the tax is extended to other articles, such as sugar, jaggory, ghee, sheep and goats, oil, &c. The estimated receipts from the tax for the current year range from Rs. 791 in Kolar to Rs. 4 in Gudibanda against Rs. 430 and 12 respectively in these towns in the past year. From the marginal statement of actual receipts, it will be seen that the octroi revenue except under cloth in several Municipalities is generally very small. At Chintamani, the Municipal Board voted for the abolition of octroi in the town, and this was approved in the Dewan's Proceedings No. 1704-5—49, dated 2nd June 1882. With reference to this, the Deputy Commissioner has, however, submitted the question of the abolition of the tax throughout the District, as its abolition in the single town of Chintamani would place the other towns at a disadvantage. The Dewan concurs in this view and sanctions the abolition of the tax on all articles except cloth throughout the District.

No.	Municipalities.	1881—82.			1882—83.			1883—84.			1884—85.		
		Cloth.	Other articles.	Total.	Cloth.	Other articles.	Total.	Cloth.	Other articles.	Total.	Cloth.	Other articles.	Total.
1	Kolar ...	91	429	520	165	450	615	189	188	377	395	412	807
2	Bowringpet ...	21	77	98	167	85	252	224	68	292	305	65	370
3	Malur ...	46	50	96	34	46	80	30	39	69	64	38	102
4	Shrinivaspur ...	8	5	13	39	16	55	21	4	25	39	5	44
5	Chintamani ...	446	234	680	93	133	226	220	74	294	599	115	714
6	Mulbagal ...	67	60	127	168	116	284	193	74	267	239	60	299
7	Sidlaghatta ...	382	79	461	363	90	453	500	101	601	663	133	796
8	Vadigenahalli..	...	16	16	...	16	16	..	15	15	...	17	17
9	Chikballapur...	366	94	460	218	84	302	160	92	252	219	205	424
0	Devanhalli ...	...	31	31	...	12	12	...	41	41	...	12	42
1	Bagepalli ...	13	9	22	5	7	12	3	6	9	23	6	29
2	Gudibanda ...	8	9	17	6	8	14	7	4	11	2	2	4
3	Goribidnur ...	2	17	19	...	13	13	112	15	127	50	12	62

3. EXPENDITURE.—*Head Office.*—The estimate of expenditure under Head Office comprises the pay of a Clerk on Rs. 25 per mensem proposed to be entertained in the District Office for the examination of municipal accounts as well as Rs. 20 per annum for contingencies. The current year's Municipal Budgets of the District provide for the pay of this Clerk for 8 months from 1st August 1885. The proposal to entertain a Clerk for municipal work is sanctioned, but his pay should be fixed at Rs. 20 per mensem as in the case of the Bangalore and Kadur Districts.

4. *Public Works.*—The proposed outlay on Public Works amounting to Rs. 9,241 is distributed as shown under :—

		Rs.
(*a*)	Original Works	4,650
(*b*)	Repairs, Municipal	3,846
(*c*)	Do Educational	745
	Total....	9,241

Towns.	*Name of Work.*	*Amount.*
Kolar.	Improving Kilkote Tank	... 500
	Constructing V shaped drains	... 600
	Forming the roads	... 200
Chintamani.	Constructing V shaped drains	... 300
Mulbagal	do do	... 200
Sidlaghatta	do do	... 350
Vadigenahalli	do do	.. 200
Chikballapur	do do	... 200
Devanhalli	do do	... 200
Bagepalli	do do	... 200

The principal original works provided for, are noted in the margin.

5. *Education.*—Provisions as noted in the margin have been made on account of the charges for the English classes at Chikballapur, Bowringpet and Devanhalli as well as for the school recommended to be established at Mulbagal, only ¾ths of these provisions will be retained in the Municipal Budgets of the first 3 towns, in which the remaining ¼ will be adjusted from Provincial Funds as laid down in the Comptroller's Circular No 1571, dated 21st December 1883, a copy of which is herewith forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner for information. For the proposed school at Mulbagal full provision for the estimated expenditure will be retained for the present in accordance with the Proceedings of the Dewan No. 3308—1, dated 5th February 1885.

Designation.	Chikballapur.	Bowringpet.	Devanhalli.
Head Master per mensem	40	30	15
Assistant Master	15	8	...
Peon	5	...	...
Stationery	1½	1	1
Total monthly charges.....	61½	39	16

6. *Charitable Grants.*—The Deputy Commissioner is requested to furnish details for the allotments made under Dispensary charges in Kolar and Chikballapur.

No.	Municipalities.	Sweepers. Present. No.	Sweepers. Present. Amount.	Sweepers. Proposed. No.	Sweepers. Proposed. Amount.	Carts. Present. No.	Carts. Present. Amount.	Carts. Proposed. No.	Carts. Proposed. Amount.	Monthly increase for each Town.
1	Bowringpet	2	6	3	12	...	...	...	...	6
2	Malur	2	6	3	12	...	...	...	...	6
3	Chintamani	3	9	5	20	1	7	2	14	18
4	Shrinivaspur... ..	3	9	3	12	...	...	...	...	3
5	Mulbagal	3	9	4	16	...	...	...	..	7
6	Sidlaghatta	3	10½	5	20	1	8	1	10	11½
7	Chikballapur... ...	...	...	...	...	2	16	2	20	4
8	Bagepalli	2	6	3	12	...	...	...	...	6
9	Gudibanda	2	8	3	12	...	...	...	...	4
10	Goribidnur	2	6	3	12	...	...	...	...	6
	Total.....	22	69½	32	128	4	31	5	44	71½

7. *Conservancy.*—Compared with the actual charges of the year 1884—85, the estimates of the current year under the head "Conservancy" show increases as noted in the margin. These increases are sanctioned with effect from 1st August 1885 as proposed by the Deputy Commissioner.

8. With the foregoing remarks the budgets under review are passed.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.
The Comptroller with copies of budgets and details,
The Secretary in the Education Department.
The Do Police Department.
The Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government.
The Other Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 22nd August 1885.

READ—

Letters from the Sub-Division officer, Hassan, Nos. 87—29 and 203—59, dated 17th May and 11th June 1885, respectively, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the Hassan Sub-Division for the year 1885—86.

No. 2980-3—96, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND AUGUST 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimated receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Hassan Sub-Division for the current official year are as entered in the following statement :—

Details.	Municipalities.							
	Hassan	Alur.	Sakleşpur.	Belur.	Haranhalli.	Banavar.	Arsikere.	Total.
I. Octroi—								
Cocoanuts, dry and green ...	50	50	2	30	...	5	...	160
Jaggory and sugar ...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	100
Butter and ghee ...	15	...	...	...	...	..	...	15
Sheep and goats... ...	160	..	...	...	...	...	...	160
Betel-leaves	150	160	105	35	9	20	..	479
Tobacco and stalks ...	150	160	70	10	5	10	...	405
Cloth	1,000	30	75	800	5	...	...	1,910
Total Octroi.....	1,625	400	275	875	19	35	...	3,229
II. House tax	2,500	80	100	260	145	220	75	3,380
III. Mohatarfa *on* shops ...	1,200	150	155	230	50	145	86	2,016
„ Looms and oil mills...	125	7	...	80	75	20	20	327
„ Carts	300	13	24	50	30	65	24	506
IX. Sale of building sites ...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
XI. Pounds	200	40	60	80	61	120	60	621
XII. Miscellaneous	135	15	11	25	...	105	15	306
School fees	...	...	150	...	...	...	...	150
Total Income.....	6,085	705	775	1,600	380	720	280	10,545
Opening Balance.....	5,991	2,762	1,850	4,788	1,331	911	649	18,192
Gross Total Income.....	11,916	3,467	2,625	6,388	1,711	1,631	929	28,737

Details.	Municipalities.							
	Hassan	Alur.	Saklespur	Belur	Haralhalli	Banavar.	Arsikere.	Total.
Expenditure								
I. Collection Charges	144	20	11	45	1	...	...	221
II. Head Office charges	300	48	16	16	8	8	...	396
III. Public Works—								
Original Works	1,151	407	110	150	57	..	...	1,875
Compensation ...	500	..	..	...	...	...	...	500
Repairs	615	100	100	500	100	212	107	1,734
Do Educational ...	...	...	100	50	..	50	...	200
IV. Police	1,216	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,216
V. Education	...	...	243	.	...	...	...	243
VI. Dispensary charges ...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...
VII. Conservancy—								
Establishment	1,200	120	216	432	120	372	156	2,616
Other charges	264	...	...	...	...	...	...	264
IX. Lighting	325	...	30	75	15	15	...	460
XI. Extraordinary	100	...	...	...	...	...	..	100
XII. Miscellaneous	100	10	30	22	8	15	17	202
Cattle Pound Charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	48	...	48
Total Expenditure.....	5,915	705	906	1,290	309	720	280	10,075
[redacted]								
Closing Balance.....	6,071	2,762	1,719	5,098	1,402	911	649	18,662
Grand Total.....	11,986	3,467	2,625	6,388	1,711	1,631	929	28,737

2. **Receipts.**—*Octroi.*—In accordance with the instructions contained in Dewan's Proceedings No. 193-5—8 of 12th April 1883, no octroi duty is levied at Arsikere. Besides cocoanuts, dry and green, betel-leaves, tobacco and cloth which are subject to octroi in all the other Municipalities of the Sub-Division, the tax is collected in Hassan on a larger number of articles including jaggory, ghee, animals for slaughter, &c. The levy of octroi on tobacco stalks was prohibited by para 27 of the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3362-73— Ml. 161 of 27th September 1879, and yet receipts from this source have been included in the estimates entered in the

budgets of Hassan and Alur. From the marginal comparative statement of actuals for the past three years and the estimates for the current year, it will be seen that the octroi revenue is generally small. A copy of this Office memo No. 561, dated 29th November 1882, regarding the abolition of octroi in Davangeri is herewith forwarded to the Sub-Division officer and he is requested to submit proposals for the revision of octroi in the Sub-Division in view to retaining the tax in large towns only on a few productive articles.

3. *Mohatarfa Tax on Carts.*—In para 2 of their Proceedings, dated 7th May last, the Municipal Board of Hassan say that the tax on carts should be raised so that there may be a lower rate for carts drawn by a single bullock which people keep for domestic use. With regard to this proposal, the Sub-Division officer is requested to report in

Details of Articles.	Hassan.				Alur.				Sakleshpur.				Belur.				Banavar.				Harahalli.			
	Actuals.			Estimates, 1885—86.	Actuals.			Estimates, 1885—86.	Actuals.			Estimates, 1885—86.	Actuals.			Estimates, 1885—86.	Actuals.			Estimates, 1885—86.	Actuals.			Estimates, 1885—86.
	1882—83	1883—84	1884—85		1882—83	1883—84	1884—85		1882—83	1883—94	1884—85		1882—83	1883—84	1884—85		1882—83	1883—84	1884—85		1882—83	1883—84	1884—85	
1885.																								
I. Betel-leaves ...	220	159	137	150	333	214	163	160	163	117	101	105	30	24	29	35	11	13	17	20	8	5	9	9
Cocoanuts, dry and green ...	54	47	44	50		43	46	50		19	25	25		10	16	30		3	4	5				
Ghee	53	15	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sugar	74	23	22	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jaggery	36	58	61	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
II. Sheep, goats, &c. ...	176	132	148	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
I. Tobacco	141	188	140	150	151	159	157	160	57	66	70	70	8	...	6	10	38	15	8	10	2	9	...	5
Do stalks at ½ rupee per maund in *Hassan* and *Alur*	1,154	907	885	1,000	538	437	400	400	125	61	101	75	319	418	814	800	49	31	29	35	18	21	12	19
II. Piece goods ...	1,908	1,459	1,437	1,625	538	437	400	400	345	263	297	275	357	452	865	875	49	31	29	35	18	21	12	19
Total... ...																								

ber of carts liable to tax in the town and the different rates recommended to be levied on them.

4. EXPENDITURE.—*Head office.*—The estimate of Rs. 396 under "*Head office*" provides for the salaries of an Overseer at Hassan on Rs. 25 and a Municipal Clerk in the Sub-Division office on Rs.8 per mensem. The provision is passed.

5. *Public Works.*—The total allotment under the head "Public Works" amounts to Rs. 4,309 distributed as shown below —

		Rs.
Original Works	..	1,875
Compensation	..	500
Repairs, Municipal	.	1,734
Do Educational	..	200

6. The budget submitted for Saklespur provides Rs. 50 for Educational repairs, while the Sub-Division officer in his No 218—63, dated 15th June 1885, to the Education Secretary, states that a provision of Rs. 100 has been made for repairing the school building in the town. The latter provision will now be adhered to.

7. *Education.*—Under the spirit of general instructions contained in the Proceedings marginally noted, the management of the English school at Saklespur belongs to the Municipality in that town: the school fees form part of Municipal funds which should bear three-fourths of the cost of the establishment in the school, the remaining one-fourth being payable from the Provincial revenue, to be adjusted as provided for in the Comptroller's Circular No. 1571, dated 21st December 1883, a copy of which is herewith forwarded to the Sub-Division officer for information. The current year's Municipal budget of Saklespur does not provide for the receipts and expenditure connected with the English school at that station. The omission has been supplied by this office as shown in the margin.

Proceedings of late Chief Commissioner No. 6308-16—Edl. 106, dated 25th January 1881.
Proceedings of the Dewan No. 4520-9—118, dated 25th September 1882.

		Rs.
Estimate of receipts from fees per annum		150
Estimated cost of the school establishment in the year 1885—86—		
1 Head Master	at Rs. 20	
1 Pupil Teacher	„ 5	
Stationery	„ 2	
Total per mensem	„ 27	

or per annum Rs. 324. Three-fourths of this provided for in the Municipal budget Rs 243.

8. *VI. Charitable Grants—Dispensaries.*—In the Proceedings of the late Chief Commissioner No. 2593-5—Ml. 132, dated 30th August 1879, it was directed that the one-third share of the charges of the Dispensary at Saklespur debitable to Municipal Funds should be met from the District Funds until the Municipal income of the town could be revised and made more productive. The whole charge of the dispensary still continues to be debited to District Funds. From the marginal table of the actual receipts and expenditure of the Saklespur Municipality for the past six years, i.e., since the revision of 1879—80, it will be seen that the Municipality is no longer incapable of bearing its *quota* of this legitimate charge on its funds. The Sub-Division officer is requested to arrange for debiting the one-third share of the charge of the dispensary in the town to Municipal Funds from 1st October next.

Years.	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
1879—80	563	179
1880—81	835	521
1881—82	842	554
1882—83	708	627
1883—84	712	440
1884—85	742	387

9. The cost of the Local Fund Dispensary at Arsikere opened in August last is, as usual in the case of Local Fund Dispensaries, being met from the District and Municipal Funds in the proportion of two-thirds and one-third respectively. The newly established Municipality of Arsikere is solely maintained from moiety of the

house and mohatarfa taxes and from the cattle pound fines. The Sub-Division officer has consequently, in his No. 619—190 of 15th August 1884, reported that the Municipality cannot afford to bear its *quota* of the dispensary charge and has made no provision for it in the current year's budget. The entire cost of the dispensary will therefore be defrayed from District Funds until the Municipal revenue becomes capable of meeting its share of the charge.

10. *Conservancy.*—Under "Conservancy" the estimate of expenditure in Hassan exceeds that of the past year by Rs. 48 and the charge actually incurred in that year by Rs. 60. In Haranhalli the provision under the head amounts to Rs. 120 or Rs. 60 less than in 1884—85, owing to reduction of a sweeper on Rs. 5 per mensem. In Arsikere the conservancy estimate amounts to Rs. 156, for which no details have been furnished.

11. *Lighting.*—Provision for lighting has been made in all the Municipalities except Alur and Arsikere. Some expenditure on account of lighting seems to have been incurred in the past and previous years in Saklespur and Belur and in 1883—84 in Haranhalli. Except in Hassan and perhaps in Belur, lighting should be postponed for the present in minor Municipalities.

12. The budget of Banavar provides a peon on Rs. 4 for the cattle pound in the town. No such peon is allowed for any Municipal pound in the Sub-Division and expenditure on this account should therefore be done away with.

13. Subject to the foregoing remarks, the budget estimates under review are sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Sub-Division officer, Hassan.
The Comptroller with copies of the budgets and their details.
The Education Secretary for information.
The Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, for information.

No. 3308-9—52, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND AUGUST 1885.

ORDER.—His Highness the Maharaja's Government sanctions the following alteration of the Siledar Pension Rules sanctioned by the Government of India in Foreign Secretary's letter No. 116 M, dated 8th October 1874:—

(1.) In the case of Military officers or Savars thrown out of employ by reduction of establishment, a grace of additional service shall be given, when required, as follows:—
  (*a*). One year in the case of an "ordinary" pension which, under present rules, is earned after 20 years' service.
  (*b*). Three years in the case of a superior pension which, under present rules, is earned after 40 years' service.

(2.) In the case of Peshkars, Sar-Peshkars and others whose pension is regulated by the Uncovenanted Civil Service Rules, the grace of one year sanctioned by the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2758—F. 5, dated 27th June 1879, shall be granted.

2. It is hoped that these rules will enable the Military Secretary to retire without hardship such of the officers thrown out of employ by the recent reduction of the Siledar Force from 3 to 2 Regiments as it may be undesirable to retain as supernumeraries.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Military Secretary.
The Comptroller.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 27th August 1885.

READ—

Letters from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, Nos 192 and 412, dated 22nd May and 15th July 1885, respectively, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Minor Municipalities in the Bangalore District for 1885—86.

Also letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, No. 476, dated 28th July 1885, requesting sanction to an extra sweeper required for the Kunigal Municipality on Rs. 4 per mensem.

No. 3048-52—100, DATED BANGALORE, 27TH AUGUST 1885.

ORDRE THEREON.—The estimates of receipts and expenditure of the 15 minor Municipalities in the Bangalore District for the current official year are as entered in the following statement:—

Details.		Yelahanka.	Kengeri.	Hoskote.	Doddaballapur.	Nelamangala.	Tyamagondal.	Hankunhalli.	Magadi.	Closepet.	Channapatna.	Anekal.	Sarjapur.	Dommasandra.	Kunigal.	Holyurdurga.	Total.
I. Octroi—																	
Cocoanuts		...	4	6	70	13	22	15	50	18	100	5	...	...	20	...	323
Betel-leaves		2	10	10	75	7	18	10	50	100	80	5	...	...	20	...	337
Tobacco		...	10	9	20	10	10	15	80	2	140	...	...	...	90	...	336
	Total	2	24	25	165	30	50	40	130	120	320	10	...	..	130	..	1,046
II. House tax		160	155	300	500	330	280	200	505	600	1,050	600	200	150	250	90	5,370
III. Mohtarfa on—																	
Shops		65	105	200	320	256	223	101	330	240	450	250	60	40	300	35	2,995
Looms		16	2	5	480	40	50	200	100	...	10	300	100	130	3	5	1,441
Oil-mills		15	50	60	60	28	12	...	20	10	30	50	10	15	20	5	389
Carts...		44	50	120	60	36	35	20	35	50	60	55	30	25	30	7	607
X. Fines ...		30	50	65	90	30	50	75	40	75	200	20	15	10	150	10	910
XI. Pounds ...		...	...	...	...	20	20	...	40	...	10	10	10	10	72	...	150
XII. Miscellaneous		21	9	80	50	40	40	52	50	100	60	115	80	10	72	5	747
School fees		...	..	...	120	..	...	...	..	...	400	...	...	..	120	..	640
	Total	353	445	855	1,845	810	780	605	1,270	1,195	2,590	1,410	505	390	1,105	167	14,355
	Opening Balance.....	634	1,275	1,225	2,764	2,746	2,179	1,406	2,386	350	1,393	2,337	197	336	1,457	478	21,163
	Grand Total.....	987	1,720	2,080	4,609	3,556	2,959	2,071	3,656	1,545	3,983	3,747	702	726	2,562	635	35,518
I. Collection of Octroi ...		...	...	...	...	5	5	2	15	29	280	...	...	...	...	...	346
II. Head Office ...		6	...	...	20	10	10	10	22	25	35	30	10	7	20	10	240
III. Public Works—																	
Original Works ...		100	100	300	350	300	280	150	500	200	1,000	500	200	100	400	100	4,580
Compensation ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	50	60	50	...	...	260
Repairs, Municipal		100	150	213	376	150	180	100	300	100	500	250	...	75	150	50	2,894
Do Educational		...	100	100	...	...	...	50	80	50	...	100	50	...	20	...	430
V. Education ...		...	...	...	180	...	...	...	...	...	400	...	...	...	120	...	700
VI. Dispensary charges		...	...	...	104	...	...	...	104	104	50	...	...	...	154	...	566
VII. Conservancy—																	
Establishment charges		96	96	240	414	300	216	321	252	450	530	360	132	96	324	108	3,985
Other charges ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IX. Lighting ...		...	...	35	100	...	30	50	100	...	240	150	60	50	100	...	995
XII. Miscellaneous		50	30	50	70	20	15	17	50	80	50	60	20	20	10	...	522
	Total	352	386	953	1,544	785	746	750	1,423	1,098	3,195	1,500	532	398	1,278	283	15,308
	Closing Balance	635	1,334	1,127	2,965	2,771	2,193	1,321	2,233	447	788	2,247	170	328	1,284	367	20,210
	Grand Total	987	1,720	2,080	4,609	3,556	2,939	2,071	3,656	45	3,983	3,747	702	726	2,562	635	35,518

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 27th August 1885.

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—The Municipal share of the octroi levied in the Bangalore District on betel-leaves, dry and green coccanuts and tobacco is estimated at Rs. 1,046 against Rs 1,296 in the past year. On the representation of the Deputy Commissioner the experiment of maintaining a separate establishment for efficient management of the octroi collections has been tried at Channapatna; and yet the estimate of income from the tax there for the current year is only Rs. 320, the highest in the District, while the cost of establishment for its collection is estimated at Rs. 290 or 90·625 per cent of the income. The marginal statement gives the actual revenue from octroi in each of the Municipalities in the District for the past three years. Considering that the receipts under the different items of octroi are very small and the tax is oppressive in their nature, the Deputy Commissioner has proposed the abolition of the tax in the District. This proposal is sanctioned.

	Actuals of—		
	1882—83.	1883—84.	1884—85.
Yelahanka ...	3	3	3
Kengeri ...	20	26	19
Hoskote ...	19	26	17
Dodballapur ...	148	176	197
Nelamangala ...	72	36	20
Tyamagondal	79	58	46
Kankanhalli	37	42	17
Magadi ...	146	134	124
Closepet ...	192	164	107
Channapatna ..	135	291	273
Anekal ...	21	11	0
Sarjapur ...	...	...	...
Dommasandra	1	0	0
Kunigal ...	50	134	100
Huliyurdurga	...	...	...
Total.....	923	1,101	923

3. EXPENDITURE.—*Head office.*—Under "Head office" the usual provision has been made for the pay of the Municipal Clerk employed in the District office on Rs. 20 per mensem, the charge being debited proportionately to all the Municipalities in the District.

4. *Public Works.*—The provision under the head "*Public Works*" amounts to Rs. 7,974 as detailed below:—

	Rs.
Original Works	4,590
Compensation	260
Repairs, Municipal	2,694
Do Educational	430
Total ...	7,974

The principal original works provided for are noted in the margin.

		Rs.
1.	Constructing V and box drains at Magadi ..	500
2.	Constructing V drains at Nelamangala ...	300
3.	Do do Tyamagondal ...	290
4.	Additional work to New Market at Dodballapur	350
5.	Constructing a Dispensary at Hoskote ...	300
6.	Do a Dispensary and Market at Channapatna	1,000
7.	Do V and box drains, dust bins and lamp posts at Anekal	500
8.	Do V drains at Sarjapur ...	200
9.	Do box drains, lamp posts and additional work to Market at Kunigal ...	400
10.	Do drains and lamp posts at Closepet	200

5. *Education.*—Under the head "Education", the budgets submitted provide Rs. 400 in Channapatna, Rs. 180 in Dodballapur and Rs. 120 in Kunigal for the cost of the English schools in these towns. The cost of the actual establishment of the school at Channapatna amounts to Rs. 588 per annum, of which Rs. 441 or ¾ths are debitable to Municipal Funds, the remaining ¼th payable from the Provincial revenue to be separately adjusted by the Comptroller in accordance with his Circular No. 1571 of 21st December 1883. The provision on this account will be modified accordingly.

6. Sanction was conveyed in Education Secretary's No. 2522—3 of 12th November 1884 to the establishment of an English and a Sanskrit school at Dodballapur as a tentative measure, the cost at Rs. 10 for the former and Rs. 8 for the latter per mensem, or Rs. 90 for the last five months of the past official year, being met from Municipal Funds. It is observed that the expenditure connected with Canarese or

Sanskrit schools forms no part of the charge on Municipal Funds which under the Proceedings quoted in the margin bear ¾ths of the cost of only English schools at Taluk Head-quarters. The Deputy Commissioner should apply to the Education Secretary to relieve the Municipality of the charge on account of the Sanskrit school.

Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6308-16—Edl. 106 of 25th January 1881.

Dewan's Proceedings No 4520-9—118, dated 25th September 1882.

7. It is proposed to place the English school newly opened at Kunigal under Municipal supervision. One-fourth of the cost of this school is payable from Provincial revenue. Pending orders on this subject in the Educational Department to which the Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 253 of 6th June last regarding this school has been transferred, the provision of Rs. 120 made in the current year's budget of the town will be retained.

8. Besides the usual charges of the Dispensaries at Kunigal, Closepet, Magadi and the Dispensary newly established at Dodballapur, the budgets submitted provide Rs. 50 under the head "Dispensary charges" in each of the Municipalities of Kankanhalli and Channapatna. The provision for these towns will be retained pending the establishment of dispensaries in them in due course.

Dispensary Charges.

9. The provisions entered under the head "*Conservancy*" are said to represent the pay of scavengers: their number and rates of pay in the several Municipalities have not been given. These details should be furnished.

Conservancy.

10. Except Yelahanka, Kengeri, Nelamangala and Huliyurdurga, provision has been made for lighting in all the other Municipalities. In most of these and Nelamangala, some expenditure seems to have been incurred on account of lighting during the past and the previous years. With the exception of one or two important towns, lighting should be postponed for the present in Minor Municipalities.

Lighting.

With the foregoing remarks the budgets under review are sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
The Comptroller with copies of sanctioned budgets and their details.
The Education Secretary } for information.
The Police Do }
The Senior Surgeon.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 27th August 1885.

READ—

The Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the Chitaldroog Sub-Division for the year 1885—86 submitted by the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Sub-Division with his No. 40, dated 18th May 1885.

No. 3042-7—99, DATED BANGALORE, 27TH AUGUST 1885.

ORDER-THEREON.—The estimated receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Sub-Division for the current official year are as noted in the following statement:—

Items of Receipts.	Chitaldroog.	Hiriyur.	Hosdurga.	Holalkere.	Challakere.	Molkalmuru.	Jagalur.	Total.
I. Octroi—								
(*a*) Articles of food ...	300	15	5	...	...	...	...	320
(*b*) Fuel, lighting, &c. ...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50
(*c*) Building materials ...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
(*d*) Tabacco and betel-leaves ...	200	80	33	...	...	...	...	313
(*e*) Cloth	1,500	100	30	...	...	...	...	1,630
Total.....	2,055	195	68	...	...	...	...	2,318
II. House-tax.	1,100	150	190	177	113	150	200	2,080
III. Mohatarfa on—								
(*a*) Shops	436	70	120	94	47	35	60	856
(*b*) Looms	140	40	260	15	2	469	17	943
(*c*) Oil-mills	60	...	32	3	...	5	3	103
(*d*) Carts	170	40	40	47	42	22	100	461
IX. Extraordinary—								
(*a*) Sale of building sites ...	125	25	10	5	2	10	5	182
(*b*) Savings and refunds ...	20	1	2	...	...	...	...	23
X. Fines	5	5	5	5	5	5	2	32
XI. Pounds	250	80	60	60	35	50	60	595
XII. Miscellaneous—								
(*a*) Notice fee and interest ...	10	5	5	5	2	5	5	37
(*b*) Sale of Amarayi ...	25	...	...	...	...	..	...	25
(*c*) Sale of manure ...	30	20	3	2	2	..	5	62
(*d*) Receipts from smuggled goods	10	..	...	...	...	...	..	10
(*e*) Other items	10	5	5	7	5	5	10	47
School fees	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...
Total Income.....	**4,440**	**636**	**800**	**420**	**255**	**756**	**467**	**7,774**
Opening Balance.....	**3,263**	**983**	**1,363**	**258**	**190**	**642**	**399**	**7,098**
Total Gross Income.....	**7,703**	**1,619**	**2,163**	**678**	**445**	**1,398**	**866**	**14,872**

Items of Expenditure.	Chitaldroog.	Hiriyur.	Hosdurga.	Holalkere.	Challakere.	Molkalmuru.	Jagalur.	Total.
I. Collection	306	...	...	...	...	...	..	306
II. Head Office	27	9	9	9	9	9	9	81
III. Public Works—								
(*a*) Original Works ...	600	100	280	66	25	170	200	1,441
(*b*) Repairs, Municipal ...	250	275	200	95	50	200	100	1,170
(*c*) Do Educational ...	507	...	15	...	25	...	...	547
(*d*) Reserve	...	25	30	9	10	30	30	134
IV. Police	1,644	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,644
VII. Conservancy—								
(*a*) Establishment ...	672	360	336	192	192	252	252	2,256
(*b*) Other charges ...	840	30	144	144	30	84	84	1,356
IX. Lighting	144	...	...	...	...	84	...	228
Lamp posts and lanterns ...	64	...	...	..	...	50	...	114
X. Gardens	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
XII. Miscellaneous—								
(*a*) Cattle pound charges ...	72	...	..	..	...	...	...	72
(*b*) Refunds and recoveries ...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
(*c*) Rewards to dog and snake killers	30	10	10	5	2	5	5	67
(*d*) Contingencies... ...	...	..	..	...	6	12	12	30
(*e*) Other items	200	22	62	17	...	10	...	311
Total Expenditure..	5,366	831	1,086	537	349	906	692	9,767
Closing Balance.....	2,337	788	1,077	141	96	492	174	5,105
Grand Total.....	7,703	1,619	2,163	678	445	1,398	866	14,872

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—No octroi is at present levied in the newly formed Municipalities of Holalkere, Challakere, Molkalmuru and Jagalur. In the Hiriyur and Hosdurga Municipalities the tax is confined to the sayer articles, *viz.*, cocoanuts, dry and green, betel-leaves and tobacco and also piece goods, while it is extended to fuel and building materials, &c., in the town of Chitaldroog. The Sub-Division officer proposes the abolition of the tax on all unproductive articles on the ground of the tax being "of vexatious nature and of doubtful propriety" and the retention of the tax only on cloth in the three towns, *viz.*, Chitaldroog, Hiriyur and Hosdurga. This recommendation is sanctioned, as it is in conformity with the spirit of instructions contained in this office memorandum No. 561 of 29th November 1882.

3. *IX. Extraordinary.*—The nature of small items entered under "Savings and Refunds" in Chitaldroog, Hiriyur and Hosdurga requires explanation.

4. EXPENDITURE.—*Collection.*—A separate agency for the collection of octroi duties is maintained by the Municipality of Chitaldroog. Owing to the abolition of the tax on articles other than piece goods, the Sub-Division officer proposes to retain one Mutsaddi on Rs. 12 per mensem with monthly contingent allowance of one rupee,

in lieu of the present establishment consisting of three Peons at Rs. 5 each and one Mutsaddi on Rs. 10 per mensem with Rs. 6 per annum for contingencies. The proposal is sanctioned.

5. *Head Office.*—The provision of Rs. 81 made under "Head Office" is on account of an allowance of Rs. 5 per mensem proposed to be granted to the official performing Municipal work in the Sub-Division office with Rs. 21 per annum for contingencies. This charge is passed.

6. *Public Works.*—The allotment under "Public Works" amounting to Rs. 3,292 is distributed as shown below:—

		Rs.
(*a*)	Original works	1,441
(*b*)	Repairs, Municipal	1,170
(*c*)	Do Educational, including the sum of Rs. 322 referred to in Sub-Division officer's No. 83, dated 18th July 1885	547
(*d*)	Reserve	134
	Total... ...	3,292

The provision of Rs. 60 made under "Public Works" in the budget of Chitaldroog on account of the pay of Nirganti is transferred to the head "VII—Conservancy".

7. *IV. Police.*—The Municipal Board at Chitaldroog resolved in their proceedings of 30th April 1885 to reduce the strength of the Town Police by one Jamadar on Rs. 20 per mensem, but the Sub-Division officer thinks "that one Daffadar and ten men are quite sufficient for the small town of Chitaldroog," and recommends the reduction of the force by one Jamadar and five men with a view to the loss in the octroi revenue being more than recouped thereby. Pending disposal of this matter in the Police Department, to which a reference should be made by the Sub-Division officer, the usual provision under the head will be retained in the budget.

8. *VII. Conservancy.*—The proposal to raise the pay of ten sweepers from Rs. 3 to 4 per mensem in the town of Chitaldroog, as well as the provision of Rs. 30 newly entered in each of the budgets of Hiriyur and Challakere on account of conservancy carts, is approved.

9. *IX. Lighting.*—In Chitaldroog the expenditure under lighting, which was entered at Rs. 192 in the past year, is proposed to be raised to Rs. 216 as shown in the margin. The number of lamps lit in the town should have been stated. This provision is however passed,

	Rs.
Pay of Mashalchi at Rs. 4 per mensem ...	48
Lamps, oil, &c. ...	168
	216

The budget submitted for Molkalmuru provides for an expenditure of Rs. 84 on account of lighting five lamps and Rs. 50 for the purchase of lamp posts, &c. The Sub-Division officer is requested to postpone the introduction of lighting into this minor Municipality for the present.

No.	Receipts. Items.	Amount.	No.	Expenditure. Items.	Amount.
1	Contribution by townspeople for the formation of Municipal garden at Chitaldroog ...	192 8 0	1	Amount paid to Santé on account of the price of the house and compound purchased by the Municipality .	120 0 0
2	Sale proceeds of materials of the house of Santé purchased by the Municipality ...	128 12 4	2	Cost of putting up the compound wall of the garden, clearing and levelling the ground, laying out the garden, constructing water-supply channel	297 6 5
	Total Rs.....	321 4 4		Total Rs... ...	417 6 5

11. *X. Gardens.*—During the past year, expenditure as noted in the margin was incurred by the Municipality of Chitaldroog in laying out a Municipal garden in the town. It is now proposed to provide annually in the budget of the town a sum of Rs. 48 on account of the pay of a gardener for the maintenance of this garden. This proposal is sanctioned.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),— dated 27th August 1885.

With the foregoing remarks the budget estimates of the Municipalities of the Chitaldroog Sub-Division are sanctioned. They stand as noted in the following statement:—

	Municipalities.	Receipts.					Expenditure.	
		Octroi on Cloth.	Other Items of Revenue	Annual Income	Opening Balance	Total Gross Income	Annual Expenditure.	Closing Balance.
1	Chitaldroog .	1,500	2 385	3,885	3,263	7,148	5,456	1,692
2	Hiriyur	100	441	541	983	1,524	831	693
3	Hosdurga... ...	30	732	762	1,363	2,125	1,086	1,039
4	Holalkere... ...	...	420	420	258	678	537	141
5	Challakere ...	...	255	255	190	445	349	96
6	Molkalmuru ...	...	756	756	642	1,398	906	492
7	Jagalur	...	467	467	399	866	692	174
	Total Rs... ...	1,630	5,436	7,086	7,098	14,164	9,857	4,327

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Sub-Division officer, Chitaldroog
The Comptroller with copies of budgets and detailed statements.
The Secretaries in the Education and Police Departments.
The Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government.
The Deputy Commissioners and other Sub-Division officers.

PART I.

GENERAL.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 7th August 1885.

From the Superintendent of Inam Settlements, To the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, No. 20, dated 29th July 1885.

I have the honor to submit the Aannual Report of the Inam Department for the official year 1884—85.

2. The number of cases disposed of during the year under report were as follows :—

1.	Confirmed	19
2.	Resumed	8
3.	Revised	145
4.	Muzarayi confirmed	1
5.	Cash payments (Revised)	6
		179

3. The total area confirmed amounted to khandis 6—6—1¾, bearing an assessment of Rs. 119—7—6 and a jodi of Rs. 38—6—4. The quit-rent imposed on these lands amounted to Rs. 12—9—5, which, combined with the jodi, raised the sum payable to Government to Rs 50—8—0, or 43 per cent of the recorded assessment.

These statistics for the last two years are contrasted below :—

		1884—85.	1883—84.
1.	Area in khandis	6 6 1¾	71 13 13½
2.	Assessment Rupees	119 7 6	340 15 11
3	Jodi Rupees	38 6 4	26 7 7
4.	Quit-Rent Rupees	12 9 5	7 8 5
5.	Combined Quit-Rent Rupees ..	50 8 0	34 0 0

4. There were 6 inams transferred from Form II to Form III and settled as cash payments during the year under report, and the amount thereof was Rs. 28—0—0, which is commutable into land by the Survey Department under Muzarayi Rule X.

5. The details of the area, assessment, &c., of the resumed lands are shown below contrasted for the last two years :—

		1884—85.	1883—84.
1.	Area in khandis	2 4 9	0 10 0
2.	Assessment in Rupees	42 13 6	8 12 0
3.	Jodi in Rupees...	11 8 10	0 0 0
4.	Net gain in Rupees	31 4 8	8 12 0

6. The cause for resumption was as follows :—

	Cases.
Non-existence of pagodas, and non-rendering of services therein, &c., under Rule XIII	8

7. The details of the settlement of cash payments under the Muzarayi Rules, as contrasted with the year previous, will be found in the subjoined statement :—

How disposed of.	1884—85.				1883—84.				Remarks.
	No. of cases.	Amount.			No. of cases.	Amount.			
		Rs.	A.	P.		Rs.	A.	P.	
Confirmed	1	4	13	0	1	0	14	0	

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (General),—dated 7th August 1885.

8. The settlement of 128 whole villages has been carried out during the year under report on the revised survey valuation, as per the Dewan's proceedings No. 4701-9—133, dated 2nd September 1881, and the combined quit-rent has been reduced by Rs. 659 as per the marginal particulars.

Number.	Taluk	No of Villages	*Ad interim* Combined Quit-rent.	Combined Quit-rent on Survey Valuation	Combined Quit-rent on Revised Survey Valuation	Decrease	Increase	Remarks.
1	Pelur ..	36	..	5,9 5 0 0	5 3 7 0 0	588 0 0	...	Marginal particulars.
2	Shikarpur ...	1	..	2,9 1 0 0	2,[illegible]1 0 0	43 0 0	.	
3	Sorab .	2	..	971 0 0	943 0 0	28 0 0	..	
4	Honnali ..	1	111 1 0	..	1[illegible]1 [illegible] 0	..	.	
5	Harihalli ..	2	194 9 0	..	1[illegible]4 9 0	...	.	
6	Doddaballapur ..	2	30 0 0		[illegible] 0 0	..	.	
7	Manjarabad ...	13	2,525 0 0		2,[illegible]3 0 0		211 0 0	
8	Hassan ..	21	6,831 0 0	.	8,187 0 0	.	1,356 0 0	
9	Shimoga ..	41	Title-deeds have been issued prior to 12th October 1872					
10	Sira ..	[illegible]						
		128	9,091 10 0	8,6[illegible]0 0 0	19,[illegible]19 10 0	659 0 0	1,567 0 0	

The number of whole villages revised during the preceding year was 91.

There are still 2,095 villages for which title deeds have to be issued after revision of the valuation by the Survey Department.

9. The number of quit-rent registers prepared during the year under report, as contrasted with the year previous, is as follows —

	1884—85	1883—84.
1. For confirmed cases	307	105
2. „ Resumed	8	1
3. „ Struck off	..	1
	315	107

10. The number of *ad interim* extracts and title-deeds prepared during the year amounted to 31 against 23 the year previous.

11. For the reasons assigned in para 12 of the preceding year's report, no final title-deeds for minor inams in Government villages have been prepared during the year under report.

12. The subjoined statement shows the number of printed final quit-rent registers compared and despatched to the Districts during the year under report:—

Tluks.	Number of cases.
Land Inams.	
1. Chikballapur	1,731
2. Malvalli	469
3. Heggaddevankote	258
4. Periyapatna	592
5. Maddagiri	402
6. Yedatore	498
7. Chamarajapatna	1,051
8. Chamarajnagar	263
9. Mysore	488
Total.....	5,752

Besides the above, the final quit-rent register of the Ashtagram Taluk containing 620 cases, was nearly ready for despatch.

There are still 22,157 cases to be compared and despatched.

13. Eight land inam cases have been revised and fresh title-deeds, bearing the same number and date, issued instead.

14. The amount of correspondence, English and vernacular, carried on in the office, is 1,863 against 2,175 the year previous.

15. The additional revenue derived from the operations of the Department during the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,786—12—1, including the value of stamps, Rs. 175—14—0.

16. The sources of permanent increase are as follow :—

Items.	1884—85, Amount.			1883—84, Amount.		
	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
1. Quit-rent	12	9	5	7	8	5
2. Net Value of Resumptions	31	4	8	8	12	0
3. Final Quit-rent on Survey valuation...	1,567	0	0	0	0	0
	1,610	14	1	16	4	5

17. The total cost of the Department during the year under report amounted to Rs. 8,000—0—6 against Rs. 7,891—12—11 the year previous.

18. The total cost of the Department from 1868 up to the close of the year under report amounted to Rs. 9,88,115—8—5, and the total addition to the revenue during the same period to Rs. 8,55,564—13—9, or 86½ per cent of the total cost.

No. 2664—43, DATED 7TH AUGUST 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—Recorded.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Superintendent of Inam Settlements,

READ—

1. Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3385—63, dated 21st July 1879, relative to the destruction of useless records.
2. Replies to the above from the Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore District No. 1883 of 4th September 1879, Hassan District No. 206 of 30th July 1880, Shimoga District No. 264 of 6th September 1880, Chitaldroog District No. 296 of 19th August 1882.
3. Letter No. 1220—450 of the 22nd December 1884, from the Military Secretary.

No. 2930-6—93, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST AUGUST 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The Military Secretary recommends the destruction of the records particularized in the annexed statement as being unserviceable. The Dewan sanctions the proposal. As regards the mode of destroying the records, attention

is drawn to the late Chief Commissioner's ruling contained in the Secretary's letter No. 6105—601 of the 31st January 1873.

List of Old and Unserviceable Records of the Military Secretary's Office.

Departments.	From.	To.	Dufters. No.
Savar Department.			
Muster Rolls	January 1861 ..	March 1878 ...	15
Weekly Reports	December 1861 ...	Do ...	8
Rosters	April 1872 .	Do ...	2
Vasuli Account	July 1837 ..	Do ...	11
Cash Account Current	June 1836 .	Do ..	4
Receipts, &c.	Do 1837 ..	March 1873 .	2
Acquittance Rolls	September 1863 ...	Do 1878 ..	38
Barr Department.			
Muster Rolls	January 1861 ..	Do ...	9
Weekly Reports	Do ..	Do ..	8
Rosters and Quarterly Returns of Arms, &c. ..	April 1 3 ...	Do ..	4
Acquittance Rolls	Do 1[illegible] ..	Do .	18
Receipts, &c.	September 1 ..	May 1863 ...	2
Cash Account Current	April 1867	March 1873 ...	1
Vasuli Account	Do ..	Do ..	...
Miscellaneous Records of the late 4th, 5th and 6th Regiments of Savars	...	..	20
Do of the late 4th Battalion Barr ...	...	.	10
Do		.	10
Total.. ...	.	...	162

2. With respect to the question of destroying the records pertaining to the District and late Divisional offices, the Dewan observes that these comprise papers relating to the Judicial, Financial, General, and Revenue Departments. The Chief Court's Rules of Practice, and the Comptroller's standing orders fully regulate the procedure concerning the preservation and destruction of the Judicial and Financial records respectively. Full instructions are given in the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3385—63, dated 21st July 1879, and No. 9406—177, dated the 23rd March 1880, in regard to the description of records of General Department to be destroyed as unserviceable.

3. The only question now requiring orders is in connection with the records of the Revenue Department. The lists submitted by the District and Sub-Division officers are in an incomplete form. Some of the lists include certain returns relating to the treasury transactions, the disposal of which is regulated by the Financial circulars. Some do not show the full description of the documents recommended to be destroyed, while others include the records proposed to be retained. The Dewan therefore desires that the Deputy Commissioners of Districts will, after a careful examination of the records under their charge, submit a statement of their proposals in the following form :—

Serial No.	Name of Return or other Documents to be destroyed.	Nature of Information which the Return or Document furnishes.	The ground of Deputy Commissioner's recommendation for destruction.

On receipt of these lists, final orders will be issued on the subject.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Military Secretary.
Deputy Commissioners.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Sanction was accorded to an appeal being preferred to the Chief Court against the sentence of acquittal which had been passed upon appeal by the Sessions Judge of Shimoga in criminal appeal No. 14 of 1885, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to furnish certain information regarding the collection of sandalwood of the jaghir villages of Sringeri and also to take such steps as would make such frauds as those referred to impossible in future.	3rd August 1885.	
2	Copy of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to Mr. H. Lyon, Resident Agent, Indian Consolidated Gold Company, (Limited), for exporting ammunition to the Kolar works of the Indian Consolidated Gold Company, Kolar, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar.	Do do	
3	Copy of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to Messrs. Wilson and Co., Madras, for exporting 5,000 detonators to Kodrikonda near Shimoga, was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Shimoga.	4th do	
4	Two summonses were returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly served on the witnesses therein named.	Do do	
5	Six copies of the descriptive rolls of 12 convicts who had escaped from Port Blair on the 22nd March last and for whose arrest warrants had been issued by the Deputy Superintendent, Port Blair, were forwarded to the District Magistrates in the State.	6th do	
6	Do do to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication in the Gazette.	Do do	
7	The memorial of Muddaiya, Prisoner in Sessions case No. 25 of 1885, was returned to the Chief Judge with His Highness the Maharaja's order thereon, declining to interfere with the sentence of death passed upon the memorialist.	8th do	
8	In forwarding copy of letter No. 271—105, dated 30th May 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, together with the record in a criminal intimidation, the Registrar of the Chief Court was requested to state if in the opinion of the Inspector General of Prisons the lunatic alluded to could be handed over to the charge of his son.	10th do	6th Dec. 1884, Part II, J.
9	Copy of a license granted by the Officiating Resident in Mysore to Messrs. Oakes and Co., Madras, to export certain ammunition to Mysore, was forwarded to the District Magistrate, Mysore.	17th do	
10	Orders were passed directing that the lunatic Guruva be made over to the care and custody of his son on the condition of his executing a mutchalika binding himself to look after Guruva carefully so as to prevent him from injuring himself or others.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, in charge of the Lunatic Asylum, and the Inspector General of Prisons.	Do do	10th Aug. 1885, Part II, J.
11	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to report by return post if the individuals referred to in the return, submitted by him, of persons surrendered under the Extradition Act during the half year ended the 30th June last, were still at large.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	Sanction was accorded to the remission of 6 months and 22 days of the sentence passed upon convict Holiyappa of the Shimoga Jail.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	18th Aug. 1885.	
13	The returns of sick prisoners in the Jails of this State for July 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
14	In acknowledging the receipt of postage stamps for 4 annas, a license under the Indian Arms Act was returned to the Assistant to the Resident, duly countersigned, and the postage stamps were forwarded to the Comptroller.	19th do	
15	A notice was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly served on Syed Sha Amirudin Husen, with the intimation that the other notice referred to could not, for reasons stated, be served.	20th do	
16	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue warrants for the surrender of Annu and 3 others.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga District.	Do do	
17	Certain summonses were returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly served on the parties therein named.	22nd do	
18	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the Government Advocate may be instructed to undertake the case filed in the Chief Court by the holders of the land taken up for the new hospital in Bangalore, and the bill of costs of his appearance may be submitted for sanction after the appeal suit is heard.	26th do	5th Aug. 1885, Part II, F.
19	In forwarding for further instructions copy of a letter No. 300, dated 17th August 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the ceremony in which the Sringeri Guru was engaged was of great importance and his quitting the precincts of the Matt during the months referred to would be looked upon by the public as a serious breach of the ceremonial law.	27th do	
20	In forwarding certain correspondence, the Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue warrants for the surrender of only 3, *viz.*, Annu, Maiyachar and Nagappa Chetti, out of the 4 individuals for whom warrants were applied in this office letter No. 2894—144, dated 20th instant.	Do do	20th Aug. 1885, Part II, J.
21	Sanction was accorded to the remission of a portion of the sentence passed upon convict Baira and two of the Central Jail.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	Do do	
22	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident, was informed that the suggestions contained in his letter regarding the preparation of the return of persons surrendered under the Extradition Act were noted for future guidance, and the reasons why names of Chenchalla No. 6 and Holer Kala No. 7 have been entered in the return for the half year ended June 1885, were also intimated to him.	Do do	17th Aug. 1885, Part II, J.
23	A warrant of Commission received from the Durbar Karbari of the Miraj State was returned to the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, duly executed together with the unexpended balance of postage stamps to the value of Re. 1.	28th do	
24	Copy of a letter, dated 19th August 1885, from Messrs. Thacker Spink and Co. of Calcutta, regarding the despatch of the English Law Reports and the back numbers of the same was forwarded to the Registrar of the Chief Court.	Do do	
25	The proceedings in criminal cases Nos. 42 and 55 of 1885 on the file of the Amildar of the Arsikere Taluk, were returned to the District Magistrate of Kadur.	Do do	30th July 1885, Part II, F.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31st August 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

REVENUE.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner of French Rocks Sub-Division was informed that the hulbanni sales of the two hoblis of Nellegere and Devalapura in the Nagamangala Taluk should be cancelled and that the recent orders on the subject carried out.	1st August 1885.	
2	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to state why each vritti in the jodi village of Shettigere in theBelur Taluk had not been sold separately.	Do do	
3	A petition from Iregauda of Grama, Hassan Taluk, regarding certain land, was rejected and the orders of the Sub-Division officer on the subject confirmed.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
4	Five printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th July 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
5	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land for building purposes in the village of Chikkangur in the Channagiri Taluk and to the remission of the assessment thereon.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	4th do	
6	Sanction was accorded to the leasing out of lots Nos. 4 and 5 in the catchment area of the Bangalore Water Supply to the British Commissariat Department for the current year.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	16th July 1885, Part II, R.
7	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District regarding the arrears due by Karnik Tippaiya of Magadi.	Do do	
8	Orders were passed on a petition from Siveganda and others of Savantanahalli in the Hassan Taluk requesting the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, to fully assess the lands referred to.	5th do	
9	A copy of letter No. 351, dated 1st August 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, suggesting the opening of additional columns in the Village Form No. 9, was forwarded to the Survey Superintendent for the submission of his opinion.	Do do	
10	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit a statement in the form sent, showing the lands granted to the famine orphans in the Bangalore District.	Do do	
11	A copy of letter No. 15, dated 23rd June 1885, from the Jaghirdar of Yelandur with copies of the explanatory statement and accounts, &c., received therewith regarding the sale of the cinchona bark referred to, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	24th Sept. 1884, Part II, R.
12	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 859—12—1 from the accounts of the Tiptur Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	In reply, Mr. B. K. Venkatavardaiengar, Assistant Commissioner, Bangalore, was informed that the Dewan had no objection to the transaction referred to concerning his landed property.	5th Aug. 1885.	
14	With reference to Statement Class II, No. 7 for the year 1884—85, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to state whether the acreage assessment had been imposed on the coffee gardens in the Chikballapur Taluk, and if so, why the extent and assessment had not been included in the abovementioned statement.	Do do	
15	The writing off of certain irrecoverable balances in the Belur Taluk was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	6th do	
16	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the concessions prayed for by the ryots of Holal, Hassan Taluk, on behalf of the temple of Yoganarasimhaswami in that village would be favorably considered by the Government on the receipt of a report from the Sub-Division officer that the temple had been completely restored.	Do do	
17	Sixteen copies of docket forms to be filled and submitted to this office instead of the monthly nil statement of cotton cultivation in each of the Districts hitherto in use, were forwarded to each of the Deputy Commissioners of Districts.	Do do	
18	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the explanation given by the Amildar of the Sidlaghatta Taluk, regarding the delay of 2½ years in disposing of the complaint of Chandrasekharaiya, Shanbhog of Channashettikere, was extremely unsatisfactory and requested to warn him against the repetition of such culpable carelessness.	Do do	
19	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 130—4—9 being the arrears of coffee halat duty in the Belur Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
20	A notice of demand was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly served on Mr. Shanmugavelu Pille, Assistant Commissioner.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the paimayish pattis connected with the village of Kyalnur formerly in the Devanhalli Taluk but now in the Kolar Taluk, were not forthcoming in the records of this office and the Shanbhog. Inamati isamvar patti, dated 1st February 1843 of the villages transferred from the Jangamkote to the Devanhalli Taluk, was forwarded to him to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
22	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st July 1885, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
23	A correct copy of the akaraband and map of the village of Belkihalli situated within the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore together with copy of a letter from the Manager of the Survey office, explaining the reason for the correction therein made, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	7th do	17th July 1885, Part II, R.
24	Orders were passed on a petition from Timmaraya of Rameswara in the Dodballapur Taluk, regarding a certain Ippe tree.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
25	The writing off of irrecoverable balances in the Turuvekere Sub-Division of the Tiptur Taluk, amounting to Rs. 76—15—9, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
26	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land for building purposes to the ryots in the village of Melapur in the Tiptur	10th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Taluk and to the remission of the assessment thereon, with the intimation that the old site should be at once numbered and assessed and entered in the accounts.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.		
27	Orders were passed directing that for reasons stated, the tank bed of the Mududi Firka in the Arsikere Taluk be restored to the Amrut Mahal Department.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.	10th Aug. 1885.	
28	Copy of letter No. 1205—225 of the 8th instant from the Assistant to the Resident, requesting information relative to the Maharaja of Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, with its enclosures in original, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, for an immediate report.	Do do	
29	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to explain certain discrepancies in the abkari statement No. 6 and to furnish certain particulars regarding the demand collection and balance return No. 5 for June 1885.	11th do	
30	A notification regarding the sale of the jodi village of Tattekere in the Hassan Taluk, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication, with a request that 10 English and 20 Canarese copies of the notification may be sent to the Sub-Division Officer, Hassan.—Communicated to the latter officer.	Do do	
31	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land in the Tarikere Taluk taken up by the Public Works Department for digging gravel pits.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District and the Survey Superintendent.	12th do	
32	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the shraya rules did not apply to such small tracts of land as those referred to by him.	Do do	
33	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that the annual accounts for 1884—85 should be submitted without further delay, and that a thorough jamabandi of the village of Rampur lately purchased by Government should be conducted at an early date either by the Deputy Commissioner or one of his Assistants and supplemental returns submitted before the end of the next month.	13th do	
34	In reply, the District Munsiff of Mysore was requested to return the papers relating to the complaint of Mallari Rao, regarding compensation for a building taken up for the Mysore State Railway.	14th do	8th June 1885, Part II, R.
35	Copy of letter No. 3955—328, dated 7th August 1885, from the Secretary, Public Works Department, regarding the restoration of the Herikere Tank in the Arsikere Taluk, was forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for information and for further report on the subject.	Do do	
36	The writing off of Rs. 20 from the amounts of the late Koratagere Taluk was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
37	In returning the original enclosures of his letter No. 1205, dated 8th August 1835, two statements containing the particulars of the Maharaja of Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, called for therein, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	15th do	
38	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land for building purposes to the ryots of Ketaramanahatti attached to the village of Guddadahalli in the Gubbi Taluk and to the remission of the assessment thereon, with the intimation that the old village site should be numbered and assessed and entered in the accounts.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
39	Notification No 75, dated 16th July, stating that in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to direct that the stamp duty chargeable on an instrument evidencing an agreement to secure the repayment of a loan made upon any mortgage of a crop whether the crop is or is not in existence at the time of the mortgage, shall when the loan is repayable within the period specified in Clause (*a*) or in Clause (*b*) of Article 29 of Schedule I of the Indian Stamp Act, be limited to the duty chargeable under Clause (*a*) or under Clause (*b*) as the case may be, of that Article, was gazetted.	16th Aug. 1885.	
40	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the Kumsi Deputy Amildar's explanation regarding the theft of money in his Cutcherry could not be accepted as satisfactory and that the money must be recovered as already directed.	17th do	11th July 1885, Part II, R.
41	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to submit certain annual returns for 1884—85 as early as practicable.	Do do	
42	The sale of five-eighth of a vritti in the jodi village of Handrahalli, Belur Taluk, was confirmed —Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
43	Certain vernacular papers regarding the Shanbhogship of Kanagondanahalli in the Davangere Taluk were returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, to be retransmitted when no longer required.	Do do	10th July 1885, Part II, R.
44	Five printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st July 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	19th do	
45	A notification of the sale of the jodi village of Hampapur in the Chikmagalur Taluk was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication in 3 successive issues of the Gazette.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District together with 15 copies of the printed form of the notification.	Do do	
46	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the statement called for in para 2 of the enclosure to this office docket No. 2683—154 of the 10th August 1885 should be brought on the list of returns to be submitted to this office and punctually sent at the close of each official year.	Do do	
47	The Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was requested to submit certain information regarding the Patelship of Huvinahole in the Hiriyur Taluk.	Do do	
48	A notification of the sale of the jodi villages of Kyatanahalli and Ballurpura in the Hassan Taluk was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication in 3 successive issues of the Gazette with a request that 35 printed copies of the notification may be forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.—Communicated to the latter officer.	Do do	
49	Do do to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	Do do	
50	A notification of the sale of the jodi village of Hampapur in the Chikmagalur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication in 3 successive issues of that paper.	20th do	
51	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 893 from the accounts of the Gubbi Taluk for the years 1876—77 to 1879—80. —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
52	Copy of a letter No. 6, dated 7th June 1861, from His Highness the late Maharaja to the late Chief Commissioner and its enclosure regarding the endowment of lands, &c. for the construction of a chuttrum	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	at Mysore by Bakshi Narasappa, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.		
53	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to obtain in future separate rain registers from the Deputy Amildars for their respective Sub-Divisions and embody the results in the general monthly return.	21st Aug. 1885.	
54	The sale of the jodi village of Danayakanahalli in the Belur Taluk was cancelled and the village was ordered to be resumed; and the Survey Superintendent was requested to report if the guarrantee of 30 years could be given to the settlement now introduced.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	22nd do	
55	It having come to notice that stipendiary orders and title-deeds of deceased recipients were not returned to this office for cancellation and that allowances were disbursed to their heirs without obtaining fresh orders from this office, and against the instructions conveyed in the Dewan's Proceedings No. 2816-8—66, dated 17th July 1882, the Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to submit a statement of such cases together with the title-deeds and stipendiary orders which had not been as yet returned for cancellation.	Do do	
56	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that there have been no large reclamations of waste or nearly waste tracts in Mysore.	Do do	
57	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to state if worship was punctually paid to the deity of Varadarajaswami in the Anjaneya temple at Marandahalli in the Mulbagal Taluk and if so at whose and what cost.	Do do	
58	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to forward the Proceedings connected with the grant of certain land to petitioners Byadara Mudranga and others of Nagarahalli in the Kadur Taluk and report the authority on which the survey settlement amount on the land had been reduced.	Do do	
59	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to intimate the particulars of Rs. 1,043—1—0 entered under the head Military in Statement, Class VIII, No. 7 and also to obtain and forward a statement showing certain details of cinchona cultivation.	Do do	
60	Sanction was accorded to the restoration of certain inam lands in the Chintamani Taluk which had been resumed in 1882.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Do do	
61	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, regarding the land required by K. Naranappa in the depopulated village of Rampur in the Shikarpur Taluk	Do do	
62	Sanction was accorded to certain lands near the Jakkan kaval being temporarily handed over to the Amrut Mahal Department free of assessment for one or two years to enable the Department to give a full trial to the preservation of green fodder by means of ensilage.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Do do	
63	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was directed to postpone the levy of the proposed tax on the potters in the town of Chikmagalur.	Do do	
64	Sanction was accorded to the restoration of certain jodi land to the temple of Venkataramanaswami at Hediganhalli in the Channarayapatna Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division. and the Inam Superintendent.	Do do	
65	The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was requested to intimate to this office the amounts of lac and honey contract for the past year.	Do do	
66	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of the arrears of Rs. 257—9—8 due from the kayamgutta village of Kakkehalli	Do do	11th July 1885, Part II, R.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	in the Manjarabad Taluk which had been resumed by Government. —Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.		
67	Copy of letter No. 96, dated 16th instant, from the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, regarding the lands in Bellibetta applied for by him, was forwarded to Mr. T. Thompson, Kitherhalli Estate, Coorg.	24th Aug. 1885.	20th Feb. 1885, Part II, R.
68	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land to certain Gollars for building houses in the village of Lakkenahalli in the Gubbi Taluk, the old village site abandoned by them being assessed and given out for cultivation.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
69	Certain correspondence relating to the late sheep farm at Kunigal was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	26th do	
70	In reply to his letter No. 351, dated 1st instant, soliciting instructions regarding the entry of demarcation charges in the survey accounts, a copy of letter No. 412 of the 13th instant, from the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, on the subject, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, with the intimation that the Dewan concurred in the opinion of Colonel Grant.	Do do	5th instant, Part II, R.
71	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to explain certain items in the annual returns for the last year.	Do do	
72	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th instant, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
73	The Comptroller was requested to remit to the abkari contractors Messrs. Davy, Muddappa and Co., the surplus security on hand due to them.—Communicated to Messrs. Davy, Muddappa and Co.	27th do	
74	Copies of notification under the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, regarding the acquisition of certain tiled houses behind the Jagan Mohan Palace, were forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette and the Proprietor of the Daily Post, for publication, and the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
75	Statements of rain-fall gauged at Chikmagalur and certain other places during July 1885 were forwarded to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.	28th do	
76	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that all money due to Government was to be recovered, if default should be committed, summarily, as if the debt were a revenue demand.	Do do	
77	Orders were passed regarding the Shanbhogship of Chikkole and Hirekole Firkas in the Belur Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
78	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that Birur Kharadi Subbarayappa may have the land referred to, on condition of his buying it out right for a reasonable price to be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner and sanctioned by the Government.	Do do	
79	In returning certain records, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to submit further information regarding the application of Rudraswami for permission to restore one of the sluices of a tank in the kayamgutta village of Heggaddevankote Taluk.	Do do	
80	The sale of the jodi village of Melanahalli in the Belur Taluk was cancelled, and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the recommendation made by him, *viz.*, that the	31st do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	names of the defaulters may be struck off the registers and that the names of those who have been in default and who have paid up the arrears of others in default may alone be kept, could not be sanctioned.		
81	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the land referred to in Birur may be sold to Rudraiya for building purposes on a fair valuation.	31st Aug. 1885.	
82	The Comptroller was requested to issue in future no orders urging on the revenue collections, as such orders might as in the case referred to be at variance with the intentions of the Dewan who in consideration of the present season prospects was against pressure being used in the collections; and informed that all orders on this subject which the Comptroller might consider necessary should be issued through this office with the prior sanction of the Dewan.	Do do	
83	Orders were passed on a petition from Venkatadasachar of Huliyurdurga, Kunigal Taluk, regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
84	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to inform all the jodidars of Chagaleti in the Bangalore Taluk that the sale of the village had been postponed to the 1st October 1885, and that time was thus given them to pay up the arrears before that date.	Do do	22nd July 1885, Part II, R.
85	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to state whether the resumed inam land of the Basavanna-devaru temple at Kausika in the Hassan Taluk has been assessed and if so with what financial results.	Do do	5th Aug. 1885, Part II, R.
86	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that as the assessment had been paid by a private individual for remittance to the District Treasury to which it was due, transfer receipts for the amounts of the kind referred to were liable premium under the provisions of the Account Code.	Do do	
87	A copy of the Dewan's Proceedings No. 4663-5—360, dated 7th November 1884, regarding compensation to the owners of lands taken up for the Bangalore-Vartur road was forwarded to the Superintending Engineer of Mysore.	Do do	
88	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the arrangements recommended by him for filling up the vacancy caused by the dismissed Shanbhog Krishnappa of Kengeri were sanctioned.	Do do	
89	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain lands taken up for the Bangalore-Tumkur Railway and the remission of the assessment thereon, and also to the payment of a compensation of Rs. 5,346—8—3 to the owners of those lands; and instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, regarding the allotment of lands in lieu of certain inam lands taken up for the purpose.—Communicated to the Inam and Survey Superintendent, the Comptroller and the Manager, Mysore State Railway.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31st August 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary

PART II.

FORESTS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to furnish a statement showing the quantity of timber paid for in cash by the Rangacharlu Memorial Hall Committee and the quantity further issued to them after the Superintendent submitted a memo on the 20th December last with his letter No. 167.	1st Aug. 1885.	
2	The Joint Secretaries, Rangacharlu Memorial Hall Commtc, Mysore, were requested to submit a statement showing the quantity of wood paid for in cash and informed that the sum of Rs. 4,714—11—10 demanded of the Committee represented half the value of 7,014 cubic feet and 809 cubic inches of timber issued up to 20th December last.	Do do	
3	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit early the stock accounts for May and June and the cash accounts for June.	Do do	
4	With reference to his batta bill for May 1885, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that as no necessity had been shown for the rapid journey on the 1st and 2nd May last, daily batta had been substituted for the mileage charged in the bill for those days, and that the question of giving consolidated allowance in lieu of mileage and batta was one that could not be considered in connection with the bill referred to.	3rd do	6th July 1885, Part II, Forests.
5	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to furnish further explanation regarding the deficiency in the quantity of sandalwood at Hunsur.	Do do	
6	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to have the five 56lbs weights at the Hunsur Koti examined on his next visit to that place, each pound weight being calculated at 39 tolas and to have the deficiency in each weight supplied and also to warn the sandal Monegars and other Forest officials engaged in the sandal collection to remove all extraneous matter attaching to the sandal logs before they are carted to the Koti to prevent any diminution in weight of the unassorted sandal after it is booked at the Koti.	Do do	
7	In reply, Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was requested to state why the passports referred to were issued and under what authority and to forward a copy or a counterfoil of a passport for perusal.	4th do	
8	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to state what steps had been taken by him with regard to the sandalwood, gall-nuts and sandalwood oil he took with him to England.	Do do	
9	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit early vouchers for Rs. 190 charged on account of 155 khandis of gall-nuts collected in the Berambadi Forest, and carted to Gundlupet and informed that the cost of Rs. 5 for collecting a maund of bees wax appeared to be high.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
10	In forwarding a copy of Mr. Wallace's letter of the 27th June last, the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, was requested to trace how and when the amount referred to had been paid and whether it had been paid at all.	4th Aug. 1885.	25th June 1885, Part II, Forests.
11	In returning the batta bill of Mr. Narayana Rao Assistant Conservator for June last, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to direct the Assistant Conservator to mention the station up to which he travelled by rail and to insert always in his bill whenever he goes by rail enroute to another place, the name of the Railway Station where he alighted.	Do do	
12	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to explain certain items in the working charges bill for April last.	5th do	
13	In reply, Mr. Rhodes Morgan, Calicut, was informed that his request could not be granted, as the Mysore Government did not permit the capture of wild elephants by pit falls.	Do do	
14	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to submit further information regarding the deficiency of certain timber.	13th do	
15	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to put himself in communication with Mr. Russell regarding the shooting of an elephant near Hebbalu without a license and submit a report on the subject.	Do do	
16	An estimate submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, for Rs. 19—14—0 for adjusting the weights of the Shimoga Sandalwood, was sanctioned Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
17	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that in the statement furnished with this office letter No. 2750—110 of the 23rd July 1884, the area of demarcated State-forests was given as 632 square miles, and that no alteration in that area had since taken place, that no complete statistics of private forests were as yet available, a statement showing the approximate area of the forests of the Yelandur Jahgir and the Chamarajagar temple was forwarded to him.	14th do	
18	A notification regarding the sale of timber in the Mysore District was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication in three successive issues of the *Gazette*, with a request that fifty copies of the Notification in Canarese may be forwarded direct to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District.	Do do	
19	Certain instructions were issued to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, regarding the adjustment of balances outstanding against the Forest subordinates.	17th do	
20	In returning the statement of Forest offences received from him, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was requested to submit a statement in the form sent.	18th do	
21	The forest contingent bill for July 1885 was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, with a request that the amount drawn on "Abstract bill" and the "Expenditure including this bill" may be entered and the bill re-transmitted as early as practicable.	19th do	
22	The attention of the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, the Sub-Division officers were drawn to the non-submission except from Shimoga of the monthly progress reports, and they were requested to forward them punctually for each month so as to reach this office before the 10th of the following month.	20th do	
23	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts, the Sub-Division officers, and the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, were informed that in future whenever any contract is entered into for the collection and storage of any of the forest products including timber	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	and sandal, copy of the same should be furnished to this office, and requested to furnish a copy of all existing contracts.		
24	A notification granting Mr. H. Muttappa, Forest Probationer, Hassan Range, twenty days' privilege leave of absence, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	20th Aug. 1885.	
25	The Deputy Commissioners and the Sub-Division Officers were requested to furnish in future certain particulars in the statement of Forest offences.	Do do	
26	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to submit vouchers for certain items referred to in the working charges bill for May 1885.	21st do	
27	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Bangalore District, through the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, for Rs. 17 payable to Naranappa, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
28	With reference to the draft conditions, received from the Assistant to the Resident under which Malabar timber was proposed to be carted into Mysore for sale, he was informed that the proposed arrangements fully provided for the necessary safe guard against smuggling and that they were accordingly accepted.—Communicated to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, who was requested to make a separate reference on the subject of the rules for admitting other foreign timber submitting a statement showing from how many different places outside Mysore such timber was being imported, the routes taken from each such place and also the approximate quantities imported from each place.	Do do	
29	With reference to his batta bill for June last, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that for reasons stated, daily batta had been substituted for mileage.	Do do	
30	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to report the result of his examination into the large deficiency of 87¾ tons of sandalwood at the Hassan Koti.	22nd do	
31	Letters Nos. 419—122 and 507—145, dated 28th July and 5th August 1885 respectively from the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, submitting correspondence on the subject of the late submission of forest, demand collection statement of the Hassan Taluk for March 1885, were recorded.	Do do	
32	Sanction was accorded to a sum of Rs. 50 being placed at the disposal of the South Canara Magistrate for distribution among the Police of that District, who detected a case of theft of sandalwood from the Mysore Territory.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District and the Comptroller.	Do do	22nd July 1885, Part II, Forests.
33	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District in connection with the timber sales held during May and June last, and also the stock remaining to be sold.	Do do	
34	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was formed that the offer of Haji Budna Saib to purchase 59 tons of Jajpokal sandal at Rs. 305 per ton was too low and could not be accepted.	27th do	
35	Sanction was accorded to the free grant of wood and bamboos valued at Rs. 12—2—0 to a ryot of Kohalli in the Shimoga Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	28th do	
36	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to explain certain items in the forest working charges bill for May last	Do do	
37	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District for	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Rs. 3,150 for expenditure during the current and ensuing quarters.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.		
38	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, for Rs 4,500 for expenditure during the current quarter.—Communicated to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District.	28th Aug. 1885.	
39	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was requested to submit further information in connection with the free grant of wood applied for by Venkat Rao of Hiriyur.	Do do	
40	With reference to the item "Grass and other minor produce I (*c*)" in the abstract statement of demands, collections and outstandings on account of Forest revenue for March 1885, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the balance of Rs. 1,701—13—5 should be retained in the Forest Accounts.	Do do	
41	With reference to the demand collection and balance statement for June 1885, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to take steps for the recovery of Rs. 522—0—11 outstanding under the head II c "Other minor produce."	Do do	
42	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to explain certain discrepancies in the working charges bill for June last.	31st do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31th Augus 1885.

R. VIJAYIANDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Comptroller was requested to advance Rs. 3,000 from the Huzur Treasury for Palace expenditure at Bangalore and debit the same to the Palace Budget	3rd Aug. 1885.	
2	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, for Rs. 10—10—0 payable to Chik Marigauda of the Mandya Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller with certain remarks.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that if there was no money at the credit of the chuttrum at Tumkur, the feeding in the chuttrum must be stopped to obtain the necessary amount for its repairs.	Do do	
4	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident, was informed that this Government would prefer purchasing new opium at Rs. 550 per chest and requested to obtain the 5 chests already indented for at this rate.	Do do	
5	In forwarding duly countersigned a cheque for Rs. 5,215--15--4 received from Messrs. Best and Co, Agents, Mysore Gold Mining Company, on account of gold mining royalty, the Comptroller was requested to realize the same and send a formal acknowledgment to this office for transmission to Messrs. Best and Co.	4th do	
6	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 20—4—0 payable to Basappa of the Shimoga Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
7	The sum of Rs. 66—11—0, being the unexpended balance out of the amount Rs. 110 received from him, was returned to him by a post office order.	Do do	13th April 1885, Part II, J.
8	A bill submitted by the Military Secretary for Rs. 10, being the cost of a cask of disinfecting powder obtained from Messrs. Kemp and Co, Bombay for disinfecting the Barr lines in the Bangalore Petta, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
9	Sanction was accorded to the excess expenditure of Rs. 31--12--5 incurred in connection with the Sankramana festival in the Sivaganga temple.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
10	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 3,750, being the amount of compensation payable to the owners of land taken up for the construction of a new Hospital in the town of Bangalore, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	5th do	13th Dec. 1884, Part II, F.
11	Sanction was accorded to the employment of two peons at Rs. 5 each, one for the Mysore District Registry Office, and the other for the Sub-Registry Office.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Registration and the Comptroller.	Do do	
12	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 21—6—0, on account of preparing new belts for the use of the 2 Daffadars and 18 Peons of the Shikarpur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
13	In forwarding a petition from Rama Chetti, a prisoner undergoing imprisonment in Shimoga Jail, the Comptroller was informed that under the peculiar circumstances of the case, the money referred to	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	therein might be refunded to the prisoner towards the payment of the criminal fine as solicited by him.—Communicated to the Superintendent, Shimoga Jail.		
14	Certain acting arrangements were ordered for the despatch of work during the absence of V. Thandaraya Mudaliar, copyist on 4 months' leave on medical certificate.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	5th Aug. 1885.	
15	Two estimates for municipal works in the towns of Shikarpur and Sagar amounting to Rs. 728, were sanctioned and returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	6th do	
16	The receipt from Messrs. Best and Co, Madras, of a cheque for Rs. 5,215—15—4, was acknowledged, with the intimation that a formal receipt for the amount signed by the Comptroller to the Mysore Government would be sent to them on the cheque being realized.	Do do	
17	A public service remittance transfer receipt fo Rs. 40 was forwarded to Mrs. C. Berry, Madras, on account of her son's scholarship for July 1885.	Do do	
18	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that the arrangements made by him consequent on the deputation of the Head Munshi of his office to act as Sheristadar of the Chellakere Taluk, were approved.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
19	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, of Rs. 18,481—10—11, being the amount of duty including local cess on the arrack issued to the Civil and Military Station during May 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
20	The payment of a pension of Rs 3 per mensem to Muniyappa, peon attached to the Medical Stores, Mysore Government, was sanctioned with effect from the 12th July 1885.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Comptroller was requested to debit the cost of the new ghurry *viz.*, Rs. 15—7—0 sanctioned for the Attikuppa Taluk Cutcherry, to the general savings of the current year's budget.	7th do	27th Feb. 1885, Part II, F.
22	Sanction was accorded to the making up at the Military Stores two Daffadars and 30 Peons' belts for the Daffadars and Peons of the Chief Court.—Communicated to the Chief Judge and the Comptroller.	Do do	
23	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was authorized to purchase a quantity of stationery sufficient for one month only, as the annual supply of stationery was now on its way from England.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
24	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 176, being the cost of certain furniture made up at the Central Jail for the use of the Magadi Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
25	Venkatarangaiengar, Supernumerary, was appointed Deputy Clerk in this office in the room of Mr. Webber, deceased, on a salary of Rs. 100 with a personal allowance of Rs. 50 until further orders; Sr. Srinivasa Rao of the Petition Branch of this office as Apprentice in the Forest Department on Rs. 70 and Naranappa, Supernumerary, to the vacancy caused by the promotion of Srinivasa Rao.—Communicated to the Comptroller, the Superintendent of Forests and to Mr. Cameron.	Do do	
26	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 44—6—6, on account of arrears of salary due to the Shanbhogs of the Kankanhalli Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
27	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of certain furniture at a cost of Rs. 40 for the use of the office of the Deputy Amildar of Turuvekere.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, and the Comptroller.	7th Aug. 1885.	
28	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District for Rs. 14—7—0, on account of expenses incurred in offering prayers, &c., in the temples at Tumkur on the anniversary of the son and heir to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	11th do	
29	A bill for Rs. 109—1—0, being the value of court fees stamps used in the Yelandur Jahgirdar's court for the quarter ending 31st March 1885, was forwarded to the Comptroller duly countersigned.	Do do	
30	Two bills submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 2 and Annas 12 respectively paid from the permanent advance allowed to the 3rd Class Magistrates' Courts of Kankanhalli and Anekal, were sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
31	In forwarding a copy of docket No. 259, dated 30th July 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Comptroller was requested to pass the detailed contingent bill of the Mysore District office for June 1885, for the original amount *viz.* Rs. 56—11—0.	Do do	27th July 1885, Part II, F.
32	Messrs. Best and Co., Madras, were requested to make remittances on account of royalty, &c., due to the Mysore Government, direct to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, and the latter officer was informed of the same.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
33	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 70 to Mr. B. Srinivasa Rao, Forest Apprentice, Mysore, to be adjusted by monthly deductions, from his pay, of Rs. 20.	Do do	
34	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 37—8—0 for the purchase of cumblies, &c, for the use of the prisoners in the Closepet Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
35	Sanction was accorded to the disbursement of Rs. 78—8—9 per annum to certain temples in the Gundlupet Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Comptroller.	12th do	
36	The receipt from the Comptroller of the Imperial transfer receipt No. 2—98503 for Rs. 1,359—14—4, was acknowledged.	Do do	
37	In reply, the Khazana Bakshi was informed that Madikere Nayik, Pallegar of Chitaldroog was entitled to arrears from the date of the death of Yellamma, and that such amount may be paid to Madikere Nayik.	Do do	
38	The establishment rolls and working estimates of the Mysore State Railway for the half year ending 31st December 1885 were sanctioned with certain remarks.—Communicated to the Manager, Mysore State Railway, the Comptroller and the Consulting Engineer.	Do do	
39	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of the Mysore Railway debentures for certain amount at the credit of the Belur temple, and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to place himself in communication with the Comptroller for the purpose.	Do do	
40	The sum of Rs 170 was forwarded to the Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury in further adjustment of the advance drawn from the Mysore District Treasury under the authority of docket No. 4 of the 1st April 1885.	13th do	1st April 1885, Part II, F.
41	The payment of a pension of Rs. 5 per mensem to Mutyal Naidu, 1st Class Vaccinator, Chitaldroog Taluk, was sanctioned with effect from the 3rd May 1885.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, and the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
42	A copy of letter No 1,129—211, dated 29th July 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, forwarding copy of a letter No. 1127—578 of the same date to the Accountant General, Madras, sanctioning the payment of a gratuity of Rs. 140 to 3rd Class Sergeant Syed Husen of the Police Force of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, was forwarded to the Comptroller together with copy of 1st page of the gratuity application, with a request that the necessary arrangement may be made for the payment of the proportionate gratuity *viz*, Rs 2—8—2 debitable to the Mysore Government.	13th Aug 1885.	
43	The sum of Rs. 300 was forwarded to the Comptroller in full adjustment of the advance drawn from the Mysore District Treasury under the authority of Docket Camp No. 197, dated 23rd February 1885.	Do do	
44	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs 9, being the amount of batta due to Nilakanta Rao, Agricultural Inspector, Bangalore District, for June 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller	14th do	
45	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 126—10—0, being the value of court fees labels used in the Court of the Yelandur Jahgir during the quarter ending 30th June 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller	Do do	
46	In reply, the Comptroller, was informed that for reasons stated, it was not necessary to disturb the order of the 2nd December 1884, granting Muniyappa of the Bangalore Town Police a gratuity of Rs. 160, and that in future the gratuity payable to the men of the Bangalore Town Police may be fixed at the rate of half month's pay for each year of service in addition to the amount of contribution paid by them to the Superannuation Fund.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District	Do do	2nd Dec. 1884, Part II, F.
47	Sanction was accorded to the entertainment of a sweeper on Rs. 4 per mensem for each of the travellers' bungalows at Heggaddevankote and Hadugala.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, the Comptroller, and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
48	Two bills submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 3—4—0 and Rs. 9, on account of process fees in certain criminal cases, were sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
49	Docket No. 88 of the 8th August 1885 from the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, reporting that the muzarayi funds had been relieved of the charge of the pay of the Názim attached to the Gumbaz at Seringapatam which was now being met from the Gumbaz Fund, was recorded.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
50	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 81 to Shek Ahmed Moma, Revenue Peon, Belur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	29th July 1885, Part II, G.
51	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 65 to Syed Khadar, 2nd Class Police Daffadar, Chellakere Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
52	A bill submitted by the Chief Judge, Mysore, for Rs. 35, being the supernumerary allowance due to Khadar Mohadin, Munshi in the late Tumkur Sub-Judge's Court, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
53	The payment of a pension of Rs. 15 per mensem to P. Gnanaprakasam Pille, late Sub-Overseer, Mysore Public Works Department, was sanctioned with effect from the date of last pay.—Communicated to the Superintending Engineer, Mysore, and the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
54	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, regarding the erection of a chuttrum near the Bangalore City Railway Station.	14th Aug. 1885.	
55	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to furnish certain papers relative to a case of defalcation in the Mulbagal Taluk Treasury.	15th do	
56	A bank draft for Rs. 2,892—9—0 was returned to the Comptroller duly endorsed by the Dewan.	Do do	
57	An estimate, submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, for Rs. 169 required for the purchase of furniture for the Local Fund Dispensary at Seringapatam, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	17th do	
58	The receipt from the Comptroller of 2 transfer receipts for Rs. 136—11—10, was acknowledged.	Do do	
59	The sum of 14 annas being the cost of making up 2 peons' belts was forwarded to the Military Secretary.	Do do	
60	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the bill for Rs. 71—7—0 referred to had been duly adjusted; and the amount remitted by the Comptroller to the Collector of South Canara on the 19th June last.	Do do	
61	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of mail bags at a cost of Rs. 1,281—10—3.—Communicated to the Anche Bakshi and the Comptroller.	19th do	5th Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
62	Sanction was accorded to the establishment of a Municipality at Mudgere.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District with certain remarks, and to the Comptroller.	20th do	
63	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 5—6—0, was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham and Co., Madras.	Do do	15th April 1885, Part II, F.
64	In returning the batta bills of Mr. Madaiya, Police Assistant Commissioner for June and July 1885, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was informed that the rule referred to, which was intended to prevent hasty inspections, could not be altered.	21st do	
65	Sanction was accorded to the entertainment of a temporary runner on Rs. 5 per mensem for the purpose of carrying letters, &c., from the Palace Receiving Office to the Pettah Railway Station as also to the Bangalore Kasaba Anche Office.—Communicated to the Anche Bakshi and to the Comptroller.	Do do	
66	The purchase of a teak wood table at a cost not exceeding Rs 40 for the use of the Treasury Assistant Commissioner, Tumkur District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and the Comptroller.	Do do	15th May 1884, Part II, F.
67	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 26—15—9, on account of batta and mileage due to Honnappa Naidu, Amildar of the Davangere Taluk, for having travelled from Davangere to Shimoga and back for the purposes of prosecuting a criminal, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
68	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 12—12—0 was forwarded to Sitaram Hari Chiplankar, Editor and Manager, Sarvajanik Sabha, Poona, on account of subscription to the quarterly journal of the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha for the years 1882 to 1885.	Do do	
69	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 27—14—0 was forwarded to Messrs. Higginbotham and Co., on account of certain books supplied to this office.	Do do	
70	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Re. 1 was forwarded to the Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Revenue and Agricultural Department, Calcutta, on account of 1 copy of Part IV of the Journal of Indian Art.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
71	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to pay the sum of Rs 13—2—8, being the charge for copying certain Proceedings out of the sum of Rs. 50 sanctioned in Proceedings No. 415—16, dated 8th June 1885, and informed that if further funds should become necessary, arrangements would be made in communication with the Comptroller, and the latter officer was requested to pass the bill for the amount, as the countersignature of the Registrar was a sufficient authority, that the rates and words had been regularly calculated.	22nd July 1885.	
72	In reply, Mr. A. B. Simpson, Superintending Electrician General Telephone and Electric Light Company, was informed that his estimate for introducing electric lights and telephones was so exhorbitant that it was not worthwhile examining it in detail.	Do do	
73	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub Division, was informed that the rules did not permit the sanctioning of the acting allowance referred to by the Deputy Amildar of Grama.	Do do	21st July 1885, Part II, F
74	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 4—2—8 in favor of Karibasama of the Basavashetti Pete, Bangalore, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller, and the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was requested to draw the attention of the Mysore Amildar to the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code which enjoin that amounts of the nature referred to should be held by Magistrates in deposit, a course which would have obviated the submission of the refund bill.	Do do	
75	Sanction was accorded to the grant of an allowance of Rs. 30 to the Government Advocate for the entertainment of a clerk as a tentative measure for 7 months from the 1st September 1885, for obtaining copies of records of Sessions cases and other proceedings in which the Government Advocate has to appear before the Chief Court for conducting them on behalf of Government, with the intimation that if at the end of the period referred to the above arrangement should be found to continue to be more economical, it would be made permanent, and that no further cost should be incurred for copying, the necessary stationery being supplied by the Stationery Department upon indents from the Government Advocate—Communicated to the Comptroller, the Chief Judge, the Superintendent, Stationery, and the Government Advocate.	Do do	
76	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that the bill, submitted by him, for Rs. 106—2—10 in favor of V. Raghavachar in the Pavagada Taluk could not be sanctioned, as the stipendiary allowance had been confirmed only for the personal benefit of the deceased V. Srinivasachar the father of V. Raghavachar; that a fresh bill for Rs. 9—5—8 due to the deceased up to the 29th January 1881 may be submitted together with the Treasury Officer's certificate; and requested to explain how "the allowance from June 1884 had been disbursed" without a fresh stipendiary order from this office and also to submit without further delay the title-deed and stipendiary order of the late Srinivasachar for cancellation.	Do do	
77	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that his order declaring that the old fort in the village of Kenchanhalli in the Nelamangala Taluk was the property of the Government was correct, that the fine imposed upon the Patel of the village for removing the stones without authority was therefore consistent, and that there could therefore be no claim for the refund of the fine.	24th do	
78	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 221, dated 13th August 1885 from the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department, the Comptroller was informed that under the circumstances therein explained, the Dewan concurred in the views that the purpose for which the tents referred to had been used was "public purpose."	26th do	
79	A cheque on the Agra Bank, (Limited) for Rs. 1,872—14—11, being the amount of kandayam due for 1884—85 on the lands held by the Kolar Concessionaries Company, was forwarded to the Comp-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	troller duly endorsed, with a request that it may be realized and credited in the Treasury, a formal receipt for the amount being sent to this office for transmission to the Company's Secretary.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.		
80	Sanction was accorded to the refund of contributions amounting to Rs. 233—15—5 paid on account of the repairs of certain tanks, &c.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, the Comptroller, the Deputy Commissioners of the Kolar, Mysore and Tumkur Districts, and the Sub-Division Officers of French Rocks and Chitaldroog.	26th Aug. 1885.	
81	A statement of Europe articles purchased at a cost of Rs. 4—10—0, was sanctioned and returned to the Survey Superintendent.—*Communicated to the Comptroller.*	Do do	
82	Permanent advances of Rs. 10 and Rs. 3 respectively on account of court contingencies on account of the process establishment for the court of the Additional Munsiff at Mysore, were sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Chief Judge.	Do do	
83	The attention of the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was drawn to certain discrepancies and omissions in his office detailed contingent bill for July 1885 and he was informed that an allotment statement, in the form sent, should in variably accompany future bills.	Do do	
84	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District for Rs 404 for furniture required for the dispensaries at Koppa and Kalasa, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
85	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 3,000 on account of Palace expenses at Bangalore.	Do do	
86	Sanction was accorded to the transfer of the management of the Bangalore Government chuttrum to the Bangalore City Municipality.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, and the Comptroller.	27th do	
87	The Comptroller was requested to furnish at an early date a certificate showing the total period for which Rangachari, late Accountant, Mysore Public Works Department had paid contribution and certain other particulars.	Do do	
88	Sanction was accorded to the payment of double Railway fare to Maddur and back *viz* Rs. 5 to Krishna Rao, Assistant Mutsaddi, Mysore Kasaba Anche Office.—*Communicated to the Anche Bakshi and the Comptroller.*	28th do	
89	The batta bill of the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District for July 1885, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
90	In forwarding a copy of letter No 411 of the 13th instant from the Survey Superintendent, the Comptroller was informed that the proposal recommended by the Survey Superintendent *viz* that "during the field season the travelling allowance forfeited by the officer on privilege leave should be given to the officer who appointed to act for him," was sanctioned, and that in the case of Mr. Clerk, as Mr. Appu Rao had not been put to any extra expenditure, no orders were necessary; and that the proposal sanctioned would not have retrospective effect.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
91	Third Class Hospital Assistant Hanuman Singh, C. Gopal Rao, Munshi in the General Assistant Commissioner's Court, Kadur District and S. Ranganna of Bangalore were each granted scholarships of Rs. 15 each per mensem tenable at the Medical College, Madras, for 4 years from the 15th September 1885, and subject to periodical reports of good progress and conduct at the College, and the Comptroller was requested to arrange for the payment of the scholarships at Madras.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government, the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District and S. Ranganna.	31st do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
92	Certain instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District regarding the repairs of the chuttrum at Honnali, and his proposal to effect a monthly saving of Rs. 4 to meet the cost of the repairs was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	31st Aug. 1885.	
93	A muzarayi stipend order in favor of Revanaradhya of the Goribidnur Taluk, was returned to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District duly countersigned.	Do do	4th Feb. 1885, Part II, F.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Mr. R. Vijayindra Rao, Secretary to the Dewan in the Revenue and General Departments having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 1st August 1885, a notification cancelling the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to him, was gazetted.	1st Aug. 1885.	
2	A copy of letter No 1051—198 of the 24th July 1885 and of its enclosure from the Assistant to the Resident, intimating that it would not be practicable to provide for Messrs. F. B. Clerk and A. G. Hudson in the Revenue Survey Department of the Bombay Presidency, was forwarded to the Survey Superintendent for communication to those officers.	Do do	
3	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was informed that an account of the sandal-wood articles referred to would be sent on Mr. Madhava Rao's return to French Rocks.	Do do	
4	A revised form of the return in which the list of newspapers and periodicals registered under Act XXV of 1867 should be sent, was forwarded to the District Magistrates of Bangalore and Mysore for guidance.	3rd do	
5	Certain arrangements proposed by the Assistant Commissioner of the French Rocks Sub-Division for filling up the post of English Clerk and Record keeper in his office, were sanctioned.—Communcated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
6	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that the question of the Executive Engineer aiding the Revenue Department in the preparation or examination of the estimates &c, for muzarayi and other works was under discussion and would be early decided; that the call on the Public Works Department was very often unnecessary, that the repairs of the Tumkur chuttrum required no professional knowledge and might be entrusted to the Amildar under the supervision of the muzarayi officer.	Do do	
7	A petition dated 2nd August 1885 from S. B. Tirumalachar, Amildar of the Bowringpete Taluk now under suspension, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, with the orders of the Dewan thereon for guidance.	4th do	
8	A petition dated 30th July 1885 from Mohamed Khan, late a peon in the Surgeon's office, complaining against his dismissal from Government employ, was forwarded to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government for report.	Do do	
9	In forwarding copy of certain correspondence regarding the estimates of Dispensaries at Hiriyur, Chellakere, Hanagal, Kankanhalli, the Senior Surgeon was requested to state whether he could detail Hospital Assistants and arrange for the supply of medicines, &c., necessary to open the Dispensaries referred to.	5th do	
10	A notification granting K. Srinivasa Rao, Amildar of the Mandya Taluk, 15 days' privilege leave, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, with the intimation that Taluk Sheristadar H. Subbanna might conduct the duties during the absence of the Amildar.	Do do	
11	A notification granting Surappa, Deputy Amildar of Maddur 18 days' privilege leave of absence, was gazetted.—Communicated to the	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub Division, with the intimation that the Amildar of the Maudya Taluk may conduct the duties during the absence of the Deputy Amildar.		
12	A notification appointing K. Ramachandra Rao, Amildar of Mysore as Assistant Commissioner, 5th Grade during the absence of Mr B. K. Venkatvaradaiegar on leave or until further orders, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	5th Aug. 1885.	
13	As a 1st Class Magistrate was required at Chikmagalur, the following transfers of Assistant Commissioners were ordered :— Mr. Raghavendra Rao, from Shimoga to Chikmagalur. Mr. Nagesha Rao, from Chikmagalur to Shimoga.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioners of Shimoga and Kadur Districts.	Do do	
14	The Anche Bakshi was requested to let tailor Kandoji have the loan of a few mail bags of each kind for the purpose of making up samples.	Do do	27th July 1885, Part II, G.
15	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the special daily cholera report alluded to may be discontinued.	Do do	
16	The Comptroller was requested to forward for approval a copy of the civil list duly corrected up to date.	Do do	
17	Copies of a notice regarding the rates of admission to the Horticultural Show to be held in the Lal-Bagh, were forwarded to the Proprietors of the Daily Post and the Bangalore Spectator for publication in 3 issues.	6th do	
18	A notification commuting the examination leave for 3 weeks granted to Mr. T. Raghavendra Rao, Assistant Commissioner, into privilege leave and extending it by 4 days up to the 8th July 1885 (forenoon), was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.	Do do	
19	In forwarding copy of a letter from the Medical Officer in charge of the Lunatic Asylum at Bangalore, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the Durbar would be happy to comply with the request contained in his letter No. 1138—381 of the 30th ultimo, and that the officer in charge of the Asylum had been instructed to receive such native patients of the Civil and Military Station and of Coorg as may be sent thereto.—Communicated to the officer in charge of the Lunatic Asylum, Bangalore.	Do do	
20	Copy of letter No. 486 of the 30th July 1885 from the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, regarding the transfer of the Great Trigonometrical Survey Stations of Doddagunta and Machalbetta to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	7th July 1885, Part II, G.
21	In reply, the Superintending Engineer of Mysore was informed that a coffee pot was available in the Stores of this office and would, if so desired, be sent to the travellers' bungalow at Periyapatna.	7th do	
22	A notification posting Mr. K. Ramachandra Rao, Officiating Assistant Commissioner for duty in the Dewan's office, was gazetted.	10th do	
23	As requested, the schedules of the services of the Government Prosecutors in the State made up to 1st April 1885, were forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
24	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that Colonel LeMessurier was the officer in charge of the Exhibition work and that reference should be made to that officer.	Do do	
25	The Comptroller was requested to furnish a certificate of the leave to which Ramanujaiengar, Amildar of the Chamarayapatna Taluk, was entitled.	11th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	A notification appointing Mr. P. N. Purnaiya to act as Under Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, was gazetted, and he was directed to join the Dewan's office on being relieved by Mr. C. Raghavacharlu, Police Superintendent of the Bangalore District, and the latter officer was requested to report himself to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for police duty.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore and the Comptroller.	13th Aug. 1885.	
27	Fifteen copies of the Volume of the Dewan's Proceedings for June 1885, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
28	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the list of shasanas, referred to, had been forwarded to the Director of Public Instruction with docket No 116 of the 7th October 1873.—Communicated to the Educational Secretary.	Do do	
29	Colonel A. Le Messurier, R. E., in charge of the Exhibition office, was requested to submit an indent for the stationery required for the London Exhibition office	14th do	
30	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to convene a meeting for the examination of the unserviceable tents referred to and submit their proceedings.	Do do	
31	The Resident in Mysore was requested to obtain the sanction of the Madras Government to conferring upon Mr. S. Arokeum Pille the local rank of Honorary Assistant Surgeon with monthly emoluments amounting to Rs. 150.	Do do	
32	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the Resident had already issued a certificate authorizing the trial of George Loboe in British India, the application made by the Durbar in letter No. 1934—78, dated 4th July last for a warrant for his arrest and rendition may be regarded as withdrawn, unless for any special reason, the Resident should consider that the case was one which might, with advantage, be tried in Mysore.	Do do	4th July 1885. Part II, J.
33	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the establishment in the Secretariat being limited, may be excused from the task of serving as assessors.	Do do	
34	Three hand punches for cancelling stamps were forwarded to the Registrar, Chief Court, for use in the Chief Court.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the petition of Mailaraiya, late Shekdar of Kasaba Hobli, Hassan Taluk, was forwarded to him for disposal and not for report; that it was certainly not desirable to keep Mailaraiya in the Abkari Department, Hassan, and that if he should refuse any Shekdari offered to him, his claim for re-employment might be altogether ignored, and an endorsement was also forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner for delivery to Mailaraiya.	Do do	9th Sept. 1884, Part II, G.
36	A list of references made by the Durbar to his office up to the 30th June 1885, and remaining unanswered on the 14th instant, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	15th do	
37	The Superintendent, Government Press, was requested to print and forward to this office 2,000 copies of docket form (General Serial No. 31.)	18th do	
38	The appointment of Narayansami Naidu, Record-keeper, District Treasury, as Sheristadar of the Mulbagal Taluk, was approved.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	19th do	
39	A notification stating that Mr. H. Ramanujaiengar's appointment as Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, 3rd Grade, would take effect from the 11th June 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
40	A notification granting Ramanujaiengar, Amildar of the Channarayapatna Taluk, privilege leave of absence for one month and 25 day's	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, with the intimation that the Sheristadar of the Taluk may be placed in charge of that Taluk.		
41	A notification extending the privilege leave for 12 days already granted to B. Kesavaiengar, Amildar of the Belur Taluk in notification No. 303, dated 29th May 1885, by 15 days, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	19th Aug. 1885.	
42	A letter dated April 1885, from Ferris and Company, Druggists, Pristol and its enclosures were forwarded to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government.	Do do	
43	In forwarding copy of letter No. 1285—240 of the 17th instant and its enclosure in original (to be returned from the Assistant to the Resident, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit as early as practicable the information therein called for.	Do do	
44	In forwarding a file of papers relating to the property of Venkatrama Iyer deceased of Travancore, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that Venkatrama Iyer was said to have a nephew in Mysore son of Subba Iyer drawing a salary of Rs. 100, who might possibly be the Revenue Sheristadar of the Tumkur District and requested to make the necessary inquiry and forward a report with the original file as early as practicable.—Communicated to the Assistant to the Resident.	20th do	
45	In reply, the Manager, Kannada Suvarte, Girgaim, Bombay, was requested to state under what authority the paper had been supplied to this office, and to whose address copies of the same had been posted, no copies being received in this office.	Do do	
46	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that there had been no casualties among European Uncovenanted officers employed under this Government during the month of July 1885.	Do do	
47	The Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, was requested to submit at once the mortuary returns in Form C from May to July 1885.	Do do	
48	The Administration Report of the minor Municipalities of the Bangalore District for the year 1884—85, was forwarded to the Comptroller for reference, to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
49	The Military Secretary was requested to have 4 flags made up at the Stores for use in the Palace and forward them to this office with a memo of cost.	Do do	
50	Nine flags were forwarded to the Military Secretary to be repaired at the Stores and returned to this office.	21st do	
51	In forwarding certain correspondence in original between Mr. Stephenson and Mr. Russell, Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, the Secretary, Public Works Department, was requested to state if any permission had been granted by his Department to Mr. Stephenson to remove stores and stands from the forests and plantations in the charge of the Forest Department and to submit copies of the correspondence on the subject and also to issue orders at once to Mr. Stephenson not to go into the forests and plantations without the special permission of the Forest Department.—Communicated to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, who was requested to furnish further information on the subject and informed that final instructions would be issued on the receipt of a reply from the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
52	Orders were passed on a petition from Chikkegauda and certain other inhabitants of the Town of Bangalore, complaining of the action of the Municipality in closing the privy pits in their houses—Communicated to the President of the Bangalore Town Municipal Commission.	Do do	
53	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the Dewan concurred in the view taken by him *viz.*,	22nd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	that there was no reason to re-open the case of Mashalchi Tirumala of the Magadi Taluk, he having been released from suspension.		
54	A notification appointing V. Raju Mudaliar, Head Clerk, Kolar Deputy Commissioner's office to act as Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Bowringpete Taluk, and directing B. Sitaramaiya now doing duty as Amildar of the Bowringpete Taluk to revert to his substantive appointment as Amildar of the Bangalore Taluk on being relieved by V. Raju Mudaliar, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioners of the Kolar and Bangalore Districts.	22nd Aug. 1885.	
55	Messrs. Vest and Co. and Messrs. Higginbotham and Co., Madras, were requested to forward by V. P. post a copy of Mr. Ramachandra Iyer's Notes on the Registration Act and Mr. Daves' work on the Stamp Act, respectively.	Do do	
56	With reference to the Proceedings of the Municipal Board of Shimoga, dated 15th July 1885, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the appointment of the persons referred to as members of that Board was approved, and that the estimate of expenditure for the year 1885—86 under "Octroi" in the Town of Shimoga *viz.*, Rs 810, might stand.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
57	With reference to the Government of India, Public Works Department Resolution No. 2, dated 30th January 1885 regarding measures for the comfort and convenience of native passengers on Indian Railways, copies of letters from the Manager and the Traffic Superintendent, Mysore State Railway, describing the arrangements made in the matter on the Mysore State Railway, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
58	In reply, the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was informed that Mr. Seddons, clerk in this office had been directed to report himself for work in his Department, and the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, was requested to direct Venkatsubbaiya to report himself for duty in this office in the room of Mr. Seddons and informed that if a clerk should be absolutely required another official would be sent to him from the Dewan's establishment on his application.	Do do	
59	With regard to his proposal to change the designation of Daroga to Inspector, the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was informed that in a Native Administration the proposed changes of well understood native names to new corresponding ones in English was undesirable unless the change was calculated to be useful for any practical purposes and it was not feasible now to revise the existing establishment of Darogas, and certain further instructions were issued to him as regards the training and selection of men for the appointment of Daroga.	Do do	
60	The Superintendent, Government School of Industry, Jubbalpore, and Messrs. Prem Masih and Co., Managing Directors, Futtigurh, Orphan Asylum, Tent Manufacturing Company, Futtigurh, were requested to have certain tents made up and forwarded per Railway addressed to the Superintendent of Stationery and Stores, Mysore Government, Bangalore, the former being requested also to state the probable date on which the tents would be ready and the latter to make arrangements to manufacture and despatch them so as to reach Bangalore if possible on or about the 1st October 1885.	24th do	
61	In reply, the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government was informed that the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, had been written to secure a private building on a moderate rent, more suitable than the one in which the Belur Dispensary was kept, and that the Dewan was not in favor of locating it in the Taluk Cutcherry.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
62	A list of the returns submitted to the Resident was forwarded to the Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, with a request that 50 copies of the same may be printed and forwarded to this office as early as possible, a proof being first sent to this office for approval.	26th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
63	Copies of certain proceedings and accounts of the Mysore Municipal Board, were forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication, with a request that 20 copies of each may be forwarded to the President of the Municipal Board and 3 to this office.	26th Aug. 1885.	
64	In forwarding copy of letter No. 597, dated 20th August 1885, from the Acting Sub-Collector of Salem, the Superintendent, Lal-Bagh, was requested to state if the tiger cubs therein referred to were wanted.	Do do	
65	Copies of parts 1 to 6 of the journal of Indian Art were forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department and the Consulting Engineer.	Do do	
66	The Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, was informed of the despatch, by post, of a coffee pot to his address.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	7th Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
67	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to print and forward to this office at an early date 2,000 copies each of certain forms.	27th do	
68	In reply, the District and Sessions Judge, Nagar Division, was informed that separate instructions had been issued to the Superintendent of the Central Jail, Bangalore, regarding the repair of the tent referred to by him, and that the correspondence of the Sessions Court on this subject may be closed and filed	Do do	
69	A copy of letter No. 993 of the 21st instant, from the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government, stating that there was no reference in the office to show that gratuitous professional aid had been given to the inmates of the convent of the Good Shepherd in the Cantonment by the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
70	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts were requested to submit the mortuary returns in Form B due up to date to the Senior Surgeon without the least possible delay; and informed that the return should in future be retransmitted so as to reach the office of the Senior Surgeon on or before the 10th of the month following that for which it is due.	28th do	
71	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to print and forward to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, 25 copies of the form of licenses to be issued to medical practitioners and for wholesale and retail vendors of opium.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
72	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts (except Shimoga) were requested to submit indents for the required number of forms of licenses to be issued to medical practitioners and for wholesale and retail vendors of opium.	Do do	
73	The Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, was requested to submit early the return in Form C, under preparation.	Do do	
74	Certain proceedings were forwarded to the Subordinate Judge, Bangalore, to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
75	A notification extending the privilege leave granted to B. Kesavaiengar, Amildar of the Belur Taluk, by 15 days, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, with the intimation that the arrangements already made for carrying on the work might continue unless the permanent Amildar applies for a longer leave.	Do do	19th Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
76	In reply, the Inam Superintendent was informed that the rooms alluded to in the Division Cutcherry were not available.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	31st do	4th Jan. 1885, Part II, F.
77	The Superintendent of the Revenue Survey was requested to forward to this office a complete set of the Revenue Survey maps of all the settled taluks in the State at an early date.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
78	In reply, the Superintendent, Government Press, Fort Saint George, was requested to forward 2 copies of the Finance Codes, by V. P. Post.	31st Aug. 1885.	
79	Jamanpakarakarta Ramasvami Mudaliar, Jahgirdar of Sivasamudram having died on the 20th July 1885, orders were passed on the representation of his widow Annamale Ammal, recognizing Anandaraya Mudaliar, the minor son of the deceased Jahgirdar as his sole heir and as successor to all his jahgirs, titles and property so far as Mysore was concerned, and Annamale Ammal as the guardian of the person and property of the said Anandaraya Mudaliar, and approving of her appointment of Y. Virasvami Mudaliar and N. Raju Mudaliar as her Agents for the management of the jahgir villages in Mysore, and directing that she be placed in charge of all the movable property belonging to the minor, and that an inventory of the same and also an annual statement of the jahgir income and expenditure be submitted by her, the latter being countersigned by the Agents; and the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to give the Agents such lawful and reasonable aid as may be necessary for the proper management of the jahgir villages.	Do do	
80	A notification confirming upon Mr. S. Arokeum Pille, the local rank of Honorary Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st September 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, and to the Comptroller, with instructions regarding the salary of Mr. Arokeum Pille and also the contribution payable by him for a British pension.	Do do	14th Aug 1885, Part II, G.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In forwarding a copy of each of the two returns showing the strength of the Mysore Horse and Infantry for July 1885, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that copies of the same had been posted to the Quarter-Master General and Adjutant General of the Madras Army, respectively.	1st August 1885.	
2	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the necessary instructions had been issued to the Public Works Department for constructing a Magazine for the use of the Company of Rifle Volunteers at Mysore, and he was requested to return early the plan and estimate of the same forwarded to him with this office letter No. 487, dated 15th June 1885.	4th do	15th
3	Certain letters relative to the revision of the Mysore Siledar Force were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	15th do	
4	The plan and estimate for constructing a Magazine for the use of the Company of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers at Mysore, was forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department, with a request that the completion of the work may be intimated to this office for communication to the Resident.	19th do	4th instant, Part II, M.
5	In reply, the Military Secretary was requested to state the excess rent amount which was proposed to be met from the Stable Fund and also the number of Savars located in the chuttrums.	22nd do	
6	Certain circulars received from Messrs. Spencer and Co., with specimens of drill and paggri, were forwarded to the Military Secretary for information.	26th do	
7	In forwarding an indent in triplicate for 6 kegs of coal-tar required for the use of the Mysore Local Force on the Ordnance Department, Madras, the Assistant to the Resident was requested to obtain the sanction of the Madras Government for the issue of the same on payment.	Do do	
8	In reply, the Military Secretary was requested to submit further information regarding the services of Salarodin Binturi, late Regimentdar.	27th do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 31*st August* 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

PUBLIC WORKS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Miscellaneous.		
1	The Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was informed that the Local Government has sanctioned Mr. McLaughlin's exercising all the powers of the Secretary, Public Works Department, temporarily, during the absence of Captain Kensington, R. E., from office.—No. 4010—836.	12th Aug. 1885.	
2	Copy of the Dewan's orders, communicating His Highness' approval to the contract for the Palace extension at Bangalore being given to Mr. F. W. Smith, under proper agreement, was forwarded to the Executive Engineer, Palace Division.—No. 4130—874.	20th do	
3	A petition from the ryots of Tarikere, asking for the restoration of the Bellavar Hosakere and Mallenhalli tanks in that Taluk, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, for an expression of his opinion as to the remunerative nature of the works.—No. 4215—911.	26th do	
	Establishment.		
1	The Head Master of the School of Engineering was requested to direct Mr. Norris, Assistant Master, to report himself at the Central Office, for employment as a temporary arrangement, pending the decision of Government regarding the school.—No. 4095—868.	18th Aug. 1885.	
2	Notified that Mr. K. Prahlada Rao, Apprentice Engineer, Kolar Division, has been granted eighteen days' privilege leave from the 27th July to 13th August 1885, both days inclusive. Communicated to the Executive Engineer, Kolar Division.—No. 4262-63—920-21.	28th do	
	Account.		
1	With reference to the Dewan's orders sanctioning the estimate of Rs. 10,282 for completing the road between Anantapur and Tirthahalli out of the assets of the Shimoga District Funds, the Comptroller of Mysore was requested to have that amount placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department at an early date.—No. 4226—914.	26th Aug. 1885.	
	Irrigation.		
1	An estimate for restoring the Kadagattur tank, Registered No. 172 of the Maddagiri Taluk, was returned to the Executive Engineer, Tumkur Division, duly sanctioned by the Local Government for Rs. 9,465.—No. 3882—820.	3rd Aug. 1885.	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
2	An estimate for restoring the Hudugur-Doddakere, Registered No 155, Gorribidnur Taluk, was returned to the Executive Engineer, Kolar Division, duly sanctioned by the Local Government for Rs. 5,972.—No. 3972—834	8th Aug. 1885.	-
3	The project for the restoration of the Niralg i tank, Registered No. 285—183, Arsikere Taluk, was returned to the Assistant Engineer, Hassan Range, duly sanctioned by the Local Government for Rs 11,543, with orders to have the work commenced at once and pushed on, so that it may be completed during the current official year.—No. 4249—917.	27th do	

BANGALORE,
31st *August* 1885

F. J McLAUGHLIN,
Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
P. W. D.

M— G— P— Bdmlore—8.10.85—180.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

K. SHESHADRI IYER, ESQ.,

DEWAN TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,

FOR

SEPTEMBER 1885.

PART I, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

PART II, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REVENUE.
FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.
MILITARY.
PUBLIC WORKS.

BANGALORE:

PRINTED AT THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS

1885.

PART I.

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TO THE

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2	Prescribing the form in which statements of remission of irrecoverable balances should be submitted.	Camp No. 983, dated 17th Sept. 1885.	...	78
3	Passing orders on points raised relative to commutation of the temporary tenure and the grant of title-deeds for coffee estates situated in different villages.	Camp No. 1125—8, dated 22nd Sept. 1885.	...	79
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12	Sanctioning payment of temporary remuneration to the Patels and Shanbhogs of the late Kadaba, Hole-Narsipur, Channarayapatna, Attikuppa, Hassan, Hunsur, Chikballapur and Goribidnur Taluks amounting to Rs 19,130.	Camp No. 943—9, dated 16th Sept. 1885.	...	14 to 15
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Nil.

EDUCATIONAL.

Nil.

MILITARY.

Nil.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Nil.

POLICE.

Nil

PART I.

REVENUE.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, No. 102, dated Anagod, 1st May 1866.

I have the honor to forward the following rules for providing the future remuneration of the officiating Patels and Shanbhogs in Districts of Mysore in which the survey settlement has been introduced.

2. At present it appears that these village officers are paid by land held entirely tax free (sarvainam) or paying a part of the land tax (Jodiinam), secondly by money payments from the Treasury and thirdly by grain levies called aya which are collected direct from the villagers and which as regards this class of officers are abolished by the survey settlement. These direct levies appear to be very irregularly paid, and complaints on this score are of very common occurrence.

3. I propose to exclude the value of these grain levies entirely from the calculation of existing emoluments and future remuneration. Then present value is exceedingly uncertain. Where the other emoluments of the office are sufficient to provide for the established remuneration of the officiator, these grain levies will not be required, and when the remaining emoluments, either with or without the grain levies, are insufficient, the deficiency will equally have to be made good from the Treasury.

4. I propose the following rules for calculating the value of the present official emoluments of each office :—

1.

All official land, whether recorded as sarvainam, jodinam, or otherwise, shall be valued at the survey assessment of the same less the amount of the jodi tax or other cesses to which it may be subject as recorded in the public accounts "of the year."

2.

Cash allowances, under whatever name they may be entered in the public accounts, shall be recorded at the amount to be entered in the accounts of the year.

3.

The sum total of the emoluments, valued according to the above two rules, is to be taken as the existing valuation of the emoluments of the office.

4.

The officiating Patel and Shanbhog of each village shall hereafter each receive for the performance of the duties of his office a remuneration in cash of at least the amount fixed by the following scale for their offices respectively.

PATEL'S SCALE.

1.

For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenues of his village three per cent, for the second thousand two per cent and for the balance of gross revenue beyond two thousand rupees one per cent. In addition to these percentages he shall also receive a fixed annual allowance of one rupee when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 11 to Rs. 30, of two rupees when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 31 to Rs. 60, of three rupees when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 61 to Rs. 100 and of five rupees or to much of it, when the gross revenue exceeds Rs. 100, as shall be required to make the salary up to but not exceed Rs. 32 per annum.

SHANBHOG'S SCALE.

2

For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenues of his village four per cent, for the second thousand three per cent, for the third thousand two per cent, for the fourth thousand one per cent and for the balance of gross revenue beyond four thousand rupees one per cent.

3.

He shall also receive in addition a fixed annual allowance of one rupee when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 11 to Rs. 20, of two rupees when it ranges from Rs. 21 to Rs. 50, and of three rupees it ranges from Rs. 51 to Rs. 100 and five rupees from Rs. 101 revenue and upwards, or so much as may be required to make the salary up to but not exceed Rs. 32 per annum.

4.

In addition to his salary the officiating Shanbhog shall also receive an allowance for stationery as shown in the subjoined table .—

Gross Revenue of Village.	Stationery Allowance.			Gross Revenue of Village.	Stationery Allowance.		
	Rs.	A.	P		Rs.	A.	P.
Up to 20 Rupees.	1	0	0	1,251 to 1,500	6	0	0
21 „ 50 „	2	0	0	1,501 „ 1,800	6	8	0
51 „ 100 „	2	8	0	1,801 „ 2,000	7	0	0
101 „ 200 „	3	0	0	2,001 „ 2,500	7	8	0
201 „ 350 „	3	8	0	2,501 „ 3,000	8	0	0
351 „ 500 „	4	0	0	3,001 „ 3,500	8	8	0
501 „ 700 „	4	8	0	3,501 „ 4,000	9	0	0
701 „ 900 „	5	0	0	4,001 „ 4,500	9	8	0
901 „ 1,250 „	5	8	0	4,501 „ 5,000	10	0	0

5.

In many cases it will be necessary for one officiating Shanbhog to hold more than one village, in that case his percentage remuneration shall be calculated upon the conjoint revenues of all the villages placed in his charge, but the additional sum payable for each village under the third of these rules shall in no case exceed rupees five for each village.

6.

The stationery allowance for each village of a Shanbhog's charge will be calcu-

7

The following table shows the amount of salary to be paid to officiating Patels and Shanbhogs according to the preceding scales:—

Gross Revenue of the Village.	Patel's Salary.						Shanbhog's Salary.								
	Percentage Rates.			Amount.	Additional Fixed Allowance.	Total Salary.	Percentage Rates.				Amount.	Additional Fixed Allowance.	Total Salary.	Stationery Allowance.	Grand Total including Stationery Allowance.
	1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand.				1st Thousand	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand	4th Thousand					
1	2	3	4	5 Rs. As.	6	7 Rs As	8	9	10	11	12 Rs. As	13	14 Rs. As.	15 Rs. As.	16 Rs. As.
15	3	...	...	0 12	1	1 12	4	...	..	...	0 10	1	1 10	1 0	2 10
25	3	...	...	0 12	1	1 12	4	...	...	..	1 0	2	3 0	1 0	4 0
50	3	...	...	1 8	2	3 8	4	..	...	...	2 0	2	4 0	2 0	6 0
75	3	...	...	2 4	3	5 4	4	...	.	..	3 0	3	6 0	2 8	8 8
100	3	...	..	3 0	3	6 0	4	...	...	...	4 0	5	9 0	2 8	11 8
150	3	...	...	4 8	5	9 8	4	...	...	...	6 0	5	11 0	3 0	14 0
200	3	...	...	6 0	5	11 0	4	...	..	...	8 0	5	13 0	3 0	16 0
300	3	...	...	9 0	5	14 0	4	..	...	.	12 0	5	17 0	3 8	20 8
400	3	...	..	12 0	5	17 0	4	...	...	...	16 0	5	21 0	4 0	25 0
500	3	...	...	15 0	5	20 0	4	...	...	...	20 0	5	25 0	4 0	29 0
600	3	...	...	18 0	5	23 0	4	...	...	...	24 0	5	29 0	4 8	33 8
700	3	...	...	21 0	5	26 0	4	...	.	...	28 0	4	32 0	4 8	36 8
800	3	...	...	24 0	5	29 0	4	...	...	...	32 0	...	32 0	5 0	37 0
900	3	...	...	27 0	5	32 0	4	...	...	...	36 0	...	36 0	5 0	41 0
1,000	3	...	...	30 0	2	32 0	4	...	...	...	40 0	...	40 0	5 8	45 8
1,100	3	2	...	32 0	...	32 0	4	3	...	...	43 0	...	43 0	5 8	48 8
1,200	3	2	...	34 0	...	34 0	4	3	...	...	46 0	...	46 0	5 8	51 8
1,300	3	2	...	36 0	..	36 0	4	3	...	...	49 0	...	49 0	6 0	55 0
1,400	3	2	..	38 0	...	38 0	4	3	...	...	52 0	...	52 0	6 0	58 0
1,500	3	2	...	40 0	...	40 0	4	3	...	...	55 0	.	55 0	6 0	61 0
1,600	3	2	...	42 0	...	42 0	4	3	...	..	58 0	...	58 0	6 8	64 8
1,700	3	2	...	44 0	...	44 0	4	3	...	...	61 0	...	61 0	6 8	67 8
1,800	3	2	...	46 0	...	46 0	4	3	...	...	64 0	...	64 0	6 8	70 8
1,900	3	2	...	48 0	...	48 0	4	3	...	...	67 0	...	67 0	7 0	74 0
2,000	3	2	..	50 0	...	50 0	4	3	...	...	70 0	...	70 0	7 0	77 0
2,100	3	2	1	51 0	...	51 0	4	3	2	...	72 0	...	72 0	7 8	79 8
2,200	3	2	1	52 0	..	52 0	4	3	2	...	74 0	...	74 0	7 8	81 8
3,000	3	2	1	60 0	...	60 0	4	3	2	...	90 0		90 0	8 0	98 0
3,100	3	2	1	61 0	...	61 0	4	3	2	1	91 0	...	91 0	8 8	99 8
3,200	3	2	1	62 0	...	62 0	4	3	2	1	92 0	..	92 0	8 8	100 8
4,000	3	2	1	70 0	..	70 0	4	3	2	1	100 0	...	100 0	9 0	109 0
4,100	3	2	1	71 0	...	71 0	4	3	2	1	101 0	...	101 0	9 0	110 0
4,200	3	2	1	72 0	...	72 0	4	3	2	1	102 0	...	102 0	9 0	111 0
5,000	3	2	1	80 0	...	80 0	4	3	2	1	110 0	...	110 0	10 0	120 0
6,000	3	2	1	90 0	...	90 0	4	3	2	1	120 0	...	120 0	11 0	131 0
7,000	3	2	1	100 0	...	100 0	4	3	2	1	130 0	...	130 0	12 0	142 0

5.

The salaries of officiators fixed by the preceding rule, form the minimum rate of remuneration, but an addition to the fixed portion of the officiator's allowance according to scale will be made in certain cases specified in the following subsidiary rules:—

1.

When the balance of the total emoluments, formed by Rule 3 beyond what is necessary to provide the remuneration of the officiator fall short of rupees five in the case of villages having a gross revenue of less than Rs. 500 and of Rs. 10 in case of villages having a gross revenue in excess of Rs. 500, this balance shall be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary formed by Rule 4.

2

When the balance of the total emoluments formed by Rule 3 beyond what is necessary to provide the remuneration of the officiator is large, namely when it exceeds the salary of the officiator according to scale 10 per cent of this balance will be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by Rule 4.

3

In the case of towns or large villages with a population of about 2,000 inhabitants or more for the duties of which two officiating Patels will generally be requisite, and the Shanbhog will generally require an assistant, a permanent fixed allowance of Rs. 10 will be assigned to each officiating Patel and Shanbhog in addition to his salary formed by the scales in Rule 4 when the balance of the total emoluments is sufficient for the purpose but insufficient to bring the case within the operation of the preceding subsidiary rule

6

The gross revenue of the village referred to in Rule 4 is the whole revenue leviable for any year before deducting any remissions.

7.

The salary of each officiating Patel and Shanbhog is to be paid to him quarterly from the Taluk Treasury in cash. But no part of the salary of an officiator shall on any pretext whatsoever be deducted or withheld on account of revenue due by himself or others or from balance of Government revenue in his charge.

8.

The salary of each officiator would strictly speaking vary from year to year with the leviable revenue of the village, but to avoid complication in the accounts a revision shall be made every five years, and even these are alteration in the emoluments of the officiators shall only be made when the revenue of the village exceeds or falls short of the amount leviable when the emoluments were last fixed by an amount exceeding 5 per cent, for the same reason the appropriations from the total present emoluments of each office shall be raised decennially and no alteration shall be made in the amount leviable unless the total leviable revenue of the village exceeds by upwards of 10 per cent the amount at which it stood when the appropriations from emoluments were last made.

9

When the assessment of the arable land (exclusive of alienations) under occupation in the year in which the settlement of remuneration of village officers is made exceeds five-sixths of the assessment of all the arable land (exclusive of alienations) in any village, the gross revenue of the year will be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators with a view to fix and determine the extent of the appropriations to be made for their support out of the total official emoluments.

10.

When the assessment of the arable land specified in the preceding rule in occupation in the year in which the settlement of the village officers is made falls short of five-sixths of the assessment of all the arable land exclusive of alienations in the village, then five-sixths shall be assumed to be under occupation to fix and determine the extent of the appropriation to be made for the support of the officiator out of the total office emoluments.

11.

The existing official emoluments valued as provided for in Rules 1 and 2 will be appropriated for the support of the officiator in the manner specified in the following rules, and the balance of emoluments remaining after providing for the officiator is to be disposed of for the future in the manner also provided for in these rules.

12.

The emoluments derived from land as fixed by Rule 1 shall first be appropriated to provide the salary of the officiator.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

13.

When the emoluments derived from land are insufficient to provide the salary of the officiators, the cash emoluments will next be appropriated to make up the salary of the officiator.

14.

Any deficiency after appropriating all the emoluments from land and cash shall be made good from the Government Treasury.

15

Any surplus on the existing emoluments on land and cash remaining over after providing the salary of the officiater shall be dealt with as follows.—

1.

If the emoluments derived from land alone are more than sufficient to provide the salary of the officiator, the surplus shall be taxed by the imposition of additional jodi equal to one-half the profits on the above land, the profits being the difference between the jodi payable thereon and the full survey assessment or valuation.

2.

Any surplus remaining out of the cash emoluments, after providing the salary of the officiator, shall be at once resumed by Government.

16.

When the official land of any office is held in shares and these shares with the amount of jodi and other cesses now payable on each are separately recorded in the village accounts, then the additional tax imposed upon the whole official land of the office under this rule is to be apportioned on the several shares in proportion to the sum by which the full survey assessment of the land of each share exceeds the present jodi and other cesses payable on the same as shown in the following example.—

	Names of Shares.	Survey Assessment of the land of each share	Deduct Jodi Cess now paid on each share.	Remaining Profit on each share	Addition to Jodi in column 3 apportioned on profit in column 4.	Future Jodi Cess on each share, being sum of columns 3 and 5
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Karibasavegauda's ...	16 0 0	23 0 0	..	...	23 0 0
2	Nimbegauda's ...	49 12 0	46 0 0	3 12 0	2 12 0	48 12 0
3	Basavegauda's ...	26 8 0	25 12 0	0 12 0	0 8 0	26 4 0
4	Lingegauda's ...	108 4 0	89 0 0	19 4 0	13 8 0	102 8 0
	Total.....	200 8 0	183 12 0	23 12 0	16 12 0	200 8 0

In settling the amount of jodi to be paid upon each share, fractions of less amount than ½ rupee are not to be admitted into the accounts in accordance with the rule followed in regard to all survey assessments.

17.

Nothing contained in any of the preceding rules shall be considered as debarring any village hereditary officer from relinquishing his official land when to be disposed and every such officer shall, at any time whether at, or subsequent to the introduction of the settlement prescribed in these rules, be permitted to relinquish by written "Razinama" any entire field or fields into which his official land may have been marked off by the survey, and on so doing the relinquished field is immediately to be entered in the accounts as Government land and the jodi tax payable by the hereditary officer is to be reduced by the full amount of the survey assessment of the relinquished fields.

18.

The official land under the settlement prescribed in the foregoing rules will form no part of the remuneration of the officiator who is to be paid wholly in cash, and the land will therefore remain in the possession of the sharers who may at present hold it.

19

A Patel will, as a rule, be appointed for each village. But the some Shanbhog may hold as many villages as will give him an annual income of Rs. 60.

5. These rules are drawn up on those in force in the South of the Bombay Presidency for some years with such modifications as further experience has shown to be desirable.

6. It might be assumed that the official land having been given solely for the support of the office, all surplus emoluments derived from it after providing the salary of the officiator should revert to the State, that is be subjected to full assessment instead of only to half assessment as is proposed in Rule 15, Section 1 in accordance with the practice in the Bombay Presidency where the rule is to subject to half assessment only lands long prescriptively enjoyed on account of service to Government now no longer required or otherwise sufficiently remunerated.

7. In some Collectorates in Bombay it is the practice to forbid the officiator to share the salary fixed by scale with the other members of the family under penalty of dismissal; for obvious reasons it is most desirable to do all we can to secure the sole enjoyment of the salary to the person who does the work. Though in practice it is found difficult to enforce this rule, or to interfere with the private arrangements of the members of the official family, yet it is I think on the whole desirable to retain this rule, if this opinion is concurred in an additional rule to this effect would require to be inserted.

8. Vernacular statements for each village are made out by the Settlement Department fixing the salary of each officiator the amount to be contributed by additional jodi on each recognized sharer in the official land, the amount to be contributed by the Treasury and the disposal of any surplus emoluments rendering the whole matter excessively easy of introduction by the taluk officials. These statements are generally drawn up in the second year after the settlement, in order to give time for the purification of the lists of jodi inam land in which there is almost always a good deal of confusion and complication.

9. For the one or two years which may intervene between the settlement and consequent abolition of direct levies and the fixing salary it is the practice to award an interim compensation for abolished "Aya" taking care to keep the total emoluments aya inclusive within the amount of salary which will be awarded according to scale.

10. At present it is the common practice for the Shanbhogs not to live in the villages of their charge, but neither at some large town in the taluk where brahmins congregate, or at the Taluk Cutcherry Town. I propose that after the introduction of fixed salaries Shanbhogs be required to live in a named village of their charge and be not allowed to leave it without the written permission of the Amildar, who shall keep a register of the leave granted to each Shanbhog, and submit returns on the subject to the officer in charge of the Taluk at such periods as may be deemed necessary.

11. It is impossible to calculate what charge upon the revenues the introduction of these rules would entail, as we do not at all know what will be the survey valuation of existing emoluments in unsettled taluks.

12. I am prepared to draw up the detailed statements for the Harihar Taluk as soon as ever I receive your sanction to my rules. The detailed statements of existing emoluments are all fully drawn out.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885

Memorandum by Commissioner of Mysore, No. 11, dated Bangalore, 15th May 1866.

With reference to letter No. 102, dated 1st instant from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, forwarding rules for providing the future remuneration of the officiating Patels and Shanbhogs in the Districts of Mysore in which the survey settlement has been introduced, I beg to state that the rules therein laid down by Colonel Anderson are good, but before conveying sanction thereto, the opinions of the Superintendents of Divisions may be obtained, but with regard to the Commissioner's remarks against para 2 in the letter above referred to I beg to state that the term aya is prevalent all over the Province. I further beg to add that there are very few Patels but numerous Shanbhogs in this country who hold service inam lands the beriz of which is shown in the accompanying statement. They also receive fees called aya or fees paid in kind or money. Though this is not shown in the accounts in the Dufter, yet it is a known fact that this system is prevalent in the Province. But the value of the produce of the land held by them not being known, it is but right to fix their remuneration on a percentage of the revenue of each village. The value of the aforesaid fees not being certain, an annual allowance is fixed by Colonel Anderson. This is allowed to them in consideration that the former remuneration would not be sufficient for their maintenance.

The table of salaries entered in the letter of Colonel Anderson has been tested and found to be correct.

The Patels now in the Province have no particular duties to perform and consequently it would be necessary to request the Superintendents to state what duties they will have to conduct for the percentage recommended by Colonel Anderson.

In the 7th para of Colonel Anderson's letter, he recommends that the officiator should be forbidden to share his salary with his relatives. This had been a practice in the whole Province, till the *Circular No. 4361—64, dated the 4th January last was issued disallowing the practice and prohibiting the courts from admitting such claims.

*Herewith submitted.

From the Officiating Superintendent, Nagar Division, To the Secretary to the Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.
Circuit No. 36, dated Camp Kadur, 28th May 1866.

I have the honor to acknowledge your Circular docket No. 341—4, dated 17th instant, giving cover, for the expression of my opinion, to a communication from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, suggesting a scheme of remuneration to Patels and Shanbhogs in settled taluks, and in reply beg to offer the following observations.

2. From Colonel Anderson's letter, I understand that a Patel is to get an allowance of 3 per cent on the first thousand or any portion of a thousand rupees of the gross land revenue of his village; two for the 2nd thousand, and one per cent for anything over two thousand. In addition to this, he is also to get a fixed salary at the rate of one rupee annually when the gross revenue of his village ranges from Rs. 11 to Rs. 30, two when the same ranges from Rs. 31 to Rs. 60. Three when it ranges from Rs. 61 to Rs. 100 and Rs. 5 when it exceeds Rs. 100: but in no case is the total salary to exceed Rs. 32 per annum.

3. A Shanbhog in like manner is to get 4 per cent on the 1st thousand, 3 per cent on the 2nd thousand, 2 per cent on the 3rd thousand, and 1 per cent on all collections over that sum, derived from land. He is also to get a fixed annual salary, the rates varying slightly from those laid down for Patels, but the total the same, *viz.*, Rs. 32 per annum. He is likewise to get an allowance for paper varying from one Re. to ten per annum according to the gross revenue of the villages under his charge. The aggregate value of these emoluments may be estimated on an average at 3½ per cent, for instance, given a village the land revenue of which is Rs. 4,000.

The Shanbhog would get Rs. 100 at the four different rates of percentage laid down by Colonel Anderson; Rs. 32 fixed annual salary and Rs 9 for paper making a total of Rs. 141 which is 3½+ % on Rs 4,000.

4. The Patel would, according to the same calculation, get 2½ per cent and a fraction. The aggregate for the 2 offices being 6 per cent.

5 Totis, Talaris, Nirgantis, and the rest of the Barabaluti are altogether ignored. Perhaps Colonel Anderson meditates another set of simple rules for the remuneration of these village officials

6. I quite agree with Colonel Anderson that it is desirable to abolish all irregular collections called Aya' mamas, or by whatever other denomination they are known, made hitherto by the Patels and Shanbhogs from the ryots, and that these officials should draw their emoluments direct from the Government, and these emoluments should be sufficient to enable them to live without having recourse to peculation

7 But it seems to me that some more simple rules might be laid down than are contained in the elaborate code submitted by Colonel Anderson. All that seems to me to be necessary is, that a certain percentage on the gross revenues should be allowed for the remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels, and that this sum should be so distributed as to give each official a fair allowance for the work he performs. To do this as regards Shanbhogs is comparatively easy, as one Shanbhog can have the charge of more than one village and his income can thus be made up. But the income of Patels of small villages will be very little, and when it is considered that they do or are expected to do judicial as well as revenue work, I think their case deserves consideration I have always considered that Patels' services are of great importance to us, and that they should have been better remunerated

8. I object entirely to Colonel Anderson's proposition to appoint 2 Patels to one village, two Kings of Brentford would never answer, and one is sufficient. He will find all the aid he requires without our interference, if we pay him according to the quantity of work he has to perform. The same may be said of Shanbhogs They will find all the assistance they may need. We should recognize but one man.

9. I would not either recognize the division and sub-division of mams, or jodi lands, granted for services One man alone should be acknowledged as the holder of those lands and answer to us for it With any subsidiary family arrangements, I don't consider that we are called upon to interfere.

10. With reference to the assessment of land found by the survey in excess of the Government grant, I would of course deal liberally, and Colonel Anderson's terms are in my opinion abundantly so.

11. I think the suggestion that Shanbhogs should permanently reside in their head-quarter villages is good. Shekdars do so, and there is no reason why Shanbhogs should not do the same.

12. It is not, I think sufficiently clearly, stated whether the remuneration proposed to be granted by Colonel Anderson's rules is to be all in land or all in cash, or partly in one and partly in the other. I presume the latter. But in my opinion it should be entirely in cash or land, and I would prefer land, and so I think would the majority of Shanbhogs and Patels.

13. I am not aware of any advantages that may be expected to arise from the payment of Patels and Shanbhogs quarterly, and I see objections to it. Their pay must accumulate in the Taluk Treasuries, and it will afford facilities to Nagadi Gumastas and others connected with that branch of the service to exact fees They should, I think, be paid monthly like other Government servants.

14. I do not share Colonel Anderson's expectation that his scheme will be readily understood and easily introduced, and I would not therefore be in any hurry to introduce it into unsettled taluks. For, whatever else may be its merits, it certainly to my mind lacks simplicity.

15. I have to apologize for not having submitted my opinion at an earlier date. But when your docket reached me, I was engaged in a very heavy criminal sessions.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Superintendent, Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 421—R. 18, dated Nelamangala, 7th June 1866.

I have the honor to acknowledge your Circular docket No. 341—R. 4 of the 17th ultimo, with Memorandum No. 694—87, dated the 2nd June 1866, forwarding an original letter from Colonel Anderson, Survey and Settlement Commissioner for Mysore, proposing a scheme for remunerating Shanbhogs and Patels, for my opinion.

2. It appears to me that on a general revision like that now in progress which necessarily disturbs all existing rights and perquisites of village servants, any new system introduced ought to be as simple as possible.

3. Colonel Anderson's proposed scheme does not appear to me simple but rather, on the contrary, complex and heavy and as respects the very small charge and insufficient remuneration of Patels inexpedient. As I cannot express my concurrence with the scheme generally, I feel called upon to suggest another scheme in lieu of it and accordingly submit the following :—

1*st*. The imposition of the survey rates on all service lands less ten per cent as an honorary distinction, a distinction apart from remuneration which will be generally valued.

2*nd*. With the above exception the remuneration to be exclusively in cash.

3*rd*. The Shanbhogs to receive 4 per cent and the Patels 3 per cent on the gross revenue of their villages to be paid quarterly from the Treasury.

4*th*. The percentage to be revised every five years if the revenue, exclusive of remissions, has increased or decreased five per cent.

5*th*. Small villages to be clubbed to the extent necessary to make up the Pay of the Shanbhog to 36 and the Patel to Rs. 24 per annum; the latter officer to receive in addition Rs. 12 annually in event of his being appointed Police Gauda.

6*th*. A separate allowance for stationery does not appear to be desirable.

From the Acting Superintendent, Ashtagram Division, To the Secretary to the Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 1476—R. 73, dated Mysore, 11th August 1866.

I have the honor to acknowledge your letter No. 1143—24 of 25th June last, and in returning Colonel Anderson's letter No. 102 of 1st May 1866, which it enclosed, relative to a scheme of remuneration for Patels and Shanbhogs, to submit the following remarks.

2. Except in the Taluks of Manjarabad, Belur and Maddur, the Patels of this Division are remunerated by an exemption from mohatarfa and plough tax only. In Manjarabad and Belur they hold lands attached to the office, rent free, and in Maddur they are paid in cash. In all parts of the country however it was customary when the batayi system was in full force (before 1840) for the Patels to receive from ½ to 2 seers of grain per khandi, at the time of measuring the produce of the crops before division.

3. During the administration of Púrnaiya and His Highness the Raja, lands were held in umbli by the Patels, but this system appears to have been abolished since the assumption of the country.

4. From the importance of the Patels' duties and the amount of responsibility imposed upon them during the time of collection, their remuneration should be liberal, and while Colonel Anderson's rules appear to me rather complicated, and, I confess, difficult of comprehension, I would advocate the remuneration of Patels by a

fixed salary calculated on the revenue and subject to revision with the survey. Where the revenue supervised by one Patel is distributed over two or more villages, I would allow an additional percentage according to the number of villages in his charge, but endeavours should be made to secure if possible a Patel for each village.

5. The Shanbhogs have all lands, rent free, and lightly assessed as well as pay which ranges from 2 pie to Rs. 1 4 0 per month, some Shanbhogs have service land alone, some only pay from Government, and others have both land and pay, besides these they used to levy direct from the ryots what was called "Masikanike" or stationery allowance to cover contingent expenses. When the batayi system was in full force a Shanbhog was in receipt of from 1 to 4 seers per khandi (double the allowance of Patels) of grain of all kinds harvested in his villages, but this system has disappeared owing to the gradual abolition of batayi.

6. The emoluments of both these classes of servants are not proportionate nor determinable with reference to any standard, and it is found that in villages yielding a large revenue the Shanbhog's emolument is frequently trifling, while in those yielding a small revenue their emoluments, both from land, money payment, and "Mirasi" are generally considerable; in some cases land, ready money, and a good "Masikanike" are attached to the office, and in others only land. It is therefore most desirable that a uniform system should be introduced, and I am inclined to give preference to a system similar to that recommended at the close of para 3 for Patels.

7. The present allowances in land and money for the whole Division, both to Patels and Shanbhogs, do not amount to more than Rs. 1,898—8—1, whilst the estimated requirements calculated upon the data given by Colonel Anderson amount to Rs. 1,16,578 being an increase of Rs 1,14,680—8—1. It does not appear however how far present holdings may be affected and developed by the operations of the survey so that there is not at present a fair basis for the appreciation of the measure as a charge upon the revenue, which the nice adjustment proposed by Colonel Anderson appears to me too complicated for practical application.

8. Both Patels and Shanbhogs should invariably reside in the villages to which they are attached.

From the Secretary to the Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, To the Commissioner, Revenue Survey, No. 2429—R 23, dated Bangalore, 24th August 1866.

1. The important question relating to the emoluments of village officials which forms the subject of your letter No. 102, dated May 1st last, has received the Commissioner's fullest consideration, and has been referred for the opinion of the Superintendents of the Province whose views will be found in their accompanying replies.

(In original to be returned.)
From Superintendent, Nundydroog, dated 7th June 1866, No. 421—18.
Do do Ashtagram, dated 11th August 1866, No. 1476—73.
Do do Nagar, dated 28th May 1866, No. 36.

2. None of these officers it will be observed are favorable to the scheme in its present form, and the Commissioner is inclined to believe that neither the general principles on which the rules are based nor the details of calculations have been clearly apprehended.

3. It is stated in your letter para 5 that the proposed system is based on that now in force in the Bombay Presidency with such modifications as appeared advisable for Mysore, and the Commissioner presumes therefore that the main features of the scheme are in working order elsewhere though it is not known whether any practical difficulty has been found in applying the rules propounded.

4. Were it not for this presumption the Commissioner would be inclined to doubt whether the rules possess sufficient simplicity to warrant their general introduction.

5. The points involved in the question are apparently —

1. What would be a fair remuneration for the duties appertaining to the office of Patel and Shanbhog.

2. In what form should payment be made, whether in land, cash or both ?

3. What amount is now received by the holders of these offices?

It may be observed also that the inferior village officials such as " Totis," " Talaris" and " Nirgantis " are not provided for under the proposed rules and that it is desirable that their future position and emoluments should be settled simultaneously with those of the Patels and Shanbhogs.

6. With regard to the 1st point, in order to determine the amount of remuneration, the limit of duties which a Shanbhog can satisfactorily perform, must be calculated, that is to say, the amount of revenue one man can collect, register and account for must be prescribed. A decision on this point must necessarily be somewhat arbitrary and being so the Commissioner is of opinion that Rs. 1,000 of collection may fairly be taken as a datum.

7. In a large village a Shanbhog might possibly collect more than this, but in the case of several small villages grouped together so as to yield about this maximum, it is doubtful whether he could conveniently accomplish more, while in the case of the larger villages the other Shanbhog or Shanbhogs might be members of his own family though separately registered.

8. In the later settlements of the North-Western Provinces the Patvaris receive 3 per cent of the jamma, but their duty then being limited to keeping the accounts is much less arduous probably than in Southern India, and the Commissioner does not therefore think that 5 per cent would be too much to allow them. This on an average assessment of Rs. 1,000 would give each Shanbhog Rs. 50 yearly or somewhat more than Rs. 4 per month, and on the same principle the Commissioner proposes to give Patels 2 per cent on the assessment. Meaning by the latter term the total of the survey assessment including inams, as defined in Rule 6.

9. Although this principle should be kept in view as a standard, there does not appear to the Commissionor to be any necessity for adhering too regidly to a fixed rate of remuneration, as in the following instance. The revenue of a village being Rs. 850, the pay of a Shanbhog would be Rs. 42—8—0 and it would not be essential to add another small village so as to bring up the total assessment to Rs. 1,000. Or again if the revenue were Rs. 1,200 it would be expedient to allow the Shanbhog to draw Rs. 60 rather than to divide the village and give over a portion of the accounts to another man It appears to the Commissioner to be unreasonable and unnatural to place every village servant in exactly the same position as his neighbour in respect to pay nor does he think such rigid precision would produce any adequate result. In cases similar to the first mentioned however a remission of a percentage say 10 per cent on the officials kandayam land might be given to effect an approximate equalization, to the general scale.

10. The 2nd point has reference to the form in which payment should be made. On this the Commissioner observes that it would certainly be in the interests of Government to pay all the Shanbhogs in cash, but it is believed that so much land is held by them that great dissatisfaction would be produced by its resumption. He considers however that it should all be assessed at the survey rates and deduction made on the jodi principle on account of service rendered. Thus, if out of Rs. 50, 10 was to be paid from land it would be easy to provide this by deducting either from the assessed original service land, or the assessed kandayam land held by the

Shanbhog a jodi which would give him that sum. If the land held by him was insufficient for the purpose, he might be permitted to take up waste land on favorable terms. The same principle would apply to Patel's remunerations, for as a general rule the Commissioner considers that resumptions of land should be avoided as being opposed to the feelings of the village officials whom it is an object to make useful Government servants. The Commissioner therefore sees no objection to the remuneration being paid entirely in land or partly in land and partly in cash as circumstances may warrant.

11. With reference to the 3rd point *viz.*, the present emoluments of village officials, the available information is confessedly deficient. In the only printed report of the Revenue features of the Chitaldroog District, it is stated by Captain Chalmars that the average receipts of the Shanbhogs were 2½ say 3 per cent of the Government revenue and those of the Patels ⅞ths or say 1 per cent in the year 1840—41. Little reliance can be placed on these figures for it is tolerably well known that the Shanbhogs hold far more land than they receive credit for in the taluk accounts, while they have also hitherto been enabled to assess their own land at lower rates than those paid by other ryots. The best kind of profit has necessarily disappeared owing to the imposition of survey assessment rates, so that they are in respect to such lands in the same position as other cultivators. They also lose under the operation of the revenue survey the aya fees formerly levied by them and their special privileges are therefore now restricted to such service lands as they may hold either rent free or on a light assessment, and to the money payments made to them by Government both of which will be available sources of future remuneration.

12. Totis, Talaris and Nirgantis should not, the Commissioner conceives, receive less than 1 per cent altogether, but it would be more convenient and more in conformity with former customs probably to make their remunerations payable in kind by the villagers. In case of their holding land already it would not be advisable to disturb their possession, though such land would rarely be formed to be of any value. On the contrary the Commissioner believes that in most cases it is wholly insufficient but the complement required to make the aggregate up to 1 per cent should, the Commissioner thinks, be contributed by the ryots. As before observed the useful class of officials is not referred to in your letter, but while estimating the charges to be met either by Government or the ryots, the Commissioner considers it essential to make provision for them and rather than that they should not be provided for; he would prefer deducting the 1 per cent out of Government revenue as in the case of Patels and Shanbhogs.

13. In addition to the remuneration of Totis, Talaris and Nirgantis, there is another subsidiary cess which in the Commissioner's opinion should be settled at the same time as the emoluments of Shanbhogs and Patels, *viz.*, the present plough-tax which should give place to a local fund at 2 per cent to be paid in excess of the assessment. The proceeds would be devoted to the roads of the Taluk and District and to local improvements of various kinds which need not be particularized.

14. A school cess could not probably be imposed safely in the present state of education nor would a District postal cess perhaps be expedient.

15. The financial effect of the arrangements proposed by the Commissioner would therefore be a total charge of 10 per cent for the remuneration of Shanbhogs, Patels, and inferior village servants and for the formation of a local fund in lieu of the present plough-tax of which 7 per cent would be borne by the Government for the payment of the 1st two classes, and 3 per cent be a deduction from ryots' profits in payment of the inferior officials and for the local fund. Thus, in the case of a village assessed at Rs. 1,000, the Government would realize this sum minus Rs. 70 or 930, while the profits of the ryots whatever proportion they might bear to the gross produce would be chargeable with 3 per cent of deduction.

16. The deduction on account of the emoluments of the minor village servants from the proprietary profits is, in the Commissioners' opinion, quite justifiable in principle, and would divest the Government of much troublesome work. The local fund may also be considers be legitimately deducted from the same source especially as the plough-tax is at present payable by the ryots

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17. In the North-Western Provinces, Patels' fees are also deducted from the proprietary profits, but their position as representatives of village communities is different from what it is in Mysore and the Commissioner considers that as Government officials they should be paid out of Government revenue.

18. The Commissioner's remarks on the rules contained in your letter are appended.

Memo by the Commissioner of Mysore on Colonel Anderson's letter No. 341—4, dated 1st May 1866.

Colonel Anderson's letter embodies certain rules for providing the future remuneration of officiating Patels and Shanbhogs on the introduction of the survey settlement.

The letter itself contains 12 paras, 4 introductory, and 8 explanatory and concluding the rules referred to, 19 in number occurring intermediately.

There are 12 subsidiary rules attached to Rules 4, 5 and 15 respectively as shown below.

The scheme provides for the payment of Patels and Shanbhogs by a percentage on the gross revenue of each village with certain additional fixed allowances, to determine the amount of which, and ascertain from what sources funds are available, two statements are propounded.

I. The calculation of the value of the present official emoluments.

II. The details of payment under the proposed systems. There is no connection in principle between the existing and proposed systems, the former being entirely superseded by the latter, but present emoluments are intended to be applied as far as possible to the remuneration of officials under the proposed future scheme.

The first 3 rules refer to the calculation of the value of the present official emoluments. Rules 4 to 19 embrace the details of payment proposed for the future.

Rule I.

Land at present appropriated for such emoluments how to be valued?

Rule II.

Present cash allowances do do?

Rule III.

The total under the above two rules to be the valuation of existing emoluments.

Rule IV.

Patel and Shanbhog to be paid in cash scale.

Subsidiary Rules.

Patel.	..	1. Patel's scale—Percentage and additional.
Shanbhog.	..	2. Shanbhogs—Percentage. 3. Additional fixed. 4. Stationery. 5. If in charge of more than one village—Percentage and additional fixed. 6. Stationery. 7. Table for both the above.

Rule V.

Explains that the salary under the above scale is the maximum but provides an addition to the fixed salaries in 2 specified cases.

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1. When the balance of the total emoluments under Rule III beyond what is necessary for the remuneration of the official falls short of Rs 5 in the case of a village having a gross revenue of less than Rs. 500 or 10 per cent in case of villages having a gross revenue in excess of Rs. 500, the balance to go to the official.

2. When the balance referred to is large, *viz.*, when it exceeds the salary of the official by scale, 10 per cent to be added to the fixed allowance.

3. Cases of towns and large villages involving the appointment of 2 Patels or Shanbhogs and Assistant

Rule VI.

Gross revenue defined.

Rule VII.

Payemnts in cash how to be made ?

Rule VIII.

Fluctuations in percentage salary from variations in the gross assessment how to be avoided?

Rules IX & X.

Gross revenue of any village at time of survey assumed to be at least ⅞ths of the arable land (Government) in occupation, any excess being given in favor of the officials in calculating the gross revenue.

Rule XI.

Existing emoluments according to Rules I & II first available for remuneration under the proposed scheme.

Rule XII.

Land to be first appropriated,

Rule XIII.

If insufficient, existing cash emoluments to be next applied.

Rule XIV.

Any further deficiency to be supplied from the Government Treasury.

Rule XV.

Surplus in existing emoluments to be dealt with—

1. Surplus land to be taxed by the imposition of additional jodi.
2. Surplus cash to be resumed.

Rule XVI.

Shares in the land appropriated to official emoluments separately recorded, to bear proportional rate of jodi assessed under 1, Rule XV.

Rule XVII.

Official land may be relinquished.

Rule XVIII.

Incumbents to be paid wholly in cash.

Rule XIX.

Separate Patel for each village. One Shanbhog may hold as many villages as will give him Rs. 60 per annum.

The above is an analysis of the rules.

The essential principles of the new settlement are contained in Rule IV, 1 to 7 and Rule V, 1 & 2.

And I confess that I neither understand the principle on which the additional fixed payments are made nor 1 and 2 of Rule V.

The majority of the remaining rules may be disposed of easily enough though questions may be raised on points in Rules I, VIII, XVIII and perhaps VI.

In submitting the rules, the substance of Colonel Anderson's letter is as follows:—

His first 4 paras describe the present sources of payment; *viz*, land, cash and fees, of which the latter are to be excluded from calculations.

Of the 8 explanatory concluding paras,

5 states that the rules are framed on those of Bombay modified by circumstances.

6 relates to Rule XV.

7 recommends an additional rule forbidding sharing of salaries.

8 & 9—Explain that the period between settlement of salaries and final introduction of vernacular statements is generally two years, during which an *ad-interim* compensation for "Aya" is awarded.

10 recommends that Shanbhogs should live in a named village of their charge.

11 and 12 conclusion.

There is nothing in any of these paras that would occasion difficulty.

The solution of the whole question is involved in the scale and subsidiary rules before specified.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, No. 456, dated Dharwar, 12th July 1867.

I beg that I may be favored with early answer to my letter No. 259 of the 12th April last, regarding the temporary remuneration of the village officers of the Harihar Taluk, at present the remuneration of those officers is most insufficient, my proposed plan will effectually remedy this for the present and its introduction as a part of the settlement is urgently called for.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, To the Officiating Survey and Settlement Commissioner in Mysore, No. 4903—R. 43, dated Bangalore, 28th November 1867.

In acknowledging the receipt of Lieutenant-Colonel Anderson's letter No. 456 of the 12th July 1867, requesting a reply to a previous communication No. 259 of the 10th April 1867, in which certain proposals are made for remunerating the village officers of the Harihar Taluk, owing to the abolition of "Aya" or grain levies by the operation of the survey settlement, I am directed to observe that on receipt of your letter No. 102 of the 1st May 1866, the Commissioner considered it necessary to enter carefully into the whole question, and accordingly invited the expression of the Superintendents' opinions as to any objections which occurred to them to the adoption of Colonel Anderson's views. Their opinions as well as Mr. Bowring's observations thereon were communicated at length in this office letter No. 2429—23 of the 24th August 1866, in which a full representation was made of the supposed difficulties in carrying out the scheme advocated by Colonel Anderson. Subsequently his letter No. 219 of the 25th March 1867 was received in this office, but it does not appear that any orders were passed thereon by the Officiating Commissioner. The latter communication was succeeded by Colonel Anderson's letter No. 259 of the 10th

April 1867 already quoted, and with reference thereto, I am directed to state that having regard to the arrangement therein suggested being avowedly of a tentative nature, and an ad-interim scheme until the permanent scale and mode of remuneration are eventually determined, the Commissioner has no hesitation in according his assent to its temporary adoption on the understanding that it may be subsequently amended, should circumstances necessitate this being done

From the Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No 1222, dated Poona, 17th November 1868.

With reference to the correspondence marginally noted, and with reference also to Rule VIII. D of the Land Inam Settlement Rules for Mysore, I have the honor of enclosing for the consideration of the Commissioner a rough draft of rules for the permanent settlement of the remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels for service rendered to the State.

Survey and Settlement Commissioner, to Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, No 102 of 1st May 1866

The Secretary to the Commissioner, to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, No 2429—23 of 24th August 1866

Survey and Settlement Commissioner, to the Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, No 456 of 12th July 1867.

Secretary to the Commissioner, to Officiating Survey and Settlement Commissioner, No. 4903—43, dated 28th November 1867.

2. I find that many officers of the Commission, European and Native, are of opinion that cash payment for service is neither desirable *nor* politic, and that remuneration in land, conferring as it would substantial and tangible benefit and giving a status which no cash remuneration would carry with it, would be much more popular with the recipients. and further that the working of a scheme based on this system would be, in comparison, very much more simple and intelligible, because

All cash payments would be entirely got rid of.

It would be the very best way of recognizing the hereditary nature of the office.

It would most effectually protect the village officers from the peculation, of petty officials, inseparable from a cash payment system.

3. Concurring as I do, generally in this view of the question, and considering especially the probable future of Mysore, I have drafted the accompanying rules having for their object—

I. The settlement once for all by grants of land of the remuneration of village and Magani Shanbhogs and Patels.

II. The cessation of the annual payment to Shanbhogs and Patels of compensation granted for loss of "Aya", the levy of which is prohibited under the revenue survey system.

III. The abolition of cash payments to Shanbhogs and Patels.

4. It seems possible to introduce this system without interfering, in any way, with present actual possession of service land, even if it is in excess of the requirements of Government for the remuneration of officiators, always provided that it has not been alienated from the "Hak."

5. Although the rules require no explanation, it seems desirable that I should point out to the Commissioner some of the difficulties which I see in carrying them out.

6. It is absolutely necessary for many reasons that the remuneration should be fixed once for all and not be subject to revision quinquennially or decenially (as cultivation and revenue increase) which, however simple under a cash payment system, would be well nigh impracticable under that now proposed.

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7. To meet this difficulty I propose to fix a percentage as remuneration not on the present or average realizations on the *cultivated* area. but on the revenue survey assessment of all on the culturable lands of the village [known technically as the survey kamal.]

8. But it will be apparent that this plan would have very unfair incidence in many cases—For example,

Village A.

		Rs.
Assessment of cultivated land	..	1,500
Do waste culturable land ..	..	500
Survey Kamal	..	2,000

Officiating Shanbhog's remuneration in land (according to the proposed scale) to the value of Rs. 120

Village B.

Assessment of cultivated land ..	..	500
Do culturable waste land ..	..	1,500
Survey Kamal	..	2,000

Shanbhog's remuneration the *same* as in Village A. So that a Shanbhog would be just as well remunerated for having next to nothing to do in a comparatively waste village, as he would in a fully cultivated village, where the work would be heavy.

9. How is this difficulty to be met so as to avoid the necessity for periodical revisions of remuneration as cultivation increases? Would it be best done by making the scale, say 5 per cent on the realizations of the year succeeding the settlement, and one per cent on the assessment of all the waste land remaining—up to the full survey kamal—or, by fixing a sliding scale of jodi to be gradually reduced as cultivation increases, till, when the whole culturable area shall have been brought under cultivation, the fluctuating jodi would be no longer imposable?

10. I am in favor of the former plan, for the latter would be inquisitorial, would entail perpetual official interference and might open a door to fraud.

When once a settlement is made, all official interference should cease.

11. Now what would be the effect of the application of the former plan in the cases given above?

Village A.

	Rs		Rs.
Realizations on cultivated land .	1,500	at 5 per cent,	75
Assessment of culturable waste ..	500	at 1 per cent,	5
Survey Kamal	2,000		
Value of remuneration in land ..	..		80

Village B.

	Rs.		Rs.
Realizations on cultivated land ..	500	at 5 per cent,	25
Assessment of culturable waste ..	1,500	at 1 per cent,	15
Survey Kamal	2,000		
Value of Remuneration in land ..	..		40

This, although not strictly fair, is the best alternative plan I can think of. In the one case the remuneration would be 4 per cent on the entire "Kamal," and in the other 2 per cent.

12. Still another plan occurs to me, should the proposed one not to be approved *viz.*, that the lands might be granted as proposed up to a fixed percentage, on the survey kamal, for the support of the entire family interested in the "Hak" and the remuneration of the officiator might be provided by a jodi on the lands.

Perhaps if the salary of the officiator were to be fixed at half the value of the "Hak" it would be enough. Thus if the assessment of the lands of the "Hak" is Rs. 200, and A the officiator, himself holds lands assessed at Rs 50, I would get the balance by putting a jodi of 5 annas 4 pies in the rupee on the other shares or (which would be simpler) assess *all* the land up to 8 annas in the rupee, the levy on A's share being merely nominal This would not be quite so fair but would prevent discussion as to who holds such and such fields

In the 1st case —A would get half the value of the "Hak" *inclusive* of his own share of the land, and

In the 2nd case —He would get half the value of the "Hak" in cash, plus his own share of the land minus half its assessment.

Now this plan entails the necessity for the objectionable system of *cash payment* to the officiator, and notwithstanding the many difficulties that may occur in carrying out the land remuneration system, as I have said before, I think it would be, more popular, more easily worked when once settled, less complicated for officials, and better understood by the people than any other.

13. There is, however, no occasion to attempt the introduction of a permanent settlement of Shanbhogs and Patels' "Haks" till the subject shall have been very carefully considered in all its bearings ; for the present, tentative arrangement has been introduced in all the taluks settled up to last year and will in a few weeks be extended to the last settled taluk

—

Rules for the settlement of Shanbhogs and Patels' Haks in Mysore ordered to be carried out by the Survey Department by Rule VIII D of the Inam Rules for Mysore

I.

Remuneration for service shall be entirely in land, and not in cash or grain or other levies.

II

When this settlement shall come into operation cash allowances will cease.

III.

The payment of compensation (for "Aya" and other levies from the ryots abolished by the revenue survey system) will cease on the introduction of this settlement.

IV.

For the purposes of this settlement, the statement kept in each Cutcherry of the "Haks" and emoluments of village officers, in accordance with the Commissioner's Circular No. 2857—17 of the 5th November 1863, shall be held to be an authentic record (as also the register made in accordance with para 2 of the Notification of the Commissioner, dated 11th September 1835).

V.

Shanbhogs' scale.

The remuneration of Shanbhogs shall be in land, the survey assessment of which shall be equal to 6 per cent of the entire assessment of the culturable land of the village according to the revenue survey (survey kamal).

VI

Patels' scale.

The remuneration of Patels shall be in land, the survey assessment of which shall be equal to 4 per cent of the entire revenue survey assessment of all the culturable land of the village.

VII

As the above remuneration is inclusive, no extra grant on account of stationery will be allowed.

VIII.

It is hereby declared—

(*a*) That all lands either confirmed or granted by this settlement are inalienable from the officers to which they are attached, (whether by mortgage sale, gift or otherwise,) and that they shall not be liable to attachment or other process in satisfaction of judicial decrees.

(*b*) That the offices of Shanbhog and Patel are, as a general rule, hereditary and to be enjoyed by father and son in succession, but in case it may appear to the Superintendent of Division that the hereditary claimant is unfit or, from bad character, unworthy of the office, the Superintendent will employ a person properly qualified, who is always, if possible, to be a near relative (of the late Shanbhog or Patel as the case may be) who will succeed to the service lands attached to the office.

X.

When there are no co-sharers.—When the revenue survey assessment of lands entered as service in column 31 of the above mentioned statement shall be equal to 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in the case of Patels, of the revenue survey assessment of all the arable land of the village, such lands shall be entered in the name of the present officiator, (as service inam), who shall receive a sannad descriptive of the same.

How the Survey office will proceed when the revenue survey assessment of land now held for service is equal to 6 per cent in case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in case of Patels of the full survey kamal.

XI.

When the revenue survey assessment of lands entered as service in column 31 of the above mentioned statement shall in the case of Shanbhogs exceed 6 per cent and in the case of Patels 4 per cent of the revenue survey assessment of all the culturable lands in the village, a jodi equal to the difference shall be imposed on the service land. A sannad will be given.

How the Survey office will proceed when the revenue survey assessment of land now held for service exceeds in the case of Shanbhogs 6 per cent and in case of Patels 4 per cent of the revenue survey assessment of all the arable lands of the village.

* NOTE.—Or a jodi might be imposed according to the following sliding scale :—

On excess between	Rs.	5	and	10	As. 2
Do	„	11	„	20	„ 3
Do	„	41	„	60	„ 4
Do	„	61	„	80	„ 6
Do	„	81	„	100	„ 7
	above	100			„ 8

XII.

When the revenue survey assessment of lands at present held for service as entered in column 31 of the above mentioned statement, shall fall short of 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in case of Patels, of the full survey assessment of all the assessed lands of the village, good arable waste land (to be selected by the Survey office) the assessment of which is equal to the difference, shall be entered as service in the name of the officiator, to whom a sannad shall be given.

How the Survey office shall proceed when the revenue survey assessment of all the service land does not amount to 6 per cent in case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in case of Patels of all the assessed land of the village.

XIII.

How the Survey office is to proceed when no land is entered as service

When no land is at present held for service, and the remuneration is by cash payment only, the Survey office will select good arable waste land, the revenue survey assessment of which is equal to 6 per cent, in the case of Shanbhogs, and 4 per cent in case of Patels, of the revenue survey assessment of all the culturable lands of the village. This land will be entered as service in the name of the present officiator, and all cash payments will cease thereafter, a sannad will be granted.

XIV.

How the Survey office shall proceed when co-sharers are in joint possession of service land

At the time of making the settlement, all co-shares of the hak must be informed—

1st. That the name of the officiator will be entered in the survey records.

2nd. That the officiator will be entitled to land assessed up to the full percentage before they can receive anything.

3rd. That (this notwithstanding) in cases when the revenue survey assessment of all the lands held for service is in excess of the percentage remuneration fixed for the officiator, Government will not interfere with any of the land in possession of the hakdars, beyond imposing a jodi equal to the difference between the remuneration fixed for the officiator, and the full survey assessment (or according to the sliding scale shown in note to Rule XI.)

When the revenue survey assessment of the entire lands of a co-shared service hak shall not amount to 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in case of Patels of the revenue survey assessment of all the culturable lands of the village, the officiator shall be put in possession of good arable waste land assessed to the amount of the difference. The land so given to make up this difference shall be added to the present hak and shall be entered as service, a sannad for the whole being given to the officiator.

XV.

How the Survey officers shall proceed when the land is partitioned amongst the co-sharers of the hak.

(*a*) When the revenue survey assessment of the entire service lands of a hak (*which is partitioned amongst the co-sharers*) shall exceed the percentage remuneration fixed by Rules V and VI, the Survey officer will first see whether the share actually held or cultivated by the officiator is assessed to the required amount. In case it should be, it will be entered in his name as service inam, for which he will receive a sannad. On the remainder of the land (excess) held by the other sharers a jodi equal to the difference between the assessment of the officiator's share (*i. e.* the authorized remuneration), and the full assessment of all the lands of the hak will be imposed (or according to sliding scale as shown in Rule XI.)

(*b*) But in case the share of the land, of which the officiator is in actual possession, is not assessed to the full amount of the percentage allowed, then there will be a lien on the land in the possession of the other sharers up to the full amount of the percentage, after which if there should be any excess, a jodi will be imposed thereon to the amount of the difference between the full assessment and the remuneration allowed by Rules V and VI, (or the jodi will be imposed according to the sliding scale shown in the note to Rule XI.)

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

XVI.

In all settlements the amount of existing jodis will be considered and adjusted in fixing jodi on account of excess.

XVII.

In all cases sannads will be granted on behalf of the Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, setting forth—

1*st*. The name of the officiator and the service for which the land is granted.

2*nd*. The area of the land granted.

3*rd*. The revenue survey assessment of the land.

4*th*. If the assessment exceeds the authorized remuneration, the amount of the excess to be noted.

5*th*. Amount of jodi, if any.

6*th*. Amount of new jodi inclusive of jodi on account of excess.

XVIII.

If, when making the settlement, it should be discovered that any land attached to a service hak has been alienated from that hak by *transfer, sale or mortgage in contravention of the Notification of the Commissioner under date 11th September 1835, it shall be fully assessed, and new land of equal value shall be granted.

* Caveat emptor.

From the Acting Superintendent, Ashtagram Division, To the Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, No. 4744—Rev. 207, dated Mysore, 16th February 1869.

In acknowledging the receipt of Circuit No. 20, dated 25th November 1868, on the subject of the remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels, I have the honor to make the following remarks.

2. In Rule 5, Major Prescott proposes for Shanbhogs, land valued at 6 per cent of the assessment of the entire culturable land of the village; but in paras 9 and 11 of his covering letter he favors another plan, which would give only 4 per cent in one case, and 2 per cent in another.

3. If rule 5 is to stand, there will in many instances occur the anomaly, pointed out in his 8th para, of a man obtaining land assessed at Rs. 120 for collecting Rs. 1,500 and of another obtaining equally valuable land for collecting only Rs. 500.

4. The plan referred to in paras 9 and 11 is an economical one, and allows therefore of modifications being made according to circumstances, especially in regard to villages like B, where the greater portion of the culturable land is waste.

5. In such cases, and when it is probable that a demand for land will arise, the calculation might be thus—

	Rs.
Revenue on cultivated land, Rs. 500, at 4 per cent ..	20
Assessment of culturable waste, Rs. 1,500, at 2 per cent ..	30
Value of remuneration in land ..	50

6. The sliding scale of jodi mentioned by Colonel Prescott at the end of his para 9 would tend to correct the unequal results of the application of rule 5; and although under present circumstances there would be room for fraud in ascertaining

the extent of land brought under cultivation from year to year, this information will be obtained with comparative ease and precision, when the revenue survey has been everywhere introduced.

7. The office of Shanbhog and Patel being declared to be hereditary and being endowed with land, and confirmed by sannad, the causes of disqualification should be set forth, and the authority having power to change the succession designated.

8. In the case of an actual incumbent, the nature of the offences for which he may be dismissed, and the procedure to be followed when his nearest heir is to be excluded, or is not qualified, should be indicated.

9. Under the proposed rules, co-sharers in Shanbhog and Patel haks, will, it is presumed, cease to be recognized ; and on the death of an incumbent, his nearest male heir will succeed if he is qualified. It appears to be necessary to specify who the nearest legal male heir shall be held to be, as by the laws of inheritance, sons in some cases, and brothers in others have a right to equal shares.

10. The policy of attaching to the Government in the manner proposed, men with influence among the cultivating classes, will probably not be denied. At the same time, the terms and conditions on which they are to hold the favorable positions which it is intended to assign to them should be well understood and defined.

11. No other class of Government servants will have so strong a hold of their appointments as will these village officials.

From the Superintendent of the Nundydroog Division, To the Secretary to the Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 4860—Rev. 179, dated Srinivaspur, 16th February 1869.

With reference to your Circular No. 20 of the 25th November 1868, forwarding for such observations as I may wish to offer, copy of a letter No. 1222 of the 17th idem from the Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner, with draft rules for the permanent settlement of remuneration to Shanbhogs and Patels for service rendered to the State, I have the honor to submit the following remarks for Mr. Bowring's consideration.

2. I moreover forwarded the papers to the Deputy Superintendents and I beg to append for the Commissioner's perusal copies of their replies* containing an expression of their views on the subject of the proposed rules.

*Bangalore No. 794 of the 22nd January 1869.
Kolar No. 1095—465 of the 23rd December 1868.
Tumkur No. 1132—413 of the 31st December 1868.

3. The Deputy Superintendents are all in favor of remuneration in land, and I concur with them on this point, as I am of opinion that the grant of land at the rate of even 6 per cent on the annual realizations would be considered a far more valuable concession by all village officers than remuneration in cash equal to double the amount thereby obtained.

4. The views of the Deputy Superintendents though differing in detail as to the actual percentage which should be given to Shanbhogs and Patels respectively, are concurrent in considering a percentage, the only correct and practicable basis of payment, and in this, I think, they are right, and I feel bound to concur with the Kolar Deputy Superintendent in considering the rate of remuneration in the case of waste land too little ; I think it should be 2 per cent instead of 1 ; under which arrangement the Shanbhogs would be given 7 per cent in land and the Patels 5 per cent.

5. The elaborations suggested by the Deputy Superintendents of the Kolar and Tumkur Districts appear to me too complicated ; the more simple the arrangement is, the more easily will it be understood, the better appreciated, and the more rapidly carried out.

6. The Kolar Deputy does not seem to fancy making Patels too powerful; whereas, I am of opinion that the more influence we can give to Patels, the better for the people and the Government; a counterpoise is now wanted to the very great and unsatisfactory influence which the Shanbhogs possess. I should be glad, therefore, to see every asli village with one Patel, all hamlets belonging to it to be considered as a portion of the village; the remuneration to be calculated on the full realizations obtained according to the survey kamal from the asli village and its hamlets together.

7. The Deputy Superintendent should, I think, be ordered to register Patels throughout the Division on this principle at once; as such a proceeding would greatly facilitate matters for the Survey officers, and immediate registration throughout the Division will moreover save District officers much trouble hereafter, as there will undoubtedly be many rival claimants, the moment the prospective advantages of the position become rumoured abroad.

8. Where there are two Shanbhogs, one sarkar and the other village, the Government should, I think, keep the best man, the one who loses his employment being given any land he may hold in virtue of the office on the usual rate of assessment.

9. I do not think Brahmins make good Patels, so I cannot endorse Mr. Krishnaiengar's suggestion to the effect that the deficiencies in the ranks of the Patels should be made good from the class referred to in the last para.

10. Major Puckle's suggestion that the Patels and Shanbhogs should be allowed to cultivate what they please when the land is made over to them, is I conclude, a standing principle of the Survey and Settlement Department; the only question for disposal I fancy in such cases being whether water rate is to be charged or not, when the land has not been previously irrigated by water from a Government tank, and will be hereafter.

11. In all other respects, I think, the rules proposed by Major Prescott very good and applicable. And I would strongly urge the full and final settlement in each District of this question of remuneration as the survey itself progresses.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Bangalore District, To the Superintendent, Nundydroog Division, No. 794, dated Camp Hoskote, 22nd January 1869.

In reply to your docket No. 3627—366, dated 10th ultimo, forwarding for opinion copy of correspondence on the subject of the proposed rules for remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels, I have the honor to submit the following report.

2. Having only just taken charge of the District, I feel diffident in expressing a decided opinion. The payment in land would, I think, be the most popular and the mirasdar would consider this a more honorable remuneration than any money payment which has also other disadvantages connected with it.

3. The rules drawn up by Major Prescott seem suitable, their whole tenor is to substitute accuracy for inaccuracy and a mirasdar will have a certain area of land for the performance of certain duties regarding which in future there can scarcely be any boundary complaints.

4. Perhaps as a stimulus to industry, it might be well to add a clause that after the boundaries of these lands have been fixed, the hakdars may grow without interference any crop they may choose to take the trouble to raise whether dry, wet or bagayat, and that in no case will a claim for remission on account of adverse seasons be entertained.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Kolar District, To the Superintendent, Nundydroog Division, No. 1095—465, dated Camp Srinivaspur, 23rd December 1868.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your docket No. 3627—381 of the 10th instant, giving cover to copy of correspondence and draft rules bearing upon the permanent settlement of remuneration to Shanbhogs and Patels. In reply, I beg to state that I fully concur with Major Prescott in thinking that remuneration in lands will be more popular with the recipients than a cash payment, and that the carrying of a scheme founded on that principle will practically be very simple and satisfactory.

2. Major Prescott advances three different principles for regulating the scale of remuneration, all these having for their criterion the survey kamal or the revenue assessment of all the culturable lands of a village. They are, *firstly*—the settlement once for all the amount of remuneration at an uniform rate of 6 per cent on the survey kamal without reference to the extent of cultivated or culturable lands of the village; *secondly*—fixing the remuneration once for all for 5 per cent on the cultivated area and 1 per cent on the culturable waste and *thirdly*—fixing a sliding scale of jodi subject to a gradual reduction with the increase of cultivation. I agree with Major Prescott in rejecting the first and third schemes, the former on account of its unfavorable influence on the interests of Government, and of its unfair tendency when contrasted with the responsibilities and labor devolving on a Shanbhog or Patel who has more waste and less cultivation in his village and the latter because of its susceptibility of official interference of chicanery, the prevention of which being the main object of a permanent settlement.

3. The second proposal is the best in my opinion, but I would fix the percentage on the cultivated area at 6 instead of 5 per cent and on the culturable waste land at 3 instead of 1 per cent proposed by the Survey Commissioner in the case of Shanbhogs, and 4 and 2 per cent respectively in the case of Patels. I am induced to advocate the adoption of the above scale in fairness to the recipients as well as to the interests of Government. As waste lands are brought under cultivation for which there is every inducement under the survey system, so the duties and responsibilities of the Shanbhog and Patel will proportionately increase, and 1 per cent besides being a somewhat unfair recompense will give rise to a spirit of discontent after waste lands are brought under the plough.

4. The nature of the important duties required of a Patel do not in my opinion permit his having a cluster of detached villages in his jurisdiction and some villages owing to their isolated situation not admitting of an amalgamation with others can hardly afford to yield themselves a decent and respectable living to Patels of their own. I would therefore propose that as a rule each asli or independent village should have a Patel and there should be a minimum and maximum limits for the remuneration to this class of servants so as to prevent its becoming in the one case too trivial and insignificant and on the other inordinately large. The minimum should not be less than Rs. 10 per annum, while the maximum should not exceed Rs. 36 per annum at the most, the saving effected on the latter principle counterbalancing any loss which the Government may have to sustain by the former principle. I am sure the Patels will be satisfied with this arrangement as at present, the majority of them possess nothing as Patali hak except the sweepings of the village.

5. I take this opportunity of bringing to your notice that there are two classes of Shanbhogs in most of the Taluks of this District, one is the Village Shanbhog and the other is called Sarkar Shanbhog. The origin of the latter is to be traced to the time of the ancient Pallegars who ruled over the country previous to the Muhammadan conquest of Mysore. They seem to have been originally intended as a check over the conduct and proceedings of the Village Shanbhog and to prevent the latter from causing loss to the State revenue. The Sarkar Shanbhogs are hereditary servants and like their brothern of the village, they are remunerated in land. After the introduction of the survey, the retention of these two different classes of officials for one and the same description of duty appearing to me improbable, if not inadvisable, the services

of the Sarkar Shanbhogs may be utilized by converting them to Patels in villages which are now devoid of that description of officials and regulating their present holding on the scale prescribed for the latter class.

From the Deputy Superintendent, Tumkur District, To the Superintendent, Nundydroog Division, Genl. No. 113—413, dated Camp Siravara, 31st December 1868.

In reply to your No. 3627—366 of the 10th intant, giving cover to a letter and draft rules proposed by Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner for the remuneration of the village Shanbhogs and Patels, and requesting an expression of my opinion thereon, I have the honor to offer the following remarks.

2. I observe in the last or 13th para of Major Prescott's letter, that it is deemed inadvisable at present to attempt any permanent settlement of these haks, and that the enforcement of the rules or any modification of them is only to be a tentative measure, but it appears to me that the present is the most opportune time for a permanent settlement thereof, and that full details on which the question in all its bearings may be considered are available now and may enable a permanent settlement to be made, as the survey operations advance, and this course will give more satisfaction and be accepted as much more of a boon if known to be a permanent instead of a temporary arrangement.

3. I have no hesitation in most thoroughly agreeing in the main principle that the service remuneration should be in land and that all cash payments and perquisites of office should entirely cease.

4. The difficulty that offers itself to Major Prescott is the unequal incidence of the remuneration that will be enjoyed by the office holder in proportion to the irksomeness of his duties; I have carefully considered the various methods proposed to assimilate the remuneration to the amount of work to be performed and cannot but agree with the Survey Commissioner that none of the alternatives proposed fully meet the case.

5. It appears to me that 6 and 4 per cent of the survey kamal of a village may generally be taken as the rate at which to fix the remuneration of Shanbhog and Patel, and that the objection of unequal remuneration arising from this plan may, in a measure, be met by a classification of villages according to the survey kamal, and thus restrict the unequal incidence of remuneration within certain prescribed limits; and I shall proceed to show how this may, in my humble opinion, be effected.

6. The remuneration at 6 per cent might, in special cases, be inadequately high or low, and hence I have used the word "generally" in the foregoing para.

7. The classification of villages proposed is as follows:—

	Remuneration in land to Shanbhog of an equivalent of—		Remuneration in land to Patel of an equivalent of—		
	Mensem. Rs.	Annum. Rs.	Mensem. Rs.	Annum. Rs.	
Village or group of villages revenue as per survey kamal not less than 750 or exceeding 1,000	*5	60	†3½	40	*The lowest sum even in land in which honesty with education can be expected.
Village or group, &c., from Rs. 1,000 to 1,500.	7½	90	5	60	†Rather lower than a Taluk Peon but more valuable being in land.
Do do from 1,500 to 2,000.	10	120	6⅔	80	
Above Rs. 2,000... ...	12	144	8	96	

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8. The present remuneration to Shanbhogs in 1st class villages including land, cash payments or perquisites, may be said not to exceed 8 rupees per mensem by the conversion of bateyi into nagadiyat lands, their labor of late years has being much reduced, and the completion of the survey operations will again materially relieve them; and therefore if put in possession of an unalienable hereditary inam land valued at the proposed rates, their position is decidedly bettered

9 Many almost waste and depopulated villages are to be found every where, and in such cases where the survey kamal is small in my opinion, such villages should be attached to or grouped with another or others till the kamal of Rs. 750 at least is reached or exceeded as might be The attached village or villages to be called majare or secondary, the one to which attached mauje or primary, the Shanbhog and Patel of which latter would be the officiator to do the duty of both or all the villages.

10. Should this plan be considered worthy of notice the present period of the survey operations is undoubtedly that at which to decide whichare to be "Mauje" or "Majare" villages and then the only question remaining for disposal is, what is to be done with the present holders and their inam holdings? I think that in consideration of their long enjoyment, their holdings might be continued to them on a quit-rent; but those who have been paid hitherto in cash or kind would lose their emoluments along with their duties, and this could scarcely be construed into a hardship as henceforth they are free and have no service to render

11. With reference to Rule XV, I am of opinion that the jodi equal to the difference between the authorized remuneration laid down in Rules V and VI and the full assessment, might be imposed in preference to the sliding scale laid down in Rule XI, as the proposed remuneration is. I consider ample, and this rule I would apply indiscriminately whether the excess land was in the occupation of the officiator or of share-holders on partition

12. In conclusion, I beg to state that I fully concur in the provisions of all the other rules as advantageous alike to holders, to the people generally, and to the Government and a system that will be easier worked as none but the officiator will be recognized by the Government

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From the Superintendent, Nagar Division, To the Secretary to the Commissioner of Mysore, Circuit No. F., dated Camp Hanharpur, 6th March 1869.

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter Circular No. 20 of 25th November 1868, forwarding papers received from the Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the subject of the permanent settlement of the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.

By some apparently accidental oversight in the office of the Deputy Superintendent, Shimoga, the papers in question were not circulated to the other Deputy Superintendents, for whose reports, my reply to your letter has been deferred; but as these have not yet been received, they will be forwarded hereafter; that of the Deputy Superintendent of Shimoga is enclosed.

Survey Commissioner. Paras 2, 3. Rules I, II & III.

In the former correspondence with Colonel Anderson, the Commissioner has so clearly expressed an opinion regarding the best mode of remunerating Patels and Shanbhogs; that further discussion on this branch of the subject would be out of place. Colonel Prescott details the advantages attaching to the system of payment in land rather than in cash, and it is beyond all question that this form of payment is more popular than others in the Maidan Taluks.

I shall therefore only allude to the other points discussed which seem to require remarks.

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I. The value of the land to be given.

Rules I, II & III.

II. The adjustment of this in cases of excess or deficiency in the quantity of land now held.

III. Assignment to officiators and co-sharers.

IV. The guarantee of title.

I.

Letter, para 6 and 13.

The only apparent objection to the rates of 6 and 4 per cent on the culturable land is that pointed out by Colonel Prescott, and of the alternative measures proposed by him, I concur in thinking that first described to be the best, though defective so far that an arbitrary era, *viz.*, the year of survey and settlement is taken and the cultivation may vary considerably. For instance what would be the result of this permanent settlement if made in a year when all the inhabitants had temporarily migrated from a village during a scarcity, of which many instances are known.

II.

Rules X to XIII inclusive.

Relate to the procedure for providing the proper quantity of land for individual officials when there are no co-sharers, and seem excellent.

III.

Rules XIV & XV.

These rules deal with 2 classes of cases. 1st, where co-sharers are in joint enjoyment of land claimed as service inam, 2nd, where the land has been partitioned among them.

The principle laid down appears to me unexceptional. One individual is to be appointed as the recognized agent of Government; the regulated provision is to be first made for him from the land already held by the co-sharers if this is sufficient, or if insufficient, to be supplemented by Government land, while the co-sharers are liberally treated by being permitted to hold such land as may remain after providing for the sannaddar on jodi. The confusion that exists at present will be get rid off, as all surplus land will be excluded from the category of service inam, and one individual holding a sannad will alone have any claim to exercise official functions, the others becoming simply inamdars without official status.

IV.

Guarantee of titles.

On this point I would refer to the reply of the Deputy Superintendent of Shimoga and state that his remarks regarding the registers in question are quite worthy of attention, and that I consider it advisable to take some precautions before issuing sannads entirely on the authority of the documents in question

I should say that the registers might be taken as *primâ facie* but not conclusive evidence of right, and that as the settlement proceeds, the extent and locality of the service inam should be settled by the Survey Department in conjunction with the Amildar and that this having been done, a notice should be issued declaring that a sannad would be issued in the name of the party entered in the register unless a claimant appeared within a time to be specified in the notice. This case would be disposed of in the usual course of revenue procedure, as claims to haks, an appeal lying to the Superintendent, whose decision would be final.

This course would only be applicable to cases in which the names of persons have been entered in the registers without any decision having been passed regarding their claims since the formation of the registers. In all instances in which a decision has been passed by a Deputy Superintendent, without appeal having been made, or by a Superintendent on appeal, a sannad should issue at once.

The question of remunerating Malnad Patels and Shanbhogs has been separately noticed by the Commissioner, the peculiarities attaching to that part of the country rendering it necessary to consider the expediency of adopting cash payments in places where land possesses no value from the scarcity of labor and unhealthiness of the climate.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the ***Maharaja of Mysore.***
(Revenue),—dated 16th September **1885.**

From the Deputy Superintendent, Shimoga District, To the Superintendent, Nagar Division, No. 766, dated Shimoga, 11th January 1869.

With reference to your docket No. 404, dated 10th December 1868, forwarding for opinion copy of a rule relating to the emoluments of the village officials, I have the honor to state the following for your consideration.

The Rule IV says that for the settlement of village officials, the register of the year 1835 and 1863 should be taken as a guide, but my personal experience convinces me that the informations therein mentioned are hardly to be relied on for the following reasons :—

1st. That no entry in the said registers was made upon a basis of proper investigation and reference, but on the mere information furnished by the Shanbhogs without any authority.

2nd. That several changes of the incumbents have taken place since the preparation of the registers in question, but none of them has been brought to book. It does not appear to be the practice to correct the register annually. With the exception of the above, I concur with all the other rules.

From the Officiating Deputy Superintendent, Chitaldroog District, To the Superintendent of the Nagar Division, No. 671, dated Camp Bhimasamudra, 13th March 1869.

With reference to your Circular docket No. 404, dated the 10th December last, received in circulation on the 19th February, giving cover to a communication from the Secretary to the Commissioner with enclosures, on the subject of the emoluments of village officials, I have the honor to submit the following observations :—

2. The Survey Commissioner in his letter having entered fully into, and viewed this difficult question in all its bearings, there is little room left for the remarks of others, and the few that I make are therefore offered with the greatest diffidence.

3. The first point is, what is the best means of remunerating the Shanbhogs and Patels and I have already submitted that I would prefer grants of land to money payment. The percentage proposed by the Survey Commissioner, *viz.*, 6 to Shanbhogs and 4 to the Patels, appears to be fair and reasonable. The question is as to how this is to be secured to all Shanbhogs and Patels equally with due regard to the work they have to perform, and without the necessity of occasional interference, to regulate the amount, as cultivation increases or decreases. Of the various schemes proposed there is not one which is not open to one or the other of the objections of introducing an unequal rate of compensation, or of necessitating an occasional interference, as has been shown by the Survey Commissioner.

4. One other expedient suggests itself, *viz.*, that of allowing two or three years to elapse, after the survey, before the compensation is fixed, and then to fix it upon the amount of realization,as it will have been tolerably well ascertained, by that time (unless a succession of bad seasons occurs) how much of the cultivable waste could be brought under cultivation with the existing population, and with the means at their command. When the period of the present survey settlement shall have expired, and the assessment should be revised, the scale of remuneration of the village servants will also have to be revised, a contingency to which all the other schemes proposed are subject, as the emoluments of the Shanbhogs and Patels cannot in fairness be allowed to remain stationary, while the revenue on which they are calculated undergoes any great change. If this arrangement is not approved of, the one proposed by the Survey Commissioner of allowing 5 per cent on lands under cultivation, and of one per cent on the waste, appears worthy of adoption.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

5. One more point requires to be touched upon; *viz.*, the instance of officiators either by themselves or jointly with their hakdars, holding a larger extent of land than they are entitled to, as service inams. In such cases, I would advocate the imposition of the full survey assessment on the excess as being simpler than charging a sliding scale of jodi, as proposed by the Survey Commissioner.

6. With these observations, I beg to express my general concurrence with the suggestions offered, and the rules drawn up by the Survey Commissioner.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, No. 6301—R. 158, dated Camp Nundydroog, 18th March 1869.

Referring to your letter No. 1222 of the 17th November 1868, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to convey his approval of the rules proposed by you for the permanent settlement of Shanbhog and Patel haks in Mysore; and to communicate the following observations.

2. The Chief Commissioner's views regarding the remuneration to be paid to Shanbhogs and Patels were communicated in this office letter No. 2429—23 of the 24th August 1866, in which it was intimated that payment in land would probably be more acceptable, owing to the existing status of possession and popular feeling on the subject. You have expressed your concurrence in this opinion, but to prevent any fluctuation in the payment by periodical revisions, you propose that the rate of remuneration should be fixed once for all.

3. The Chief Commissioner assents to this proposal, and considers that the measure is justified by the fact that the value of the service land will keep pace with that of land paying revenue to Government, and thus retain a proper equilibrium.

4. In order to determine what should be fixed as a fair percentage, you suggest as a basis, the survey kamal, *i. e.*, the assessment on all culturable land in a village, whether at present cultivated or not, but as the immediate effect of this incidence would produce inequality, owing to the diverse state of cultivation in various villages, and the relatively greater or less labor entailed in making the collections, you further propose, as a remedy, that out of the maximum of 6 per cent, payable as remuneration, 5 per cent, should be calculated on the realizations of the first year after the settlement, and 1 per cent, on the culturable waste. The Superintendents of Ashtagram and Nagar assent to this proposal, while the Superintendent of Nundydroog recommends a higher rate.

5. In considering this question the main point to be determined is, what is the proper sum to be paid, and not how much land or emoluments the Shanbhogs now enjoy.

6. In the letter above quoted, the Chief Commissioner originally suggested 5 per cent, knowing that Patvaris in Upper India receive on an average but 3 per cent, the higher centage recommended for Mysore being intended to recompense the Shanbhogs for their heavier duties in this Province. In any case, the Chief Commissioner has little doubt that 6 per cent, is ample, and taking all parts of the Province together, he thinks, that the emoluments will amount to much more than the Shanbhogs now receive. The payment should be adjusted to what is right and proper, and not adapted to the circumstances of certain favored and out-of-the-way localities, where the Shanbhogs have had it all their own way, such as, in the Kolar District. The Chief Commissioner therefore entirely concurs with you in the opinion expressed on the subject.

7. The above remarks also apply to Patels.

8. The next point which seems to demand attention is, the authenticity or otherwise of the register of service inams, on which it is intended to base the settlement.

9. On this point the Nagar Superintendent propounds a difficulty, and the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the registers of 1863 are not to be implicitly relied upon—great trouble was taken in this office in the preparation of these forms, but from indifference on the part of some of the Deputy Superintendents, and from the want of supervision exercised over careless Amildars, the registers were, in some cases, very imperfectly prepared, or, if originally accurate, were not kept up properly from year to year. Therefore, the entries in them can only be taken for what they are worth (that is, to indicate who are the existing officiators) and are liable to be revised after more careful enquiry by the Survey Department. The term "Basis of Enquiry" has therefore been substituted for "Authentic Record," in para IV of the Rules.

10. In conclusion, I am directed to observe that if the family of a Shanbhog or Patel should be found in possession of a larger extent of land than is required according to the survey assessment, to remunerate these officials, it will be necessary, as previously pointed out, to sever the excess finally from the hak, and to impose upon it a quit-rent according to the sliding scale proposed in Note to Rule XI, such excess land will remain with the family of the hakdar, but will be liable to sale and transfer like any other land paying rent to Government, and will no longer be regarded as part of the service holding.

11. Rule XVIII should be strictly enforced.

Rules for the Settlement of Shanbhogs' and Patels' Haks in Mysore ordered to be carried out by the Survey Department by Rule VIII D of the Inam Rules for Mysore.

I. Remuneration for service shall be entirely in land, and not in cash or grain or other levies.

II. When this settlement shall come into operation, cash allowances will cease.

III. The payment of compensation, (for "Aya" and other levies from the ryots) abolished by the revenue survey system, will cease on the introduction of this settlement.

IV. For the purposes of this settlement the statement kept in each Cutcherry of the "Haks" and emoluments of village officers, in accordance with the Commissioner's Circular No. 2857—17 of the 5th November 1863, shall be held to be the basis of enquiry; (as also the register made in accordance with para 2 of the Notification of the Commissioner, dated 11th September 1835.)

Shanbhogs' scale

V. The remuneration of Shanbhogs shall be in land, the survey assessment of which shall be equal to 6 per cent of the entire assessment of the culturable land of the village according to the revenue survey (Survey Kamal).

Patels' scale.

VI. The remuneration of Patels shall be in land, the survey assessment of which shall be equal to 4 per cent of the entire revenue survey assessment of all the culturable land of the village.

VII. As the above remuneration is inclusive, no extra grant on account of stationery will be allowed.

VIII. It is hereby declared—

[*a*] That all lands either confirmed or granted by this settlement are inalienable from the offices to which they are attached, (whether by mortgage, sale, gift or otherwise, and that they shall not be liable to attachment or other process in satisfaction of judicial decrees).

[*b*] That the offices of Shanbhog and Patel are, as a general rule, hereditary, and to be enjoyed by father and son in succession, but in case it may appear to the Superintendent of Division that the hereditary claimant is unfit or, from bad character, unworthy of the office, the Superintendent will employ a person properly qualified, who is always, if possible, to be a near relative (of the late Shanbhog or Patel, as the case may be), who will succeed to the service lands attached to the office.

X. When there are no co-sharers.—When the revenue survey assessment of lands entered as service in column 31 of the above mentioned statement shall be equal to 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs, and 4 per cent in the case of Patels, of the revenue survey assessment of all the arable lands of the village, such lands shall be entered in the name of the present officiator, (as service inam, who shall receive a sannad descriptive of the same.

How the Survey office will proceed when the revenue survey assessment of land now held for service is equal to 6 per cent in case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in case of Patels of the full survey kamal.

XI. When the revenue survey assessment of lands entered as service in column 31 of the above mentioned statement shall in the case of Shanbhogs exceed 6 per cent and in the case of Patels 4 per cent of the revenue survey assessment of all the culturable lands in the village, a jodi shall be imposed according to the following sliding scale:—

How the Survey office will proceed when the revenue survey assessment of land now held for service exceeds in the case of Shanbhogs 6 per cent, and in case of Patels 4 per cent of the revenue survey assessment of all the arable lands of the village.

A sannad will be given.

On excess between	5 and 10 Rs.	..	..	2	Annas.
„	11 „ 20 „	..	..	3	„
„	41 „ 60	..	..	4	„
„	61 „ 80 „	..	..	6	„
„	81 „ 100 „	..	..	7	„
Above	100 Rs. ..	..	..	8	„

XII. When the revenue survey assessment of lands at present held for service, as entered in column 31 of the above mentioned statement, shall fall short of 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs and 4 per cent in the case of Patels, of the full survey assessment of all the assessed lands of the village, good arable waste land [to be selected by the Survey office,] the assessment of which is equal to the difference, shall be entered as service in the name of the officiator, to whom a sannad shall be given.

How the Survey office shall proceed when the revenue survey assessment of all the service land does not amount to 6 per cent in case of Shanbhogs, and 4 per cent in case of Patels of all the assessed land of the village.

XIII. When no land is at present held for service, and the remuneration is by cash payment only, the Survey office will select good arable waste land, the revenue survey assessment of which is equal to 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs, and 4 per cent in case of Patels, of the revenue survey assessment of all the culturable lands of the village. This land will be entered as service in the name of the present officiator, and all cash payments will cease thereafter. A sannad will be granted.

How the Survey office is to proceed when no land is entered as service.

XIV. At the time of making the settlement, all co-sharers of the hak must be informed:—

How the Survey office shall proceed when co-sharers are in joint possession of service land.

1*st.* That the name of the officiator will be entered in the survey records.

2*nd.* That the officiator will be entitled to land assessed up to the full percentage before they can receive any thing.

3*rd.* That [this notwithstanding] in cases when the revenue survey assessment of all the lands held for service, is in excess of the percentage remuneration fixed for the officiator, Government will not interfere with any of the land in possession of the hakdars, beyond imposing a jodi equal to the difference between the remuneration fixed for the officiator, and the full survey assessment [or according to the sliding scale shown in Rule XI].

When the revenue survey assessment of the entire lands of a co-shared service hak, shall not amount to 6 per cent in the case of Shanbhogs, and 4 per cent in case of Patels, of the revenue survey assessment of all the culturable lands of the village, the officiator shall be put in possession of good arable waste land assessed to the amount of the difference. The land so given to make up this difference shall be added to the present hak and shall be entered as service, a sannad for the whole being given to the officiator.

How the Survey officers shall proceed when the land is partitioned amongst the co-sharers of the hak.

XV. (*a*). When the revenue survey assessment of the entire service lands of a hak (*which is partitioned amongst the co-sharers*) shall exceed the percentage remuneration fixed by Rules V and VI, the Survey officer will first see whether the share actually held or cultivated by the officiator is assessed to the required amount. In case it should be, it will be entered in his name as service inam, for which he will receive a sannad. On the remainder of the land (excess) held by the other sharers, a jodi equal to the difference between the assessment of the officiator's share (*i. e.* the authorized remuneration) and the full assessment of all the lands of the hak will be imposed (*or* according to the sliding scale shown in Rule XI).

(*b*). But in case the share of the land, of which the officiator is in actual possession, is not assessed to the full amount of the percentage allowed, then there will be a lien on the land in the possession of the other sharers up to the full amount of the percentage, after which, if there should be any excess, a jodi will be imposed thereon to the amount of the difference between the full assessment and the remuneration allowed by Rules V and VI (or the jodi will be imposed according to the sliding scale shown in Rule XI).

XVI. In all settlements, the amount of existing jodis will be considered and adjusted in fixing jodi on account of excess.

XVII. In all cases sannads will be granted on behalf of the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, setting forth—

1st. The name of the officiator and the service for which the land is granted.

2nd. The area of the land granted.

3rd. The revenue survey assessment of the land.

4th. If the assessment exceeds the authorized remuneration, the amount of the excess to be noted.

5th. Amount of jodi, if any.

6th. Amount of new jodi inclusive of jodi on account of excess.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

XVIII. If when making the settlement it should be discovered that any land attached to a service hak has been alienated from that hak by transfer, sale, *or* mortgage, in contravention of the Notification of the Commissioner under date 11th September 1835, it shall be fully assessed, and new land of equal value shall be granted.

Caveat emptor.

From the Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 531, dated Poona, 1st June 1869.

I have the honor of acknowledging the receipt of your Circuit No. 34 of the 22nd ultimo, and of enclosing a revised * copy of the rules for the settlement of Patels and Shanbhogs' haks in Mysore.

* Copies forwarded with Memo No. 469, dated 13th May 1869.

2. I shall esteem it a favor if, with reference to para 2 of your letter under reply, you will bring to the notice of the Chief Commissioner that if the word *arable* should be used in these rules, it might lead to the same misunderstanding, as the word "culturable" which also means arable, and I think as the kamal is made up of cultivated land and $\frac{\text{culturable}}{\text{arable}}$ assessed waste, that the best words to use are "cultivation" and "culturable waste" which I have adopted in the revised rules annexed.

Rules for the Settlement of Shanbhogs and Patels' haks in Mysore.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 55. *The 23rd June* 1869.

The following rules for the settlement of Shanbhogs and Patels' *haks* in Mysore are promulgated for general information in lieu of those published at pages 151—153 of the *Mysore Gazette* No. 7, dated 15th May 1869.

I. Remuneration for service shall be entirely in land, and not in cash or grain or other levies.

II. When this settlement shall come into operation, cash allowances will cease.

III. The payment of compensation for "*Aya*" and other levies from the ryots, (abolished by the revenue survey system), will cease on the introduction of this settlement.

IV. For the purposes of this settlement, the statement kept in each Cutcherry of the *haks* and emoluments of village officers, in accordance with the Commissioner's Circular No. 2857—17 of the 5th November 1863, shall be the basis of * enquiry; (as also the register made in accordance with para 2 of the Notification of the Commissioner, dated 11th September 1835).

V. The remuneration of Shanbhogs shall be in land, the survey assessment of which shall be equal to 5 per cent of the entire assessment of the cultivated land of the village at the time of the revenue survey settlement, plus 1 per cent on the assessment of the culturable waste, so that the centage on the entire survey *kamal* will be as under:—

Shanbhogs' scale.

5 per cent on cultivation.

1 per cent on assessed waste.

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* These registers are not to be implicitly relied on for the reasons given in para 9 of the letter from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, General-Revenue No. 6301—158, 1868—69, and whenever found faulty are to be revised after careful enquiry by the Survey Department.

Patels' scale.

VI. The remuneration of Patels shall be in land, the survey assessment of which shall be equal to 3 per cent of the entire revenue survey assessment of all the cultivated land of the village at the time of the revenue survey settlement, plus 1 per cent on the assessment of culturable waste, so that the centage on the entire survey *kamal* will be as under:—

3 per cent on cultivation.
1 per cent on assessed waste.

VII. As the above remuneration is inclusive, no extra grant on account of stationery will be allowed.

VIII. It is hereby declared—

(*a*) That all lands either confirmed or granted by this settlement are inalienable from the offices to which they are attached, (whether by mortgage, sale, gift, or otherwise), and that they shall not be liable to attachment or other process in satisfaction of judicial decrees.

(*b*) That the offices of Shanbhog and Patel are, as a general rule, hereditary, and to be enjoyed by father and son in succession; but in case it may appear to the Superintendent of Division that the hereditary claimant is unfit or from bad character unworthy of the office, the Superintendent will employ a person properly qualified, who is always, if possible, to be a near relative (of the late Shanbhog or Patel, as the case may be), who will succeed to the service lands attached to the office.

When there are no co-sharers.

How the Survey officer will proceed when the revenue survey assessment of land now held for service is equal to the centage laid down in Rule V for Shanbhogs, and in Rule VI for Patels.

X. When the revenue survey assessment of lands entered as service in column 31 of the statement referred to in Rule IV, shall be equal to the centage as laid down in Rule V in the case of Shanbhogs, and to that laid down in Rule VI in the case of Patels, such land shall be entered in the name of the present officiator as service inam, and he shall receive a *sannad* descriptive of the same.

How the Survey officer will proceed when the revenue survey assessment of land now held for service exceeds the centage laid down in Rules V and VI for Shanbhogs and Patels respectively.

XI. When the revenue survey assessment of lands entered as service in column 31 of the statement referred to in Rule IV shall, in the case of Shanbhogs, exceed the centage laid down in Rule V, and in case of Patels that laid down in Rule VI, a *jodi* equal to the difference may be imposed on the service land. Or, a *jodi* may be imposed according to the following sliding scale:—

On excess between 5 and 10 Rs.	...	2 Annas.	In the rupee of the revenue survey assessment.
„ 11 „ 20 „	...	3 „	
„ 21 „ 40 „	...	4 „	
„ 41 „ 60 „	...	5 „	
„ 61 „ 80 „	...	6 „	
„ 81 „ 100 „	...	7 „	
Above 100 Rs. ...	...	8 „	

This land held in excess will, at the time of settlement, be finally severed from the *hak*, (subject to the *jodi* then fixed) will remain with the family of the *hakdar*, and will be liable to sale and transfer like any other land paying rent to Government, as it will no longer be regarded as part of the service holding.

How the Survey officer shall proceed when the revenue survey assessment of all the service land does not amount to the centage laid down in Rules V and VI for Shanbhogs and Patels respectively.

XII. When the revenue survey assessment of lands at present held for service, as entered in column 31 of the statement referred to in Rule IV, shall fall short of the centage, in Rules V and VI, laid down for Shanbhogs and Patels respectively, good arable waste land to be selected by the Survey officer, the assessment of which is equal to the difference, shall be entered as service in the name of the officiator.

How the Survey officer is to proceed when no land is entered as service.

XIII. When no land is at present held for service, and the remuneration is by cash payment only, the Survey officer will select good arable waste land, the revenue survey assessment of which is equal to the centage laid down in Rule V in the case of Shanbhogs, and to that laid down in Rule VI in the case of Patels. This land will be entered as service in the name of the present officiator, and all cash payments will cease thereafter.

When there are co-sharers.

How the Survey officer shall proceed when co-sharers are in joint possession of service lands.

XIV. At the time of making the settlement, all co-sharers of the *haks* must be informed:—

1st. That the name of the officiator will be entered in the survey records.

2nd. That the officiator will be entitled to land assessed up to the full percentage before they can receive anything.

3rd. That (this notwithstanding) in cases when the revenue survey assessment of all the lands held for service is in excess of the percentage remuneration fixed for the officiator, Government will not interfere with any of the land in possession of the *hakdars*, beyond imposing a *jodi* equal to the difference between the remuneration fixed for the officiator, and the full survey assessment (or according to the sliding scale shown in Rule XI).

When the revenue survey assessment of the entire lands of a co-shared service *hak* shall not amount to the centage laid down in Rule V in the case of Shanbhogs, or to that laid down in Rule VI in case of Patels, the officiator shall be put in possession of good arable waste land assessed to the amount of the difference. The land so given to make up this difference shall be added to the present *hak* and shall be entered as service, a *sannad* for the whole being given to the officiator.

How the Survey officer shall proceed when the land is partitioned amongst the co-sharers of the *hak*.

XV. When the revenue survey assessment of the entire service lands of a *hak which is partitioned amongst the co-sharers* shall exceed the percentage remuneration fixed by Rules V and VI, the Survey officer will first see whether the share actually held or cultivated by the officiator is assessed to the required amount. In case it should be, it will be entered in his name as service *inam*, for which he will receive a *sannad*. On the remainder of the land (excess) held by the other sharers, a jodi equal to the difference between the assessment of the officiator's share (*i. e.* the authorized remuneration) and the full assessment of all the lands of the *hak* (or according to sliding scale shown in Rule XI) will be imposed. But in case the share of the land, of which the officiator is in actual possession, is not assessed to the full amount of the centage allowed, there then will be a lien on the land in the possession of the other sharers up to the full amount of the percentage ; after which, if there should be any excess, a *jodi* will be imposed thereon to the amount of the difference between the full assessment and the remuneration allowed by Rules V and VI (or the *jodi* will be imposed according to the sliding scale shown in Rule XI).

XVI. In all settlements, the amount of existing *jodis* will be considered and adjusted in fixing the amount of excess.

XVII. In all cases *sannads* will be granted on behalf of the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, setting forth—

1st. The names of the officiator and the service for which the land is granted.

2nd. The area of the land granted.

3rd. The revenue survey assessment of the land.
4th. If the assessment exceeds the authorized remuneration, the extent of the excess struck out of the *hak*.
5th. Amount of old *jodi*, if any.
6th. Amount of new *jodi*, if any.
7th. *Jodi* on excess struck out of *hak* and from whom leviable.

XVIII. If when making the settlement it should be discovered that any land attached to a service *hak* has been alienated from that *hak* by transfer, sale, or mortgage, in contravention of the Notification of the Commissioner under date 11th of September 1835, it shall be fully assessed and new land of equal value shall be granted.

From the Acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 724, dated Poona, 10th July 1869.

It has struck me that in making the settlement of Shanbhogs and Patels' allowances under the rules promulgated at page 272 of the *Mysore Government Gazette* of the 26th ultimo, we may (when individual sharers of the hak have expended capital in the improvement or irrigation of certain lands, or on other accounts) have some difficulty in assigning land to make up the quota of the officiator in cases where the assessment of the share in his own occupation does not come up to the value of his allowances by scale.

Vide Rule XV.

2. In such cases it may be expedient *with the consent of the hakdars*, to resume and fully assess the lands of the hak, granting new lands for the remuneration of the officiator.

3. I have therefore the honor of submitting for the approval and sanction of the Chief Commissioner the following supplemental rule

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Survey and Settlement Department.

Settlement of Patels and Shanbhogs' haks.

Supplementary Rule.

In carrying out the settlement of Patels and Shanbhogs' haks (under the rules published at page 272 of the *Mysore Government Gazette* of the 26th ultimo), it shall be competent to the Survey officer (with the consent of all the co-sharers of a hak) to transfer from the head of "Service Inam" to "Sarkari" all the lands of a service hak, and to impose the full assessment thereon; at the same time entering the names of the sharers according to actual possession (or as agreed upon) as survey occupants.

When such a course as this is necessary, new service lands will be granted to the officiating Patel or Shanbhog according to the provisions of Section XIII of the rules.

SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT.

NOTIFICATION BY THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

The 16th July 1869.

No. 74.

The following rule is added to the "Rules for the settlement of Shanbhog and Patels' haks in Mysore," published at page 272 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 26th ultimo:—

XIX. In carrying out the settlement of Patels and Shanbhogs' haks, it shall be competent to the Survey officer (with the consent of all the co-sharers of a hak) to transfer from the head of "Service Inam" to "Sarkari" all the lands of a service hak, and to impose the full assessment thereon; at the same time entering the names of the sharers according to actual possession (or as agreed upon) as survey occupants.

When such a course as this is necessary, new service lands will be granted to the officiating Patel or Shanbhog according to the provisions of Section XIII of the rules.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 110, dated Bangalore, 4th February 1870.

I have the honor to forward rules for remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore as decided upon in consultation with the Chief Commissioner.

Rules for the payment of officiating Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore, for dealing with the existing emoluments of these officers and for the appointment of officiators and re-distribution of changes.

1*st.* All official land whether recorded as inam or jodi inam or otherwise shall be valued at the survey assessment of the same less the amount of the jodi tax or other cesses to which it may be subject as recorded in the public accounts of the year.

2*nd.* Cash allowances from the Government Treasury under whatever name they may be entered in the public accounts shall be recorded at the amount so entered in the accounts of the year.

3*rd.* The sum total of the emoluments valued according to the above two rules is to be taken as the existing valuation of the emoluments of the office.

4*th.* The officiating Patel and Shanbhog of each village shall hereafter receive for the performance of the duties of his office a remuneration in cash of at least the amount fixed by the following scale for these officers respectively.

5*th.* Patels' scale—

For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenues of his village three per cent, for the second thousand two per cent, and for the balance of gross revenue beyond two thousand rupees one per cent. In the case of villages where the collections do not exceed Rs. 300, he shall, in addition to the above percentages, receive a fixed annual allowance of one rupee, when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 11 to Rs. 50 of two rupees, when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 51 to Rs. 300, or so much of it when the gross revenue exceeds Rs 250 as shall be required to make the salary up to but not exceed Rs. 10 per annum.

6*th.* Shanbhogs' scale—

For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenue of the village four per cent, for the second thousand three per cent, for the third thousand two per cent, for the fourth thousand 1 per cent, and for the balance of gross revenue beyond four thousand rupees one per cent.

7*th.* He shall also receive in addition a fixed allowance of one rupee when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 11 to Rs. 75, of two rupees, when it ranges from Rs. 76 to Rs. 300, or as much of it in villages over Rs. 250 as may be required to make the salary up to but not exceed Rs. 12 per annum.

8*th.* In addition to his salary, the officiating Shanbhog shall also receive an allowance for stationery as shown in the subjoined table:—

Gross Revenue of Village.	Stationery Allowance.	Gross Revenue of Village.	Stationery Allowance.
	Rs As. P.		Rs. As. P.
Up to Rs.		Up to Rs.	
21— 50	1 0 0	1,251—1,500	6 0 0
51— 100	2 0 0	1,501—1,800	6 8 0
101— 200	2 8 0	1,801—2,000	7 0 0
201— 350	3 0 0	2,001—2,500	7 8 0
351— 500	3 8 0	2,501—3,000	8 0 0
501— 700	4 0 0	3,001—3,500	8 8 0
701— 900	4 8 0	3,501—4,000	9 0 0
901—1,250	5 0 0	4,001—4,500	9 8 0
	5 8 0	4,501—5,000	10 0 0

9*th*. The following table shows the amount of salary to be paid to officiating Patels and Shanbhogs according to the preceding scale:—

Gross Revenue of the Village.	Patels' Salary.						Shanbhogs' Salary.								
	Percentage. Rates.			Amount.	Additional fixed allowance.	Total Salary.	Percentage. Rates.				Amount.	Additional fixed allowance.	Total Salary.	Stationery Allowance.	Grand total including Stationery Allowance.
	1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd and upwards thousand.				1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand.	4th Thousand.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
				Rs. As		Rs. As					Rs. As.		as. As.	Rs. As,	Rs. As.
15	3	...	..	0—12	1	1—12	4	..	..	...	0—10	1	1—10	1— 0	2—10
25	3	...	...	0—12	1	1—12	4	..	...	...	1— 0	1	2— 0	2— 0	4— 0
50	3	...	...	1— 8	1	2— 8	4	..	...	.	2— 0	1	3— 0	2— 0	5— 0
75	3	...	...	2— 4	2	4— 4	4	..	..	...	3— 0	2	5— 0	2— 8	7— 8
100	3	...	..	3— 0	2	5— 0	4	..	...	...	4— 0	2	6— 0	2— 8	8— 8
150	3	...	...	4— 8	2	6— 8	4	..	...	...	6— 0	2	8— 0	3— 0	11— 0
200	3	...	..	6— 0	2	8— 0	4	...	...	...	8— 0	2	10— 0	3— 0	13— 0
300	3	...	...	8— 0	1	10— 0	4	...	..	..	12— 0	...	12— 0	3— 8	15— 8
400	3	..	...	12— 0	.	12— 0	4	..	..	...	16— 0	.	16— 0	4— 0	20— 0
500	3	...	...	15— 0	...	15— 0	4	.	...	...	20— 0	...	20— 0	4— 0	24— 0
600	3	...	...	18— 0	.	18— 0	4	...	..	..	24— 0	...	24— 0	4— 8	24— 8
700	3	...	...	21— 0	..	21— 0	4	..	..	...	28— 0	...	28— 0	4— 8	32— 8
800	3	...	..	24— 0	..	24— 0	4	..	...	...	32— 0	...	32— 0	5— 0	37— 0
900	3	...	...	27— 0	...	27— 0	4	...	...	..	36— 0	...	36— 0	5— 0	41— 0
1,000	3	...	...	30— 0	...	30— 0	4	.	.	..	40— 0	...	40— 0	5— 8	45— 8
1,100	3	2	...	32— 0	...	32— 0	4	3	...	...	43— 0	.	43— 0	5— 8	48— 8
1,200	3	2	..	34— 0	...	34— 0	4	3	...	...	46— 0	...	46— 0	5— 8	51— 8
1,300	3	2	...	36— 0	...	36— 0	4	3	...	...	49— 0	...	49— 0	6— 0	55— 0
1,400	3	2	...	38— 0	...	38— 0	4	3	...	...	52— 0	...	52— 0	6— 0	58— 0
1,500	3	2	...	40— 0	...	40— 0	4	3	...	...	55— 0	...	55— 0	6— 0	61— 0
1,600	3	2	...	42— 0	...	42— 0	4	3	...	...	58— 0	...	58— 0	6— 8	64— 8
1,700	3	2	...	44— 0	...	44— 0	4	3	...	...	61— 0	...	61— 0	6— 8	67— 8
1,800	3	2	...	46— 0	...	46— 0	4	3	...	...	64— 0	...	64— 0	6— 8	70— 8
1,900	3	2	...	48— 0	...	48— 0	4	3	...	...	67— 0	...	67— 0	7— 0	74— 0
2,000	3	2	...	50— 0	...	50— 0	4	3	...	...	70— 0	...	70— 0	7— 0	77— 0
2,100	3	2	1	51— 0	...	51— 0	4	3	2	...	72— 0	..	72— 0	7— 8	79— 8
and so on to															
3,000	3	2	1	60— 0	...	60— 0	4	3	2	...	90— 0	...	90— 0	8— 0	98— 0
3,100	3	2	1	61— 0	...	61— 0	4	3	2	1	91— 0	...	91— 0	8— 8	99— 8
and so on.															

10*th*. **The salaries of officiators fixed by the preceding rule form the minimum rate of remuneration, but an addition to the fixed portion of the officiators' allowance according to scale will be made in certain cases specified in the following subsidiary rules.**

11*th*. When the balance of the total emoluments found by rule, beyond what is necessary to provide the remuneration of the officiators, falls short of Rs. 5 in the case of villages having a gross revenue of less than Rs. 500 and of Rs. 10 in case of villages having a gross revenue in excess of Rs. 1,000, this balance shall be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary found by Rules 5 and 6.

12*th*. When the balance of the total emoluments found by Rules 5 and 6, beyond what is necessary to provide the remuneration of the officiator, is large, namely, when it exceeds the salary of the officiator according to scale, 10 per cent of this balance will be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiators in excess of his salary as fixed by Rules 5 and 6.

13*th*. In the case of towns or large villages with a population of about 2,000 inhabitants or more, for the duties of which two officiating Patels, one Revenue and one Police, will generally be requisite, and the Shanbhog will generally require an assistant, a permanent fixed allowance of Rs. 10 will be assigned to each officiating Patel and Shanbhog in addition to his salary found by the scales in Rule 9, when the balance of the total emoluments is sufficient for the purpose, but insufficient to bring the case within the operation of the preceding subsidiary rule.

14*th*. The gross revenue of the village referred to in Rules 5 and 6 is the whole revenue leviable for any year before deducting any remissions.

15*th*. Patels and Shanbhogs shall receive their emoluments by making a deduction in cash from the last instalment of revenue before paying it into the Taluk Treasury. The receipts of the officiating Patel and Shanbhog for the amount of their official remuneration shall be considered equivalent to the payment into the Treasury of an equal sum in cash.

16*th*. The salary of each officiator would, strictly speaking, vary from year to year with the leviable revenue of the village, but to avoid complication in the accounts, the remuneration is fixed for the term of the survey settlement, at the expiration of which it will be liable to revision. For the same reason the appropriations from the total present emoluments of each office shall be fixed for the term of the survey settlement when they also shall be liable to revision.

17*th*. When the assessment of the arable land (exclusive of alienations) under occupation, in the year in which the settlement of remuneration of village officers is made, exceeds five-sixth of the assessment of all the arable land (exclusive of alienations) in any village, the gross revenue of the year will be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators, with a view to fix and determine the extent of the appropriation to be made for their support out of the total official emoluments.

18*th*. When the assessment of the arable land specified in the preceding rule, in occupation in the year in which the settlement of the village officiators is made, falls short of five-sixths of the assessment of all the arable land (exclusive of alienations) in the village, then five-sixths of it shall be assumed to be under occupation to fix and determine the extent of the appropriation to be made for the support of the officiator, out of the total office emoluments.

19*th*. The existing official emoluments valued as provided for in Rules 1 and 2 will be appropriated for the support of the officiator in the manner specified in the following rules and the balance of emoluments remaining after providing for the officiator is to be disposed of for the future in the manner also provided for in these rules.

20*th*. The emoluments derived from land as fixed by Rule 1 shall first be appropriated to provide the salary of the officiator.

21*st*. When the emoluments derived from land are insufficient to provide the salary of the officiator, the cash emoluments from the Government Treasury will next be appropriated to make up the salary of the officiator.

22*nd.* Any deficiency after appropriating all the emoluments from land and cash, shall be made good from the Government Treasury.

23*rd.* Any surplus on the existing emoluments in land and cash remaining over after providing the salary of the officiator, shall be dealt with as follows.

24*th.* If the emoluments derived from land alone are more than sufficient to provide the salary of the officiator, the surplus shall be taxed by the imposition of additional jodi equal to one-half the profits on the above land, the profits being the difference between the jodi payable thereon and the full survey assessment or valuation.

25*th.* Any surplus remaining out of the cash emoluments after providing the salary of the officiator, shall be at once resumed by Government.

26*th.* When the official land of any office is held in shares and these shares with the amount of jodi and other cesses now payable on each, are separately recorded in the village accounts, then the additional tax imposed upon the whole official land of the office under this rule is to be apportioned on the several shares in proportion to the sum by which the full survey assessment of the land of each share exceeds the present jodi and other cesses payable on the same as shown in the following example in which the emolument of an officiator amounts to Rs. 30 :—

Names and Shares.	Survey Assessment of the land of each share.	Deduct Jodi Cess now paid on each share	Remaining Profit on each share	Addition to Jodi in column 3 apportioned on Profit in column 4 for payment of officiator.	Unappropriated excess of Profits being difference between columns 4 and 5.	Additional Half-jodi on excess in last column.	Future Jodi Cess on each share being sum of columns 5 and 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Karibasave Gauda's ...	16— 0	23— 0	...	...	...	...	23— 0
2. Nimbe Gauda's ...	69—12	46— 0	23—12	9—12	14—0	7— 0	62—12
3. Basave Gauda's ...	46— 8	25—12	20—12	8— 4	12—8	6— 4	40— 4
4. Linge Gauda's ...	118— 4	89— 0	29— 4	12— 0	17—4	8— 8	109— 8
	250— 8	183—12	73—12	30— 0	43—12	21—12	235— 8

27*th.* In settling the amount of the jodi to be paid upon each share, fractions of less amount than ¼th rupee are not to be admitted into the accounts in accordance with the rule followed in regard to all survey assessment.

28*th.* Nothing contained in any of the preceding rules shall be considered as debarring any village hereditary officer from relinquishing his official land when so disposed and every such officer shall, at any time whether at or subsequent to the introduction of the settlement prescribed in these rules, be permitted to relinquish by written razinama any entire field or fields into which official land may have been marked off by the Survey, and on so doing the relinquished field is immediately to be entered in the accounts as Government land, and the jodi tax payable by the hereditary officer is to be reduced by the full amount of the survey assessment of the relinquished fields.

29*th.* The official land under the settlement prescribed in the foregoing rule will form no part of the remuneration of the officiator who is to be paid wholly in cash and the land will therefore remain in the possession of the sharers who may at present hold it.

30*th.* The charges of Shanbhogs will be re-distributed so as to give each officiator as many villages as he is capable of managing. When more villages than form a sufficient charge are already in the hands of one officiator, he will be required to give

up the surplus villages for which one or more new officiators will be appointed by Government. The new officiator or officiators will be appointed from the family in which the hak has been hitherto vested, if a competent person can be found.

31*st.* In all cases of incompetency of the officiator, indirect hereditary succession, whether from age, sex, inefficiency or any other cause, the next-of-kin if competent will be appointed, if no competent person of the family can be found, the nomination will rest with Government, such nomination to hold good in case of a minority till the end of the year in which the minor shall attain full age (18 years), in other cases for 3 years when the nomination will revert to the hereditary family if a competent person can be found therein.

32*nd.* Where the tenure of office has hitherto gone by rotation, or by selection by the members of the hereditary family among themselves, the custom hitherto prevailing shall continue in force.

33*rd.* Any conviction of malversation in performance of official duties shall render the person convicted incompetent to officiate again, and shall deprive him, in cases of selection being vested in the members of the family, of any right to take part in such selection. It shall also be in the power of the District officer to exclude the son of a person so convicted from any of the rights or privileges of the office so far as succession or election to the performance of the duties.

34*th.* The District officer will be the sole judge of the competency or otherwise of the person on whom devolves the performance of the duties of an office.

35*th.* In arranging charges, except in the case of single villages, as a rule no one officiator shall hold charge of villages with a collection of more than Rs. 2,000 and when three or more villages are combined in one charge, no one officiator shall, as a rule, hold more villages than give a revenue of Rs. 1,200.

36*th.* In small villages when only one office, either Patel or Shanbhog, at present exists or when both offices are vested in one person, he shall receive the full salary shown by the Shanbhogs' scale, and 50 per cent of the Patels' salary according to scale, so long as he continues to perform the duties of both offices.

37*th.* In large villages when there is no Patel or when both offices have been vested in the same person, a Patel will be appointed by Government, or the one family holding both offices may be called upon to nominate a separate officiator for each office as may seem fit to Government.

38*th.* By Circular Notification of the Commissioner of Mysore of the 11th September 1835, lands of village officers held on condition of service to Government are declared to be inalienable by sale, mortgage, gift, or otherwise. The provisions of this Circular will be strictly enforced.

39*th.* The remuneration of the officiating Patels and Shanbhogs shall be fixed on the scale for each, and the sum payable to each officiator shall be his exclusive perquisite, on which no other member of the family shall have any claim.

40*th.* The Patel and Shanbhog shall, in all cases, reside in the village or one of his villages constituting his charge. Leave of absence up to 7 days must be obtained in writing from the Amildar, and for any longer period from the authorities of the District in which the charge is situated.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 5520—R. 295, dated Bangalore, 9th February 1870.

With reference to your letter No. 110 of the 4th instant, giving cover to draft rules for the remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels in Mysore, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to observe that para 15 does not convey the meaning intended by him and to request that it may be revised.

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up the surplus villages for which one or more new officiators will be appointed by Government. The new officiator or officiators will be appointed from the family in which the hak has been hitherto vested, if a competent person can be found.

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With reference to your letter No. 110 of the 4th instant, giving cover to draft rules for the remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels in Mysore, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to observe that para 15 does not convey the meaning intended by him and to request that it may be revised.

2 Mr. Bowring is of opinion that the emoluments payable to the above class of servants should be deducted *in the first instance* from the survey assessment on the lands held by them on service tenure, the object being to ensure payment before the instalments are paid into the Taluk. The wording of the para referred to is not sufficiently clear to this effect.

Demi-official letter from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, dated Tarikere, 22nd February 1870.

I have just written an answer to your letter about the Patels and Shanbhogs' Rule 15; both I and Grant who was present at all the discussion on the subject of these rules, cannot help thinking that there was on the hurry of the last few days an oversight on Mr. Bowring's part in his remarks on this, I don't know if my official letter is clear, but I have tried my best to make it so. The Rule (15) certainly secures the object to mix up in it any allusion to the jodi, or to the service lands mess the whole. The principle of the whole plan is, where there are any service lands, to leave them in the undisturbed occupation of the several co-sharers, but tax them with an additional jodi for the payment of the officiator. Through the officiator's hand, the whole revenue of the village will go. He deducts from it before paying into the Taluk Treasury, the sum allowed to him as remuneration for his services, of course if he has any land revenue to pay himself, he will not pay to *himself* practically, but let his remuneration absorb it. I am very sorry now that I came away before seeing these rules signed by the Chief Commissioner. Hours and hours were spent over them, and there is not a word in them which Mr. Bowring did not give his agreement to; Rule 15 was of his special suggestion as the mode of *ensuring* payment was much discussed. I drafted it in pencil, that was read and approved, and finally the fair draft was also read over again. I am not quite sure that I understand the meaning of your letter even "the survey assessment of land held on survey tenure" land held on service tenure ordinarily pays "Jodi" never survey assessment. I suppose "Jodi" should be read instead of "survey assessment." In the practical result, the rule as it now stands, fully comprises all his meaning as I understand it without any omission. I hope my explanation is clear, if not, please let me know on what point it is defective. I am quite sure that in 30 seconds I should have shown Mr. Bowring that he was under a misapprehension as to the bearing of the rule in fact that he was finding fault with his own creation.

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From the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 6107—R 297, dated 4th March 1870.

I have the honor to forward for submission to the Right Honorable the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council, a draft of rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore, which it is proposed to introduce with the survey settlement now in progress, if concurred in and sanctioned by His Excellency in Council.

2. The rules were drawn up under the orders of my predecessor after very full consideration between him, the Survey Settlement Commissioner and other officers of standing and experience in this administration; and as they appear to me to be in every respect fitting and unobjectionable, I beg to recommend that their adoption be authorized.

3. As it is desirable that I should be informed at as early a date as possible of the orders of the Government of India on this question, may I beg the favor of your signalling the same to me.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Government of India, To the Offg. Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, Foreign Department—Revenue—No. 67 R., dated Fort William, the 5th April 1870.

I have received and laid before His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council your letter No. 6107—297 R., dated 4th March 1870, submitting a code of rules prepared in the time of your predecessor, for the remuneration of

Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore; and in reply, am directed to observe that the proposal is unaccompanied by any representations showing that the introduction of so elaborate and complicated a code is at all necessary.

2. In initiating all administrative arrangements in the Province of Mysore, it must always be a primary consideration that they shall be such, so simple, so easily comprehensible, so little different from the previous order of things under the purely native regimé, as to be likely to survive when British management is withdrawn.

3. These rules do not seem to possess this character, and it appears far preferable to His Excellency in Council, that at the present survey and settlement, the case of each Patelship and Shanbhogship should be considered and adjusted on its own merits, that is, with as little change from the present state of things, as is compatible with efficient administration.

4. If, however, after you have been able to form a judgment of your own in the mattter, you should be of opinion that a uniform code of rules is needful, I am to request that it may be made as simple as possible, and that on submitting it you will show how far each individual rule will alter the existing practice.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 2123—R. 76, dated 20th July 1870.

I have the honor, by desire of the Officiating Chief Commissioner, to forward for your information the accompanying copy of a letter No. 87 R, dated 5th April 1870, from the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department; and to request the favor of your submitting your views on the points therein noticed, as requiring special consideration, in connection with the proposed rules for remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore.

2. I am to draw your particular attention to the several subjects alluded to in each para of the above letter and to the desirability of showing fully and clearly the necessity for the introduction of a Code of Rules in the matter under notice. Colonel Meade further requests that you will consider if the rules proposed cannot be rendered more simple as desired by the Government of India.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, No. 2333—R 81, dated Bangalore, 27th July 1870.

With reference to previous correspondence on the subject of the educational cess, I have the honor, by desire of the Officiating Chief Commissioner, to state that it would appear, from para 12 of your letter No. 38, dated 9th March 1865, that one anna in the rupee *of the assessment* was proposed by you to be devoted to local funds as in the Bombay Presidency, in the proportion of ⅓rd to education and ⅔rds to roads, and that this was concurred in by Mr. Bowring, who remarked, in para 4 of this office No. 4825—89, dated 20th March 1865, "that the arrangement was no concern of the ryots and need not be entered in the pattas."

2. Colonel Meade always understood that there was a special *local cess* levied at the rate specified in *excess* of the assessment, and that it was absolutely intended for local purposes and those alone. But the correspondence of 1868 shows that the proportion of such cess proposed to be allotted to education was 1 per cent on the land revenue, and not ⅓rd of the cess as above; and the Officiating Chief Commissioner presumes that the point may be considered to be so settled.

The allotment of the rest of the fund does not appear and have been yet decided on, and Colonel Meade requests you will kindly favor him with your views on this point. The total cess being Rs. 6¼ per cent, 5¼ remains available after the deduction of 1 for education. There is besides a similar cess on wet lands for the repair of tanks. The subject is one that appears to require consideration and definite orders how that the survey settlement is progressing.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 756, dated 22nd August 1870.

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter No. 2333 of the 27th ultimo.

2. When settlements were first commenced in Mysore, after some consultation with the Chief Commissioner, it was decided that it would be preferable to consider the sum to be devoted to local fund as included in the assessment and then take one-sixteenth from out of the lump sum of the realizations of a taluk, and credit it to local funds, consequently in all settlements up to the end of 1867, this course was pursued.

3. In the commencement of 1868 when Major Prescott was acting for me, a Committee on revenue questions generally was held at Bangalore from 17th to 22nd March 1868, the proceedings of which were printed and are doubtless on your records. Who were present on this Committee, does not appear on the proceedings, but Major Prescott and Captain Grant were both present and the latter informs me that Mr. Bowring was present and took part in the proceedings.

4. By this Committee, it was decided that an extra anna should be levied on the assessment of each ryot on account of ordinary local funds for general purposes of improvement, and an additional anna on all irrigated land solely devotable to the repairs of tanks. These local cesses are declared in the proceedings of the Committee as "payable in the case of all settled taluks, from the year in which the settlement is introduced"

5. A form of guarantee of the survey settlement embodying the decisions of this Committee was also agreed upon. This is published at page 172 of the *Mysore Government Gazette* in regard to Harihar, the first Taluk settled and at pages 174, 192, 276 in relation to taluks afterwards settled. Para V of this guarantee expressly sanctions the levy of the one anna ordinary local cess on and in addition to the land assessment of each ryot, and also one anna irrigation cess on irrigated land, and paras VI and VII extend this cess to inam lands and villages.

6. The above guarantee was somewhat modified and extended in the revised form of guarantee No. 198 published at page 361 of the *Mysore Government Gazette* for the current year. Clauses XIII to XVI of which relate to the local funds. This revised form was settled after prolonged conferences between Mr. Bowring, the Chief Engineer for Irrigation, the Conservator of Forests, some of the District officers, Captain Grant, the Superintendent of Survey and myself; and may, I think, be looked upon as the final settlement of the question of the raising and disposal of local funds applicable to all settled districts of Mysore.

7. In the Bombay Presidency, the mode of collection of local funds was not finally fixed until Bombay Act III of 1869, copy of which was forwarded to you with my letter No. 312, dated 25th April 1870, put the collection of these funds under legal sanction in a definite manner. In 1857, the right to collect six pies on the rupee of land assessment as local educational cess was first reserved and proclaimed at all settlements. In 1860 it was ordered that an extra amount of assessment should be imposed in all settlements so as to admit of one-seventeenth of the whole being set aside as a local fund; this order was however cancelled at the end of the same year and thenceforward the six-pie, educational cess only, was collected.

Government Resolution No. 869, dated 21st February 1857.

Government Resolution No. 954, dated 9th March 1860.

Government Resolution No. 3567, dated 6th October 1860.

8. In 1864, a one anna voluntary cess for local purposes was directed and

collected with more or less success till 1869. The necessity for legislation on the subject was however generally recognized. Finally, as stated in a preceding para Bombay Act III of 1869, placed the whole question under the sanction of law and applies the cess to all districts whether the revised settlement has been introduced or not.

9. I append copy of an order of the Bombay Government Resolution No. 1705, dated 9th May 1866, regarding the purely local application of funds locally raised in this Presidency, which completes the explanation of the local fund system in Bombay.

Taxes and Imposts, Revenue Department, No. 1705, dated Bombay Castle, 9th May 1866.

Letter from the Acting Revenue Commissioner, S. D. No. 4429, dated 22nd December 1865, stating, in reply to a memorandum from the Chief Secretary, dated 12th December 1865, written from His Excellency the Governor's camp at Kehroor in the Kulladghee Districts, that the information in detail therein required not being obtainable from the records of the Revenue Commissioner's office, the Collector of Dharwar has been requested to furnish it direct, in order to prevent delay; and offering certain observations on the subject.

Memorandum from the Collector of Dharwar, No. 473, dated 25th April 1866, submitting a statement showing the number of villages in the Dharwar Collectorate into which the Nurgoond Annachutra allowance and other local funds are realized, and the object on, and localities in, which they have been expended.

Resolution.—His Excellency the Governor in Council is of opinion that all taxes of a local character, whether for educational or other objects, should be expended in the localities in which they are levied, and that villages and districts which do not contribute should not derive any benefit from such expenditure. This principle should be strictly adhered to by the Collector.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 3269—Rev. 109, dated 19th September 1870.

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter No. 756 of the 22nd ultimo, explaining the mode in which the local fund cess has been imposed in Mysore, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to observe that there is no question as to the rate to be levied under this head, *viz.*, one anna in the rupee of the assessment, or 6¼ per cent; but that it has not yet been settled what proportion of the proceeds of such cess is to be applied to the several objects for which it is raised.

2. It was intimated to the Government of India by Mr. Bowring, that the educational cess would be about one per cent on the gross land revenue, or Rs. 80,000 per annum, and this was accepted. Deducting this then from 6¼, 5¼ would remain amounting at the same calculation to Rs. 4,20,000 in round numbers. This sum is intended to provide for the repairs of roads, tanks (in addition to the special irrigation cess) and *other purposes*, but these latter have not been defined, and the proportion to be assigned to any of these purposes has, as already remarked, yet to be fixed. The Officiating Chief Commissioner considers that the maintenance of all local hospitals and dispensaries, musafarkhanas and staging bungalows should be provided for from this source; but before any definite conclusions are arrived at, he desires that

you will be good enough to favor him with your opinion, or any suggestions you may wish to offer as to the apportionment amongst the purposes above noted, of the balance of the local cess realized, after assigning one per cent for education.

I am also directed to enquire if you can offer any opinion as to the probable cost to the State, of the proposed mode of remunerating Shanbhogs and Patels as finally decided in the Notification No. 55, dated 23rd June 1869. By that arrangement, the ryots are entirely relieved of all liability under this head and Government binds itself to make up the emoluments of these classes to an aggregate of 8 per cent on the cultivated land at the time of the settlement, and thereafter of 2 per cent on all assessed waste.

Colonel Meade observes that it is true that these emoluments are to be made up from the arable waste, and the latter item need not be considered at all at present, as it is a contingent one; but that whatever the State has to give under the former head, to make the emoluments up to the fixed scale of percentage *is a new charge undertaken by Government*, the same having heretofore been borne by the ryots; and the Chief Commissioner wishes to ascertain if possible, what such charge is likely to amount to, with reference to the apparent improbability of any present increase of revenue under the new settlement.

The assignments from the waste lands on the above account will, the Chief Commissioner presumes, be according to the assessment fixed for waste in each taluk; but it is, he remarks worthy of consideration that such assignments will involve the *permanent* alienation of such lands, and that if this be carried out at the low rates fixed on them *as waste*, the sacrifice may be very great.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 817, dated Poona, 2nd September 1870.

With reference to your letter No. 2123 of the 20th July 1870, and appended letter from the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 87—R. of the 5th April last, I beg to forward the following remarks.

2. The village officers of Mysore, the Patels and Shanbhogs, which latter answer to the *Patvaris* of Northern India, hold hereditary offices, and have been remunerated previous to the survey settlement by emoluments derived from the undermentioned sources.

1stly. "*Aya*" or direct levies in grain from the cultivators, which may be looked upon as the diversion of a certain portion of the Government share of the produce from the Treasury to the pockets of the village officers. These levies are paid very irregularly being evaded when the cultivator is influential, and on the other hand from the basis and pretext for a good deal of extortion and oppression by the village officers on the poorer classes of the ryots. These direct levies are abolished by the survey settlement which includes all cesses upon land into one sum paid into the Treasury.

2ndly. By cash payments direct from the Treasury; these payments, as at present existing, are of the most capricious amount, and are regulated by no scale whatever.

3rdly. By land, on which a *jodi* or quit-rent, supposed to be much less than the full assessment, is paid. The difference between this *jodi* or quit-rent and the full assessment, which is called the "profit," is supposed to be one source of the remuneration of the office. The amount of this *jodi* or quit-rent is based on no fixed proportion of the full assessment; in some cases it is a mere fraction of it and in many others it even exceeds the full assessment.

3. Thus there are three sources of emolument recognized as the remuneration of the village officers. 1. Direct levies of grain. 2. Cash allowances. 3. Land more or less lightly taxed. In many cases remuneration from all three sources has been enjoyed by one office, in some, two only; the first source, the direct levies, will, I imagine, alone be found hitherto universally in force.

4. Each source of remuneration, it will be seen, rested on an unsatisfactory basis in itself, and in the conjoint amount of the three no compensation for the anomalies existing in any one singly would be found. Even excluding the direct levies of grain abolsihed by the introduction of the survey settlement the remaining emoluments will be nothing, or next to nothing, in the case of one charge, and as much as 15 or 20 per cent of the entire revenues of the village in the case of another charge. But the inequality of the existing emoluments, excess in one case, and deficiency in another, by no means exhausts the evils in the existing state of things; a difficulty if possible greater than all the rest remains behind, which is that the emoluments in the case of each office are shared among a number of persons, of whom one at most performs any duty whatever. According to the common practice in Hindu institutions, the office is not only hereditary, but the emoluments are sub-divided among the numerous co-heirs and collaterals of the officiating member of the family, who is selected according to the custom prevailing in each office; in some cases the succession to the office descends solely in one branch, and at other times goes in a certain rotation among the members of different branches.

5. As before stated, the whole land of the office has ordinarily a certain *jodi* or quit-rent fixed upon it, which may bear a greater or less proportion to the full assessment, or even exceed it. This land is divided among the different members of the family in very irregular shares; each sharer pays ordinarily a fractional part of the *jodi* or quit-rent; cases however occur not unfrequently in which one or more sharers in the land are exempt from all payment without any visible reason, certainly not on account of actual performance of service, and in no case will the fractional share of *jodi* bear any relative proportion to the extent of land, except by accident. The State is entitled by ancient practice to a certain lump sum as *jodi* or quit-rent in each individual case, and each sharer by similar ancient practice has paid some or no quota of the entire sum. In one and the same office lands, it will often be found that while one sharer is paying one-fourth or less of what would be the full assessment of the land constituting his share, another will be paying one-half, another three-quarters, and another even more than he would pay if he held the same land as simple ryot paying full assessment to Government.

6. Such being the system of remuneration of village officers hitherto prevailing, it is by no means to be wondered at that the service rendered to the State was not efficient; it is more to be wondered at that any one was found so self-sacrificing as to hold office at all for a fractional share of total emoluments, which, though in some cases excessive, were in the majority of instances insufficient for the reasonable support of the one officiating member. The fact is that before the survey settlement, the holding of office, especially as Shanbhog, (*Patvari*), carried with it its own reward without any participation in the recognized legitimate sources of emolument. In the absence of any survey or reliable record of the land of the village, every thing rested on the word of the Shanbhog and his interpretation of documents which had their origin in others framed by his predecessors in office. He did not, therefore, serve for nothing. For the sake of peace and freedom from annoyance it was the evident interest of the Patel and Shanbhog and the ryots to pull quietly together; neither of the parties could gain much by quarrelling, and the village officers could lose a good deal. Therefore, while they did not serve for nothing, they took care to keep their irregular emoluments within discreet bounds. The only party interested in these arrangements who was not considered was the Government, of whose rights there was no thought until a feud arose in a village, when information, real or false, was given to the taluk officials as a means of gratifying private ill-will.

7. But after the survey settlement has been introduced, the village officers have not the same field of operations open to them, their previous enjoyment of exclusive local knowledge has passed away. The survey maps and registers show the area, assessment and occupation of all land, and the permanent boundary marks prevent all tampering with limits, and effectually connect the land and its boundaries with the sub-divisions into 'numbers,' and occupancies shown in the survey records. A stranger to the village can on those records deal with any question of dispute which may arise, as well as the Shanbhog, and if necessary without any explanation from him. The ryots,

moreover, have their rights and liabilities clearly defined; it is very little indeed that the village officers can do for them or against them. The actual work of the village officers is not decreased by the settlement; but the existence of accurate data, on which to work, enables their duties to be exacted from them with greater preciseness.

8. Thus, it is in every point of view more necessary than ever to provide that the man who does the work shall receive reasonable remuneration for his trouble.

9. It is also necessary to provide that each officiator shall have no more work imposed upon him than he can be justly held responsible for duly performing. Here another difficulty in the existing state of things presents itself. It is the usual practice for one Shanbhog to hold more villages than one; in many cases he holds as many as ten or fifteen, the duties of which, as now required, it is simply impossible for him to perform. A reform in this respect is therefore a matter of necessity.

10. As already stated, the practice of taking '*Aya*' or direct levies in grain is disallowed by the survey settlement. The second head of existing remuneration, the cash allowances, where they exist, would be easily dealt with, if they were always met with or had been fixed on any system, by providing that the officiator only should receive them. But the office land of variable amount, with its excessive sub-division and the unequality of the *jodi* payments, and consequently of the residuary profit, presents the greatest difficulty.

11. It would be useless to detail the different plans which have from time to time been proposed for settling the remuneration of these village officers on a permanent basis, one in fact which would work of itself without being liable to be upset by the changing of officiators, and tendency to sub-divide all hereditary emoluments which is inseparable from native custom. It was at the same time evidently desirable to disturb as little as possible existing interests so long as the first and prime object, the proper execution of the service due to the State, was provided for effectually.

12. The plan proposed by me and embodied in the rules, the subject of the present correspondence, is no new and untried scheme. It was after much discussion, both in this country and with the Home Government, adopted nearly twenty years ago, and has been since working successfully in the Southern Mahratta country, in which the previous state of things was exactly similar to that existing at the present day in Mysore. The rules for Mysore are however simplified in several matters of detail, for instance in our own provinces the emoluments are now decennially revisable, a provision dispensed with in the Mysore rules.

13. The main provisions of the proposed rules may be summed up in a very few words.

(1.) A sum is fixed, based on the revenues of the village, according to a scale, which will form the remuneration of the officiator. This sum he receives from the Government Treasury.

(2.) The existing emoluments, now scattered and sub-divided among share-holders, are made use of, as far as they will go, to provide the above remuneration, or rather to re-imburse the Treasury; when existing emoluments are insufficient, the Treasury makes good the balance.

(3.) The sum to be levied as an additional payment on the lands of each office will be paid by each share-holder in proportion to the "profit" derived by him from his share, that is, the difference between the *jodi* or quit-rent he already pays and the full survey assessment of his share; existing occupation is in no case interfered with; it is merely provided that additional taxation, even up to the full survey assessment if necessary, shall be placed on the several sharers of the office lands to make good to the Treasury, as far as possible, the sum paid to the officiator.

(4.) If existing emoluments are deficient, making up the payment of the remuneration of the officiator will fall on the Treasury; if existing emoluments are in excess of what is required, the payment of the surplus cash allowances will be at once stopped, and in the case of an excess in land emoluments still remaining, a compromise will be made by an additional assessment equal to half that excess being imposed, the remaining half remaining untouched.

14. The above are the main provisions of the rules proposed by me. The apparent complicated nature of the scheme, as it appears in those rules, arises from the complications of existing circumstances as described in this letter. No scheme can be devised interfering less with existing rights, and moreover it must not be forgotten that the proposed scheme has the sanction of eighteen years' successful operation in an adjacent province.

15. In para 3 of the letter of the Government of India under reply, it is desired that "the case of every Patelship and Shanbhogship should be considered and adjusted "on its own merits, that is, with as little change from the present state of things as is "compatible with efficient administration." This is exactly what the proposed rules provide for, and as the cases of different Patels and Shanbhogs' existing emoluments present a very great variety of complications, though the principle of settlement may be simplicity itself, it is impossible to make a set of rules, few in number and simple in nature, to meet all the diversities of existing circumstances; and it is equally impossible within any reasonable compass to show, as requested in the 4th para of the letter of Government of India "how for each individual rule will alter existing practice." I have in this letter shown how the work is at present done, often without any legitimate remuneration at all, and how it is proposed with the least possible disturbance of existing interests to secure efficient performance of the duties of the offices, and provide and pay the remuneration for the future.

16. In drawing up rules for the settlement of the matter under discussion it was not sufficient to lay down the main principles; it was necessary to frame the several provisions so that every possible case should be met; this could not done more concisely that has been done in the rules sent in with my letter No. 110, dated 4th February last, which are mainly based on the system in force in the Southern Mahratta Country, only simplified as much as practicable, and the amount of remuneration somewhat reduced, so as, till we see our way farther, to bring the possibility of demands on the Treasury within moderate limits. These rules were discussed for many days last January with Mr. Bowring, and were fully agreed to by him. I was not aware that these rules were to be sent up to the Government of India, otherwise I would have entered into some explanation of the principle on which they were framed and the necessity for them.

17. I may add that the making out of all the papers for carrying out the settlement of the remuneration of these village officers will be executed in the Settlement Department, and when these papers are once made out and issued, the District officials will have nothing to do but to act on them. There is no work thrown on them, and no possibility of any mistake or misunderstanding on their part, either in the present or at any future time, whether under British or Native administration.

18. I trust this attempt at explanation may be not entirely unsuccessful. I confess, however, that I am not sanguine of entire success in this respect; the existing complications are not readily apprehended without great familiarity with them and every form they take; still more difficult is it to understand, on a general consideration, the detailed remedial measures intended to unravel the tangle and educe system out of that in which no system or order at present exists.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Terriorties of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 1080, dated Poona, 21st October 1870.

With reference to your letter Genl No. 3269 of the 19th ultimo, I have the honor to make the following remarks on the subjects noticed.

2. In the first place I must allude to the Notification in the *Mysore Gazette* No. 55, dated 23rd June 1869, regarding the mode of in future remunerating Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore. The plan there detailed was drawn up by Major Prescot who was acting for me during my absence in England on leave. I must firstpremiset that Major Prescott had no experience of Southern India having served exclusively in the Northern Deccan and Guzerat where the state of things as regards village officers differs materially from that existing in the Southern Mahratta Country and Mysore.

3. Major Prescott being evidently little aware of the long discussion which had taken place on this subject in the Southern Mahratta Country conceived the idea that the best solution of all the difficulties would be found in new land grants in inam and he was fortified in this notion by finding that the idea of obtaining new land inams was very popular among the class of village officers. He did not see that the existing difficulties of the question were mainly caused by the question of how to deal with the present inams, sub-divided as they are among a multitude of shareholders. Again if new inams were created similar sub-division of the land would infallibly occur, it would evidently be impossible to make the land change hands with every change of office, it would be condemning the land to comparative sterility, for who would improve if his tenure was of short and uncertain duration.

4. Again in Clause XV of Notification No. 55 of the 23rd June last, it is stated that the officiator shall have "a lien on the land in the possession of the other "sharers." What this lien was, or how to be enforced, was not laid down and in truth to give the officiator any right over the land in the occupation of other co-sharers would be impossible to carry out.

5. Next as to supplementing deficient emoluments with new land inams the question at once arose as to where land for these inams could be found of such a quality as be desired by the village officers. Their expectation undoubtedly was that Government lands in the occupation of ryots would be made over to them as inam, which was evidently out of the question. The village officers would thank us little for grants of waste land of poor or indifferent quality, and there is not much else, and giving them such land would be no gain to the Government as they would only make use of their position to induce ryots to cultivate these lands. If the ryot had means to extend his area of occupation, he would do so of himself, if he had not, he must resign land paying revenue to Government to cultivate that of the village officers. Where there did happen to be a few waste fields of good quality at the time of the settlement, giving the village officers an exclusive right of selection from among them would be in many cases resented to the uttermost by the ryots, who would very probably refuse to take up any of the other fields.

6. The proposed system of creating new inams to supplement deficiencies would be exceedingly difficult to carry out, would produce much ill-feeling, and would utterly fail in obtaining the desired object, the securing fair emoluments to the person who did the work. Regarding the plan laid down in Rule XV of the Notification No. 55 of 23rd June 1869, to give the officiating member of a family any power of interfering with the possession of land held by other co-sharers would be a simply impracticable measure.

Foot Note.—There appears to be misapprehension about the assessment of waste land judging from the closing words of para 5 of the letter under reply, where the low rates fixed on these lands *as waste* are alluded to. Unoccupied waste land is not rated lower than if it was occupied, every care is taken to guard against such a differential rating, which would only lead to the relinquishment of land in occupation in exchange for lower rated waste.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

7. No steps whatever were taken to carry out the plan of Notification No. 55 by Major Prescott, some mis-givings as to the feasibility of the scheme appear to have entered his mind, and at his request action on it was suspended by Mr. Bowring pending my return. When at Bangalore in January last, it was fully discussed with Mr. Bowring who became convinced of the practical difficulties in the way of carrying out this scheme, and consequently the rules sent in my letter No. 110, dated 4th February last, were framed in conference with him, the principle of which is explained in my letter No. 438, dated 21st May last. The scheme published under Notification No. 55 of 23rd June being practically abandoned.

8. Until detailed statements are made out for each taluk, it is impossible to estimate even the amount of the charge which will devolve upon the Treasury from the introduction of the proposed scheme of remuneration, we may estimate the total cost, but we do not know how much of this will be borne by existing emoluments or compensated for by partial resumption of existing emoluments in those cases when they are of an amount more than required for the remuneration of the officiator.

9. I can only say that the scale of remuneration was framed on the most economical scale possible, being more than once reduced till reduction was no longer practicable, in order in the first instance to keep the charge on the Treasury as low as possible.

10. Efficient Patels and Shanbhogs are a prime necessity without which good administration is impossible, they cannot be paid at a lower rate than that proposed, and as they must be had there seems no alternative.

11. It makes no practical difference to the Treasury whether these officials are paid in land or money, while it makes a material difference in the efficiency of the service. The provision of a proper remuneration for the village officers is a part and a very material one of the survey settlement. It is true that the direct levies were paid, with more or less regularity before the settlement, and now that they have been stopped, being absorbed into the survey assessment, but it must not be assumed that these levies are consequently not paid at all now, or that their abolition entails a dead loss on the State; it is very certain that if they had not been abolished the Government revenue must have been much the less. Moreover with reference to your allusion to the improbability of any present increase to the revenue under the new settlement, I do not believe that a decrease to the revenue has any where resulted from the settlement, on the contrary I believe that a considerable increase has been realized, to say the least, much more than sufficient to doubly pay all that the Treasury is likely to be called upon to pay under the proposed scheme of remuneration of village officers, and that a still farther increase may be looked for if the necessary measures ancillary to the settlement of fair rates on land are carried out, of which the placing the village officers on a proper footing is one.

12. I will however obtain precise returns made up to last year, which will enable me to show what the revenue result of the settlement has been. I will also obtain statements from the taluks which will enable me to show within a very close approximation what the cost of introducing the village officer's remuneration scheme will be, as far as we are at present prepared to introduce it, the obtaining and compiling these statements will unavailably take some little time. The interim or temporary remuneration has however been introduced and the village officers are therefore at present not entirely unremunerated.

13. Regarding the 2nd para of your letter under reply, in the Bombay Presidency the practice as regards the local fund is to devote $\frac{1}{3}$rd of the one anna cess to education and $\frac{2}{3}$rds to other objects of general utility and convenience. Such is the existing rule; but it is liable to modification at the pleasure of Government, and I would strongly advocate the system of similar temporary proportional assignments for adoption in Mysore. There is in Bombay no precise assignment of a certain proportion of the fund to the several objects to which it is applicable, neither is it possible any where, as it appears to me, to make a final proportional allotment to hold

good always, it would be little comparative use for instance to erect Dharmasalas or Rest houses before roads are provided, or schools and dispensaries where there was a scarcity of drinking water.

14. Some of the purposes to which the local fund is assignable are detailed in Section IV of the Bombay Local Fund Act No. III of 1869, these include all the objects noted in your 2nd para excepting staging bungalows which have been also brought on this fund. I can offer no opinion as to the proportion to be assigned to each purpose, this must depend upon the circumstances of the time. The only course will be to specify the objects to which this fund may be devoted and receive each year propositions for furthering those objects in each taluk, then select the most urgent wants for first attention, as far as the available funds will admit.

15. What the most urgent want of Mysore is at present, there can be little doubt, namely, improved communications with external districts, to enable the surplus produce to be disposed of, the ryots cannot be expected to extend their area of cultivation unless they have reasonable facilities for obtaining remunerative prices for their produce.

16. In Mysore, the distinction drawn between local and Imperial revenue in British possessions, hardly holds good. In the latter after providing for the necessary cost of internal administration of a Province and defence, all the surplus was liable to be drawn away by an Imperial Government with little local sympathy, it by no means followed that because a district paid largely into the Treasury, that much would be spent upon it. The object of local taxation was here plain, to secure to the people the expenditure to their benefit of a certain definite portion of the taxes they had paid. This holds good only in a very minor degree in Mysore, where the taxes raised in one part of the country cannot be wasted in foreign wars or on purposes unconnected with the welfare of the comparatively restricted limits of the State. Strictly speaking, all taxation is local in a State circumstanced as Mysore, the only advantage of making a certain portion payable as "local" is to secure to each taluk or group of villages, to give them in fact a distinct claim to some specific benefits in return for the sum paid which they might not obtain under the ordinary general system of taxation and expenditure. But this local system should by no means exempt the general Treasury of Mysore from a claim upon it to contribute fairly to all improvements of a general nature. If no improvement is made out of the local funds but what has been hitherto done out of the general Treasury, the burden merely shifted in fact from one to the other, the people will be by no means the gainers and they will have a good right to look on the local cess as an imposition in every sense of the word. I would urge the claim of the people of Mysore to derive some new and definite benefits from this local cess, without any diminution in what little has been done hitherto by the State to contribute to their welfare. Every contributor to the fund should be able to see what benefit he derives from the expenditure of his money, unless the benefit is as sensible a fact as the payment to the fund, the levy of this cess under the name of a local fund will certainly be looked upon by the people as what is vulgarly called "a do."

17. Therefore it appears to me that those purposes to which Imperial funds, so to call them, or more correctly as regards Mysore, the general treasury, has hitherto contributed should continue to receive some contribution from the general Treasury. Some fixed allotment based on the average expenditure of past years should be made from the general Treasury to the funds for staging bungalows, dispensaries, &c., and then the additional expenditure under those heads should be met from the so called "Local Fund." It is very certain that much remains to be done in Mysore for the comfort of the people, before they are brought up to the par of the adjacent British Districts, so far as I know them, and if the general Treasury is to shift all its contribution to the head of the local fund, and no more than that be spent, the gain of the people will be invisible and their money will, from their point of view, have been taken under the pretext of a special purpose to which it has not been applied.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Secretary to Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Survey Commissioner, No. 4127—R. 134, dated 12th November 1870.

I am directed to acknowledge your letters as per margin and to state that the reply to the first of these letters had been already drafted before the other came to hand, but that, as both are on the same subject, it will be more convenient to deal with both in this communication.

No. 817, dated 2nd September 1870.
No. 1080, dated 21st October 1870.

2. I am first to explain that, till the receipt of your letter No. 1080, the Chief Commissioner was not aware of the grounds for the substitution of the rules proposed in your No. 110, dated 4th February last, for those published under Notification No. 55, dated 23rd June 1869, "but he entirely concurs in your objection to the latter, as set forth in paras 2 to 6 of No. 1080 and in the alterations on the points noted therein that are provided for in the revised rules.

3. The points on which the Chief Commissioner feels still doubtful in this matter are (1) the additional charge to the State that will be incurred by its undertaking the entire remuneration of the classes in question, and (2) the policy of thus converting these classes wholly into Government officials, and so placing them in some respects in a different position than hitherto towards the village communities.

4. On the first of these points, Colonel Meade deems it imperatively necessary to have some reliable information as to what the additional charge in question will be, and he is strongly of opinion that this ought to have been obtained before the scheme was adopted. It must not be supposed from this remark that the Chief Commissioner does not fully admit the necessity for placing the remuneration of these officials on a more satisfactory and settled footing, than has hitherto existed in this State. The point that appears to him to be open to question is whether or not Government has been right in undertaking their entire remuneration, without levying from the village communities concerned the equivalent, under a special head of the dues they have hitherto been bound to pay in part of such remuneration. It is observed that you are of opinion that these dues have been absorbed into the survey assessment, and that it would be an error to assume that their abolition will entail a dead loss on the State, as it is certain that if they had not been abolished the Government revenue must have been much less than it will be under that assessment. Admitting this to be the case, it seems still necessary that the additional charge to Government on this account should be clearly known, and the Chief Commissioner will therefore await the statements promised in para 12 of your No. 1080 before taking further steps in the matter of the rules in question.

5. On the 2nd point adverted to above, I am to state that while Colonel Meade fully admits the anomalies and abuses that undoubtedly exist under the present system, and the unsatisfactory character in many respects of the service rendered by the classes in question, he is apprehensive that the proposed measure may not be without its disadvantages in breaking the tie which has hitherto to some extent bound them to the village communities. No doubt much may be said of the advantage of such a result but looking to the future of Mysore, and the great importance of maintaining, and where necessary, restoring the village institution generally throughout the State and rendering them as efficient as possible, Colonel Meade is not satisfied that the entire cessation of the partial dependence of these officers on the ryots, which has been the custom from time immemorial, may not injuriously affect the circumstances of these institutions, and deprive the latter to an important extent of their admirable character, a result, from which in his opinion, hardly any possible advantage in other respects would, in the case of a Native State, be an adequate compensation.

6. In dealing with this and all other similar questions affecting Mysore, it must even be borne in mind that the State is to be again placed under a Native Government, and we should be most careful not to break up or interfere with institutions or arrangements which have hitherto existed in it, and which, though regarded as of comparatively little importance or even as obstructions under British Rule, form an essential feature of the Native system.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

Further, in any new measures introduced by us, we must remember that they will have to be carried out hereafter by a Native Government and should be of such a simple character as can be worked by such a Government without difficulty. The Government of India has expressed a doubt if the rules proposed by you are not too complicated with reference to this consideration and Colonel Meade would be glad to see them somewhat simplified if you think such practicable. They certainly appear to be in some respects very elaborate.

7. In conclusion, I am directed to thank you for your remarks on the subject of the application of the local fund, which shall have the Chief Commissioner's careful consideration.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Calcutta, No. 328—9 R., dated Bangalore, 11th April 1874.

No. 87, R, dated 5th April 1870.

Adverting to the orders conveyed in your despatch noted in the margin, on the proposed adoption of a Code of Rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore, which had been prepared with Mr. Bowring's approval just previous to his quitting the Province, and was forwarded by the present Chief Commissioner immediately after his assumption of the office, I am directed to submit, for the consideration of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governer General in Council, a further report on this subject, the time appearing to Colonel Meade to have now arrived for his laying the same before Government in view to the final disposal of the question.

2. The Code of Rules referred to in the preceding para was drawn up, after much thought and discussion, by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Colonel Anderson, under Mr. Bowring's directions, and both these officers considered it well-suited to meet the object for which it had been framed, and that its adoption would place this much vexed question on a satisfactory basis.

3. Your letter conveying the orders of Government on the proposed adoption of the rules, however, observed (1) that the proposal was unaccompanied by any representations showing that the introduction of so elaborate and complicated a Code, was at all necessary ; (2) that in initiating all administrative arrangements in the Province of Mysore, it must always be a primary consideration that they shall be such, so simple, so easily comprehensible, and so little different from the previous order of things under the purely native regimé, as to be likely to survive when British management is withdrawn ; (3) that the proposed rules did not seem to possess this character ; and (4) that it appeared far preferable to His Excellency in Council that, at the present survey and settlement, the case of each Patelship and Shanbhogship should be considered and adjusted on its own merits, that is, with as little change from the present state of things as is compatible with efficient administration. It was added that if, after being able to form a judgment of his own in the matter, Colonel Meade was of opinion that a uniform Code of Rules was needful, such Code should be made as simple as possible, and in submitting it, it should be shown how far each individual rule will alter the existing practice.

4. In accordance with the instructions conveyed in the concluding para of this despatch, the Chief Commissioner has differed taking further action in the matter until he was in a position to form an independent judgment of the real requirements of the case, and in the meantime, he has fully discussed with Colonel Anderson the possibility of simplifying the apparently complicated provisions of the rules previously submitted, and has endeavoured to ascertain what will be the ultimate charge to the State that their adoption will involve.

5. As to the circumstances under which this Code was framed as above, I am to explain that the urgent necessity for the substitution of some systematic mode of remunerating the village Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore, for the existing defective and inefficient arrangements on that head, has long been admitted by all who have

had to deal with the subject ; and that since the introduction of the revenue survey and settlement, this necessity has become absolute, owing (1) to the withdrawal from these classes, under the terms of the settlement, of the grain levies heretofore paid to them by the ryots very generally throughout the Province, which formed their chief source of emolument ; and (2) to the great importance to the success of the settlement, of the efficient performance of their duties by the village officers, which could not be looked for unless they were fairly remunerated therefor.

6. On a consideration of these circumstances, and a conviction of the importance of dealing with the question without delay, Mr. Bowring, during Colonel Anderson's absence on furlough in 1869, approved of a revised Code of Rules drawn up with that object by Major Prescott, the Officiating Survey and Settlement Commissioner, and directed their adoption in a Notification* published on the 23rd June 1869.

*Copy appended.

The principle of these rules was that all remuneration to village officers was to be made in land, and not in cash, and it was laid down as a cardinal feature, of the scheme that this principle was to be strictly acted on, and that not merely was land to be assigned in all future grants to the village officers, but that it was also to be subsituted for existing cash payments to these classes.

On Colonel Anderson's return, he urged that this principle was an erroneous one, and strongly advocated the remuneration of these classes, in future, being fixed and disbursed in cash, all existing service lands being utilized, as far as might be possible, in making up the remuneration in each case fixed under the rules.

After a further full consideration of these conflicting views, Mr. Bowring came to the conclusion that Colonel Anderson's was the soundest and best suited to the circumstances of the Province—one, amongst other reasons that doubtless influence him in this decision, being the fact that much difficulty was likely to be experienced, in providing land in satisfaction of such remuneration—and the new rules as approved by him, were framed accordingly by the Survey Commissioner, the intention being merely to adopt them in supersession of those published in June 1869 and then actually in force, and their submission to the Government of India for approval and sanction not being contemplated.

7. Having now had four years' experience of the administrative requirements of the Province, and had full opportunities of hearing the opinions of all classes, officials and others, concerned, on this subject, Colonel Meade has no hesitation whatever in stating that he most fully shares the views set forth in para 5 of this letter, and that he considers the due settlement, on a fitting and permanent basis, of the village Patels and Shanbhogs throughout the Province, as one of the most important measures towards the future prosperity of Mysore under the Native Government.

The question has of late become one of even greater urgency than before, in connection with the new police scheme, which is based on the existence of an efficient village police system, that cannot possibly exist until the Village Patels are put into proper position and properly remunerated.

8. The appended copy of a † letter from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, which was written with special reference to the remarks and instructions conveyed in your despatch under reply, explains fully the nature of the emoluments hitherto enjoyed by the Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore ;—the difficulties connected with and arising from the practice that prevails of sub-dividing these emoluments, such as they are, among a number of sharers, who perform no duty whatever ;—and lastly, the provisions of the proposed rules to meet the peculiar circumstances of this state of things, and to secure the utilization of these existing emoluments, as far as may be practicable, in the proposed reorganization, so as to reduce the cost of the latter to Government as much as possible.

†No. 217, dated 2nd Sept. 1870.

The description given therein of all these subjects is so full and clear, that it appears to the Chief Commissioner to be unnecessary to enter into a further detailed ex-

planation of them in this letter. It should, however, be noticed that, in some parts of the Province, the office of Patel is either in abeyance or is wholly unremunerated, the policy of both Tippu and Púrnaiya for many years having been to deprive this class of their service lands, and to destroy their influence, and no general measures having ever since been adopted to restore them to their proper position.

The condition of the Shanbhogs is generally much better; but, in some of the western Malnad Taluks, many of them enjoy little or no fixed remuneration.

9. As regards the proposed Code of Rules previously submitted by him, Colonel Anderson sums up, in para 13 of the above letter, their main provisions as follows:—

1*st.* "A sum is fixed, based on the revenues of the village, according to a scale, which will form the remuneratirn of the officiator. This sum he receives from the Government Treasury."

2*nd.* "The existing emoluments, now scattered and subdivided among share-holders, are made use of, as far as they will go, to provide the above remuneration, or rather to re-imburse the Treasury; when existing emoluments are insufficient, the Treasury makes good the balance."

3*rd.* "The sum to be levied as an additional payment on the lands of each office will be paid by each share-holder in proportion to the "profit" derived by him from his share, *i. e.*, the difference between the *jodi* or quit-rent he already pays and the full survey assessment of his share; existing occupation is in no way interfered with; it is merely provided that additional taxation, even up to the full survey assessment if necessary, shall be placed on the several sharers of the office lands to make good to the Treasury, as far as possible, the sum paid to the officiator."

4*th.* "If existing emoluments are deficient, the making up the payment of the remuneration of the officiator will fall on the Treasury; if existing emoluments are in excess of what is required, the payment of the surplus cash allowances will be at once stopped, and in the case of an excess in land emoluments still remaining, a compromise will be made by an additional assessment equal to half that excess being imposed, the remaining half remaining untouched."

10. The Survey Commissioner further remarks, in the concluding para of that letter, "that he is not sanguine of his attempt at explanation therein proving entirely "successful, as the existing complications connected with the subject of the remuneration of these offices are not readily apprehended, without great familiarity with "them and every form they take, and that it is still more difficult to understand, on "a general consideration, the detailed remedial measures intended to unravel the "tangle and educe system out of that in which no system or order at present exists."

11. In order further to convey a clear apprehension of the scheme set forth in the rules, it will be proper here to describe briefly the nature of the duties of these village servants, *viz.*, Patels (Village Headmen) and Shanbhogs (Village Accountants). These classes are employed on important revenue, as well as general duties. The Shanbhogs have to keep the accounts of the cultivation and of the revenue of the village, and to assist in the collections. The Patel has to supervise the maintenance of tanks and irrigation channels; to see to the cultivation of the village lands and the collections; to look after the road avenues within the limits of the village, and to arrange for the filling up of vacancies therein, and for the general planting up of fresh trees, where necessary; to watch the jungles on the hills and elsewhere within village limits which are public property, and prevent their being encroached upon or destroyed; and to preserve in good order the village and field boundary marks set up by the Survey Department: lastly, the Patel is the Executive Head of the Vil-

lage Police, and his duties, as such, under the new Police scheme, will be of a far more laborious and responsible character than hitherto. Indeed the success of that scheme will, to a great extent, depend on the efficient discharge of their Police duties by Patels. The offices of Patel and Shanbhog are hereditary, and there can be no doubt that when their emoluments are fixed on a fair and equitable scale of remuneration, and the officiators are relieved from the uncertain and unsatisfactory mode in which they are now paid for their services, these offices will acquire much more importance and value in public estimation than has hitherto been the case. Indeed the knowledge that such a scheme as that under report was in contemplation has already had this effect, and there is no lack of claimants for any vacant office of either class.

12. Colonel Meade has given the proposed Code of Rules a very large share of his attention, and cannot but admit that its provisions appear to be elaborate and complicated. But all revenue questions under the *ryotvari* system are more or less complicated, and much of what appears to be objectionable in this respect in these rules is undoubtedly, as urged by Colonel Anderson, really due to the complication of the existing circumstances—in other words, to the present condition of the emoluments which have gradually become sub-divided among a number of sharers besides the actual officiators; to the necessity which exists of making some concession to long-standing occupation, even though irregularly acquired; and lastly, to the difficulties under these conflicting considerations and with due regard to economy, of making the future emoluments of the village servants in some degree proportionable to the work which will hereafter be expected of them.

13. With reference to the instructions conveyed in your despatch of 5th April 1870, the Chief Commissioner is satisfied that it will not be possible to deal with this question without the adoption of a Code of Rules, defining clearly the emoluments of these classes in future, and the manner in which the same are to be adjusted.

14. He is further of opinion that if the existing emoluments, so far as they consist of service lands, are to be taken into account in making up the future remuneration of the office-holders, the rules required to meet that object with the least possible hardship to the present occupiers, as co-sharers of those lands, must necessarily be of an apparently elaborate and complex character to those unacquainted with the peculiar local circumstances of the case, though they are clear and simple enough to the parties concerned.

15. As the point noticed in the preceding para is thus the real cause of the rules being elaborate and complicated, Colonel Meade proposed that all such service lands should cease to be attached to the offices, and should be brought under assessment as follows, *viz*:—

(1.) Alienated portions of them under ordinary assessment, and—

(2.) those still in the possession of officiators or co-sharers, on a moderate quit-rent, and confirmed permanently to the holders as *inams* under the Inam Rules.

16. This arrangement would, it was thought, secure to the State a fair proportion of the value of these lands to meet the cost of the new scheme, while it would deprive no present occupant of his holding, and would convert the latter, in the case of all officiators and co-sharers, into a personal *inam*. It would, however, unavoidably involve a change from the present state of things, though not one, it appeared to Colonel Meade, greater than that contemplated in the rules, or than is really necessary in dealing with this question.

17. The Survey Commissioner has, however, strongly urged that the measure thus proposed would have the effect of increasing the cost of the new scheme, and that it would also affect the social status of the families concerned, as it would involve the permanent transfer from them and the conversion into ordinary *inams* of the service lands in each case, whereas the rules provide for all such lands being still regarded as attached to the office. He further points out that his proposed method, of making

these lands contribute to the support of the officiator, is in strict accord with the usage and practice of the State, and will hardly be questioned by any of those concerned ; and that though the objection to creating new office land is so great that it cannot be got over, the possession of ancient lands of this class is regarded as an important element in social status, and that it would in his opinion be a pity to abolish it where it already exists.

18. Colonel Meade admits the force of these views, and is prepared to accept the principle of the rules on this head, if their consequent unavoidably complicated character is not still regarded by His Excellency in Council as a bar to their introduction. Should the latter be the case, he would unhesitatingly advocate the adoption, as an alternative, of the course described in para 15.

19. Taking the rules seriatim—

(1.) Sections I to III describe the valuation of existing emoluments, and do not require remark.

(2.) Sections IV to XIV describe the future remuneration of the village officers, and are generally concurred in by the Chief Commissioner, who however considers that Sections XI and XII might be omitted, if the future remuneration of these classes is fixed according to the proposed scale and without any reference to present emoluments. In any special individual case, in which the latter are found to exceed the former, the excess might be left in the enjoyment of the present holder for his life-time as a personal allowance.

(3.) Section XV refers to the manner in which payment of remuneration is to be made.

(4.) Sections XVI to XVIII refer to certain points connected with the mode of calculating the emoluments, and do not appear to require remark.

(5.) Sections XIX to XXVII describe the manner in which the existing emoluments in each case will be appropriated to the support of the officiator, and how the balance, if any, shall be disposed of.

If the course described in para 15 above, were followed, almost all the provisions of these sections might be dispensed with, but for the reason stated in para 18, they are concurred in by Colonel Meade.

(6.) Section XXVIII provides for the relinquishment by officiators of the official land held by them when they may wish to resign the same.

(7.) Section XXIX provides that co-sharers now in possession of portions of the office land shall not be disturbed in such possession

(8.) Sections XXX to XXXVI provide—

(*a.*) For the re-distribution of Shanbhogs' charges, where they are larger than can be properly managed by one man ;

(*b.*) For the case of incompetency on the part of an officiator ;

(*c.*) For the exclusion from employment of officiators guilty of malversation in the performance of their official duties ;

(*d.*) For the arrangement of charges and the adjustment of the emoluments in small villages, where there is only a Patel or a Shanbhog.

(9.) Section XXXVII declares the orders forbidding the alienation of service land to be still in force.

(10.) Section XXXVIII declares that the remuneration fixed for each officiator shall be his exclusive perquisites.

(11.) Section XXXIX provides for the residence of all officiators in the village or villages under their charge.

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The Chief Commissioner concurs in the provisions of all the Rules XXVIII to XXXIX inclusive, as summarised above.

20. With these observations, Colonel Meade begs to re-submit the rules under advertence for the orders of His Excellency in Council, with his recommendation that their introduction be now sanctioned.

21. With regard to the point alluded to in the concluding part of para 4 of this letter, the Chief Commissioner has failed in obtaining any reliable information as to the ultimate charge to the State involved in the measure under report. The payments in the shape of grain levies now made by ryots to the village officers, and which will cease under the settlement, are taken into account in fixing the assessment, and the State will thus recoup itself to the extent of the value of their payments. The registered net value of the service lands now enjoyed by Patels and Shanbhogs is about Rs. 65,000, but it is probably much in excess of that amount. The Survey Commissioner reports that no estimate can at present be framed, showing the probable net charge to the State of the measure, as no data exist for its preparation.

From the Secretary to the Government of India, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Foreign Department, Rev. No. 144, dated Fort William, the 10th July 1874.

I am directed to acknowledge receipt of your Officiating Secretary's letter No. 328—9 R., dated 11th April last, forwarding for the sanction of the Government of India, a revised draft of rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore.

2. His Excellency in Council understands that these rules have been submitted after careful discussion of them with the Survey Commissioner, whose letter explains at length the difficulties of the case, and the system by which he would dispose of the complicated claims growing out of family division of these ancestral holdings by office. You consider the explanation to be full and sufficient, and you recommend that the scheme which they describe may be approved. Upon this matter His Excellency is willing to accept the judgment of Colonel Anderson and of yourself, and I am therefore to say that the plan suggested by you in paragraph 15 of your letter under reply, as an alternative proposal made in the event of this scheme being disallowed by the Government, need not be entertained. There can be no doubt that the service character of the holdings of these village servants ought, for many reasons, to be maintained, so long as the performance of the service attached to them is required.

3. I am to suggest, however, for your consideration whether Rule XVI, fixing the payments to the village servants for the whole term of settlement, might not, with advantage, be modified. For the purpose of protecting the shares from alteration of their payments of quit-rent, it is undoubtedly right to fix the contribution payable by them for the term of settlement, but His Excellency in Council is of opinion that during the currency of the settlement there should be at least one revision of the payments made by Government, and that these payments should be increased proportionately to the increase of revenue. In order therefore to meet this view the rule might be altered so as to run as follows :—

> "XVI.—The amount of quit-rent fixed on the holding of each share-holder is fixed for the term of settlement, but the total emoluments of the officiators will be revised once after ten years, and will be modified according to the same scale in proportion to the revenues of the village as then realized."

In the event of the revenues of the village improving to a large extent, it would be hardly equitable to leave the village officers on lower pay than they would be fairly entitled to, and hence some revision is necessary. If, however, you prefer it, His Excellency in Council would have no objection to the revision being made decennial as in the Southern Mahratta Country, and being carried out twice in the course of the period of settlement instead of once, as above proposed.

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4. His Excellency in Council also considers it desirable that a lump sum of from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 should be added to the scale prescribed for the emoluments of the Patels of villages situated at railway stations, camping grounds, large marts, and simular localities, in consideration of the increased miscellaneous duties which in such cases devolve on the head of the village. I am also to observe that the last Rule (39) seems unnecessarily stringent. It might be supposed that a Patel who has often many other kinds of business to transact, besides his Government business, need not be restricted to constant residence in his village, or obliged to ask leave before he can go about his affairs for a few days in the neighbourhood Moreover the rule is likely to place in the hands of Amildars considerable power to exercise petty and vexatious interference with the movements of men who are not his official subordinates.

5. With the above modifications His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council sanctions the introduction of the rules, and I am to request that a copy of the rules as finally issued may be forwarded for the information of the Government of India.

No. 2993—Rev 219, dated Bangalore, 20th July 1874.

Order thereon.—Ordered, that the foregoing letter be forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner with the following observations :—

2. In regard to the 1st modification in the rules, suggested by the Government of India, it seems to the Chief Commissioner to the impolitic to subject the emolument of Patels and Shanbhogs to any revision before the expiration of 30 years, the term of the present settlement.

3. As to the second point, *viz.*, the special remuneration of heavily worked Patels and Shanbhogs, the Chief Commissioner is of opinion that the following rule may be substituted for the present Rule XIII.

> "In the case of towns, large villages, and villages in the vicinity of Railway Stations, "camping grounds, large marts and simular localities, the Patels and Shanbhogs of which are ordinarily called upon to perform heavy miscellaneous duties, an extra allowance not exceeding Rs. 1 per annum will be assigned to the Patel and Shanbhog (and where there are two officiating Patels and Shanbhogs, to each Patel and Shanbhog) in addition to the salary of the office found by the scales in Rule IX."

4. With reference to the concluding portion of para 4 of the Government letter it appears to the Chief Commissioner that the following rule may be substituted for Rule XXXIX :—

> "The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villages constituting their charge. No Patel or Shanbhog shall absent himself from his charge for more than seven days without previously obtaining leave from the Amildar of the Taluk."

5. Before however taking any further steps in the matter, the Chief Commissioner desires to be favored with the views of Colonel Anderson on the points noticed above.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 1270, dated Poona, 12th August 1874.

I have the honor to forward the report called for by Chief Commissioner's order No. 2993—219 of the 20th ultimo.

2. In the circumstances of Mysore, I do not think it would be advisable to guarantee any change in the remuneration of village officers at the end of 10 years, but there would, in the absence of a guarantee, be no difficulty in making a change in the amount of remuneration at an earlier date than 10 years hence, if there appeared sufficient reason for doing so. A change in the amount of remuneration to proportion it to any large increase of revenue in any village would be a single and simple operation.

3. So far as relates to Patels, I can see no objection whatever to the rule proposed to be substituted for Rule XII, the wording of which is given in the order under reply. The proposed rule appears to me unnecessary as regards Shanbhogs who will seldom hold a single village and their work would not be influenced by the cause which would influence that of the Patel. The Shanbhogs moreover are a much better paid class than the Patels as they must be men of some education.

4. In consideration of the additional police duties which it is proposed to demand from the Patels, it will, I think, be advisable to grant as a part of the salary to *all* Patels, who do not come under the proposed Rule XIII, a fixed allowance equal in amount to that given to the Shanbhogs as stationery allowance. This has been, during the last few years, granted in the Bombay Presidency.

Column 15, statement at Rule IV.

5. As some compensation for the expense incurred by the grant of the allowance to Patels proposed in the preceding para, I would propose to do away with the additional fixed allowance to Shanbhogs in very small villages alluded to in Rule VII which may be easily dispensed with if a modification as about to be proposed is made in Rule XXXIV. These very small villages generally comprise one or two occupancies only and really entail nothing but nominal work to the Shanbhog. In substitution for the present Rule VII, I would insert the following rule which is necessary to clear away a possible doubt :—

Column 13, Rule IX.

> VII. When the charge of a Shanbhog consists of more villages than one, the percentage remuneration will be calculated on the conjoint revenue of the villages forming his charge and not on the revenue of each village separately. And I would add to Rule VIII after the word *Stationery* "for each separate village composing his charge." This would be but fair as the forms and returns required to be sent in by Shanbhogs would increase in number precisely with the number of villages.

6. Experience of the general small size of villages in Mysore and of the number of them often comprised in the present charges of Shanbhogs frequently amounting to 10 to 20 villages, leads me to believe that some modification of Rule XXXIV will be advisable. I would therefore propose to read "2,500" for Rs. "2,000" in the 4th line of that rule, and in the same line for "*three or more villages*" read "*five or more villages*", and Rs. "1,600" instead of Rs. "1,200" at the end of the rule. The result of these changes will be a somewhat smaller number of Shanbhogs, each receiving higher pay than under the original rule. The supply of qualified men to fill these situations is very limited, and I think that a somewhat smaller number of officiators each receiving higher pay than was originally contemplated will be more conducive to efficiency than the opposite conditions.

7. With reference to para 4 of the reference under reply, as regards the Shanbhog, sufficient will be obtained if he habitually resides in one of the villages of his charge and this must be insisted upon, the provision in the proposed rule will suffice. As regards the Patel, he is the chief Police officer of the village and in that capacity his presence is much more called for than on account of his duties connected with the revenue. It certainly appears to me that a Patel should not absent himself from his village for any time beyond a very few days without making a report, and that seven days is quite as long as he should be absent without leave, which can be obtained only through the Amildar, whose subordinates both the Patel and Shanbhog undoubtedly must be considered. As however the absence of the Patel will chiefly affect police arrangements, the opinion of the chief Police authorities would be the most pertinent to the matter.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue)—dated 16th September 1885.

Revised Draft Rules for Remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.

I. All official land, whether recorded as *inam* or *jodi inam*, or otherwise, shall be valued at the survey assessment of the same, less the amount of the *jodi* tax or other cesses to which it may be subject as recorded in the public accounts of the year.

II. Cash allowances from the Government Treasury, under whatever name they may be entered in the public accounts, shall be recorded at the amount so entered in the accounts of the year.

III. The sum total of the emoluments valued according to the above two rules is to be taken as the existing valuation of the emoluments of the office.

IV. The officiating Patel and Shanbhog of each village shall hereafter receive for the performance of the duties of their offices, a remuneration in cash of at least the amount fixed by the following scale for those offices respectively.

Patel's Scale.

V. For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenues of his village, three per cent; for the second thousand or any part of it, two per cent; and for the balance of gross revenue beyond two thousand rupees, one per cent. In the case of villages where the collections do not exceed Rs. 300, he shall, in addition to the above percentages, receive a fixed annual allowance of one rupee when the gross revenue ranges from eleven to fifty rupees; of two rupees when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 51 to 300; or so much of it, when the gross revenue exceeds Rs. 250, as shall be required to make the salary up to but not exceed rupees ten per annum.

Shanbhog's Scale.

VI. For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenue of the village, four per cent; for the second thousand, three per cent; for the third thousand, two per cent; for the fourth thousand, one per cent; and for the balance of gross revenue beyond four thousand rupees, one per cent.

VII. He shall also receive in addition a fixed allowance of one rupee when the gross revenue ranges from eleven to seventy-five rupees; of two rupees when it ranges from Rs. 76 to 300 or as much of it, in villages over Rs. 250, as may be required to make the salary up to but not exceed rupees twelve per annum.

VIII. In addition to his salary the officiating Shanbhog shall also receive an allowance for stationery as shown in the subjoined table:—

Gross Revenue of Village.		Stationery Allowance. Rs.	As.	P.
Up to Rs.	20	1	0	0
21	50	2	0	0
51	100	2	8	0
101	200	3	0	0
201	350	3	8	0
351	500	4	0	0
501	700	4	8	0
701	900	5	0	0
901	1,250	5	8	0
1,251	1,500	6	0	0
1,501	1,800	6	8	0
1,801	2,000	7	0	0
2,001	2,500	7	8	0
2,501	3,000	8	0	0
3,001	3,500	8	8	0
3,501	4,000	9	0	0
4,001	4,500	9	8	0
4,501	5,000	10	0	0

IX. The following table shows the amount of salary to be paid to officiating Patels and Shanbhogs according to the preceding scale :—

Gross Revenue of the Village.	Patels' Salary.							Shanbhogs' Salary.								
	Percentage.				Additional Fixed Allowance.	Total Salary.		Percentage.					Additional Fixed Allowance.	Total Salary.	Stationery Allowance.	Grand Total including Stationery Allowance
	Rates.			Amount.				Rates.				Amount.				
	1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand and upwards.					1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand.	4th Thousand.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
15	3	...	...	0 12	1	1	12	4	...	...	...	0 10	1	1 10	1 0	2 10
25	3	...	...	0 12	1	1	12	4	...	...	...	1 0	1	2 0	2 0	4 0
50	3	...	...	1 8	1	2	8	4	...	...	...	2 0	1	3 0	2 0	5 0
75	3	...	...	2 4	2	4	4	4	...	...	...	3 0	2	5 0	2 8	7 8
100	3	...	...	3 0	2	5	0	4	...	...	...	4 0	2	6 0	2 8	8 8
150	3	...	...	4 8	2	6	8	4	...	...	...	6 0	2	8 0	3 0	11 0
200	3	...	...	6 0	2	8	0	4	...	...	...	8 0	2	10 0	3 0	13 0
300	3	...	...	9 0	1	10	0	4	...	...	...	12 0	..	12 0	3 8	15 8
400	3	...	...	12 0	...	12	0	4	...	...	...	16 0	...	16 0	4 0	20 0
500	3	...	...	15 0	...	15	0	4	...	...	...	20 0	...	20 0	4 0	24 0
600	3	...	...	18 0	...	18	0	4	...	...	...	21 0	...	24 0	4 8	24 8
700	3	...	...	21 0	...	21	0	4	...	...	...	28 0	...	28 0	4 8	32 8
800	3	...	...	24 0	...	24	0	4	...	...	...	32 0	...	32 0	5 0	37 0
900	3	...	...	27 0	..	27	0	4	...	...	...	36 0	...	36 0	5 0	41 0
1,000	3	...	...	30 0	...	30	0	4	...	...	...	40 0	...	40 0	5 8	45 8
1,100	3	2	...	32 0	...	32	0	4	3	...	...	43 0	...	43 0	5 8	48 8
1,200	3	2	...	34 0	..	34	0	4	3	...	...	46 0	...	46 0	5 8	51 8
1,300	3	2	...	36 0	...	36	0	4	3	...	...	49 0	...	49 0	6 0	55 0
1,400	3	2	...	38 0	...	38	0	4	3	...	...	52 0	...	52 0	6 0	58 0
1,500	3	2	...	40 0	...	40	0	4	3	...	...	55 0	...	55 0	6 0	61 0
1,600	3	2	...	42 0	...	42	0	4	3	...	...	58 0	...	58 0	6 8	64 8
1,700	3	2	...	44 0	...	44	0	4	3	...	...	61 0	...	61 0	6 8	67 8
1,800	3	2	...	46 0	...	46	0	4	3	...	...	64 0	...	64 0	6 8	70 8
1,900	3	2	...	48 0	...	48	0	4	3	...	...	67 0	...	67 0	7 0	74 0
2,000	3	2	...	50 0	...	50	0	4	3	...	...	70 0	...	70 0	7 0	77 0
2,100	3	2	1	51 0	...	51	0	4	3	2	...	72 0	...	72 0	7 8	79 8
& so on to																
3,000	3	2	1	60 0	...	60	0	4	3	2	...	90 0	...	90 0	8 0	98 0
3,100	3	2	1	61 0	...	61	0	4	3	2	1	91 0	...	91 0	8 8	99 8
& so on																

X. The salaries of officiators fixed by the preceding rule form the minimum ate of remuneration ; but an addition to the fixed portion of the officiator's allowance, ccording to scale, will be made in certain cases specified in the following subsidiary ules.

XI. When the difference between the total of existing emoluments (as found y Rules I and II) and that as fixed by Rule V or VI falls short of Rs. 5 in the ase of villages having a gross revenue of less than Rs. 500, and of Rs. 10 in case of illages having a gross revenue in excess of Rs. 1,000, this difference shall be assigned s a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by ule V or VI.

XII. When the total of existing emoluments is large, *viz.*, when it exceeds the alary of the officiator as fixed by Rule V or VII, 10 per cent of this excess will be

assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by Rule V or VI.

XIII. In the case of towns or large villages, for the duties of which two officiating Patels, one Revenue and one Police, will generally be requisite, and the Shanbhog will generally require an assistant, a permanent fixed allowance of Rs. 10 to 15 will be assigned to each officiating Patel and Shanbhog in addition to his salary found by the scales in Rule IX.

XIV. The gross revenue of the village, referred to in Rules V and VI, is the whole revenue leviable for any year before deducting any remissions.

XV. Patels and Shanbhogs shall receive their emoluments by a deduction of the amount of the same from the assessment on their *kandayam* lands, the same being adjusted at each annual jamabandi and duly shown accordingly in the village accounts to prevent complications. Where the assessment on their lands is insufficient for this purpose, the balance will be made up by their deducting it from the last instalment of revenue, before paying such instalments into the Taluk Treasury. In this latter event, the receipt of the Patel or Shanbhog for the amount of such balance as so deducted shall be considered equivalent to the payment into the Treasury of an equal sum in cash.

XVI. The salary of each officiator would strictly speaking vary from year to year witht he leviable revenue of the village; but to avoid complication in the accounts, the remuneration is fixed for the term of the survey settlement, at the expiration of which it will be liable to revision.

XVII. When the assessment of the occupied arable land, (exclusive of alienations) in the year in which the settlement of remuneration of village officers is made, exceeds five-sixths of the assessment of the entire arable land (exclusive of alienations) in any village, the gross revenue of the year will be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators

XVIII. When the assessment of the arable land, specified in the preceding rule, in occupation in the year in which the settlement of the village officiators is made, falls short of five-sixths of the gross assessment of all the arable land (exclusive of alienations) in the village, then five-sixths of such gross assessment shall be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators.

XIX. The existing official emoluments valued as provided for in Rules I and II will be appropriated for the support of the officiator in the manner specified in the following rules, and the balance of emoluments remaining, after providing for the officiator, is to be disposed of for the future in the manner also provided for in these rules.

XX. The emoluments derived from land as fixed by Rule I shall first be appropriated to provide the salary of the officiator.

XXI. When the emoluments derived from land are insufficient to provide the salary of the officiators, the cash emoluments from the Government Treasury will next be appropriated to make up the salary of the officiator.

XXII. Any deficiency after appropriating all the emoluments from land and cash shall be made good from the Government Treasury.

XXIII. Any surplus on the existing emoluments in land and cash remaining over, after providing the salary of the officiator, shall be dealt with as follows.

XXIV. If the emoluments derived from land alone are more than sufficient to provide the salary of the officiator, the surplus shall be taxed by the imposition of additional *jodi* equal to one-half the profits on the above land, the profits being the difference between the *jodi* payable thereon and the full survey assessment or valuation.

XXV. Any surplus remaining out of the cash emoluments after providing the salary of the officiator shall be at once resumed by Government.

XXVI. When the official land of any office is held in shares, and these shares, with the amount of *jodi* and other cesses now payable on each, are separately recorded in the village accounts, then the additional tax imposed upon the whole official land of the office under this rule is to be apportioned on the several shares in proportion to the sum by which the full survey assessment of the land of each share exceeds the present *jodi* and other cesses payable on the same, as shown in the following example, in which the emolument of an officiator amounts to Rs. 30—0—0.

Names and Shares.	Survey assessment of the land of each share.	Deduct *jodi* cess now paid on each share	Remaining profit on each share	Addition to *jodi* in column 3 apportioned on profit in column 4 for payment of officiator.	Unappropriated excess of profits, being difference between columns 4 and 5.	Additional half *jodi* on excess in last column.	Future *jodi* cess on each share, being sum of columns 3, 5 and 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1. Kari basvegauda's ...	16 0	23 0	...	...	...	...	23 0
2. Nimbegauda's ...	69 12	46 0	23 12	9 12	14 0	7 0	62 12
3. Basvegauda's ..	46 8	25 12	20 12	8 4	12 8	6 4	40 4
4. Lingegauda's ...	118 4	89 0	29 4	12 0	17 4	8 8	109 8
	250 8	183 12	73 12	30 0	43 12	21 12	235 8

XXVII. In settling the amount of *jodi* to be paid upon each share, fractions of less amount than ¼ rupee are not to be admitted into the accounts in accordance with the rule followed in regard to all survey assessments.

XXVIII. Nothing contained in any of the preceding rules shall be considered as debarring any village hereditary officer from relinquishing his official land when so disposed; and every such officer shall, at any time, whether at or subsequent to the introduction of the settlement prescribed in these rules, be permitted to relinquish by written *yaznama* any entire field or fields into which official land may have been marked off by the Survey, and on so doing the relinquished field is immediately to be entered in the accounts as Government land, and the *jodi* tax payable by the hereditary officer is to be reduced by the full amount of the survey assessment of the relinquished fields.

XXIX. The official land under the settlement prescribed in the foregoing rule will form no part of the remuneration of the officiator, who is to be paid wholly in cash, and the land will therefore remain in the possession of the sharers who may at present hold it.

XXX. The charges of Shanbhogs will be re-distributed so as to give each officiator as many villages as he is capable of managing. When more villages than form a sufficient charge are already in the hands of one officiator, he will be required to give up the surplus villages, for which one or more new officiators will be appointed by Government. The new officiator or officiators will be appointed from the family in which the *hak* has been hitherto vested if a competent person can be found.

XXXI. In all cases of incompetency of the officiator in direct hereditary succession, whether from age, sex, inefficiency, or any other cause, the next—of—kin, if competent, will be appointed; if no competent person of the family can be found, the

nomination will rest with Government. Such nomination to hold good in case of a minority till the end of the year in which the minor shall attain full age (18 years) in other cases for 3 years, when the nomination will revert to the hereditary family i a competent person can be found therein.

XXXII. Any conviction of malversation in performance of official duties shal render the person convicted incompetent to officiate again, and shall deprive him, in cases of selection being vested in the members of the family, of any right to take part in such selection. It shall also be in the power of the District officer to exclude the son of a person so convicted from any of the rights or privileges of the office so far as succession or election to the performance of the duties.

XXXIII. The District officer will be the sole judge of the competency or otherwise of the person on whom devolves the performance of the duties of an office.

XXXIV. In arranging charges, except in the case of single villages, as a rule no one officiator shall hold charge of villages with a collection of more than Rs. 2,500 and when five or more villages are combined in one charge, no one officiator shall, as a rule, hold more villages than give a revenue of Rs 1,600.

XXXV. In small villages where only one office, either Patel or Shanbhog, at present exists, or where both offices are vested in one person, he shall receive the ful salary shown by the Shanbhog's scale, and 50 per cent of the Patel's salary according to scale, so long as he continues to perform the duties of both offices.

XXXVI. In large villages where there is no Patel, or where both offices have been vested in the same person, a Patel will be appointed by Government, or the one family holding both offices may be called upon to nominate a separate officiator for each office as may seem fit to Government.

XXXVII. By Circular Notification of the Commissioner of Mysore of the 11th September 1835, lands of village officers held on condition of service to Government are declared to be inalienable by sale, mortgage, gift or otherwise. The provisions o this Circular will be strictly enforced.

XXXVIII. The remuneration of the officiating Patels and Shanbhogs shall be fixed on the scale for each, and the sum payable to each officiator, shall be his exclusive perquisite, on which no other member of the family shall have any claim.

XXXIX. The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villages constituting his charge. Leave of absence up to 7 days must be obtained in writing from the Amildar, and for any longer period from the authorities of the District in which the charge is situated.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, No. 1583, dated Poona, 15th October 1874.

I have the honor to forward the following observations, in regard to the rules for remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs, received with your Memo No. 4727—311 of the 30th ultimo.

2*nd*. The rules as now printed do not contain any of the modifications proposed by me in letter No. 1270 of the 12th August last except that in Rule XIII alluded to in Para 3 of the above letter. I am not aware if the other modifications which were proposed by me are approved or not, they are small in themselves but will, I think, have a decided effect in the working of the whole scheme, especially that proposed in para 4 of my letter above referred to for the grant of a small additional allowance to Patels which I proposed in para 5 of letter above referred to, to compensate for by doing away with the small fixed allowance to Shanbhogs which I thought might be dispensed with for the reasons stated in para 5 above referred to.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

3rd. I have added in the margin to the printed copy of the rules forwarded to me the amendations which will be required to bring the rules into accordance with the proposals contained in my letter No. 1270 of the 12th August last, in case those proposals are approved of.

4th. It will be observed that I have erased the words "*and Shanbhogs*" granting the extra fixed allowances in large village to Shanbhogs as well as Patels in Rule XII. I alluded to this in para 3 of my letter No. 1270 of 12th August last and give my reasons. It will be observed that para 4 of the letter of the Government of India No. 144 of the 10th July last does not propose the extension of this fixed allowance to Shanbhogs but to Patels only for whom alone it appears to me to be required by the nature of his duties.

5th. I have also added the words "about" to the sums named in Rule XXXIV (as printed), it might be very inconvenient in some cases to adhere to the precise sum named, and some little latitude here it will be most necessary to allow.

From the Officiating Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Calcutta, No. 5471—109 R., dated Bangalore, 27th October 1874.

I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to reply to your letter, dated 10th July 1874, Rev. No. 144, relating to the provision of rules for the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore.

2. In that letter, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council was pleased to sanction the introduction of the revised rules with certain modifications which may be thus summarized:—

(*a*) That an alteration should be made in Rule XVI, now altered into XV, providing that the total emoluments of the officiators should be revised once after 10 years.

(*b*) That a lump sum of Rs. 10 to 15 should be added to the emoluments of Patels of villages situated near large marts, camping grounds, &c.

(*c*) That Rule XXXIX, now altered into Rule XXXVIII, prohibiting Patels and Shanbhogs from absenting themselves from their villages should be modified being too stringent.

3. The Chief Commissioner has conferred with the Survey Commissioner, on these three points, and desires to submit the following observation :—

In regard to point (*a*) it may possibly be expedient hereafter to revise the scale of remuneration, and the alteration proposed by His Excellency the Governor-General in Council will supply Patels and Shanbhogs with some stimulus for increasing the revenue of their village by encouraging cultivation, if they are given to understand that their exertions in this respect are not altogether debarred from reward. Rule XVI, now altered into XV, therefore as modified by His Excellency in Council has been inserted in the rules now sanctioned. I am however to observe that the rules do not, in the absence of a guarantee, throw any obstacle in the way of a revision, either general or local, before the expiration of 10 years, and that an increase in the emoluments of a few village offices owing to a large increase of revenue would be a very simple operation.

4. In reference to point (*b*) the Chief Commissioner has inserted the following rule, in order to meet the views of His Excellency in Council.

"In the case of towns, large villages and villages in the vicinity of Railway Stations, camping grounds, large marts, and similar localities, the Patels of which are ordinarily called upon to perform heavy miscellaneous duties, an extra allowance not exceeding Rs. 15 per annum will be assigned to the Patel (and where there are two

officiating Patels, to each Patel) in addition to the salary of the office fixed by the scales in Rule IX now altered into Rule VIII."

5. To provide for point (*c*) the following rule has been inserted.

"The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villages constituting their charge. No Patel or Shanbhog shall absent himself from his charge for more than 7 days, without previously obtaining leave from the Amildar of the taluk."

6. I am, in conclusion, to submit a copy of the Rules as finally introduced, as directed in para 5 of your letter under reply. A few unimportant amendations suggested by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner have been introduced, and the number of the rules reduced to XXXVIII by the omission of Rule VII from the set of rules submitted with this office letter No. 328—R. 9 of the 11th April 1874.

NOTIFICATION BY THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

No. 219, *The 27th October* 1874.

The following revised rules for remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in Mysore are promulgated for general information in lieu of those published at pages 272—274 of the *Mysore Gazette*, No. 13, dated 26th June 1869.

REVISED RULES FOR REMUNERATION OF PATELS AND SHANBHOGS.

I. All official land, whether recorded as *inam* or *jodi inam*, or otherwise, shall be valued at the survey assessment of the same, less the amount of the *jodi* tax or other cesses to which it may be subject as recorded in the public accounts of the year.

II. Cash allowances from the Government Treasury, under whatever name they may be entered in the public accounts, shall be recorded at the amount so entered in the accounts of the year.

III. The sum total of the emoluments valued according to the above two rules is to be taken as the existing valuation of the emoluments of the office.

IV. The officiating Patel and Shanbhog of each village shall hereafter receive for the performance of the duties of their offices, a remuneration in cash of at least the amount fixed by the following scale for these offices respectively.

PATELS' SCALE.

V. For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenues of his village, three per cent; for the second thousand or any part of it, two per cent; and for the balance of gross revenue beyond two thousand rupees, one per cent. In the case of villages where the collections do not exceed Rs. 300, he shall, in addition to the above percentages, receive a fixed annual allowance of one rupee, when the gross revenue ranges from eleven to fifty rupees; of two rupees, when the gross revenue ranges from Rs. 51 to 300; or so much of it, when the gross revenue exceeds Rs. 250, as shall be required to make the salary up to but not exceed rupees ten per annum.

SHANBHOGS' SCALE.

VI. For the first thousand rupees of the gross revenue of the village, or villages forming a Shanbhog's charge, four per cent; for the second thousand, three per cent; for the third thousand, two per cent; for the fourth thousand, one per cent; and for the balance of gross revenue beyond four thousand rupees, one per cent.

VII. In addition to his salary the officiating Shanbhog shall also receive an allowance for stationery as shown in the subjoined table, and the officiating Patel shall also receive the same allowance when he does not receive the extra allowance provided for in Rule XII.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

Gross Revenue of Village.			Stationery Allowance. Rs.	As.	P.	Gross Revenue of Village.			Stationery Allowance. Rs.	As.	P.
up to Rupees	20	...	1	0	0	1,251	1,500	...	6	0	0
21	50	...	2	0	0	1,501	1,800	...	6	8	0
51	100	...	2	8	0	1,801	2,000	..	7	0	0
101	200	...	3	0	0	2,001	2,500	...	7	8	0
201	350	...	3	8	0	2,501	3,000	...	8	0	0
351	500	...	4	0	0	3,001	3,500	...	8	8	0
501	700	...	4	8	0	3,501	4,000	...	9	0	0
701	900	..	5	0	0	4,001	4,500	...	9	8	0
901	1,250	...	5	8	0	4,501	5,000	...	10	0	0

VIII. The following table shows the amount of salary to be paid to officiating Patels and Shanbhogs according to the preceding scale :—

Gross Revenue of the Village.	Patels' Salary. Percentage. Rates. 1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand & upwards	Amount.	Additional Fixed allowance.	Contingent Allowance under Rules VII or XII.	Total Salary and Allowances.	Shanbhogs' Salary. Percentage. Rates. 1st Thousand.	2nd Thousand.	3rd Thousand.	4th Thousand.	Amount.	Stationery Allowance.	Total including Stationery Allowance.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
15	3	...	...	0—12	1	1—0	2—12	4	...	...	...	0—10	1—0	1—10
25	3	...	...	0—12	1	2—0	3—12	4	...	..	..	1— 0	2—0	3— 0
50	3	...	...	1— 8	1	2—0	4— 8	4	...	..	...	2— 0	2—0	4— 0
75	3	...	...	2— 4	2	2—8	6—12	4	...	..	...	3— 0	2—8	5— 8
100	3	..	...	3— 0	2	2—8	7— 8	4	...	...	...	4— 0	2—8	6— 8
150	3	...	...	4— 8	2	3—0	9— 8	4	...	...	...	6— 0	3—0	9— 0
200	3	...	...	6— 0	2	3—0	11— 0	4	...	...	...	8— 0	3—0	11— 0
300	3	...	...	9— 0	1	3—8	13— 8	4	...	...	...	12— 0	3—8	15— 8
400	3	...	...	12— 0	...	4—0	16— 0	4	...	...	...	16— 0	4—0	20— 0
500	3	...	...	15— 0	...	4—0	19— 0	4	...	...	...	20— 0	4—0	24— 0
600	3	...	...	18— 0	...	4—8	22— 8	4	...	...	...	24— 0	4—8	24— 8
700	3	...	...	21— 0	...	4—8	25— 8	4	...	...	..	28— 0	4—8	32— 8
800	3	..	...	24— 0	...	5—0	29— 0	4	...	...	...	32— 0	5—0	37— 0
900	3	...	...	27— 0	...	5—0	32— 0	4	...	...	..	36— 9	5—0	41— 0
1,000	3	...	...	30— 0	...	5—8	35— 8	4	...	...	...	40— 0	5—8	45— 8
1,100	3	2	...	32— 0	...	5—8	37— 8	4	3	...	...	43— 0	5—8	48— 8
1,200	3	2	...	34— 0	...	5—8	39— 8	4	3	...	...	46— 0	5—8	51— 8
1,300	3	2	...	36— 0	...	6—0	42— 0	4	3	..	...	49— 0	6—0	55— 0
1,400	3	2	...	38— 0	...	6—0	44— 0	4	3	...	...	52— 0	6—0	58— 0
1,500	3	2	...	40— 0	..	6—0	46— 5	4	3	...	...	55— 0	6—0	61— 0
1,600	3	2	...	42— 0	..	6—8	48— 8	4	3	...	...	58— 0	6—8	64— 8
1,700	3	2	...	44— 0	..	6—8	50— 8	4	3	...	...	61— 0	6—8	67— 8
1,800	3	2	...	46— 0	...	6—8	52— 8	4	3	...	...	64— 0	6—8	70— 8
1,900	3	2	...	48— 0	...	7—0	55— 0	4	3	...	...	67— 0	7—0	74— 0
2,000	3	2	...	50— 3	...	7—0	57— 0	4	3	...	...	70— 0	7—0	77— 0
2,100 & so on to 3,000	3	2	1	51— 0	...	7—8	58— 8	4	3	2	...	72— 0	7—8	79— 8
3,100 & so on	3	2	1	60— 0	...	8—0	68— 0	4	3	2	...	90— 0	8—0	98— 0
	3	2	1	61— 0	...	8—8	69— 8	4	3	2	1	91— 0	8—8	99— 8

IX. The salaries of officiators fixed by the preceding rule form the minimum rate of remuneration ; but an addition to the fixed portion of the officiator's allowance, according to scale, will be made in certain cases specified in the following subsidiary rules.

X. When the difference between the total of existing emoluments (as found by Rules I and II) and that as fixed by Rule V or VI falls short of Rs. 5 in the case of villages having a gross revenue of less than Rs. 500, and of Rs. 10 in case of villages

having a gross revenue in excess of Rs. 1,000, this difference shall be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by Rule V or VI.

XI. When the total of existing emoluments is large, *viz.*, when it exceeds the salary of the officiator as fixed by Rule V or VI, 10 per cent of this excess will be assigned as a permanent fixed allowance to the officiator in excess of his salary as fixed by Rule V or VI.

XII. In the case of towns, large villages, and villages in the vicinity of Railway stations, camping grounds, large marts and similar localities, the Patels of which are ordinarily called upon to perform heavy miscellaneous duties, an extra allowance not exceeding Rs. 15 per annum will be assigned to the Patel (and where there are two officiating Patels to each Patel) in addition to the salary of the office fixed by the scales in Rule VIII.

XIII. The gross revenue of the village, referred to in rules V and VI, is the whole revenue leviable for any year before deducting any remissions.

XIV. Patels and Shanbhogs shall receive their emoluments by a deduction of the amount of the same from the assessment on their *kandayam* lands, the same being adjusted at each annual jamabandi and duly shown accordingly in the village accounts, to prevent complications. Where the assessment on their lands is insufficient for this purpose, the balance will be made up by their deducting it from the last instalment of revenue, before paying such instalment into the Taluk Treasury. In this latter event, the receipt of the Patel or Shanbhog for the amount of such balance as so deducted shall be considered equivalent to the payment into the treasury of an equal sum in cash.

XV. The amount of quit-rent fixed on the holding of each share-holder is fixed for the term of settlement, but the total emoluments of the officiators will be revised once after ten years, and will be modified according to the same scale in proportion to the revenues of the village as then realized.

XVI. When the assessment of the occupied arable land, (exclusive of alienations) in the year in which the settlement of remuneration of village officers is made, exceeds five-sixths of the assessment of the entire arable land (exclusive of alienations) in any village, the gross revenue of the year will be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators.

XVII. When the assessment of the arable land, specified in the preceding rule, in occupation in the year in which the settlement of the village officiators is made, falls short of five-sixths of the gross assessment of all the arable land (exclusive of alienations) in the village, then five-sixths of such gross assessment shall be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of the officiators.

XVIII. The existing official emoluments valued as provided for in Rule I and II will be appropriated for the support of the officiator in the manner specified in the following rules, and the balance of emoluments remaining, after providing for the officiator, is to be disposed of for the future in the manner also provided for in these rules.

XIX. The emoluments derived from land as fixed by Rule I shall first be appropriated to provide the salary of the officiator.

XX. When the emoluments derived from land are insufficient to provide the salary of the officiatars, the cash emoluments from the Government Treasury will next be appropriated to make up the salary of the officiator.

XXI. Any deficiency, after appropriating all the emoluments from land and cash, shall be made good from the Government Treasury.

XXII. Any surplus on the existing emoluments in land and cash remaining over, after providing the salary of the officiator, shall be dealt with as follows.

XXIII. If the emoluments derived from land alone are more than sufficient to provide the salary of the officiator, the surplus shall be taxed by the imposition of additional *jodi* equal to one half the profits on the above land, the profits being the difference between the *jodi* payable thereon and the full survey assessment or valuation.

XXIV. Any surplus remaining out of the cash emoluments after providing the salary of the officiator shall be at once resumed by Government.

XXV. When the official land of any office is held in shares, and these shares with the amount of *jodi* and other cesses now payable on each, are separately recorded in the village accounts, then the additional tax imposed upon the whole official land of the office under this rule is to be apportioned on the several shares in proportion to the sum by which the full survey assessment of the land of each share exceeds the present *jodi* and other cesses payable on the same, as shown in the following example, in which the emolument of an officiator amounts to Rs. 30.

Names and Shares.	Survey assessment of the land of each share.	Deduct *jodi* cess now paid on each share.	Remaining profit on each share.	Addition to *jodi* in column 3 apportioned on profit in column 4 for payment of officiator.	Unappropriated excess of profits, being difference between columns 4 and 5.	Additional half *jodi* on excess in last column.	Future *jodi* cess on each share being sum of columns 3, 5 and 7.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1 Karibasvegauda's ...	16 0	23 0	...	...	...	...	23 0
2 Nimbegauda's ...	69 12	46 0	23 12	9 12	14 0	7 0	62 12
3 Basvegauda's ...	46 8	25 12	20 12	8 4	12 8	6 4	40 4
4 Lingegauda's ...	118 4	89 0	29 4	12 0	17 4	8 8	109 8
	250 8	183 12	73 12	30 0	43 12	21 12	235 8

XXVI. In settling the amount of *jodi* to be paid upon each share, fractions of less amount that $\frac{1}{4}$ rupee are not to be admitted into the accounts in accordance with the rule followed in regard to all survey assessments.

XXVII. Nothing contained in any of the preceding rules shall be considered as debarring any village hereditary officer from relinquishing his official land when so disposed; and every such officer shall, at any time, whether at or subsequent to the introduction of the settlement prescribed in these rules, be permitted to relinquish by written *razinama* any entire field or fields into which official land may have been marked off by the Survey, and on so doing the relinquished field is immediately to be entered in the accounts as Government land, and the *jodi* tax payable by the hereditary officer is to be reduced by the full amount of the survey assessment of the relinquished fields.

XXVIII. The official land under the settlement prescribed in the foregoing rule will form no part of the remuneration of the officiator, who is to be paid wholly in cash, and the land will therefore remain in the possession of the sharers who may at present hold it.

XXIX. The charges of Shanbhogs will be re-distributed so as to give each officiator as many villages as he is capable of managing. When more villages than form a sufficient charge are already in the hands of one officiator, he will be required to give up the surplus villages, for which one or more new officiators will be appoint-

ed by Government. The new officiator or officiators will be appointed from the family in which the *hak* has been hitherto vested if a competent person can be found.

XXX. In all cases of incompetency of the officiator in direct hereditary succession, whether from age, sex, inefficiency, or any other cause, the next-of-kin, if competent, will be appointed ; if no competent person of the family can be found, the nomination will rest with Government. Such nomination to hold good in case of a minority till the end of the year in which the minor shall attain full age (18 years) ; in other cases for 3 years, when the nomination will revert to the hereditary family if a competent person can be found therein.

XXXI. Any conviction of malversation in performance of official duties shall render the person convicted incompetent to officiate again, and shall deprive him, in cases of selection being vested in the members of the family, of any right to take part in such selection. It shall also be in the power of the District officer to exclude the son of a person so convicted from any of the rights or privileges of the office so far as succession or election to the performance of the duties.

XXXII. The District officer will be the sole judge of the competency or otherwise of the person on whom devolves the performance of the duties of an office.

XXXIII. In arranging charges, except in the case of single villages, as a rule no one officiator shall hold charge of villages with a collection of more than about Rs. 2,500, and when five or more villages are combined in one charge, no one officiator shall, as a rule, hold more villages than give a revenue of about Rs. 1,600.

XXXIV. In small villages where only one office, either Patel or Shanbhog at present exists, or where both offices are vested in one person, he shall receive the full salary shown by the Shanbhog's scale, and 50 per cent of the Patel's salary according to scale, so long as he continues to perform the duties of both offices.

XXXV. In large villages where there is no Patel or where both offices have been vested in the same person, a Patel will be appointed by Government, or the one family holding both offices may be called upon to nominate a separate officiator for each office as may seem fit to Government.

XXXVI. By Circular Notification of the Commissioner of Mysore of the 11th September 1835, lands of village officers held on condition of service to Government are declared to be inalienable by sale, mortgage, gift or otherwise. The provisions of this Circular will be strictly enforced.

XXXVII. The remuneration of the officiating Patels and Shanbhogs shall be fixed on the scale for each, and the sum payable to each officiator shall be his exclusive perquisite, on which no other member of the family shall have any claim.

XXXVIII. The Patel and Shanbhog shall in all cases reside in the village or one of the villages constituting their charge. No Patel or Shanbhog shall absent himself from his charge for more than seven days, without previously obtaining leave from the Amildar of the Taluk.

From the Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Foreign Department, Revenue, No. 289 R., dated Fort William, 27th November 1874.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your Officiating Secretary's letters noted on the margin, I am directed to state that His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council approves of the Rules, as finally modified, for the remuneration of the Patels and Shanbhogs of Mysore.

No. 5171—109 R., dated 27th October 1874.
No. 5619—113 R., dated 4th November 1874.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Revenue Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 891, dated Poona, 27th October 1880.

In Rule 17 of the * rules for the remuneration of village officers, it is provided that when the assessment of the occupied area of the Government lands falls short of five-sixths of the assessment of the entire arable land, these five-sixths of the gross or entire assessment of the arable land shall be taken as the base on which to calculate the remuneration of the officiators. In Rule 16, it is provided that when the assessment of the occupied area exceeds five-sixths of the whole assessment of the arable area, the gross revenue will be taken as the basis of calculation

* Published in the *Mysore Gazette* of 14th November 1874.

2. These rules were generally well adapted to the circumstances existing at the time they were made, but in the southern and central parts of Mysore they are not so applicable ; there was always much Government assessed arable land there, which was not occupied or likely to be till the population considerably increased, and since the decrease of population by the famine not only is the occupation of the previously existing waste indefinitely postponed but some considerable area in addition has gone out of occupation.

3 "I have been instituting enquiries into this point and I find that in many taluks the village officers of which have still to have the permanent scale applied, Government land bearing full one-third of the total assessment is unoccupied waste. I would therefore propose, to meet the change in circumstances and to obviate uncalled for expenditure, to substitute for Rules 16 and 17 the following.

4. The assessment of the occupied Government land (plus 10 per cent of the assessment of the unoccupied assessed waste Government land but not thereby exceeding the gross assessment of the Government land of the village) in the year in which the settlement of remuneration of village officers is made, will be taken for the calculation of the remuneration of officiators. This rule will, I believe, fully meet every requirement and will effect a considerable saving of expenditure when it is not required without in any way touching that which is really called for.

5. The change proposed is not one of principle in any way, but merely one of detail to adapt the scheme to present circumstances not previously anticipated.

No. 6154-63—R. 1081, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST JANUARY 1881.

ORDER THEREON.—With reference to the falling off in cultivation and revenue which has taken place since the famine, it is proposed in the above to adopt the assessment of the occupied Government land, plus 10 per cent of the assessment of the unoccupied assessed waste, as the basis upon which the remuneration of the village Patels and Shanbhogs is to be fixed. The proposed rule in substitution for existing Rules XVI and XVII is approved.

2. The Chief Commissioner however remarks that the largest falling off in revenue has taken place in the Taluks of the Chitaldroog District in which the permanent remuneration of the village officers has already been fixed. In order to apply the substituted rule to the above taluks and re-arrange in them the village officers' remuneration accordingly, it may be necessary to introduce in para XV after the words "once after 10 years" the words "or oftener if found necessary"

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

READ ALSO—

No. 549, dated 10th September 1881, from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, submitting for sanction statements of the settlement of the final remuneration of the Village officers of the Shikarpur Taluk.

No. 604,	dated	20th	October	1881	do	do	of the Nagar Taluk.
No. 768	do	22nd	December	1881	do	do	of the Nelamangala Taluk.
No. 728	do	15th	February	1884	do	do	do
No. 532	do	7th	November	1883	do	do	of the Gudibanda Taluk.
No. 50	do	23rd	January	1882	do	do	of the Sagar Taluk.
No. 594	do	18th	October	1881	do	do	of the Kortagere Taluk.
No. 103	do	13th	February	1882	do	do	of the hirthahalli Taluk.
No. 435	do	3rd	October	1884	do	do	of the Chikmagalur Taluk.
No. 750	do	28th	February	1884	do	do	of the Taluks of—
	1. Magadi		2. Tarikere		3. Arsikere	4. Kadur	5. Shimoga 6. Tiptur
No. 767,	dated	22nd	December	1881	do	do	of the Belur Taluk.
No. 724	do	9th	December	1881	do	do	of the Honnavalli Taluk.
No. 169	do	16th	June	1883	do	do	of the Koppa Taluk.
No. 634	do	2nd	November	1881	do	do	of the Maddagiri Taluk.
No 65	do	27th	April	1883	do	do	of the Lakvalli Taluk.
No. 308	do	31st	July	1883	do	do	of the Goribidnur Taluk.
No. 354	do	13th	July	1884	do	do	of the Mudgere Taluk.

CAMP No. 950—60, DATED MYSORE, 16TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—His Highness the Maharaja's Government have had under their consideration for some time past, the advisability of paying the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs in land instead of in cash under the Rules published with the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 219, dated 27th October 1874. The remuneration in land has been objected to by some of the village officers concerned, especially the Shanbhogs, from an apprehension that waste lands would be assigned as remuneration. This, however, is no necessary part of the proposed revision, which has for its object the securing for the important class of village officers concerned, the status and influence derivable from the possession of lands held in inam as remuneration for service. All the District officers are unanimously of opinion that the revision contemplated is one calculated to improve the efficiency of this important branch of the public service, and to give to the members of it a status and influence which are being gradually undermined in settled taluks by the cash payments introduced under the Rules of 1874.

2. Under such circumstances, the Government propose the following alterations of the present system :—

(1). The amount of the remuneration for Patels and Shanbhogs to be calculated in accordance with the Rules of 1874.

(2). The Patels to be paid the whole of this remuneration in inam land, such service inam land as may be in their possession being confirmed and the deficiency, if any, made up by other lands in their occupation on kandayam; when the deficiency cannot be made good in this way, suitable waste lands will be assigned.

(3). The Shanbhog's remuneration to be one-half in land assigned as in the case of the Patels, and the other half to be in cash, with liberty however to convert the cash into land in accordance with rules similar to those under which ready money inams are convertible into land inams. In selected taluks the Government to be at liberty to try the system of giving the entire remuneration in land as in the case of Patels.

(4). The inam lands assigned as above to be impartible and inalienable, and to be in the exclusive possession and enjoyment of the officiator for the time being.

(5). Dismissal from office to be resorted to only in extreme cases of misappropriation of public money or of grave offences, such as dacoity, housebreaking, &c.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 16th September 1885.

(6). Dismissal from office to involve forfeiture of the inam assigned as remuneration.

3. As the adoption of these rules may take some time, a previous reference to the Government of India being necessary before alteration of the existing rules, which have now the force of law, and as it is inadvisable that the remuneration to which the Patels and Shanbhogs are entitled under the latter should be longer held in abeyance, the Dewan sanctions the permanent remuneration as settled by the Survey Superintendent, amounting to Rs. 1,82,171—4—9 as per Appendix **A**.

4. In accordance with paras 16 and 17 of the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 219, dated 27th October 1874, as amended by the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 6154-63—1081, dated 21st January 1881, the permanent remunerations of Shanbhogs and Patels in certain Taluks of the Tumkur District has been revised by the Survey Superintendent as per details given in Appendix B.

5. Permanent cash remunerations as per Appendices A and B is now sanctioned on the distinct understanding that it is liable to be commuted into land in accordance with the principles briefly indicated in para 2 above. The remuneration now sanctioned will be paid in cash during 1885—86 and 1886—87, within which time it is hoped that the commutation into land as above proposed will be completed.

6. To prevent confusion, the full survey valuation of service inam lands shall be recovered and the total remuneration shall be paid in cash, as separate and distinct transactions during the years 1885—86 and 1886—87. The payments should be made by the Deputy Commissioner or other officer holding the jamabandi. He should take that opportunity to explain to the Patels and Shanbhogs the proposed revision as described in para 2 above.

7. The Superintendent of Revenue Survey will be requested to furnish to the Deputy Commissioners the detailed villagevar statements of the remuneration now sanctioned and revised.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Survey Superintendent.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
The Sub-Division officers.
The Comptroller.

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the (final) Remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs as settled by the Survey Superintendent.

No.	Taluk.	Shanbhogs.									Patels.								
		Existing Land Emoluments.			Cash payments from Treasury.			Total Remuneration.			Existing Land Emoluments.			Cash payments from Treasury.			Total Remuneration.		
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
1	Shikarpur	2,096	2	0	4,812	2	0	6,908	4	0	,447	0	0	2,704	4	0	6,151	4	0
2	Koratagere (abolished)	1,884	8	0	1,818	6	0	3,702	14	0	3194	12	0	3,264	4	0	3,459	0	0
3	Nagar	...	...	...	4,626	8	0	4,626	8	0	...	...	...	4,349	12	0	4,349	12	0
4	Maddagiri	...	...	...	6,030	0	0	6,030	0	0	...	...	...	5,222	8	0	5,222	8	0
5	Belur	185	8	0	3,707	10	0	3,893	2	0	...	...	...	4,107	12	0	4,107	12	0
6	Honnavalli (Tiptur)	648	12	0	3,803	0	0	4,451	12	0	25	4	0	4,318	4	0	4,343	8	0
7	Nelamangala	2,145	4	0	2,309	12	0	4,455	0	0	25	12	0	4,025	4	0	4,051	0	0
8	Sagar	...	...	...	6,883	4	0	6,883	4	0	...	...	...	7,006	8	0	7,006	8	0
9	Kavaledurga (Tirthaballi)	...	...	...	6,082	0	0	6,082	0	0	...	...	...	6,790	12	0	6,790	12	0
10	Lakvalli (abolished)	...	...	...	2,525	0	0	2,525	0	0	...	...	..	2,441	8	0	2,441	8	0
11	Koppa	...	...	..	4,239	8	0	4,239	8	0	..	...	...	4,320	14	6	4,320	14	6
12	Goribidnur	2,382	12	0	720	4	0	3,103	0	0	52	0	0	2,332	12	0	2,384	12	0
13	Gudibanda (abolished)	2,703	8	0	1,140	0	0	3,843	8	0	6	4	0	2,857	8	0	2,863	12	0
14	Magadi	768	8	0	3,461	8	0	4,230	0	0	18	12	0	3,698	0	0	3,716	12	0
15	Tarikere	1,019	0	0	2,728	4	0	3,747	4	0	...	...	...	3,890	6	8	3,890	6	8
16	Arsikere	824	8	0	2,848	12	0	3,673	4	0	2	4	0	3,794	15	11	3,797	3	11
17	Kadur	622	12	0	5,087	8	0	5,710	4	0	1	4	0	5,969	13	6	5,971	1	6
18	Shimoga	949	4	0	4,037	12	0	4,987	0	0	4,511	0	0	913	0	0	5,424	0	0
19	Tiptur	...	...	...	511	8	0	511	8	0	...	..	..	490	0	0	490	0	0
20	Chikmagalur	1,195	0	0	4,626	0	0	5,821	0	0	...	..	...	5,409	2	2	5,409	2	2
21	Mudgere	18	8	0	3,084	12	0	3,103	4	0	...	..	...	3,452	8	0	3,452	8	0
	Total.....	17,443	14	0	75,083	6	0	92,527	4	0	8,284	4	0	81,359	12	9	89,644	0	9

APPENDIX B.

Statement showing the Permanent (final) Remuneration of Shanbhogs and Patels in the undermentioned Taluks revised in accordance with the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No 6154-63—1081, dated 21st January 1881.

	Taluk.	Shanbhogs.				Patels.				Total.					
		Existing Land Emoluments.		Cash Payments from Government Treasury.		Existing Land Emoluments		Cash Payments from Government Treasury		Shanbhogs		Patels.		Grand Total	
		Rs.	As	Rs.	As.	Rs	As.	Rs	As	Rs	As	Rs	As.	Rs.	As
1	Chitaldroog	...	...	5,268	8	43	12	5,138	8	5,268	8	5,182	4	10,450	12
2	Holalkere	12	4	3,478	12	...	...	3,713	8	3,490	12	3,713	8	7,204	4
3	Hiriyur	42	12	2,461	8	...	...	2,703	0	2,504	4	2,703	0	5,207	4
4	Chellakere	629	8	5,017	0	5	12	5,095	12	5,646	8	5,101	8	10,748	0
5	Davangere	408	0	5,538	0	1,329	0	4,249	8	5,941	4	5,578	8	11,519	12
6	Pavagada	932	0	2,715	4	223	12	2,931	4	3,647	4	3,155	0	6,802	4
7	Chiknayakanhalli	124	0	3,927	10	...	...	3,897	0	4,051	10	3,897	0	7,948	10
8	Closepet	6	0	340	8	...	...	312	12	346	8	312	12	659	4
9	Hoskote	66	4	...	...	...	...	48	8	66	4	48	8	114	12
0	Chamrajnagar	...	...	1,431	12	...	...	1,083	8	1,431	12	1,083	8	2,515	4
1	Maddagiri	3	12	12	8	...	..	19	12	16	4	19	12	36	0
2	Tumkur	1,369	0	3,295	10	...	...	4,409	8	4,664	10	4,409	8	9,074	2
3	Sira	45	0	4,459	4	21	4	4,152	4	4,504	4	4,173	8	8,677	12
4	Bangalore	3,413	0	2,997	12	..	..	5,386	4	6,410	12	5,386	4	11,797	0
5	Sorab...	1,136	8	7,263	12	2,866	0	5,096	0	8,400	4	7,962	0	16,362	4
6	Channagiri	324	12	4,298	4	454	8	4,200	10	4,623	0	4,655	2	9,278	2
	Total.....	8,512	12	52,501	0	4,944	0	52,437	10	61,013	12	57,381	10	1,18,395	6

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 17th September 1885.

CAMP No. 983—92, DATED MYSORE, 17TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER.—The Dewan has noticed that the forms of statements of remission of irrecoverable balances now submitted by the Districts and Sub-Divisions are different and the information furnished sometimes is incomplete, rendering thereby a second reference for further particulars unavoidable. Again, no particular time is observed in the transmission of these statements, which are now received in this office at all times of the year and some of the items in these lists belong to the year 1875—76.

2. The attention of the Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers is therefore directed to para 3 of the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 1747—26, dated 5th July 1873. This ruling should invariably be adhered to.

3. The statement will be in the form appended below :—

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9			10	11
Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Serial number (to run consecutively for the whole District or Sub-Division.)	Name of defaulter.	Years to which the balance pertains.	Particular of the balance such as Land Revenue, Molatarfa, &c.	Amount under each head.			Total.			Grounds of recommendation by the Deputy Commissioner or Sub-Division officer for remission.	Dewan's Orders.
							Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.		

4. It will be submitted in duplicate before the 31st May, or within two months after the close of each official year. The original will be returned to the Deputy Commissioner with the orders recorded in the last column, and the duplicate retained in this office for reference.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division officers.
The Comptroller.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 22nd September 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 190 of the 3rd June 1885, from Superintendent of Revenue Survey, submitting for orders with his own opinion, a letter from the North Mysore Planters' Association addressed to the Deputy Commissioner of Kadur, raising some questions with reference to the commutation of the temporary into the permanent tenure and the grant of title-deeds for estates situated in different villages.

CAMP No. 1125—8, DATED MYSORE, 22ND SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The first question raised is whether applications for permanent rates should be accepted only if such applications are made at once as laid down in Dewan's Proceedings No. 3362-70—98, dated 2nd August 1881. The limitation as to time laid down in the above Proceedings is withdrawn. The temporary tenure for 30 years may always be convertible to the permanent tenure upon application by the owner of the estate and upon payment by him of the difference between the permanent and temporary rates from the year of settlement to the year of application. It shall be within the Deputy Commissioner's discretion to recommend in particular cases of exceptional hardship a partial remission of such difference.

2. As regards the second question raised whether one or separate title-deeds should be issued when portions of an estate are comprised in more than one number or village, the Dewan is of opinion that the general rule should be to issue one title-deed for each separate estate, and if separate title-deeds are desired for portions of an estate included in several numbers or villages, application for them should be made before the issue of a single title-deed. After one or more title-deeds for an estate have been issued as above, no change by way of substituting one or more title-deeds or several title-deeds for one shall ordinarily be allowed.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary

To—The Superintendent of Revenue Survey.
The Deputy Commissioners of Kadur and Shimoga.
The Sub-Division officer, Hassan.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Revenue),—dated 22nd September 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 486 of the 5th September 1885, from the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, recommending a liberal construction being put upon the meaning of the word "Pasture" in Title-Deed Form C for coffee lands.

CAMP No. 1121—4, DATED MYSORE, 22ND SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The tenure of lands held on grass assessment may be held to include the concession to grow grasses for fodder.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Survey Superintendent.
The Deputy Commissioners of Kadur and Shimoga.
The Sub-Division officer of Hassan.

READ—

Letter No. 466 of the 31st ultimo, from the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, requesting orders as to whether any fee is to be levied from the recipients of title-deeds for coffee lands.

CAMP No. 1116—20, DATED MYSORE, 22ND SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—A fee of one rupee will be recovered from the recipients of title-deeds as the cost of each title-deed issued.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Superintendent of Revenue Survey.
The Deputy Commissioners of Shimoga and Kadur.
The Sub-Division officer, Hassan.
The Comptroller.

PART I.

FINANCIAL.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 1st September 1885.

READ—

Letters from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, Nos. 220 and 243 of 9th and 18th July 1885, respectively, submitting Revised Budgets for the Municipalities of Chikmagalur and Yedahalli for the current year in accordance with the orders contained in the Dewan's Proceedings No. 1795-9—65, dated 22nd June 1885.

No. 3191-6—107, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—In the revised budget of Chikmagalur, the estimate of receipt from school fees amounting to Rs. 985 has been struck out, as directed in the Dewan's Proceedings quoted above, and on the side of expenditure, the allotment under "Public Works" has been reduced by Rs. 1,835 and that under "Pound Establishment" and "Other Miscellaneous" by Rs. 35 and Rs. 250 respectively or by Rs. 2,120 in all, leaving a probable closing balance of Rs. 1,145. The Municipal Board of Chikmagalur request that the refund of the school fee of the District High School in that town, *viz.*, Rs. 2,948—5—0, erroneously credited to Municipal Funds from 1st April 1882, may be remitted or that the sum be treated as a grant to the Municipality from Provincial Fund. But the amount having been credited in the Comptroller's books to the Provincial Fund on the bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, the Dewan regrets that the sum cannot be remitted in favor of the Municipality. The Municipality, however, may arrange to refund it in eight equal annual instalments commencing from the year 1884—85.

Details.	Chikmagalur.	Yedahalli.
RECEIPTS.		
I. *Octroi.*—Cocoanuts, dry and fresh	205	14
Jaggory and Sugar ...	377	1
Butter and Ghee ...	204	16
Sheep and Goats ...	235	6
Oil and oil-seeds ...	579	16
Betel-leaves	551	24
Tobacco	316	8
Cloth	3,344	78
Metals	250	6
Total Octroi.....	6,061	169
II. Tax on houses	2,500	184
III. Mohatarfa on shops	1,400	169
Looms	50	...
Oil mills	100	..
Carts	250	30
VII. Rents	102	...
IX. Sale of lands, &c.	30	...
X. Fines	23	...
XI. Pounds	555	74
XII. Miscellaneous	265	16
Total Rs.....	11,336	642
Opening Balance.....	1,500	190
Total Gross Income.. ...	12,836	832
EXPENDITURE.		
I. Collection charges	1,056	16
II Head office charges	144	18
III. Public Works.—Original ...	365	150
„ Compensation ..	250	...
„ Repairs, Municipal ...	1,950	40
„ Educational ...		20
IV. Police charges	1,971	...
VI. Charitable Grants.—Dispensary ...	...	104
VII. Conservancy.—Establishment ...	2,772	432
„ Other charges ...	1,300	14
IX. Lighting	970	...
X. Gardens	264	...
XI. Extraordinary	180	...
XII Miscellaneous.—Cattle Pounds ...	109	...
„ Rewards to Dog and Snake killers ...	130	...
Tools and Plant ..	60	...
Other Miscellaneous ...	170	...
Second Instalment of refund of the school fees of the High school.	368	...
Total Expenditure.....	**12,059**	**794**
Closing Balance.....	**777**	**38**

2. By reducing the estimated expenditure under the head "*Public Works*" by Rs. 70 and by entirely striking out the provision of Rs. 72 under the head "*Lighting*", the revised budget of Yedahalli provides Rs. 104 to meet its quota of the charge of the Dispensary in that town, leaving an estimated closing balance of Rs. 38. The revised budget of this town and that of Chikmagalur, which now stand as shown in the margin, are sanctioned.

3. As regards the increase in the Police charges of Birur, noticed in para 10 of the Proceedings of 22nd June 1885 above referred to, it is now explained that the

Municipal Board of that town resolved to increase the strength of the Police by 5 peons, while the Officiating Deputy Commissioner Mr. Mahomed Ali said that he had no objection to an increase of 2 or 3 peons, the cost being borne entirely by the Municipality. The increased expenditure as suggested by Mr. Mahomed Ali may be incurred if the Municipality is prepared to bear the full charge on this account.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.
The Comptroller with copies of the sanctioned Revised Budgets.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Education Secretary.
The Police Secretary.
The Deputy Commissioners of other Districts.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 9th September 1885.

READ—

Docket from the President, Municipal Board of Mysore, No. 269, dated 17th July 1885, submitting the Budget Estimates of the Mysore Town Municipality for 1885—86.

CAMP No. 819—22, DATED MYSORE, 9TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimated receipts and expenditure of the Mysore Town Municipality for the current official year as compared with the revised estimates and the actuals of the past year, are as shown in the following statement :—

Receipts.				Expenditure.			
Details.	Revised Estimates, 1884—85	Actuals, 1884—85	Estimates, 1885—86	Details.	Revised Estimates, 1884—85	Actuals, 1884—85	Estimates, 1885—86
I. Octroi.—Cocoanuts, fresh ...	4,200	4,556	4,500	I. Collection.—Octroi ...	4,864	4,839	5,856
Do dry ...	900	770	800	House-tax ...	2,568	2,103	2,328
Betel-leaves	3,000	6,439	6,000	Rents ...	312	312	312
Sugar	3,000	3,338	3,300	II. Head office	1,894	1,804	1,894
Ghee	5,000	4,692	4,500	III. Public Works—			
Butter	1,000	1,570	1,300	Supervision	1,140	979	1,320
Jaggery	4,500	4,057	4,000	Original works	3,800	10,303	6,200
Sheep and goats	4,500	4,934	4,900	Compensation	10,000	4,116	4,000
Oil	700	977	1,000	Repairs	10,000	10,314	5,740
Lamp-oil seed	1,700	1,829	1,850	IV. Police charges ...	26,214	25,318	26,364
Gingelly do	1,200	1,121	1,100	VI. Charitable Grants—			
Timber—Teak and black-wood	1,000	1,620	1,300	(*a*) Female Hospital ...	2,618	983	2,618
Do other kinds ...	600	1,126	1,000	(*b*) Vaccination ...	144	245	144
Chunam	800	1,113	1,000	VII. Conservancy—	...	...	...
Tobacco	5,000	5,036	5,000	(*a*) Establishment ...	11,364	14,798	12,312
Cloth	10,000	10,443	10,000	(*b*) Other charges ...	4,460		6,830
Total Octroi.....	47,100	53,621	51,850	IX. Lighting	3,900	3,497	4,000
				X. Gardens	...	...	...
II. House-tax	12,000	8,681	12,000	XI. Flower, &c., Exhibition ...	100	...	100
III. Mohatarfa—(*a*) Shop tax ...	7,000	6,227	6,700	XII. Miscellaneous—			
(*b*) Loom tax	800	873	800	(*a*) Cattle pounds ...	252	247	372
(*c*) Oil mill tax	1,000	904	800	(*b*) Rewards to dog and snake killers	300	142	300
Carriage tax	500	608	600	(*c*) Other items ...	1,650	1,766	1,650
License fees for sale of European liquors	300	327	250	(*d*) Pension charges ...	...	...	230
VII. Rents—(*a*) Markets ...	4,700	5,455	5,500				
(*b*) Lands	120	35	25				
VIII. Gardens	...	...	...				
IX. Extraordinary—Sale of lands ...	200	135	200				
X. Fines	50	189	50	Total.....	85,580	81,766	80,600
XI. Pounds	500	698	650				
XII. Miscellaneous	1,480	2,122	1,375	Closing Balance.....	6,822	14,761	14,761
Total... .	75,750	79,875	80,600				
Opening Balance	16,652	16,652	14,761				
Grand Total... ...	92,402	96,527	95,361	Grand Total.....	92,402	96,527	95,361

2. The estimates under the several heads of receipts have been based on the actuals of the past year. The revenue under the head Octroi has improved owing to the transfer of the Government share of the tax on cocoanuts and betel-leaves to the Municipality in accordance with the Orders issued in Dewan's Proceedings No. 1966—108 of 30th June 1884.

3. The estimate of Rs. 12,000 under House-Tax is Rs. 3,319 in excess of the actuals of 1884—85; this includes however the probable collection of a large balance left unrecovered at the close of that year.

4. As regards the estimate of Rs. 800 under "*Oil Mill Tax*," it is explained that the rate of the mill tax is likely to be reduced, as the higher rate of Rs. 15 on mills is considered oppressive. The Board is at liberty to decide on the point after full discussion.

5. The President solicits orders on the subject of the transfer to the Municipality of the marginally noted items of Provincial revenue in accordance with the Municipal Board's Resolution in para 2 of their Proceedings of the 26th June 1884. The President will submit a separate application giving the estimated income under each head on the past five years' average.

(1). Government ¼th share of the octroi on tobacco.
(2). License fees recovered from arrack vendors in the town.
(3). Duty of 4 annas for excess sale of arrack over and above sixty gallons.
(4). Assessment recovered from lands lying within Municipal limits.

6. *Expenditure.*—While reviewing the budget of the Mysore Municipality for 1884—85, the Dewan observed that the octroi, the mohatarfa and the office establishments were excessive and were capable of reduction. The subject was accordingly discussed by the Municipal Board whose proposals for the revision and reduction of establishment charges were embodied by the President in the revised budget for that year. The budget submitted for the current year provides for several increases on account of these establishments, which, as compared with the scale finally adopted by the Board in their Proceedings of 20th May 1884, are as exhibited in the following statement:—

	Details.	Municipal Board's Proceedings of 20th May 1884.			Provision in the Budget for 1885—86.			Difference in Amount.		
		No.	Rate.	Amount per annum.	No.	Rate.	Amount per annum.	No.	Amount.	
	The Octroi Establishment.									
1	Daroga (pay Rs. 40 to rise to 50 by two annual increments of Rs. 5) ...	1	45	540	1	50	600	...	+ 60	
2	Amin	1	15	180	1	20	240	...	+ 60	
3	Deputy Amin ...	1	7	84	1	8	96	...	+ 12	
4	Munshi	1	8	96	1	8	96	...	...	
5	Gumasta	1	10	120	1	10	120	...	...	
6	Do	1	8	96	1	8	96	...	...	
7	Gollar	1	7	84	1	7	84	..	...	
8	Mushroffs	16	6	1,152	10	6	720	—6	—432	*Net Increase.* 1 Mushroff at Rs. 8= 8 Increase to 6 at Rs. 2 =12 Total 20 × 12=240
9	Do	...	...	...	7	8	672	+7	+ 672	
10	Daffadar	1	5	60	1	6	72	..	+ 12	
11	Peons	48	4	2,304	35	4	1,680	—13	—624	*Net Increase.* 2 Peons at Rs. 5=10 Increase to 13 at Rs. 1=13 Total 23 × 12=276
12	Do	...	...	...	15	5	900	+ 15	+ 900	
13	Sweeper	1	3	36	1	4	48	...	+ 12	
14	Contingencies	...	11	132	...	11	132	...	...	
15	Printing charges ...	...	...	...	...	...	300	...	+ 300	
	Total.....	...	..	4,884	...	...	5,856	...	+ 972	

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 9th September 1885.

	Details	Municipal Board's Proceedings of 20th May 1884.			Provision in the Budget for 1885—86			Difference in Amount.		
		No.	Rate.	Amount per annum.	No.	Rate.	Amount per annum.	No.	Amount.	
	Mohatarfa Collection Establishment.									
1	Assessor or Inspector of Collections	1	25	300	1	30	360	...	+60	
2	Mutsaddis	12	8	1,152	12	8	1,152	...	...	
3	Do	1	8	96	1	8	96	...	...	
4	Peons	12	5	720	12	5	720	...	...	
	Total.....	...	...	2,268	...	...	2,328	...	+60	
	Head Office.									
1	Clerk or Manager ...	1	40	480	1	50	600	...	+120	
2	Accountant	1	20	240	1	20	240	...	..	
3	Munshi	1	10	120	1	10	120	...	...	
4	Gollar or Shroff ...	1	*8	96	1	10	120	...	+24	*To be paid to the successor of the present incumbent.
5	Peons	...	...	...	2	5	120	...	+120	
6	Contingencies	...	...	340	..		340	...	...	
7	Allowance to Watchmaker ...	1	12½	150	1	12½	150	...	...	
8	Establishment in the Dewan's office	...	17	204	...	17	204	...	...	
9	Accountant in the Comptroller's office	...	15	180	..	...	...	...	—180	
	Total... .	...	...	1,810	.	...	1,804	...	+84	

7. It is not stated whether the foregoing proposals for increases have been considered by the Municipal Board. It is not, however, advisable to add to the strength of the establishments, but recently revised by the Board in accordance with the Dewan's orders and the subject may be considered when the Municipal income may be increased by such additional grants as may be allotted to it by the Government. The pay of the Octroi Daroga was last year fixed at Rs. 40 to rise to Rs. 50 by two annual increments. Accordingly, the provision in the current year's budget on account of this charge will be Rs. 45 per mensem.

8. The provision of Rs 204 made under "Head Office" on account of the contribution formerly paid by the Mysore Town towards the Municipal establishment in this office will be struck out, as the cost of this establishment has, from 1st June 1884, been transferred to the Provincial budget.

9. *Public Works.*—The proposed outlay under the head "Public Works" amounts to Rs. 15,290. The provision included under this head on account of supervision exceeds that of the past year by Rs. 180 owing to the proposed entertainment of 3 Lascars at Rs. 5 each for employment under the two existing Overseers one of whom draws Rs. 35 and the other Rs. 25 per mensem. This increase is sanctioned. The allotments made for works are passed, subject to the usual estimates and notifications of sanction being submitted to this office for works undertaken during the year.

10. *Police.*—A provision of Rs. 170 is made in the budget to meet the pay of the Head Inspector of the Mysore Town. The pay of the present incumbent is Rs. 125+20. *Vide* this office order No. 658—23 dated 5th November 1884 in the Police

Department. Any proposal to increase the salary must be submitted by the Deputy Commissioner in the Police Department.

11. *Conservancy.*—The estimate of expenditure under the head "Conservancy" amounting to Rs. 19,142 exceeds that of the past year by Rs. 3,318 owing to the increases provided for as noted in the margin. With regard to the conservancy establishment, it was remarked, in the Dewan's Proceedings Camp No. 10 of 4th April 1884, that the defect in the working of the establishment should be remedied not by increased establishment but by the division of the duty of supervision among the various members of the Board and by constant inspection by the President and the Vice-President. The entertainment of one additional peon at Rs. 6 and 4 sweepers at Rs. 4 each for the Devaraja Mohalla on account of its recent extension, has been advocated by the Municipal Board in para 5 of their Proceedings of 24th March 1885. The percentage of conservancy charges to the total estimate of expenditure in the Municipality is about 23·74 or 9·74 more than that of the Bangalore City Municipality for the current year. The Municipal Board of Mysore is therefore requested to carefully reconsider the details of its conservancy estimate with reference to the actual requirements and to report as early as possible the result of their deliberations to this office. Pending this report the budget provision under the head "*Conservancy*" will be provisionally retained : the increase, the Dewan must observe, is unnecessarily large and has apparently not received sufficient attention of the Board.

	Establishment. Per annum.
Increases.—	Rs.
1 Peon at Rs. 6	72
4 Sewage carts at Rs. 15	720
17 Sweepers at Rs. 4 per mensem or Rs. 816 per annum entered in the budget at Rs. 876 (owing to the provision for 4 sweepers at Rs 5 for the main sewer having been entered in full for the current year against the same for 9 months in the past year)	876
Increases.—	Other Charges.
Under "*Tools*" to purchase wheel barrows to remove rubbish from narrow streets	500
Amount needed for collection and removal of manure by Municipal agency to be sold periodically by auction as an experimental measure	1,000
Clothing to Overseers	1,750
Total Increase.....	3,318

12. *Lighting.*—The proposed expenditure under the head "Lighting" amounts toRs. 4,000 for the current year. The rates for lighting, according to the tender accepted by the Municipal Board in para 10 of their Proceedings of 24th March last, are as shown in the margin. Details as regards the number of the different kinds of lamps proposed to be lit should have been furnished.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Single wick lamp	0	8	5
Double do ...	0	15	0
Silber lamp ...	0	9	9

13. The increase of Rs. 120 provided for under the head Pounds is due to the proposal to entertain 2 additional peons at Rs. 5 per mensem. The Vice-President explains that the additional peons are needed to take stray cattle and donkeys to the pound, as the Police Beat Constables cannot be expected to do the work with any advantage. The pound establishment as now estimated is about 55 per cent of the estimate of pound receipts, while in the City of Bangalore the cost of the pound establishment, consisting of the pay of only one pound keeper on 10 per mensem, is 24 per-cent of the pound receipts estimated at Rs. 500 for the current year. The present pound establishment in Mysore, comprising 1 pound keeper on Rs. 10 and two peons on Rs. 5 each per mensem may, under proper municipal supervision, be expected to do the pound work efficiently with the timely aid of the Police. Under these circumstances the proposed addition to the pound establishment may, for the present, be postponed.

14. Subject to the foregoing remarks, the Budget Estimates of the Mysore Town Municipality for the current official year, are sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The President, Mysore Town Municipality.
The Comptroller with copies of the Budget and its Details.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Police Secretary.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 10th September 1885.

READ—

Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the French Rocks Sub-Division for the year 1885—86 received with the Sub-Division Officer's No. 43, dated 17th June 1885.

No. 3566-70—120, DATED 10TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimated receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities of the French Rocks Sub-Division for the current official year, are as noted in the following statement:—

Items of Receipts.	Sornagapatam.	Mandya.	Attikuppe.	Channarya-patna.	Nagamangala.	Melkote.	Maddur.	French Rocks.	Total.
I. Octroi—									
(a) Cocoanuts, fresh ...	225	20	2	2	2	80	½	...	331½
(b) Do dry ...	15	10	...	1	...	25	...	...	51
(c) Betel leaves ...	210	40	5	20	15	45	½	...	335½
(d) Sugar ...	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125*
(e) Jaggery ...	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150
(f) Ghee ...	600	70	...	...	...	...	1	...	671
(g) Butter ...	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125
2(h) Sheep and Goats ...	450	15	...	...	...	...	2	...	467
3(i) Oil, &c ...	550	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	550
4(j) Building materials ...	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400
6(k) Tobacco ...	50	15	1	20	10	20	1	...	117
7(l) Cloth ...	500	50	15	250	30	100	7	...	952
Total Octroi.....	3,400	220	23	293	57	270	12	...	4,275
II. Tax on houses, buildings or lands ...	2,500	160	120	210	145	304	145	194	3,778
III. Moharrafa tax on—(a) Shops ...	1,628	197	96	200	150	90	70	164	2,595
(b) Looms ...	210	24	...	15	5	329	15	4	602
(c) Oil-mills ...	162	25	14	30	20	22	15	26	314
(d) Carts ...	500	20	12	70	20	3	10	44	679
IX. Extraordinary—Sale of lands ...	25	5	10	...	120	5	10	...	175
X. Fines	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
XI. Pounds	200	80	70	95	200	20	25	20	710
XII. Miscellaneous ...	275	20	2	110	2	7	5	...	421
Total Income.....	8,910	751	347	1,023	719	1,050	307	452	13,559
Opening Balance.....	6,033	3,875	1,203	2,858	1,645	3,386	538	635	20,173
Total Gross Income.....	14,943	4,626	1,550	3,881	2,364	4,436	845	1,087	33,732

Items of Expenditure.	Seringapatam.	Mandya.	Attikuppa.	Channarayapatna.	Nagamangala.	Melkote.	Maddur.	French Rocks.	Total.
I. Collection of—(*a*) Octroi tax ...	924	15	...	20	...	15	1	...	975
(*b*) Mohatarfa tax ..	336	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	336
II. Head Office charges	396	25	...	26	...	25	...	...	472
III. Public Works—(*a*) Original Works ...	2,800	600	100	225	...	250	..	..	3,975
(*b*) Repairs, Municipal...	1,000	300	100	200	350	150	300	120	2,520
(*c*) Do Educational...	...	50	...	...	...	...	50	..	100
IV. Police Charges	2,616	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	2,616
V. Education	300	244	...	...	...	.	...	..	544
VI. Charitable Grants-(*a*) Dispensary charges.	120	...	...	100	100	...	...	100	420
VII. Conservancy—(*a*) Establishment ...	2,364	216	120	240	192	240	144	120	3,636
(*b*) Other charges ...	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
IX. Lighting	300	...	...	55	38	80	...	...	473
XI. Extraordinary—fairs and festivals ...	...	...	...	...	...	5 0	...	...	50
XII. Miscellaneous	980	50	40	10	20	25	5	20	550
General Improvement	...	...	..	...	...	65	...	...	65
Total Expenditure.....	11,560	1,500	360	876	700	900	500	360	16,756
Closing Balance.....	3,383	3,126	1,190	3,005	1,664	3,536	345	727	16,976
Grand Total.....	14,943	4,626	1,550	3,881	2,364	4,436	845	1,087	33,732

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—No octroi duty is levied in the newly formed Municipality of French Rocks. The tax, which is confined to the marginally noted 5 articles in the towns of Attikuppa, Channarayapatna, Nagamangala and Melkote, is extended to sugar, ghee, sheep and goats in the towns of Mandya and Maddur; while in the town of Seringapatam, jaggory, butter, oil and building materials have also been added to the list of taxable articles. The realizations from the tax range from Rs. 3,400 in Seringapatam to Rs. 12 in Maddur against Rs. 3,000 and 17 respectively last year. With reference to the remarks made in para 2 of the Dewan's Proceedings No. 3077-9,—125, dated 30th August 1883, the Sub-Division officer in his letter No. 1425—319, dated 13th March 1884, proposed to do away with the octroi tax altogether in the towns of Attikuppa, Nagamangala and Maddur, retaining it on the

1. Cocoanuts, fresh.
2. Do dry.
3. Betel-leaves.
4. Tobacco.
5. Cloth.

above mentioned five articles in Mandya, Channarayapatna and Melkote and to leave the number of articles taxed in Seringapatam undisturbed. Subsequently, on further consideration, he has recommended the abolition of the tax in Melkote also. Under these circumstances, the proposal to abolish the tax in all the Municipalities in the Sub-Division, except Mandya, Channarayapatna and Seringapatam, is approved. In the two former towns, the octroi will be levied tentatively on the five articles referred to, subject to the collections being carefully supervised and a report submitted at the close of the current year as regards the state of the revenue from the tax; if the receipts do not improve, the abolition of the tax may be finally recommended. It is observed that even in the case of Seringapatam it would be advantageous to confine the tax to a limited number of productive articles.

The Sub-Division officer's proposal to include within the Municipal limits of Seringapatam the suburb of Subrayankoppal, with a view to prevent the smuggling of dutiable articles into the town, is approved. A statement of the boundaries of this town as now altered should be submitted for notification.

[1] No. 1525—319, dated 13th March 1884.

3. *Opening balance.*—The balance on 31st March 1885 at the credit of each of the Municipalities of the Sub-Division except Seringapatam, has not been entered in the budgets. The omission has however been supplied in this office.

4. EXPENDITURE.—*Collection.*—The sum of Rs. 924 provided in the current year's budget on account of the collection of octroi in the town of Seringapatam bears the very high percentage of nearly 27 on the estimated collections and exceeds the scale fixed in para 3 of the late Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 4053-64—202, dated 30th October 1879 by 17 per cent. Even the revised scale of establishment proposed by the Sub-Division officer does not go far towards the reduction of this high percentage, and he is therefore requested to submit final proposals for the revision of the collection establishment with a view to limit the expenditure to the sanctioned scale.

5. *Head Office.*—Besides the usual charge of Rs. 264 on account of the pay and contingencies of a Clerk in the Vice-President's office at Seringapatam, a sum of Rs. 208, rateably distributed as shown in the margin, has been entered under "*Head Office*" to meet the cost of the proposed allowance of Rs. 15 and contingent expenditure of Rs. 2—5—4 per mensem, to the Clerk in charge of the Municipal work in the Sub-Division office. The provision under "*Head Office*," which accordingly amounts to Rs. 472, is sanctioned.

	Rs.
Seringapatam ...	132
Mandya ...	25
Channarayapatna ...	26
Melkote ...	25
Total... ...	208

6. *Public Works.*—The allotments under the head "Public Works" amounting to Rs. 6,595 as detailed below are approved, subject to estimates and notifications of sanction being submitted to this office in the usual course.

	Rs.
(*a*) Original Works	3,975
(*b*) Repairs, Municipal	2,520
(*c*) Do Educational . ..	100
Total Rs...	6595

It is observed that the Budget Statement No. II, which usually accompanies each budget has not been submitted nor have details of works been entered in the detailed statement.

7. *Education.*—In the budgets of Seringapatam and Mandya, Rs. 300 and 44 respectively have been entered on account of the English classes proposed to be opened in these towns. But no estimate of the fees expected to be realized is given. It is observed that only ¾ths of the cost of such classes is debitable to Municipal funds, which are to be credited with fees realized in them, while the remaining ¼th is payable from Provincial funds. Accordingly, provision for ¼th of the estimated charges

on account of education will be retained in the budgets of these Municipalities, pending the establishment of English classes in them in due course.

8. *Dispensary charges.*—The provision for dispensaries made in the budgets of Seringapatam, Channarayapatna and French Rocks is approved. A sum of Rs. 100 has been entered in this office on account of the newly sanctioned dispensary at Nagamangala.

9. The increases and decreases provided under VII Conservancy as detailed in the margin are approved.

VII. CONSERVANCY.

		Per annum Rs
Mandya	...Increase of 1 Peon at Rs. 4	=48
Nagamangala ..	Do do	=48
French Rocks...	Reduction of 1 Peon at Rs 5	=60

10 *Lighting.*—Besides the usual charges for lighting in the budgets of Seringapatam, Channarayapatna and Nagamangala, a sum of Rs. 80 is entered under the head in the budget of Melkote. This amount is Rs. 23 in excess of the moiety of the cost of lighting in that town debitable to Municipal funds in accordance with the Proceedings of the Dewan No. 3041-2—41, dated 13th August 1884. This increase is passed subject to explanation therefor being furnished.

11. With the foregoing remarks the budgets under review are sanctioned.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Sub-Division officer, French Rocks
The Comptroller with copies of budgets and details.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Secretary in the Education Department.
The Secretary, Police Department, with details of Police charges.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 10th September 1885.

Read the following—

(1). Letters Nos. 108 and 219, dated respectively the 12th August and 18th November 1884, from the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.

(2). Dewan's Proceedings Camp No. 132, dated 22nd November 1884.

(3). Letters Nos. 329—89 and 437—125, dated respectively the 9th and 31st July 1885, from the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Hassan Sub-Division, and

(4). Letter No. 229 of the 17th August 1885, from the officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.

CAMP NO. 860—70, DATED MYSORE, 10TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The file of correspondence read above refers to the recovery of money due to the Amrut Mahal Department for purchase of cattle on credit by private individuals, recovery of terige from Servegars for kavals leased out to them by the Department, &c. In the Proceedings Camp No. 132 of 22nd November 1884, the rule has been laid down that such sums should be recovered summarily by attachment and sale of defaulter's property as a revenue demand. The questions now for settlement are the agency by which the collections should be made and the accounts and vouchers that should be kept and by whom.

2. The following rules are laid down for guidance until further orders :—

(*a*) The Amrut Mahal Department must ordinarily recover the amounts due to it.

(*b*) If in any particular case the Amrut Mahal Department is unable to recover the amount due to it, and if it finds that without recourse to coercive measures the same cannot be recovered, application should be made to the District officer with a certificate under the signature of the Amrut Mahal officer—

(i) specifying the nature of the demand, *i. e.*, whether it is on account of the price of cattle or hides sold on account of terige, &c.,

(ii) the amount due,

(iii) the date of sale or period for which terige is due,

(iv) the name of the defaulter,

(v) his father's name, and

(vi) his village.

(*c*) On receipt of such application and certificate, the Revenue officers shall proceed to recover the amount certified to be due as a revenue demand.

(*d*) The Amrut Mahal officer will also forward with his application and certificate as above any mutchalikas in support of the demand.

(*e*) The application to the Revenue authorities for the recovery of Amrut Mahal demands must ordinarily be made at the end of each year and separately for each taluk.

(*f*) The Amildars will, on the receipt of the application through the District officer, include the transactions in their demand collection and balance statements, crediting the collections under a separate head "Amrut Mahal Receipts" furnishing at the end of three months to the Amrut Mahal officer, extracts from the demand collection and balance statement for his information and check.

(*g*). Objections against the amount of the demand or pleas of non-liability should be referred to the Amrut Mahal Department for disposal.

(*h*). The Amrut Mahal Department must cease to collect, after the list of demand is forwarded to the District officer.

(*i*). To avoid all disputes the mutchalikas should contain a stipulation for recovery by summary revenue process.

3. The Dewan is of the opinion that all difficulties would be minimized if the instructions given above and those contained in Proceedings Camp No. 849—59 of this date, be strictly enforced. He will, however, be prepared to modify or add to these instructions if the Amrut Mahal officer or the District and Sub-Division officers experience further difficulty in the matter.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Amrut Mahal officer,
The Deputy Commissioners.
The Sub-Division officers.
The Comptroller.

READ—

Docket No. 262, dated 14th January 1885, from the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.

CAMP No. 849—59, DATED MYSORE, 10TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The Dewan sees no special grounds for exempting from stamp duty mutchalikas executed in favor of the Amrut Mahal officer on behalf of Government, by credit purchasers of Amrut Mahal cattle and hides. From purchasers of cattle such mutchalikas should seldom be required. The cattle should be sold ordinarily for cash. If an approved purchaser is unable to pay cash in full, he may be required to deposit a certain per cent (say 25 per cent) of the price and to furnish approved security for the payment of the balance within a fixed time, say 15 days. If the balance is not paid within the fixed time, the same should be recovered with interest as a revenue demand from the purchaser and his security. These terms should be specified in the advertisement of sale. The officer conducting the sale should have with him a number of printed forms on stamp of different denominations, and these printed forms must be used, the value of stamp being recovered from the executors. The Amrut Mahal Officer can purchase for this purpose the stamp papers which would probably be required.

2. The same procedure should be adopted in the case of hides sold by auction. In the case of hides sold to a contractor, an adequate deposit should have been received from him with his tender. His agreement should also be upon stamp paper of proper value. In special cases in which this deposit is discovered to be inadequate, the balance due should be recovered as a revenue demand.

3. The Sérvegar's terige is in the nature of a tax paid for the right of grazing. Plain paper mutchalikas are sufficient for Sérvegars, and the tax is of course recoverable as a revenue demand.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.
The Comptroller.
The District and Sub-Division officers for information.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 14th September 1885.

READ—

Letter No. 735 of the 21st August 1885 from the Military Secretary, submitting certain proposals for the grant of gratuities to the officers and men of the Local Force.

CAMP NO. 930—31, DATED MYSORE, 14TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—As recommended by the Military Secretary, His Highness the Maharaja's Government are pleased to sanction the grant of gratuities to officers and men of the Local Siledar Force at the rate of three months' pay for every five years' service, when the length of their service is more than five years and less than twenty years. These gratuities are ordinarily grantable to officers and men who may be invalided or discharged on medical certificates declaring them physically unfit for further service. It is noted that similar gratuities are sanctioned for officers and men of the Mysore Barr in Proceedings of the late Chief Commissioner, No. 3555-6—F. 432, dated 11th August 1880.

2. His Highness the Maharaja's Government are further pleased to sanction the extension to the Mysore Force (Barr and Siledar) of the Rule contained in Para 2705 of the Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency, dated 1st January 1873, (copy annexed), the Military Secretary submitting to Government the prescribed rolls recommending special gratuities for officers and men physically disqualified for Military service on other than medical grounds, when the length of their service is more than five years.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Military Secretary.
The Comptroller.

***Extract from the Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency 1st January* 1873.**

Native Cavalry men becoming inefficient by obesity, &c.

Para 2705.—When men of the Native Cavalry become inefficient through loss of nerve, excessive obesity, bad riding, or other disqualifying cause, and are not considered by the Medical Officers as entitled to the certificate that they are physically disabled, Commanding Officers are to bring their cases specially to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief, accompanying their representations with descriptive and character rolls of the individuals concerned, in order that each case may be referred to Government for orders on its own merits. In these cases, the Officer Commanding the Station is to make it his duty carefully to examine the man himself, and he is to record an opinion on the roll in his own handwriting.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 16th September 1885.

Read—

The following letters from the Superintendent of Revenue Survey, submitting for sanction statement showing the amounts payable as temporary remuneration to the Patels and Shanbhogs of the Kadaba (now Gubbi), Holé-Narsipur, Channarayapatna, Attikuppa, Hassan, Hunsur, Chikballapur Arkalgud, Heggaddevankote, Gundlupet and Goribidnur Taluks.

Letter No. 55 of 24th April 1883.
" No. 635 of 8th January 1884.
" No. 231 of 4th July 1884.
" No. 462 of 18th October 1884.
" No. 473 of 28th October 1884.
" No. 9 of 11th April 1885.

CAMP NO. 943—9, DATED MYSORE, 16TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The payment of temporary remuneration to the Patels and Shanbhogs of the late Kadaba, Holé-Narsipur, Channarayapatna, Attikuppa, Hassan, Hunsur, Chikballapur, Arkalgud, Heggaddevankote, Gundlupet and Goribidnur Taluks, amounting to Rs. 19,130, as noted in the appended statement, is sanctioned, with effect from the year noted against each Taluk in column 5. The Deputy Commissioner, or one of his Assistants should see that the amount now sanctioned is actually paid to the Patel or Shanbhog to whom it is due.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

To—The Survey Superintendent.
The Deputy Commissioners of Tumkur, Mysore and Kolar Districts.
The Sub-Division officers at French Rocks and Hassan.
The Comptroller.

Statement showing the amount of Temporary Remuneration sanctioned for Patels and Shanbhogs in the following Taluks.

Taluks.		Maximum Amount of Temporary Scale of Remuneration.	Existing Emoluments.	Total Sum required to make up Maximum Remuneration.	Amount of Temporary Remuneration now sanctioned.	Remarks.
1		2	3	4	5	
Late Kadaba Taluk	Patels	2,451 8 0	20 4 0	2,416 4 0	2,416 4 0	With effect from 1884—85 to be paid in 1885—86.
	Shanbhogs	3,671 8 0	1,190 4 0	2,441 0 0	2,138 0 0	
Hassan Taluk	Patels	432 12 0	... ...	428 12 0	428 12 0	
	Shanbhogs	648 0 0	162 12 0	457 0 0	441 0 0	
Channarayapatna Taluk	Patels	352 8 0	... ...	345 12 0	345 12 0	
	Shanbhogs	530 4 0	30 0 0	495 0 0	380 0 0	
Attikuppa Taluk	Patels	101 12 0	... ...	99 0 0	99 0 0	
	Shanbhogs	152 8 0	45 0 0	107 0 0	111 0 0	
Holé Narsipur Taluk	Patels	2,799 0 0	5 8 0	2,742 8 0	2,742 8 0	
	Shanbhogs	4,206 12 0	554 4 0	3,513 0 0	3,173 0 0	
Chikballapur Taluk	Patels	1,442 8 0	774 3 10	1,010 0 0	1,010 0 0	
	Shanbhogs	2,163 4 0	3,229 2 0	331 0 0	297 0 0	
Goribidnur	Patels	162 12 0	58 0 0	111 4 0	111 4 0	
	Shanbhogs	249 0 0	497 0 0	3 0 0	3 0 0	
Hunsur	Patels	2,828 4 0	... ...	2,786 8 0	2,786 8 0	With effect from 1885—86 to be paid in 1886—87.
	Shanbhogs	4,246 4 0	830 7 0	3,281 0 0	2,647 0 0	
Heggaddevankote	Patels	1,142 0 0	... ...	1,124 0 0	1,124 0 0	
	Shanbhogs	1,718 8 0	495 15 0	1,151 0 0	1,052 0 0	
Late Arkalgud	Patels	936 12 0	... ...	926 4 0	926 4 0	
	Shanbhogs	1,399 0 0	380 12 0	1,038 0 0	912 0 0	
Gundlupet	Patels	1 8 0	... ...	1 8 0	1 8 0	
	Shanbhogs	2 4 0	... ...	2 4 0	2 4 0	
Total.....		... ...	... ...	... ...	23,148 0 0	

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 17th September 1885.

READ—

The Budget Estimates of the Municipalities in the Tumkur District for the year 1885—86.

CAMP No. 1011—15, DATED MYSORE, 17TH SEPTEMBER 1885.

ORDER THEREON.—The estimates of receipts and expenditure of the ten Municipalities in the Tumkur District for the current official year are as shown in the following statement :—

Items of Receipts.	Tumkur.	Bellary.	Korratagere.	Gubbi.	Tiptur.	Maddagiri.	Sira.	Chikanayakanhalli.	Turuvekere.	Huliyar.	Total.
Octroi—											
(a) Cocoanuts, fresh ...	120	45	4	8	2	8	1½	15	...	5	208½
(b) Do dry ...	10	15	1	2	1	2	1	10	...	2	44
(c) Betel-leaves ...	90	25	6	40	100	8	30	8	...	20	327
(d) Tobacco ...	120	12	5	25	15	5	10	50	...	10	252
(e) Cloth ...	1,600	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	1,700
Total Octroi.....	1,940	97	16	75	118	23	42½	83	...	137	2,531½
II. Tax on houses, buildings and lands ...	1,663	120	365	500	320	350	350	600	210	110	4,588
III. Mohatarfa tax on—											
(a) Shops	1,000	150	140	350	480	200	250	250	40	110	2,970
(b) Looms	90	5	40	20	5	15	45	300	50	10	580
(c) Oil mills	44	2	15	25	20	25	15	25	12	5	191
(d) Carts	286	8	60	100	75	30	100	50	10	50	769
IX. Extraordinary—											
Sale of lands ...	25	...	10	,,	150	10	5	10	15	5	230
X. Fines	15	3	3	2	5	3	5	2	3	1	42
XI. Pounds—(a) Fines for cattle trespass ...	200	10	30	100	100	50	60	15	200	60	825
(b) Sale of stray cattle ...	100	10	20	15	20	20	30	10	10	10	245
XII. Miscellaneous	450	30	80	25	125	80	13	20	4	7	834
School fees	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Income.....	5,813	435	779	1,212	1,418	806	918½	1,365	554	505	13,805½
Opening Balance.....	1,986	325	956	2,540	7,786	1,766	4,492½	3,356	732	736	24,675½
Total Gross Income.....	7,799	760	1,735	3,752	9,204	2,572	5,411	4,721	1,286	1,241	38,481

Items of Expenditure.	Tumkur.	Bellavi.	Kortagere.	Gubbi.	Tiptur.	Maddagiri.	Sira.	Chikmyakanhalli.	Turuvekere.	Huliyar.	Total.
I. Collection of—											
(a) Octroi	145	5	...	3	5	...	2	3	...	6	169
II. Head Office	248	8	8	8	8	8	16	16	8	8	336
III. Public Works—											
(b) Original Works	1,004	50	100	700	400	300	600	700	100	150	4,104
(c) Repairs, Municipal	1,000	200	200	500	300	300	400	400	200	100	3,600
(d) Do Educational	...	...	262	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	262
IV. Police	1,656	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,656
V. Education	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
VI. Charitable Grants—											
(a) Dispensary charges	240	...	...	...	300	100	100	100	...	...	840
VII. Conservancy—											
(a) Establishment	1,044	192	144	288	288	216	180	384	228	240	3,204
(b) Other charges	360	84	84	144	288	120	108	120	...	...	1,308
IX. Lighting...	200	...	...	164	270	50	40	150	...	164	1,038
XII. Miscellaneous—											
(a) Reward to dog and snake killers	130	4	12	13	25	23	20	33	13	5	278
(c) Contingencies...	60	12	12	15	20	12	32	22	12	20	217
(d) Other items	56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	56
Total Expenditure.. ...	6,143	555	822	1,835	1,904	1,129	1,498	1,928	561	693	17,068
Closing Balance.....	1,656	205	913	1,917	7,300	1,443	3,913	2,793	725	548	21,413
Grand Total.....	7,799	760	1,735	3,752	9,204	2,572	5,411	4,721	1,286	1,241	38,481

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated 17th September 1885.

2. RECEIPTS.—*Octroi.*—No octroi is at present levied in the Municipality of Turuvekere. Cocoanuts, fresh and dry, betel-leaves and tobacco are subject to the duty in all the other Municipalities of the District except Tumkur and Huliyar, where cloth is additionally taxed. In Tumkur the levy of the tax on sheep and goats was sanctioned in Dewan's Proceedings No. 5720-1—220, dated 20th January 1885, but no estimate on this account has been entered. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to explain the omission.

3. It is observed that the receipts from octroi under the several articles subject to the tax are invariably small except under cloth in the town of Tumkur. A copy of this office Memo No. 561 of the 29th November 1882, regarding the abolition of octroi in Davangere is herewith forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner and he is requested to do away with the tax in all the minor Municipalities on unproductive articles.

4. It is remarked that the figures entered in columns 3 and 4, "actuals of the first six months of 1884—85 and 1883—84" of the budget statements No. I for receipts and expenditure, almost nearly equal and sometimes exceed the actuals of the full year 1883—84, tending to create a doubt as to whether they could possibly be the actuals of the half years. This requires explanation.

5. EXPENDITURE.—The charge under "Head Office" consists of the pay of an Overseer on Rs. 20 per mensem for the town of Tumkur and the monthly allowance of Rs. 8 payable to an Accountant in the District office to audit Municipal accounts. The provision under this head, which is in accordance with the scale sanctioned in the Dewan's Proceedings Nos. Camp 277—78 and 606-7—18 of 4th March and 24th April 1885 respectively, is passed.

6. *Public Works.*—The proposed outlay on "works" amounts to Rs. 7,704. The principal original works provided for are noted in the margin. No details have been furnished for the allotments under the head "Repairs", nor has any separate provision been made for Taluk school repairs as required in Educational Secretary's No. 2912 of 23rd December last, to the address of the Deputy Commissioner. From the provision of Rs. 200 made under "Repairs" in Koratagere where *Educational Repairs* alone have been estimated at Rs. 262, it would appear that the *latter* have not been provided for. The necessary provision on this account has however been made by this office.

		Rs.
Tumkur—Constructing V drains ...		500
„ feeder channel of Somekatte		304
„ bridge for Balanakatte		200
Maddagiri „ V drains ...		300
Chiknayakanhalli	Do do do	600
Sira	Do do do	600
Gubbi	Do box drains	500
	Improving the roads	200
Tiptur	Constructing the box drain	200
	Do the latrine	200

7. *Dispensary Charges.*—Details should be furnished for the provision of Rs. 240 made under the head "Dispensary Charges" in Tumkur.

8. *Conservancy.*—The provision entered under the head "Conservancy" amounts to Rs. 4,512 against Rs. 4,452 in the past year, showing a net increase of Rs. 60 as shown in the margin. This is passed.

	Rs.
Tumkur—	
Decrease on account of the absence of the provision for a peon under supervision	60
Sira—	
Five sweepers at Rs. 3 instead of 3 at Rs. 4 =	+ 36
Cart at Rs. 9 instead of at Rs. 10 =	— 12
Chiknayakanhalli—	
Addition of 2 sweepers at Rs. 4 =	+ 98
Net Increase =	60

9. *Lighting.*—Expenditure under the head "Lighting" is being incurred in Tumkur since 1880—81. At present the lighting of the 20 lamps in this town has been given out on contract for Rs. 150 a year. The provision on this account in the current year's budget amounts to Rs. 200. This is passed.

Proceedings of the Dewan to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, (Financial),—dated **17th** *September* **1885.**

10. Estimates of charges have been entered under the head "**Lighting**" in the budgets of Gubbi, Tiptur, Maddagiri, Sira, Chiknayakanhalli and Huliyar. The proposal to introduce lighting into these minor Municipalities should for the present be postponed.

11. With the foregoing remarks, the budgets of the **Municipalities in the Tumkur** District under review are sanctioned.

Secretary.

To—The Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.
The Comptroller with copies of the budgets and their details.
The Senior Surgeon.
The Education Secretary for information.
The Police Secretary do.

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A notice was returned to the Subordinate Judge, Bangalore, duly served on Mr. Vardon, Assistant Commissioner, Police Department, Dewan's office.	1st Sep. 1885.	
2	An assessor's summons was returned to the Registrar of the Chief Court duly served on C. Shamanna, Head Accountant of this office.	2nd do	
3	As requested, two extra copies of the Mysore Law Reports from Volume I to IV were forwarded to the Registrar of the Chief Court.	3rd do	
4	In reply, Mr. Henry Hart was informed that the legal advisers of the Mysore Government were clearly of opinion that the proposed raffle of the late J. P. Garrett's property known as Charleton Hall would not be legal and that the Dewan regretted very much his inability to reconsider the decision already communicated to him.	4th do	
5	Three notices were returned to the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore with endorsements of service on them together with a copy of the Bangalore Deputy Commissioner's docket No. 601 of the 3rd instant on the subject.	5th do	
6	In returning certain enclosures, a copy of letter No. 1484—283 of the 4th instant from the Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, intimating the issue of warrants for the surrender of Manjachari and two others was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Shimoga.	Do do	
7	As requested, a copy of the Indian Arms Act and Rules thereunder was forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.	Do do	
8	Copy of a license granted by the Resident to Mr. Robert Collins, Overseer of the Oorigam Gold Mining Company of India (Limited), for exporting certain ammunition to Oorigam Gold Mines near Kolar Road Station was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Kolar.	7th do	
9	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to issue a warrant for the surrender of Pilli Venkataramappa.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that the application submitted by him for a warrant for the surrender of Pilli Venkataramappa was not in the form prescribed in Proceedings No. 2054, dated 10th June 1882, and that it had been modified in this office and sent on to the Resident.	8th do	
11	A license under the Indian Arms Act was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District duly countersigned.	9th do	
12	Copy of a license granted by the District Magistrate of Nilgiris to Mr. H. Lyon, Agent, Consolidated Gold Mining Company, Pandalur, to import certain ammunition to Pandalur in South East Wynad was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Mysore.	Do do	
13	A summons was forwarded to the District Magistrate, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, duly served on the party therein named.	10th do	
14	In reply, Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that in the event of his passing the prescribed tests in law, he would be invested with Magisterial powers to deal with Forest cases.	Do do	
15	In reply, the Vice President of the Bangalore City Municipality was informed that the changes proposed in the rules for the manage-	11th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ment of cattle pound could only be effected by legislation and the Dewan was not at present prepared to adopt it.		
16	In acknowledging the receipt of postage stamps for 4 annas, a license under the Indian Arms Act was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly countersigned.	11th Sep. 1885.	
17	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the suggestion contained in his letter No. 1522—291, dated 7th September 1885, would be adopted in the preparation of future returns under the Extradition Act, so as to include the names of only those persons who are actually made over during the half year under report and not of those for whom a warrant has been issued but whose extradition has not been effected during the period in question.	Do do	
18	Instructions to the above effect were issued to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division officers,	14th do	
19	The particulars required for the preparation of a warrant for the surrender of Angazala Ramudu who stood charged with the offence of theft were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident with a request that if convenient the warrant may be forwarded to this office for transmission to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	17th do	
20	Three summonses in duplicate received from the Assistant to the Resident were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District with a request that they may be served on the parties therein named and duplicates returned to this office with the mode of service duly endorsed thereon.	Do do	
21	Copies of a license granted by the Resident in Mysore to N. V. Ramanujam and Co. of Madras to export certain ammunition to Shimoga were forwarded to the District Magistrates of Bangalore and Shimoga.	Do do	
22	Four summonses received from the Assistant to the Resident were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, for early service and return.	Do do	
23	A copy of letter No. 1072—220, dated 15th September 1885, from the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg requesting to be furnished with certain correspondence, &c., connected with Rule of Practice No. 27, dated 13th January 1880, was forwarded to the Registrar of the Chief Court for early compliance.	18th do	
24	Copy of letter No. 1643—321, dated 16th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident stating that a warrant had been issued to the District Magistrate of Anantapur for the surrender of Pilli Venkataramappa was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	7th Sep. 1885, Part II, J.
25	Copy of a license issued by the Resident in Mysore to Kolagunti Changaraya Chetti, Madras, to export certain ammunition to Mysore was forwarded to the District Magistrate of Mysore.	19th do	
26	A notice was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly served on the individual therein named.	Do do	
27	The return of sick prisoners in the Jails of this State for August 1885, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	21st do	
28	An assessor's summons was returned to the Registrar of the Chief Court duly served on B. Ramakrishna Rao of this office.	25th do	
29	Sanction was accorded to the remission of portions of the sentences passed upon convicts Dolla and Krishnappa of the Shimoga Jail.—Communicated to the Inspector General of Prisons.	28th do	
30	A notification directing A. Subba Iyer, Acting Amildar and 3rd Class Magistrate of the Gubbi Taluk, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses with his own hand in the Canarese language, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Chief Judge.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

REVENUE.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to return the statement regarding the cotton mills worked by steam which had been forwarded to him with this office letter No. 2798—133, dated 15th August 1885.	1st Sept. 1885.	
2	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to submit further information in connection with the petition of Vasudevaiya of Bettadpur in the Hunsur Taluk regarding certain land.	Do do	
3	A notification of the sale of the jodi villages of Mudlapura, and Sulagodu in the Hassan Taluk, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication with a request that 35 copies of the notification may be forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
4	Do do to the Proprietor of the Daily Post.	Do do	
5	Orders were passed on a petition from Junja of Siddapur in the Hassan Taluk, requesting the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, to direct the Amildar to inspect the land referred to and submit a further report.	2nd do	
6	The Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore, Tumkur, Mysore and Shimoga Districts, and the Sub-Division Officer, Chitaldroog, were requested to submit by returnof post copies of certain returns of average prices of different grains (Class I, No. 2).	Do do	
7	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land for building purposes in the village of Lakshmisagar in the Channagiri Taluk and to the remission of the assessment thereon, the Shanbhog being censured for having allowed the ryots to build houses on Government land in his holding without permission.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
8	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land in the village of Tuppur in the Shimoga Taluk for building purposes and to a similar extent of land in the old village site which was considered unhealthy being assessed, with the intimation that the ryots should be fined for having built houses without permission, and that the Deputy Amildar was much to blame for having allowed the same.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
9	As requested, 20 copies of the Dewan's Proceedings No. 1100-9—39, dated 12th May 1885, defining the distinction between a water rate and an irrigation rate, were forwarded to the Comptroller.	3rd do	
10	Sanction was accorded to the levy of a tax at the rates noted, on Waddars and others breaking and removing stones from the bed of the Tunga river within the municipal limits of the town of Tirthahalli.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
11	Sanction was accorded to the levy of certain fees for the different "Sevas" in the temple of Srikanthesvaraswami at Nanjangud and the	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	distribution of it as proposed by the Muzarayi officer, Mysore District, and recommended by the Deputy Commissioner with the intimation that the amount credited to the temple should be shown under its proper head.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.		
12	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was informed that the Inam title-deed of the deceased Mysore Rangabhatta had been cancelled and filed in this office.	3rd Sept. 1885.	
13	In forwarding letter No. 387—107, dated 22nd July 1885, and its enclosures (to be returned) from the Sub-Division Officer, Hassan, the Inam Superintendent was requested to furnish an extract from the Inam settlement register showing under what circumstances the State inams therein referred to had been resumed to Government at the Inam settlement.	Do do	
14	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the Dewan was not prepared to sanction the abandonment of the Chaldaganhalli tank in the Kolar District.	Do do	
15	In forwarding certain correspondence in original, the Assistant to the Resident was requested to obtain the sanction of the Government of India for the continuance of the existing arrangements for the supply of Court fee and other stamps till the end of January 1866.	Do do	
16	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to submit further information regarding the land to be made over to Mallegauda and others of Hosahalli in the Arsikere Taluk for building purposes.	Do do	
17	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that the arrears due on the inam village of Lakshmisagara in the Tarikere Taluk were leviable from Narasing Rao, the purchaser of the village.	4th do	11th July 1885, Part II, R.
18	In reply, the Deputy Commissioners of the Tumkur and Kolar Districts were informed that if the rain registers for the months referred to were missing in the District office records, copies of the same may be obtained from the Amildars and an abstract compilation thereof submitted to this office.	Do do	
19	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that for reasons stated the figures entered in the volume of "prices of food grains and salt throughout India, 1861—1883" for the towns of Bangalore and Mysore could not be tested in the manner indicated.	Do do	
20	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of irrecoverable balances amounting to Rs. 23—13—9 in the Honnali Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
21	For reasons stated, the appeal preferred by Naranappa of Bettadpur in the Hunsur Taluk regarding certain land was rejected.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Do do	
22	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division Officers were requested to forward until further orders weekly extracts from rain register kept at each Taluk and Sub-Taluk head-quarters and were informed of the dates on which the returns should reach this office.	Do do	
23	The quit-rent register of Kenchanahalli Agrahar in the Chikmagalur Taluk was returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Do do	
24	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was requested to state the amount realized under octroi in the Mandya Municipality and if the Municipality could get on without it.	Do do	
25	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit the papers connected with the grant of certain land to Mudranga and Mallanna of the Kadur Taluk.	5th10 do	22nd August 1885. Part II R.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to explain certain items in the demand collection and balance statement, Class X, No. 1 for the year 1884—85.	7th Sept. 1885.	
27	In returning the rain registers from January to March 1870, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that the information required was the quantity of rain gauged at each Taluk head-quarters and that, if the originals were missing in the District records, copies might be obtained from the Amildars and an abstract thereof submitted to this office as early as practicable.	Do do	
28	Owing to the unfavorable nature of the present season, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was directed not to sell the hulbanni of the Chitaldroog and Marikanave hills by public auction as usual, but to throw these jungles open for Mysore cattle, and also report what other hulbanni concessions were required in that Sub-Division.	Do do	
29	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to take an early opportunity to inspect the village of Mudagere in the Tiptur Taluk and in the meantime issue orders prohibiting the construction of houses on land No. 93.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	10th April 1885, Part II, R.
30	A copy of the Proceedings of the Madras Government respecting the boundary dispute between Mysore Territory and Coimbatore District near Collegal and the meeting between Messrs. Peet and Madaiya was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for information and communication to the Police Assistant Commissioner and the Yalandur Jahgirdar and the Police of the Yalandur Taluk, and he was requested to return the papers when no longer required.	Do do	
31	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st August 1885 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	8th do	
32	The Sub-Division Officer, Hassan, was requested to forward copies of rain registers of the late Hassan District for October and December 1881 as early as possible.	Do do	
33	As there was reason to believe that a diversity of practice prevailing in the several Districts in regard to the collection of Local cess, the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division Officers were requested to report accurately on what items of revenue and other items the said cess was actually collected quoting the authority in each case, and to note especially whether the cess was collected on sale of proceeds of Government buildings and building sites and of waste lands applied for for cultivation or of lands put up to auction for arrears of revenue or of trees on Government land.	Do do	
34	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was informed that the collection of local cess on the sale proceeds of the havali house at Goribidnur was not warranted by the standing orders and requested to submit a bill for the refund of the amount so collected from the purchaser Kaparti Subbaiya.	Do do	
35	A copy of letter No. 308, dated 7th May 1881, from the Survey Superintendent objecting to the proposal of paying the Shanbhog remuneration in quarterly instalments was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District with the intimation that the Dewan concurred in the views of the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
36	A notification of the sale of the kayamgutta village of Koliganhalli in the Anekal Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	9th do	
37	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication with a request that 5 copies of the notification both in English and Canarese may be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
38	A copy of letter No. 484, dated 2nd September 1885 from the Survey Superintendent stating in the case of an inam village, if it be taken under Government management, the Inamdar's consent was necessary before giving the ryots 30 years' lease was forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, with the intimation that the Dewan concurred in the views of the Survey Superintendent.	9th Sept. 1885.	
39	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, was informed that there was no reasonable ground for complaining against the decision of the Survey Department regarding the boundary dispute between Bailakere and Chunchanahalli in the Nagamangala Taluk.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
40	Docket No. 623—217, dated 18th August 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District submitting an indent for forms of village accounts required for his District for the current year was forwarded to the Superintendent, Government Press, for early compliance.	Do do	
41	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 544—14—3 from the accounts of the Belur Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, the Comptroller and the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	Do do	
42	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 1094, dated 20th January 1885 with its enclosures from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, regarding the alienation of the inam land attached to the Tirumaladevaru temple at Chellaghat in the Bangalore Taluk, the Inam Superintendent was requested to have the matter disposed of under the inam rules and the decision reported for the information of the Dewan.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
43	Five printed copies of the return of prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th August 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
44	The Deputy Commissioners of the Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore Districts were requested to expedite the despatch of the rain-fall returns for August 1885.	10th do	
45	The sale of jodi Matchenahalli in the Belur Taluk was confirmed with the intimation that the excess realized *viz.* Rs. 160—14—4 should be refunded to the respective defaulters.	Do do	
46	Sanction was accorded to the appointment of Sundrachari, 2nd son of Narasimhachari as pujari of the temples at Mandigere in the Attikuppa Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.	Do do	
47	The sale of certain shares of land held by Srinivasaiengar and 20 others in the jodi village of Hulgundi in the Belur Taluk was approved.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
48	Orders were passed on a petition from Chattrada Narasaiya of Gollar koppal in Nagamangala Taluk regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.	Do do	
49	Orders were passed directing that certain land in the village of Kadambige in the Attikuppa Taluk be withdrawn from cultivation and kept as gomal.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, and the Survey Superintendent.	11th do	
50	Orders were passed on a petition from Davegauda of Madahalli, Hassan Taluk, to the effect that there were no grounds for disturbing the arrangement already made regarding the Shanbhogship of that village.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
51	Orders were passed directing that a certain garden land attached to the temple of Nageswara at Bendiganavale in the Nagamangala Taluk be removed from Government books and the occupant re-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	quired to pay the rent he had been paying to Government (*viz.*, Rs. 8—6—8) to the temple from the current year, the amount of rent being subject to revision according to the survey valuation of the land.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.		
52	In reply, the Chief Judge was informed that there was no record in this office to show that the notification, dated 9th September 1835, regarding the mirasi rights of village servants had been issued by the then Commissioner with the previous sanction of the Government of India	12th Aug. 1885.	
53	Sanction was accorded to the remission of irrecoverable balances amounting to Rs. 32—3—6 due from P. Subbabhat, Pujari of Sankaresvara temple at Belur.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
54	In reply, the Additional Munsiff of Mysore was requested to state to which date the suit filed by Malhar Rao stood posted and for what purpose.	14th do	
55	The alienation of certain land in the village of Bagur in the Channarayapatna Taluk for building purposes, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
56	In reply, the Inam Superintendent was informed that the bijavari of certain land in the holding of G. Srinivasaiengar of Belatur in the Heggaddevankote Taluk should be altered to "dry".—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Do do	
57	The village of Muniraddipalyam being now included within the municipal limits of the City of Bangalore, a notification substituting certain paras for Clauses I and XI of the notification No. 235, dated 14th September 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
58	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the Municipal Board of the City of Bangalore may submit a proposition regarding the tax on tobacco stalk for the consideration of the Mysore Government.	Do do	
59	Sanction was accorded to the cancelment of the sale of 2 vrittis in the jodi village of Singapur in the Belur Taluk and the acceptance of the amount tendered by the Vrittidars.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
60	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the village of Settigere in the Belur Taluk would be resold and that the deposit made by the first purchaser would, for reasons stated, be forfeited, and a notification regarding the resale of the village was gazetted.	Do do	1st Aug. 1885, Part II, R.
61	A notification under the Land Acquisition Act regarding a house in the rear of the Jagan Mohan Palace in the town of Mysore, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District.	Do do	
62	In returning two statements connected with the Maharaja of Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that the printed tables received from the Government of India had already been returned to the Foreign Department by the Resident.	Do do	
63	A "Memorandum on the cultivation of the Date Palm in Oudh" was returned to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
64	A notification regarding the sale of jodi Sannyasiballi in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	15th do	
65	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette with a request that 10 English and 25 Canarese copies of the noti-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	fication may be forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, direct.		
66	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to explain certain items in the return of lands taken up and relinquished for August 1885.	15th Sept. 1885.	
67	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to submit copies of certain returns for the late Hassan District as early as possible.	Do do	
68	Statements of lands taken up for the Bangalore-Tumkur line in the Tumkur Taluk and the amount of compensation payable to the owners thereof, were returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District with instructions for the submission of a revised statement.	Do do	
69	Five printed copies of the return of price current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 31st August 1885, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
70	A notification regarding the sale of the jodi Singapura village in the Hassan Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	Do do	
71	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette with a request that 30 printed copies of the notification may be forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, direct.	Do do	
72	The Deputy Commissioners of the Kolar and Tumkur Districts were requested to forward a copy of the return Class I No. 2 showing the prices of different grains for May 1876 for all the taluks of their respective Districts as they then existed.	Do do	
73	In reply, Mr. Venkatavaradiengar, Munsiff of Nelamangala, was informed that the application for sanction to his wife acquiring interest in landed property in the Seringapatam Taluk should be submitted through the French Rocks Sub-Division Officer with particulars of the land, extent and assessment and locality.	Do do	
74	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to report on certain land in Tennigere in the Magadi Taluk.	Do do	
75	In returning two Inam title-deeds, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that for reasons stated the inam land once held by Srinivasachar of Kuppur in the Tumkur Taluk could not be restored to him.	16th do	
76	Sanction was accorded to the grant of certain land to Mr. Kenchappa and 18 others of the Belimullur village in the Honnali Taluk for building purposes free of assessment with the intimation that the grant should be noted in the village accounts.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
77	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to report the circumstances under which the Potters' service inam in the village of Davagattahalli in the Sidlagatta Taluk had been relinquished and subsequently taken up for cultivation without authority.	Do do	
78	Letter No. 669—489 of the 7th instant from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District reporting the arrangements made for providing additional supply of water to the ryots of Kutrahalli, Shikarpur Taluk, was recorded.	Do do	
79	Copies of 6 forms of agricultural and fiscal statements received from the Assistant to the Officer in charge of the Mysore London Exhibition of 1886 were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts with a request that they may be filled in with correct figures for the year 1884—85 and transmitted to this office at an early date.	17th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
80	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 50 in favor of Timmappaiya and Nagappa on account of half assessment on their lands lying waste for want of water below the Singanakere and Menekere tanks in the Arsikere Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	17th Sept. 1885.	
81	In forwarding a survey plan of the town of Hassan, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to fix the boundaries definitely in the plan as early as possible and send 2 copies of the plan showing them for record in the General and Public Works Departments.	Do do	
82	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to forward for reference a copy of the Deputy Commissioner's order of December 1882 superseding the first settlement made in connection with the coffee lands held by Mr. Brook Mockett in the Belur Taluk, and also to state whether this alteration of the original settlement had received the sanction of the Survey Superintendent and whether any report on the case had ever been made to this office.	Do do	
83	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to submit further information relative to the restoration of the tafe service inam land attached to the temple of Narasimhaswami at Ganjigunte in the Sidlaghatta Taluk.	Do do	
84	Copy of letter No. 1606—312, dated 14th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident requesting the submission of telegraphic reports of rain-fall every Saturday to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore, Mysore, Tumkur and Kolar Districts for punctual compliance with a request that intimation should be given by them to the Assistant to the Resident of the date and commencement of the transmission of the telegraphic reports.—Communicated to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
85	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed that the Dewan's Proceedings No. 4701-9—133, dated 2nd September 1881, had no retrospective effect and that the arrears due by the jodidars of Sivanagere in the Maddagiri Taluk should therefore be collected.	18th do	
86	In reply, the Vice-President of the Mysore Town Municipality was informed that, for reasons stated, no tax could be levied on oil seeds exported by rail from the Mysore Railway Station.	Do do	
87	Statements of rain-fall gauged at Chitaldroog and certain other places during August 1885, were forwarded to the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.	Do do	
88	A notification of the sale of the jodi Kuppe village in the Belur Taluk, was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	Do do	
89	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette with a request that 10 English and 20 Canarese copies of the notification may be forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, direct.	Do do	
90	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to submit early a statement showing the talukvar detail of land revenue, &c. for the year 1884—85 postponed to be collected during April and May last.	Do do	
91	Instructions were issued to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District permitting the grant of the abandoned bed of the Ramnathpur Channel for cultivation on yekasala tenure on certain conditions.	Do do	
92	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to submit certain papers and information relative to the	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	complaint of Krishnappa Hissedar Manegar of the Nanjangud temple.		
93	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit the survey maps of the villages of Bidnagere and Amratur in the Kunigal Taluk, for reference.	19th Sept. 1885.	
94	The Superintendent of Inam Settlements was requested to forward the original ready money inam registers of certain charitable institutions.	Do do	
95	The alienation of certain land for building purposes in the village of Hulikere in the Channarayapatna Taluk was sanctioned on condition of the applicants paying the assessment on the land.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, and the Survey Superintendent.	Do do	
96	In reply, Mr. G. G. Brown, Bangalore, was requested to furnish a copy of his letter dated 4th May last regarding his land in the Nanjangud Taluk taken up for gold mining.	Do do	2nd Dec. 1885, Part II, R.
97	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that his proceedings cancelling the sale of the date leaves in the Kadur Taluk, were approved.	Do do	
98	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to submit further information regarding the sum of 4 annas and 6 pies proposed to be written off from the accounts of the Belur Taluk.	Do do	
99	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 7.195—9—0 from the accounts of the Hassan Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptrollers.	Do do	
100	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed that, in cases in which a survey No. was partly covered with date trees and partly culturable, the whole number should be reserved	20th do	
101	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the last final order disposed of the excesses in minor inams and that the inam attached to the temple of Basavanndevaru at Mallapur near Siralkoppa should be similarly treated.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent.	21st do	
102	Sanction was accorded to certain Pateli umbli land being retained by the occupant on full survey assessment.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
103	The procedure adopted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District in giving retrospective effect to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 2860—8—622, dated 12th August 1880, relative to the cost of paper used for the Khetvar Patrik was approved and a bill submitted by him on that account was returned to him to be adjusted by payment out of the District contingent bill.	Do do	
104	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the decisions of the Munsiff's Court at Shikarpur and the late Sub-Judge's Court at Shimoga in regard to the right destribution of water for irrigation purposes from a Government tank, were not, for reasons stated, binding on Government.	Do do	
105	The proceedings of the Sub-Division Officer of French Rocks in stopping the sale of kir ichal this year, for reasons stated, were approved.	Do do	
106	The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District was requested to explain certain discrepancies in the rain statement for the week ending 15th September 1885.	Do do	
107	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of irrecoverable balances amounting to Rs. 92—7—0 in the Sagar Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
108	Sanction was accorded to the writing off of Rs. 41—3—1 from the accounts of the Nelamangala and 3 other Taluks of the Bangalore District.	21st Sept. 1885.	
109	Sanction was accorded to the remission of Rs 1,527—10—0 being the moiety of assessment on wet lands which had been lying waste during 1884—85 in the Hassan Taluk.	Do do	
110	The attention of the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was drawn to certain letters from Messrs. Narasimhaiengar and Venkatavaradaiengar on the revision of the Sayer establishment in the Shimoga District and he was requested to consider the proposals therein made with reference to the present state of sayer revenue which at the time the letters were written had scarcely had the time to regain the normal condition after the late severe famine; and informed that, if he still considered a reduction or revision necessary and justifiable, the Dewan would be glad to have his proposals.	Do do	
111	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to state whether worship was being performed in the temple of Kesavadevaru at Bommanhalli, Hassan Taluk, and whether the temple was in good repairs.	Do do	
112	The writing off of Rs. 883—1—7 from the accounts of the Manjarabad Taluk was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
113	Orders were passed on a petition from Iregauda of Patadur in the Mudgere Taluk declining to disturb the Deputy Commissioner's orders regarding certain land.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	22nd do	
114	A notification of the sale of the jodi villages of Somasettihalli and Govanahalli in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication.	Do do	
115	Do do to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication with a request that 10 English copies and 25 Canarese copies of the notification may be sent to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
116	Two manuscript copies of the prices current of food grains in the Mysore State for the fortnight ending 15th instant were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
117	In forwarding copy of letter No. 134, dated 10th September 1885, from the Comptroller in charge of the Stationery Department, certain instructions were issued to the Survey Superintendent regarding the kind and cost of the paper required for printing the several village forms of accounts.	Do do	
118	In reply, the Comptroller was informed that the Dewan regretted the absence of energy on the part of the Treasury Officer and Amildar of Bangalore in the matter of locating the stamp vendors in the town of Bangalore and awaited the further report promised as regards the final arrangements made to ensure that as far as possible no stamps sold within the Civil and Military Station were required to be used within the Mysore jurisdiction.	Do do	
119	Orders were passed on a petition from Nirganti Kulla of Kolattur in the Hoskote Taluk regarding the office of Nirganti of that village.	Do do	
120	Sanction was accorded to the alienation of certain land for building purposes in the village of Kandilingenahalli in the Arsikere Taluk and to the old village site being brought under assessment by the Survey Department.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division and the Survey Superintendent.	25th do	
121	The Survey Superintendent was requested to send copies of certain letters regarding the remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.	28th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
122	The Comptroller was requested to expedite the submission of the Annual Report for 1884—85 with the usual statements.	28th Sept. 1885.	
123	The Deputy Commissioners of the Mysore and Tumkur Districts were requested to send copies of the Assistant to the Resident's reply to their reference on the subject of the telegraphic reports of rain-fall.	Do do	
124	The sale of the right to collect kuranga stones in the Goribidnur Taluk for 1885—86 to S. Siddappa, was confirmed.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Do do	
125	The attention of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was drawn to the great disparity in the quantity of rain gauged in the Civil and Military Station and in the town of Bangalore respectively as shown in the season report of the Bangalore District for the week ending 19th September 1885.	Do do	
126	As requested, certain accounts relating to Vaggaiyana dinne which formerly formed part of the Kolar Taluk were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
127	A notification of the sale of the jodi village of Settigere in the Belur Taluk was forwarded to the Proprietor of the Daily Post for publication in 3 successive issues of the Daily Post.	29th do	
128	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit further information regarding the inam village of Lakshmisagar in the Tarikere Taluk.	30th do	4th Sept 1885, Part II, R.
129	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was requested to expedite the submission of the Revenue Forest Annual Reports for 1884—85.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

FORESTS.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEP. 1885.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	With reference to the statement of minor forest produce for May last, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to furnish further information regarding the loss of the tangadi bark therein referred to.	1st Sep. 1885.	
2	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit an indent for the steel figures required together with an estimate of the probable cost.	2nd do	
3	A memo submitted by the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, showing the approximate cost (Rs. 400) of converting twenty aged hollow trees into planks and removing them to Mysore for sale was sanctioned with the intimation that the result of the experiment should be reported to this office.	Do do	28th July 1885, Part II, Forests.
4	A voucher for Rs. 130 submitted by the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, in support of certain charges entered in the working charges bill for May last, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
5	The Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore, Tumkur, Kolar, Shimoga and Kadur Districts, and the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, were requested to submit early a statement showing the area in square miles of demarcated forest reserves at the close of the past official year, and informed that if any forest brought under demarcation had undergone any change, the same should be noted in the column of remarks with the reasons for the change.	Do do	
6	The draft lease of exclusive license to fell timber in the Kamasamudram jungle, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District for report.	3rd do	
7	The free grant of wood and bamboos valued at Rs. 4 to a ryot of Kalhal in the Magadi Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	4th do	
8	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the objection taken was with regard to a large house and cattle-shed which was being erected by a timber contractor for the purpose of his permanent abode, and that in order to prevent future complaints, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to fix the boundaries of the site allotted for the Depôt at Gundri.—Communicated to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore.	5th do	22nd July 1885, Part, II, Forests,
9	Sanction was accorded to the sale of certain useless tools with the intimation that the sale proceeds should be credited to Vc other sources under III Forests.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	7th do	
10	The Deputy Commissioners of the Mysore, Kolar and Tumkur Districts were requested to expedite the despatch of the demand collection and balance statement for April last.	Do do	
11	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to expedite the submission of the overdue accounts with the help of the District Forest establishment working under him.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order	Date of Order	Date of previous Orders.
12	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to direct Hudi Hanumantaiya in the Bangalore Taluk, from whom a sum of Rs. 109 was due to the Plantation Department, to present himself at this office on Monday the 14th instant, with all accounts and orders in his possession relating to firewood sold to him from the Kadgodi Plantation.	8th Sep. 1885.	27,th April 1885, Part II, Forests.
13	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit a specimen of each of the forms applied for by him.	Do do	
14	The Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District was informed of the issue of a letter of credit in his favor by the Comptroller for Rs. 3,150 for expenditure during the ensuing quarter.	Do do	28th Aug. 1885, Part II, Forests.
15	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to ascertain the cost of weighing and stamping the sandalwood at the Seringapatam Koti during the last five years from his book of working charges, and submit the required statement as early as possible.	9th do	6th July 1885, Part II, Forests.
16	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was informed of the issue of a letter of credit in his favor by the Comptroller for Rs. 7,150 for expenditure during the current quarter.	Do do	
17	The free grant of wood and bamboos valued at Rs. 43 to three ryots of Mugalgere in the Shikarpur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
18	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that, as proposed by him, the stock remaining on hand after the auction sales should be annually weighed out in order to ascertain the exact quantity of stock and the loss, if any, from dryage or other natural causes; and that the experiment of keeping the air moist in the koti during the dry and hot weather in order to prevent sandalwood from cracking through intense drought and suffering loss of weight from dryage may be tried in such away as not to cause damage to the sandalwood stored therein and the result reported.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore, Shimoga and Kadur Districts and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	3rd August 1885, Part II, Forests.
19	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to report the probable quantity of sandalwood which may be offered for sale if the same should be held some time after the 15th November 1885, and the Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore and Kadur Districts, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, and the Sub-Division Officer, Hassan, were requested to submit draft notification of the sandal sales so as to reach this office on or before the 20th instant.	Do do	
20	The Deputy Commissioners of the Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur, Shimoga and Kadur Districts, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, and the Apprentice in charge of Plantations were informed that, as the Resident had called for Forest Reports, every effort should be made to submit the Forest Report for the year 1884—85, together with the prescribed returns on or before the 25th instant; that in addition to the usual returns a statement showing the increase and decrease of receipts and charges as compared with the budget estimates of the year and also a statement showing the forests or fuel reserves or plantations proposed to be reserved and their approximate area should be submitted.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that no report had been received in this office regarding the degradation of Ranger Venkat Rao, and requested to forward the papers connected with his case.	Do do	
22	With reference to his application for opening Forest pounds, the attention of the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was drawn to the provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act and he was requested to make the application through the Magistrate of the District.	10th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
23	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of certain tools at a cost of Rs. 22—8—0.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	14th Sep. 1885.	
24	Sanction was accorded to an expenditure of Rs. 510—4—8 for raising five mango groves on the catchment area of the new water supply tank in the Tumkur road, the amount being met from Plantation Funds.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
25	In reply, the Executive Engineer, Mysore District, was requested to furnish certain references connected with the sleeper manufactured by Mr. Wallace and the amount paid to him.	15th do	4th August 1885, Part II, Forests.
26	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to expedite the despatch of the demand, collection and balance statements from May to July 1885.	Do do	
27	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed of certain alterations made in his statement No. 12 for May 1885, pending early explanation from him.	16th do	
28	With reference to his Railway working charges bill for June 1885, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that the services of the Mutsaddi and two peons temporarily entertained at Mysore in connection with the sleeper-supply should have been dispensed with on the 31st March 1885, but that the charges entered in the above bill on account of their pay from the 1st to 8th April had been passed on the understanding that the temporary establishment ceased to exist after that date.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
29	Letter No. 94, dated 8th September from the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, reporting on the trespass of the Amrut Mahal cattle men on the Viranahosahalli and Mettikuppi State-forests, was forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department for early report.	Do do	
30	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to submit early voucher No. 3 for Rs. 500 referred to in the working charges bill for June last.	Do do	
31	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District for Rs. 900 for expenditure during the current quarter.—Communicated to the latter Office.	17th do	
32	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that in future applications for credits the amount drawn upon cheques up to date of application should be noted in the column of remarks.	Do do	
33	The Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to explain certain items in the working charges bill for June 1885.	Do do	
34	Sanction was accorded to the transfer of Rs. 700 from 1*a* "Timber" to 1*c* "Bamboos" and to the appropriation of Rs. 35 under "Plantation" out of Rs. 150 under "Demarcation."—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, with the intimation that future appropriation statements should be submitted on a more complete form and also to the Comptroller.	Do do	
35	The Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to explain certain discrepancies in the forest contingent bill for September 1885.	18th do	
36	Letter No. 54, dated 20th July last, from the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, proposing to reserve the Hampapur	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	fuel tract, was forwarded in original to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for perusal and return.		
37	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to adjust early the pay of the temporary fire watchers referred to if he had not already done so.	18th Sep. 1885.	
38	With reference to his working charges bill for June last, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to report if no sandalwood was prepared during that month and also what quantity of unassorted wood was now on hand and what quantity was likely to be ready for the approaching sales.	Do do	
39	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit a statement showing separately the quantity and description of timber supplied to the Rangacharlu Memorial Hall and the Maharani's Girls School, Mysore, and also the value of the same according to the Government rates.	Do do	
40	In reply, the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was informed that as the road referred to ran through State and District Forests, Mr. Stephenson might be permitted to enter them for the removal of stones, gravel and sand for the construction of the road, on the distinct understanding that no such stones, &c., should be removed from plantations and that none of his men enter the plantations for any purpose whatsoever.—Communicated to Mr. Stephenson, and the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	21st August 1885, Part II, General,
41	Sanction was accorded to the free grant of wood and bamboos to eleven ryots af Nandihalli in the Shikarpur Taluk to rebuild their houses destroyed by fire.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
42	The Deputy Commissioners of Districts, the Sub-Division Officers and the Forest Officers were requested to report if passports were issued in their jurisdiction for the removal of tangadi bark from Government land, jungles, forests, and kavals and if not, to give their opinion as to the necessity or otherwise of issuing them.	19th do	
43	In reply, the Secretary, Public Works Department, was referred to this Office Proceedings No. 1002, dated 18th instant, on the subject of removing stones, &c, from the old Kakankote Fort, Forests, Plantations, &c, and also informed that the usual margin by the roadside may be cleared, previous intimation being given to the Forest Department to arrange to take charge of any valuable timber that might be felled.—Communicated to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District.	20th do	
44	With reference to his application for an advance of Rs. 1,000, &c., Mr. J. Wallace was informed that the Dewan had had quite sufficient already of his private affairs.	21st do	
45	The Comptroller was informed that the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District had sent in a nil working charges bill for June 1885.	Do do	
46	In forwarding copy of letter No. 679—243, dated—September 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to instruct the Forest Apprentice to give Mr. Sooba Rao the assistance therein required if he could do so without prejudice to the work he was engaged in under him.	Do do	
47	Sanction was accorded to the sum of Rs. 10 saved by reduction in the pay of Ranger Venkata Rao, being given to Ranger Subba Rao.—Communicated to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
48	The proposal of the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, to let free grazing in certain jungles was sanctioned with the intimation that if the season should improve and there should be	Do do	

No	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	no longer any necessity for continuing the privilege, Hulbanni sales should be held with the previous sanction of the Government.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.		
49	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit, for consideration and orders of the Government, rules for fixing rates of seigniorage on reserved trees under Clause C para 6 of Form A of the coffee title-deed.	22nd Sep. 1885.	
50	Printed forms of batta bills were forwarded to the Assistant Conservator through the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, with a request that they may be used with such slight alterations as may be necessary.	24th do	
51	The Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed of the issue of a letter of credit in his favor by the Comptroller for Rs. 900 for expenditure during the current quarter.	28th do	
52	The Comptroller was requested to issue a letter of credit in favor of the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 5,000 for expenditure during the current quarter.—Communicated to the latter officer with the intimation that steps should be taken for the early adjustment of the large outstanding balances against the Forest subordinates.	Do do	
53	Sanction was accorded to the free grant of wood and bamboos valued at Rs. 43 for building the huts of the attendants of the Executive Transport Department in the Gollahalli Kavals in the Kankanhalli Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	29th do	
54	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to furnish further information regarding the area of the Nandi Forest.	30th do	
55	The Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District, was requested to submit early the Annual Report for 1884—85.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the Dewan was not prepared to sanction his proposal to advance Rs. 1,000 to the Public Works Department from the funds of the Channakeshavaswami temple at Belur for starting the dispensary building at Belur.	1st Sept. 1885.	12th Aug. 1885, Part II, F.
2	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 271—5—1 being the amount of surplus fund of the Langarkhana to be transferred to the Bangalore City Municipality was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
3	Sanction was accorded to the disbursement of pay to Narasaiya, Manager of the Amrut Mahal office, pending the issue of final orders in his case.—Communicated to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department and the Comptroller.	Do do	
4	A bill submitted on account of batta claimed by Lingappa, Amildar of the Sagar Taluk, for having travelled from Sagar to Shimoga and back to give evidence in a criminal case was returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District with the intimation that it was the duty of every one to give evidence in criminal cases and that compensation in the shape of batta, &c., was not granted as a matter of claim unless the witness be poor and could not afford the expenditure incurred by travelling.	2nd do	
5	An estimate, submitted by the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department, for Rs. 47—0—3 for repairing 2 tents belonging to his office, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
6	The Comptroller was requested to advance Rs. 200 on account of the contingent expenses of the camp office.	3rd do	
7	The Comptroller was requested to advance Rs. 1,000 on account of Palace expenses in Bangalore and charge the same to the Palace Budget.	Do do	
8	In reply, Messrs. Arbuthnut and Co., Madras, were informed that their acceptance of the draft of Messrs. Grindlay & Co. for Rs. 161, was confirmed.	Do do	
9	A notification of sanction for Rs. 1—12—0 for repairing the granary of the Chandragutti Renukammana Devastana in the Sorab Taluk was accepted, the cost being met from the balance of Rs. 598—3—0 at the credit of the temple under hoss head.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
10	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 9—1—0 being the arrears of stipend due to Venkatakrishna, Subrammanyachar *alias* Annaiyachar in the Hole Narsipur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
11	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for Rs. 7—2—0 being the arrears of pay due to the Shanbhog of the Dharmambudhi Chattrum for January, February and March 1884, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
12	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 12—1—4 on account of varshasana allowance due to Appannachar, brother of the late Venkobachar of the Dodballapur Taluk, was forwarded to the Comptroller duly countersigned.	Do do	15th July 1885, Part II, R.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 1,000 for Palace expenses in Bangalore and debit the amount to the Palace Budget.	3rd Sept. 1885.	
14	Sanction was accorded to an advance of Rs. 5 to each of the Munsiff's Courts at Chitaldroog, Tumkur and Maddagiri, as magisterial contingencies to meet advances on account of process fees —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
15	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 43 for preparing new belts for the peons of the Sorab Taluk was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
16	A notification of sanction for Rs 5—10—0 for tinning the vessels of the Agumbi Chattrum was accepted —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District and the Comptroller.	4th do	
17	In reply, the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub-Division Officers were informed that almirahs being too costly, the making up of the required number of racks and tin cases for preserving the Revenue and Topographical Survey maps was sanctioned, both the racks and tin cases being prepared at the District Head Quarters of each District or Taluk and a bill being finally submitted to this office for sanction —Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	6th July 1885, Part II, G.
18	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District on account of acting allowances due to certain officials for the period during which Mr North, Amildar of the Kolar Taluk, was on privilege leave, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	15th June 1885, Part II, G.
19	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 40 was forwarded to Mrs. Berry, Madras, on account of her son's scholarship for August 1885.	5th do	
20	In consequence of the pressure of work in the Index Branch of the Dewan's office, B. Krishnasing, B. V. Ramaswami Chetti, and B. Ananda Rao were appointed Clerks on Rs. 30, 30 and 20 respectively, with effect from the 20th August in the case of Krishnasingh and 3rd September 1885 in the case of the two others, the cost being met from general savings.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
21	C. Rajagopalachari was appointed Translator in the Dewan's office on Rs 30 per mensem with effect from the 10th August 1885, *vice* B. Sankaraiya on leave without pay; and T. Bava Rao was appointed Accountant in the Forest Branch on Rs. 30 per mensem with effect from the 8th August *vice* Venkataramaiya deceased.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
22	Orders were passed on the subject of the repairs of the Kilkote tank and 6 other reservoirs in the town of Kolar.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	6th do	
23	Sanction was accorded to an expenditure of Rs. 22 for the improvement of the well "Uppu Bave" in the town of Srinivaspur; and in order to meet charges of a similar nature in the Kolar District orders were issued to place a sum of Rs. 2,000 at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioner out of the year's grant to Department of Public Works from Local Funds General.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
24	The Comptroller was requested to advance Rs. 2,550 from the Huzur Treasury to the Honorary Secretary, Bangalore Races, being the amount of the prizes awarded by His Highness the Maharaja towards the Bangalore Races of 1885, and debit the amount to Palace Budget.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Palace Establishment.	7th do	
25	The payment of Rs. 16,150—1—0 on account of charges incurred by the Government of India for the maintenance of Mysore	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	convicts at Port Blair during the year 1884—85, was sanctioned, and the Comptroller was requested to remit the amount to the Resident's Treasury.—Communicated to the Assistant to the Resident.		
26	An acknowledgment signed by the Comptroller in Mysore for Rs. 5,202—13—6 on account of gold mining royalty was forwarded to Messrs. Best and Co. of Madras, Agents, Mysore Gold Mining Company with the intimation that the balance due may be remitted to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and a copy of the letter received from the Comptroller on the subject was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, who was requested to write to the firm for the balance.	7th Sept. 1885.	
27	Sanction was accorded to the reduction of the conservancy establishment sanctioned for the Siladar lines at Shimoga and the employment of additional hands at Bangalore without extra cost to Government.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
28	A bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, for Rs. 8—8—0 for a rubber stamp ordered for the use of the Deputy Amildar of Seringapatam was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
29	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the cost of repairing the water lift and windlass of the well near the distillery buildings would be a Government charge.	Do do	
30	The receipt from the Comptroller of the Imperial Transfer Receipt for Rs. 119—2—0, was acknowledged.	Do do	
31	Srinivasa, 1st class Asham peon in the Dewan's Office, was dismissed from service on account of absence without leave for 2 months, and Ranga appointed Asham peon on Rs. 6, with effect from 1st September 1885.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
32	An estimate submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District for Rs. 82 for preparing 3 shelves for the Record room of his office, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
33	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that Murugesa Mudaliar, late Mutchi in the Civil and Sessions Court of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, was entitled to a gratuity of Rs. 126 according to the rules prevailing in Mysore and that this amount the Darbar was prepared to pay in addition to the sum of Rs. 9—5—3 which the Resident proposed to pay out of the revenues of the Assigned Tract.	Do do	6th April 1885, Part II, F.
34	Sanction was accorded to the retention of the extra clerk in the Central Record room at Mysore for another year.—Communicated to the Chief Judge and the Comptroller.	Do do	25th July 1885, Part II, F.
35	A formal acknowledgment signed by the Comptroller to the Mysore Government for Rs. 1,868—2—11 received in part payment of the kandayam due by the Kolar Concessionaries Company for the year 1884—85 was forwarded to Mr. W. H. Beansnoot, Secretary to the Kolar Concessionaries Company, and he was requested to remit the balance due.	8th do	
36	A refund bill, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, for Rs. 87—4—3 being the arrears of Tasdik allowance payable to the Udapi Palmar Matt for January, February and March 1885 was countersigned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
37	Two bills submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District for Rs. 134—14—0 and Rs. 25—4—0 being the cost of the stationery required for the preparation of accounts connected with the Survey Settlement of the Bagepalli Taluk and a portion of the late Devanhalli Taluk were sanctioned and he was informed that in future items of this nature should be embodied in an estimate calculated upon the data furnished by the Survey Superintendent and previous sanction to the same obtained from this office.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
38	M. R. Ry. Hosapandit Bhima Rao was requested to pay up at once the bill for Rs. 546—9—6 forwarded to him with Comptroller's docket No. 110 of the 22nd June 1885.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	8th Sept. 1885.	27th May 1884, Part II, G.
39	Messrs. Puttanna and Srinivasaiegar were requested to settle without further delay the balance of Rs. 75—4—8 still due on account of Niti Chintamani.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	26th Feb. 1885, Part II, F.
40	Vyasa Rao and Srinivasa Rao of the Maharaja High School, Mysore, were taken into the Dewan's office as supernumeraries and directed to attend the Camp office at Mysore from the 8th instant and draw their pay from this office.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
41	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, had been asked to furnish a completion bill for the sum of Rs. 1,582—8—9 being the cost of repairs to the Residency bungalow at Bangalore, and that it would be forwarded to him on receipt.	9th do	
42	Sanction was accorded, as a temporary measure, to the arrangement proposed by the Military Secretary under which Mr Royle was to be the Veterinarian in charge of the horses of the 1st Regiment at Mysore on allowance of Rs. 50 per mensem.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
43	In reply, the Comptroller was informed that out of the Rs. 5,000 advanced under the authority of this office letter No. 36, dated 2nd April 1885, Rs. 3,269 had been paid to Mr. Narasimhaiengar for Palace expenses and should be debited to the Palace Budget, that of the remainder, Rs 730 still remained in the branch Bank of Madras at Ootacamund, and that the balance would be accounted for by this office.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Palace Establishments, and Mr. A. Narasimhaiengar, Assistant Commissioner in waiting on His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.	Do do	
44	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 27—8—0 for renewing belts for the peons of the Honnali Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
45	As requested, the last pay certificate of B. Srinivasa Rao, late Head Munshi of this office, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Forests, Mysore District.	Do do	
46	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 1525—294, dated 7th instant, from the Assistant to the Resident and its enclosures together with a transfer receipt for Rs. 183—8—0, the Comptroller was requested to realize the transfer receipt and credit the same in the Treasury.	Do do	
47	The sum of Rs. 14—9—0 was sanctioned for making up belts and badges for the peons of the Deputy Amildar's Court at Channapatna.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
48	A bill submitted by the District Magistrate of Tumkur for Rs. 8—9—7 being the transcription fees incurred by the Government Prosecutor in the Chief Court in Criminal Appeal No. 30 of 1885, on the file of the Chief Court was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
49	In forwarding a petition from P. G. Manikam Pille and the certificate of heirship produced by him were forwarded to the Comptroller with a request that he will issue the necessary orders to the Treasury Officer for the disbursement to the certificated rightful heir of the arrears of pension due to the late Sub-Overseer P. Gnanaprakasam Pille up to the date of his death.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
50	The sums of Rs. 8—12—0 and Rs. 10—2—4 were forwarded to the Military Secretary in final adjustment of the Rs. 35—and 92 due by Messrs. Seddan and Hayes of this office on account of cast horses purchased by them.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
51	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that the arrangement, made by him for repairing and deepening the well close to the Sub-Division office at Chitaldroog at a cost of Rs. 250, was approved, the well being treated as public property.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	9th Sept. 1885.	
52	A revised estimate for Rs. 22,111 for repairing the temple of Ranganathaswami at Seringapatam was forwarded in original to Mr. Vasudeva Hari Karvi with a request that he will pay a visit to the temple and furnish his professional opinion on the estimate.	10th do	
53	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 21 to Syed Muhammad, Sepoy No. 2224 of the 8th Company, 3rd Regiment of the Mysore Infantry, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
54	A bill submitted by the Military Secretary for Rs. 85, being the amount of travelling allowance due to Lieutenant Jones on account of the trip made to Madras for the purpose of inspecting and reporting upon the horses lately imported by Messrs. Waler and Co. from Australia, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
55	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 28 payable to the Amildar of the Belur Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
56	A copy of letter No. 1562—302, dated 9th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident stating that the Accountant General, Bombay, had been instructed to remit Rs. 20,000 small silver coins, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	15th July 1885, Part II, F.
57	In forwarding a bill for Rs. 198—7—0 being the cost of carriage of certain tents by rail to Mysore, the Comptroller was requested to pay the account to Colonel Hay, Military Secretary, and debit the same to the Palace accounts.	Do do	
58	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs 2 in favor of Darji Yelloji of Konandur in the Tirthahalli Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
59	In recognit on of the good work done by Mr. A. G. Hudson, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, in Mysore State, a bonus of 3 months' substantive pay, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Survey Superintendent and the Comptroller.	Do do	
60	The payment of a pension of Rs. 8—11—5 per mensem to Rangaiengar, late Deputy Munshi of the Hassan Sub-Division Munsiff's Court, was sanctioned with effect from the 12th July 1883.—Communicated to the District Judge, Nagar Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
61	Postage stamps of the value of 4 annas received from the Assistant to the Resident on account of the fee on a license under the Indian Arms Act were forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
62	A refund bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District in favor of Sampangaiya of Bangalore was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
63	The payment of a pension of Rs. 4 per mensem to Gulam Mohiadin, Lance Serjeant, Mysore Town Police, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Secretary, Police Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
64	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 200 to Mr. Cameron, Superintendent of Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore, for the purpose of importing plants and seeds of the Arabian date palm.—Communicated to Mr. Cameron.	14th do	
65	In returning 5 telegram receipts for Rs. 10—2—0 to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, sanction was accorded to the charge and to its being included in the detailed contingent bill of his office.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
66	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District for Rs. 3 for two teak wood cases for office use, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	14th Sept. 1885.	
67	The payment of a pension of Rs. 3—8—0 per mensem to Mir Ahmed Ali, Siledar No. 72 of the 3rd Regiment, Mysore Horse, was sanctioned with effect from 1st August 1885.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
68	Sanction was accorded to the expenditure of Rs. 27—7—6 incurred in purchasing carpets for the use of Munshis of the Muniff's Court at Seringapatam.—Communicated to the District Judge, Mysore, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
69	Copies of 2 statements received from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, showing the allotment of contingent charges required to be placed at his disposal for use in the Bangalore District during the year 1885—86, and also a copy of a similar statement received from the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District, were forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
70	The payment of a pension of Rs. 3—8—0 per mensem to Bargir Siledar Subba Rao Lowtay of the 2nd Regiment, Mysore Horse, was sanctioned with effect from the 18th December 1884.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
71	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 40 to Nanjundaiya, late Shekdar of Sravanabelagola Hobli, Channarayapatna Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
72	An account current submitted by the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens for Rs. 207—3—11, being the balance of the amount required for adjusting the account of expenses incurred at the Horticultural Show held at the Lal-Bagh on the 14th August 1885, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
73	A letter from Messrs. Best and Co, Agents, Mysore Gold Mines, Madras, advising the remittance of Rs. 132 by money order, to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
74	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 16—11—0 on account of tools required for the Sulekere channel works in the Channagiri Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	15th do	16th March 1885, Part II,-G.
75	The receipt from the Executive Engineer, Palace Division of a cheque for Rs. 20—2—6 on account of trees supplied from Mysore, was acknowledged.	Do do	9th instant, Part II, F.
76	The sum of Rs. 474—6—0 was forwarded to the Comptroller in partial adjustment of Rs. 1,000 to be accounted for by this office.	16th do	
77	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the Mysore Government was willing to contribute their share of the pension payable to Rangachari, late Accountant, Mysore Public Works Department.	Do do	
78	The proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District to incur an outlay of Rs. 342 for the purchase of land in the Malenahalli village to be given to the Toti thereof in lieu of his inam lands taken up by Government for Railway purposes &c., was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, the Survey Superintendent, the Comptroller and the Manager, Mysore State Railway.	Do do	31st May 1883, Part II, R.
79	A certificate in support of the items of Rs. 68,21,15 and 18 charged for in this office contingent bill for June 1885, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	17th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
80	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 48 to Hanumaraju, Revenue Peon, Chikmagalur Taluk, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District, and the Comptroller.	17th Sept. 1885.	
81	The officer in charge of the District Treasury, Mysore, was requested to advance Rs. 339—10—0 for payment of Messrs. Framji and Co's., bills for furniture hired on the occasion of the investiture Darbar in May last.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
82	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was requested to submit further information regarding the Mahal Garden Fund referred to by him.	Do do	
83	Orders were passed directing that pending the succession of a Guru to the Parakalaswami Matt at Mysore, the monthly stipends payable by Government to that Matt should until further orders be disbursed on bills signed by the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Palace Establishments, and the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to issue immediately needful orders to the Taluks concerned.—Communicated to the Comptroller and the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Palace Establishments.	Do do	
84	Statements of land revenue due to the Municipalities of the Bangalore City and the Civil and Military Station and of the local Cesses to be made over to the Bangalore City Municipality, submitted by the Comptroller, were sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District and the Vice President of the Bangalore City Municipality.	18th do	
85	In returning the detailed contingent bill of his office for August 1885, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to note down as usual which of the articles were purchased for his own use and which for the offices subordinate to him.	Do do	
86	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District for Rs. 1—7—6, being the charges incurred by the Hospital Assistant, Maddagiri Dispensary in preparing and packing 14 bottles containing suspected substances for transmission to the Chemical Examiner, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
87	A refund bill submitted by the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, for Rs. 13—15—0 in favor of Honnegauda of Hosahalli in the Hassan Taluk, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
88	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 1,500 for the purchase of furniture for Dasara guests.	Do do	
89	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of 3 packets of candles at a cost of Rs. 1—2—0.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	19th do	
90	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, was requested to submit a revised estimate for the repairs of the Magadi temple.	Do do	
91	The following grants from Local Funds General were sanctioned :— Rupees 2,000 for the improvement of wells in the Kolar District as sanctioned in Proceedings No. 3358—121, dated 6th September 1885:— Rupees 5,500 for improvement of tanks and reservoirs within the Municipality of Kolar as sanctioned in Proceedings No. 3361—122 of the same date.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, the Comptroller and the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District.	Do do	
92	Sanction was accorded to a sum of Rs. 1,000 being spent in digging temporary wells in the event of failure of rain in the Tumkur District.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
93	In reply, the District Magistrate of Bangalore was requested to submit further information regarding a bill for 12 annas incurred on account of process fees from the permanent advance of the 3rd Class Magistrate of Anekal.	21st Sept. 1885.	
94	The receipt from the Comptroller of a transfer receipt for Rs. 123—11—1, was acknowledged.	Do do	
95	With reference to a bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District on account of the pay of a guard peon over convicts who had been employed in the Government house at Shimoga, he was informed that the pay of such guards in Bangalore was only Rs. 6 per mensem, and requested to prepare and submit a bill for sanction charging at the lesser rate of Rs. 6 per mensem, unless the guard in question had been made to understand at the time of his entertainment that he would be paid at Rs. 7 per mensem.	Do do	
96	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 84 to Barmaji, late guard Daffadar of the Executive Engineer's Office, Shimoga Division, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
97	The payment of a gratuity of Rs. 54 to Sanna Malla, late Gollar, Kadur Chuttrum, was sanctioned.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
98	A revised notification of sanction for Rs. 56—12—9 for repairing the Honnali Chuttrum was approved.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
99	The Public Works Department estimates for repairing certain Municipal roads and streets in Mysore were transferred to Mr. Lee, Sanitary Engineer, the Dewan having recently ordered the works in question should be done by Municipality with grants-in-aid from Government, and he was informed that the expenditure incurred by the Public Works Department on the roads should be paid to the Executive Engineer, Mysore by the Municipality.	Do do	
100	The Treasury Officer, Mysore District, was requested to advance Rs. 200 for camp expenses subject to future adjustment.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
101	Sanction was accorded to the writting off of irrecoverable balances amounting to Rs. 722—8—0 in the Manjarabad Taluk.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
102	Sanction was accorded to the remission of Rs. 561 being the amount of half the assessment on wet lands below the Chengravalli channel in the Hassan Taluk, and the attention of the Secretary, Public Works Department was drawn to the necessity for the restoration of the Channel.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
103	Copies of a memo stating that Vyasa Rao and Srinivasa Rao, supernumeraries of the Maharaja's High School, Mysore, on salaries of Rs. 16 and 14 respectively would be sent to the Mysore District for employment, were forwarded to the Educational Secretary, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, and the Comptroller.	22nd do	
104	The sum of Rs. 5,000 was sanctioned for improving and sinking wells in the Chitaldroog Sub-Division.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, and the Comptroller, the Secretary, Public Works Department and the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	23rd do	
105	The Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury was requested to advance Rs. 392—11—0 to the Superintendent of Stores and Stationery for the payment of Railway fare on a consignment of tents received from Futtigurh.	24th do	
106	A copy of letter No. 1710—34, dated 22nd September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, stating that the necessary instructions	Do do	7th instant, Part II, F.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	would be issued for the disbursement of Rs. 9—5—3 on account of a portion of the gratuity payable to Murugesa Mudaliar, Munshi in the Civil and Sessions Court of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, was forwarded to the Comptroller.		
107	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District for Rs. 2—11—0 on account of cart hire paid for carrying a dead body from Yedagode to the Mudgere Hospital for medical examination, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	24th Sept. 1885.	
108	The Comptroller was requested to advance Rs. 1,000 from the Huzur Treasury for the purchase of furniture for use at the Dasara festivities	25th do	
109	The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was requested to submit the budget estimates for British Cemeteries in the District for 1886—87 with the exception of those at Seringapatam and Mysore.	Do do	
110	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that the nominal value of the copper coins received from Bombay amounting to Rs. 50,000, was paid into the Resident's Treasury on the 26th August 1884.	Do do	
111	As requested by the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District, an additional sum of Rs. 5,000 was sanctioned for the construction or repair of irrigation works.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	Do do	
112	A formal acknowledgment for the sum of Rs. 339—10—0 paid to Messrs. Framji and Co. of Mysore on account of furniture hired for the investiture Darbar, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	17th instant, Part II, F.
113	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that there were no local treasuries either at French Rocks or Ooregam, but that the collections of the Imperial Post Office at French Rocks may be remitted to the Seringapatam Taluk Treasury and those of Ooregam to the Bowringpet Taluk Treasury.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division and the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
114	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to send a copy of the Resident's Proceedings No. 1285-87—673, dated 11th September 1884, sanctioning a pension of Rs. 307—3—4 to Amina Begam.	28th do	
115	The Comptroller was requested to forward early the monthly cash balance statement dated 1st July 1885 of the Amildar of the Mulbagal Taluk.	Do do	
116	In forwarding copy of correspondence between this office and the Comptroller regarding the share to be borne by this Government towards the pension of Mr. Marchant, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that Mr. Marchant was not under the rules entitled to any pension from the Darbar, he having resigned his appointment under this Government for employment in Hyderabad.	Do do	
117	The sum of Rs. 12 was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident on account of the price of 12 copies of the Journal of Indian Art received from him.	Do do	
118	A bill submitted by the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for Rs. 18—14—5, on account of the pay of the peon who guarded the convicts detailed for work at the Government house, was sanctioned and forwarded to the Comptroller.	29th do	
119	A notification of sanction for Rs. 198—10—6 for repairing and cleaning the reservoir called Topinakola in the Mandya Municipality, was accepted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
120	With reference to the detailed contingent bill of his office for August, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to statewhy certain articles of Europe stationery had been purchased.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
121	Sanction was accorded to the pay of Munisami, sweeper of the Hassan Hospital and Dispensary, being increased from Rs 6 to 8 with a view to his being appointed a compounder.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, and the Comptroller, and the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	29th Sept. 1885.	
122	The Deputy Commissioners of the Shimoga, Kadur, Mysore Districts and the Sub-Division Officers of Chitaldroog and Hassan were requested to furnish a list of institutions to which certain funds belonged showing in column of remarks whether each of them was under Government management or not.	Do do	
123	An estimate for Rs. 40 for making up certain brass ornaments for the Venkataramanaswami temple at Mavinakere in Hole Narsipur Taluk was sanctioned —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
124	Copy of letter No 4744—1063, dated 25th September 1885, from the Secretary, Public Works Department, regarding the repairs to the temple and mantap at Melkote was forwarded to the Comptroller with a request that he would accept debits to the amount sanctioned against the surplus fund at the credit of the temple —Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division.	30th do	3rd April 1884, Part II, F.
125	Sanction was accorded to the purchase of certain articles of Europe stationery for the use of the Treasury Officer, Kadur District, —Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner Kadur District, and the Comptroller.	Do do	
126	The receipt from the Comptroller in Mysore of the upper halves of 3 Government of India Pro-Notes for Rs. 1,000 each, was acknowledged.	Do do	

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Proprietor of the Orient, Bombay, and the Tribune, Lahore, were requested to discontinue sending a copy of each of their papers to this office on the expiry of the term for which subscription had been paid *viz* 31st December 1885 and 26th June 1885, respectively.	1st Sept, 1885.	
2	Messrs. Newman and Co., Publishers, Indian Medical Gazette, Calcutta, were requested to send to the address of the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, only two copies of the Indian Medical Gazette on the expiry of the term for which subscription had been paid to them for 3 copies *viz*., 31st December 1885.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government.	Do do	
3	Copies of the Proceedings of the Assembly of Representative Ryots and Merchants held at Mysore on the 1st October 1884, were forwarded to the Heads of Departments.	Do do	
4	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was requested to report after the close of the jamabandi of the Davangere Taluk on the permanent arrangement that might be made in filling up the vacancy caused by the dismissal of petitioner Timmanna, Shanbhog of Kanagondanahalli in that Taluk.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, was informed that the establishment of Dispensaries in the towns of Chellakere and Hiriyur should be postponed, as the Municipalities in those towns could not bear their share of the charges of the Dispensaries.	Do do	
6	As requested, the Traffic Superintendent's letter No. 1041, dated 8th April 1885, regarding the comfort and convenience of Native passengers, was returned to the Manager, Mysore State Railway.	2nd do	
7	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that there were no rules in force in Mysore regarding the capture of elephants and certain correspondence on the subject was forwarded to him to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
8	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to forward for reference the entire correspondence connected with the lottery held in 1882 in aid of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association of Bangalore.	Do do	
9	A notification granting Raghunatha Rao, Amildar of the Heggaddevankote Taluk, privilege leave of absence for one month and appointing Govindappa, Police, Inspector, Mysore Taluk, to act as 5th Grade Amildar and 3rd class Magistrate of the Heggaddevankote Taluk during the absence of Raghunatha Rao or until further orders, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
10	In reply, Mrs. Stephens was informed that the Secretary would be glad to see her at the Public Offices at any time between 2 and 5 P. M. on Thursdays.	Do do	
11	In forwarding a copy of Order No. 617—18, dated 6th July 1885, appointing Sitaramaiya as Deputy Amildar, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that if he should find Sitaramaiya competent to exercise magisterial powers, he may submit his recommendation.	Do do	6th July 1885, Part II, F.
12	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that there was no such person as Mr. Lakshmipati, Barrister-at-Law, practising in the Mysore Courts.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
13	Surappa, Deputy Amildar of Maddur, having returned to duty on the 26th August, a notification cancelling the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted to him was gazetted.	3rd Sept. 1885.	5th Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
14	In reply, the Survey Superintendent was informed that intimation may be given to Mr A. G. Hudson, who was transferred to the Ratnagiri Revenue Survey, to join for duty at Poona on the 1st October 1885.	Do do	
15	The Comptroller was requested to forward a copy of the Budget for 1885—86 if available to the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Shimoga District.—Communicated to the latter officer	Do do	
16	Certain proofs were forwarded to the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, with a request that they may be corrected and returned to the Government Press.	4th do	
17	The Manager, "Law times," Madras, was requested to register the name of the Secretary as a subscriber to that Journal for 6 months.	Do do	
18	A copy of the report on the History of the Mysore Famine by Mr. C A. Elliot, c. s. I, was forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub Division.	Do do	
19	A copy of the Proceedings of the Tumkur Municipal Board was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication, with a request that 20 spare copies of the same may be forwarded to the Municipal President and 3 copies to this office	Do do	
20	A copy of letter No. 121, dated 31st August 1885, from the Government Advocate, stating that he has appointed H Venkatagiriyappa as clerk under him, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	22nd Aug. 1885, Part II, F.
21	A copy of the report of the Proceedings of the 1st meeting of the Royal Commission in connection with the Colonial and Indian Exhibition of 1886, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette, for publication.	7th do	
22	The Secretary, Public Works Department, was requested to lend a trolly, if it could be spared, from the Executive Engineer's office, Bangalore, to convey from Gundal to Mysore a boiler or steam engine bought for the Palace, and informed that the Sanitary Engineer, Mysore, would take charge of the trolly at Bangalore and return it in due course.	Do do	
23	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that the Dewan concurred in the arrangements proposed for executing the printing required by the offices of the Resident in Mysore and of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg and that the necessary instructions had been given to the officer in charge of the Mysore Government Press, and a copy of letter No. 1472—278, dated the 3rd instant, from the Assistant to the Resident was forwarded to the Superintendent, Mysore Government Press, for information and guidance.	Do do	
24	A notification extending the privilege leave of one month granted to Ramasvamaiya, Amildar of the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, by one week, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District with the intimation that the present arrangements might continue.	Do do	
25	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to return a certain file of correspondence sent to his office on the 22nd June 1885.	Do do	
26	Lieutenant Colonel H. H. Hallet, Superintendent, School of Industry, Jubbalpur, and Messrs. Prem, Masih and Co., Futtegurrh were requested to despatch the tents already ordered as they get ready.	Do do	
27	An anonymous petition was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District for such notice as he might think it necessary to take.	Do do	
28	A notification re-appointing Mr. P. Changalraya Mudaliar and 4 other gentlemen as Municipal Commissioners of the Bangalore	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	City Municipality for 3 years and also appointing Mr. J. Cameron, Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, as Municipal Commissioner for No. VI Division for 3 years with effect form the date of this notification, was gazetted.—Communicated to the President of the Bangalore City Municipality.		
29	Copies of the Government of India Notification, embodying the Rules for the care of the Government Cemeteries, the levy of ecclesiastical fees, &c., were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Assistant Commissioners, French Rocks and Chitaldroog Sub-Divisions.	8th Sept. 1885.	
30	Certain papers connected with the investiture of the late Mr. Hyder Ali with the title of Khan Bahadur, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident to be returned when no longer required.	Do do	
31	Messrs. Thacker Spink & Co. were requested to forward a copy of Indian Stamp Act, 1879, by Buldas Prasad, 1st Edition, with a memo of cost.	Do do	
32	A notification extending the privilege leave already granted to K. Srinivasa Rao, Amildar of the Maudya Taluk, by one month, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, with the intimation that the present arrangements might continue.	Do do	
33	The Assistant to the Resident was requested to forward a printed copy of the Resident's letter to the Government of India No. 821—143, dated 30th June 1885, on the subject of British Officers whose services had been lent to the Durbar.	9th do	
34	In forwarding a copy of letter No. 1523—292, dated the 7th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, the Comptroller was requested to forward the original correspondence therein alluded to.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit the papers connected with the transfer of Sheristadar Ramachendra Rao of the Chikmagalur Taluk to the Koppa Taluk.	Do do	
36	A copy of docket No. 4429, dated 7th September 1885, addressed to the Assistant Engineer, Hassan Range, regarding the repair of the temple of Ramadevaru in the Hassan Taluk, was forwarded to the Assistant Commissioners, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
37	As requested, copy of the 6th edition of the Financial Code was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	
38	The Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed of the despatch of certain articles of stationery.	10th do	
39	The Survey Superintendent was requested to forward two spare copies of the map of the Shimoga Taluk and tracings of such rough maps of certain other taluks as may be available as early as possible.	Do do	
40	A memo of the service of Mr. Marchant, formerly a clerk in the late Commissioner's office, Mysore, and now a pensioner of the Hyderabad State, was returned to the Comptroller duly verified in this office as per statement sent.	Do do	
41	A petition presented to this office by Puttaiya was forwarded to the Munsiff of Chikballapur together with postage stamps for 4 annas.	Do do	
42	Certain papers connected with the complaint of K. Venkatappaiya were returned to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District.	Do do	
43	A statement furnishing the particulars regarding certain grants-in-aid and Government Girls Schools in the State, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident, and Mr. A. Narasimmaiengar, Honorary Secretary, Maharani's Girls School, Mysore, was requested to furnish similar information regarding that school.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
44	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to forward spare copies, if any, of the monthly volumes of Dewan's Proceedings for February 1873, December 1876, March to June 1882 and September, October and November 1883.	10th Sept. 1885.	
45	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to print and forward 100 copies of the form of letter as per specimen sent.	Do do	
46	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that entries Nos. 2 and 5 in the quarterly List of unanswered references for 30th June 1885 had been expunged from the list.	11th do	15th Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
47	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that on receipt of the information called for from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, the list of all newspapers, periodicals published in Mysore would be forwarded without delay.	Do do	
48	A page of the Bengal Army List was returned to the Assistant to the Resident duly corrected.	12th do	
49	A statement showing the particulars of every newspaper and periodical published in the State, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident, with the intimation that the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District had been requested to report by return of post the circulation of the last named periodical Hitabodhini in the statement.	14th do	
50	In forwarding copies of certain telegrams, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to report the dates of departure and return from leave of Mr. Shanmugavelu Pillo, Assistant Commissioner.	Do do	
51	As requested, a copy of this office docket No 1567—83, dated 4th June 1885, to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District, stating that the orders regarding examination leave were not applicable to officials other than Amildars and Deputy Amildars, was forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
52	A copy of the Madras Famine Code was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts and the Sub Division Officers, the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, the Secretary, Public Works Department, the Consulting Engineer and the Survey Superintendent, for any opinion or suggestions they may wish to offer in view to the preparation of a complete code of rules to be observed in Mysore in times of famine.	Do do	
53	A notification regarding the closing of the Public Offices on account of the Dasara holidays was gazetted.	Do do	
54	In reply, the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department was informed that a tent would be sent after Dasara, as none could be spared now.	Do do	
55	A copy of letter No. 2707—78, dated 2nd September 1885, from the Manager, Mysore State Railway, with extract from the Consulting Engineer's report, was forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department with a request that if he has already been asked to execute the work referred to, to expedite the same, and also to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District, with extract from the Consulting Engineer's report.	Do do	
56	The Superintendent of the Government Press, Madras, was requested to send to the address of the Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, Camp Mysore, 20 copies of the Famine Code published with Government Notification, dated 18th August 1883, and informed that the price of the books would be remitted to him on receipt of a bill for the same.	Do do	
57	In reply, Mr. G. M. Macphail, Kadmane Estate, Manjarabad, was informed that Mr. Middleton's letter, dated 20th February 1885, could not be returned, as it had been replied to in this office Camp No. 233, dated 5th March last, and may be required for future reference and that a copy of it would be forwarded however if applied for.	Do do	19th June 1885, Part II, G.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
58	The Tumkur Local Fund Board's Proceedings, dated 28th May 1885, together with copies of report and statement of receipts and expenditure, were forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	14th Sept. 1885.	
59	Three more copies of the Proceedings of the Assembly of Representative Ryots, &c., held at Mysore in October 1884, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District.	Do do	
60	Five more copies of do do to the Deputy Commissioner, Tumkur District.	15th do	
61	Two more copies of do do to the Assisant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	
62	A copy of letter No. 1594—310, dated 12th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, forwarding a copy of the Proceedings of the Government of Madras, accepting the resignation of Mr. Costello of his appointment in the Madras Subordinate Medical Department, was forwarded to the Senior Surgeon to the Mysore Government.	Do do	
63	Three copies of the Dewan's Proceedings No. 1261-9—43, dated 15th May 1885, were forwarded to the Comptroller.	Do do	
64	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to submit specimen copies of the printed forms required by him.	Do do	
65	A notification extending the privilege leave granted to Kesavaiengar, Amildar of the Belur Taluk, by 12 days, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division.	Do do	28th Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
66	Fifteen copies of the Dewan's Proceedings for July 1885 were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
67	Two complete sets of the Administration Reports of the Mysore State Railway by the Consulting Engineer for the years from 1882—83 to 1884—85, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	16th do	
68	The appointment of Mr. P. Panchanatha Rao, Treasury Assistant Commissioner, Shimoga District, as Vice-President of the Shimoga Municipal Board, was approved.	Do do	
69	Sanction was accorded to the grant of 3 months' sick leave to Subba Rao, Sheristadar of the Nagar Taluk, and to the appointment of Krishna Rao, Revenue Head Record-keeper of the Shimoga District, office, to act for him.	Do do	
70	Letter No. 29, dated 10th September 1885, from the Inam Superintendent, requesting that some other accommodation might be provided for the Inam office, was transferred to the Secretary, Public Works Department, with a request to examine the Division Cutcherry and report if no space could be secured for the same office.	Do do	24th Jan. 1885, Part II, F.
71	Letter No. 1563—303, dated 9th September, from the Assistant to the Resident, forwarding a letter from the Principal, Civil Engineering College, Madras, regarding the Admission of Mysore students into that institution, was transferred to the Secretary, Public Works Department.	Do do	
72	A notification granting K. Ramaswamaiengar, M. A., Amildar of the Shimoga Taluk, 6 weeks' privilege leave of absence and appointing A. Viraraghavalu Naidu, Head Accountant of the Deputy Commissioner's office, Shimoga District, to act for him, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.	Do do	
73	Copy of letter No. 1673—327, dated 9th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, forwarding a petition from Khasim Ali and two others residing at Nelamangala in which they claimed the pension of their late mother Abida Begam, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District with the petition in original for early report.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
74	Certain papers connected with the appointment of the Honorary Secretary to the Friend-in-need Society and the terms on which the Government grant was assigned to that Society, were forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	16th Sept. 1885.	
75	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to print and forward 50 copies of the season report form as per specimen sent.	17th do	
76	The original correspondence connected with the lottery held in 1882, in aid of the Eurasian and Anglo-Indian Association of Bangalore, was returned to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
77	Certain papers relating to the privilege leave applied for by Ramachandra Rao, Amildar of the Tumkur Taluk, were forwarded to the Comptroller for report.	Do do	
78	Three more copies of the proceedings of the Representative assembly at Mysore in October 1884, were forwarded to the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division.	Do do	
79	The Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District and the Sub-Division Officers of French Rocks and Hassan and the Vice President of the Mysore Municipality were requested to address all covers intended for the Secretary in the Revenue and General Departments as a rule to Bangalore, 'emergent reference' alone being addressed to the Camp office at Mysore.	Do do	
80	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was informed that his recommendation for the promotion of Police Head-Quarter Inspector Narasinga Rao was noted.	Do do	
81	The Anche Bakshi was requested to forward all covers containing petitions addressed to the Dewan direct to the Camp office at Mysore.	18th do	
82	In reply, the Military Secretary was informed that a single pole tent could be lent on condition of his returning it to the Dewan's Camp office at Mysore by the 2nd proximo and that the issuing of 2 new tents for his Department would be considered on receipt of the supply of tents lately ordered from Jubbalpur.	Do do	
83	A notification stating with reference to notification No. 64, dated 13th July 1880, that the caste title of A. Rajagopal, 3rd Class Hospital Assistant of Nanjangud Central Dispensary, was altered from "Nayakar" to "Pille" at his own request, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government.	Do do	
84	As requested, a copy of the Mysore Survey Manual was forwarded to the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg for transmission to the Commissioner of Coorg.	Do do	
85	In reply, Mr. Standish Lee, Sanitary Engineer, was informed that there was only one trolly in the Bangalore Division and that it was not suitable for the carriage of heavy machinery.	Do do	7th Sept. 1885, Part II, G.
86	As requested a printed copy of the correspondence relative to the improvement of the supply of fodder for cattle, was forwarded to the Commissioner of Coorg.	Do do	
87	The proceedings of the Mysore Municipal Board, dated 21st July 1885, was recorded.	19th do	
88	The receipt from the Manager, Revenue Survey office, of certain Taluk maps was acknowledged.	Do do	31st Aug. 1885, Part II, G.
89	As requested, 6 more copies of the proceedings of the assembly of representative merchants and ryots held at Mysore in October 1884, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	Do do	
90	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kadur District was requested to state whether Mr. Raghavendra Rao assumed charge of the General Assistant Commissioner's office on the forenoon or after noon of the 8th instant.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
91	In returning a certain enclosure, the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, was informed that the Palace Assistant Commissioner may be addressed in regard to the elephant required for the Jaghirdar of Arnee.	19th Sept. 1885.	
92	Sanction was accorded to the appointment of Setti Rudrappa and 4 others as members of the Malur Municipal Board.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
93	Copy of the proceedings of the Municipal Board of the Mysore Town, dated 3rd instant, were forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication with a request that 20 spare copies of the same may be forwarded to the Vice President of the Municipal Board of the Town of Mysore and 3 copies to this office.	Do do	
94	The Assistant to the Resident was informed that the number of copies in circulation of the "Hitabodhini" was 806.	21st do	
95	A letter, dated 19th instant, with its 2 enclosures from the Honorary Secretary, Maharaja's Girls' School, Mysore, furnishing certain information relative to the school, was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
96	Sanction was accorded to the grant of 3 days' casual leave to Abdul Aziz, Amildar of the Bagepalli Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District.	Do do	
97	The Comptroller was requested to furnish a certificate as to the claim of Mr. North, Amildar of the Kolar Taluk, for privilege leave.	Do do	
98	With reference to the correspondence submitted by the Superintendent, Government Botanical Gardens, Bangalore, between himself and Major Hose of Belgam on the subject of persons falsely representing themselves as Agents from the Botanical Gardens at Bangalore, he was informed that the matter being small, it was not necessary to take any notice of it	Do do	
99	Nine copies of the Madras Famine Code were forwarded to the Secretary, Public Works Department, for distribution among the Engineers and Assistant Engineers of Ranges.	Do do	
100	One more copy of do do do to the Deputy Commissioners of Districts.	Do do	
101	A notification granting 3 months' privilege leave of absence from the 17th July 1885 to Captain C. H. M. Kensington, R. E., Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Public Works Department, and appointing Major Bowen as Superintending Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department, to Government of Mysore and stating that Mr. F. J. McLaughlin officiated as Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Public Works Department, from the 17th July to the 15th instant, was gazetted.—Communicated to those officers.	Do do	
102	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District was informed that the proposed award of presents to the Hospital Assistants and certain others for their hard service during the prevalence of cholera at Shimoga could not, for reasons stated, be sanctioned.	Do do	
103	A copy of letter No. 944—181, dated 15th July 1885, from the Resident regarding the periodical submission of promotion rolls of British officers serving in Mysore, was forwarded to the Consulting Engineer, Secretary, Public Works Department, and the Manager, Mysore State Railway, for information and guidance.	Do do	
104	In reply, the Survey Superintendent was informed that the Dewan would not object to the proposed transfer of 4 Classers and eight Measurers as recommended by him on certain conditions.	Do do	
105	Copy of letter 1668—327, dated 19th September 1885, from the Resident in Mysore forwarding copy of his letter No. 1667—851 of the 19th idem to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	regarding the transfer of the services of Assistant Apothecary Mr. Hellein to Mysore for one year, was forwarded to the Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government, for information and guidance		
106	In forwarding a copy of the report upon the siege operations recently conducted at Krishnarajapuram near Bangalore, the Survey Superintendent was requested to present the same to Mr. Shama Rao, Probationer, Revenue Survey, and to communicate to Mr. Shama Rao the satisfaction with which His Highness Government had learned that the Civil officer deputed by them had performed his duties in connection with the siege operations in a way which commended itself to the Officer commanding the siege train.	21st Sept. 1885.	
107	Letter No. C. from Mr. Lee, Sanitary Engineer, requesting that he may be placed on the permanent establishment with effect from the date of his first appointment was forwarded to Major Bowen (in original) with a request that he will furnish opinion in the matter.	22nd do	
108	In reply, the Secretary to the Board of Examiners was informed that the examination in certain revenue subjects may be postponed to June 1886 and the same notified in the Mysore Gazette.	Do do	8th April 1885, Part II, G.
109	In reply, the Manager, Mysore State Railway, was informed that in exceptional cases where it was necessary to insert Railway advertisements in 10 instead of 3 issues of the Daily Post, the Proprietor of that paper might be requested to do so.	Do do	
110	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the Sheristadar of the Belur Taluk, who disobeyed the several orders issued to bring up to date arrears of accounts, &c., should be retired if he was entitled to a pension or reduced to an appointment on Rs 25 or 30, that a competent man should be nominated for the Sherestadarship, and that the Amildar should be warned to bring up the accounts within 3 months of a new competent Sheristadar joining the taluk.	Do do	
111	A notfication transferring Amildar Raghunath Rao from the Heggaddevankote to Nanjangud Taluk and Amildar Lakshman Rao from Nanjangud to Mysore Taluk, was gazetted.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore District.	Do do	
112	Copy of letter No. 506—174, dated 2nd September 1885, from the Sub-Division Officer, Hassan, regarding the dampness in the Taluk Cutcherry at Saklespur, was forwarded to Secretary, Public Works Department, with the intimation that the Dewan regarded the work as urgent which should be put in hand as quickly as possible, either asphalte or planking being used which ever is found cheaper and more durable.	Do do	
113	The General Superintendent, Public Works Stores, Madras, was requested to supply 6 measuring glasses to be used with rain-gauges	24th do	
114	The proceedings of the Municipal Board of Chitaldroog, dated 5th instant, was recorded.	Do do	
115	Sanction was accorded to the nomination of Bagalur Maddanna as a member of Municipal Board of Vadigenahalli in the Sidlaghatta Taluk.—Communicated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District and the Comptroller.	Do do	
116	The Superintendent of the Government Press, was requested to print and forward to this office 50 copies each of certain forms.	Do do	
117	Copy of the proceedings of the Municipal Board of Tumkur, dated 8th instant, was forwarded to the Compiler of the Mysore Gazette for publication with a request that 20 spare copies of the same may be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District and 3 copies to this office.	Do do	
118	Mrs. Lancaster, Multan, was requested to forward 6 stamp punches the cost having been already remitted to her.	Do do	6th June 1885, Part II, G.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
119	In forwarding certain papers relating to the forts at Seringapatam and certain other places, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that there were no plans or other documents in connection with the same.	25th Sept. 1885.	
120	The Deputy Commissioners and Sub-Division Officers were requested to make the necessary arrangements for the attendance of the representative ryots and merchants of their Districts at the approaching Dasara meeting at Mysore.	Do do	
121	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was requested to state whether the Janardanaswami temple at Palya was one of architectural note.	Do do	
122	Copies of certain circulars regarding practical experiments in ensilage were forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Amrut Mahal Department.	Do do	
123	Sanction was accorded to the appointment of B. Srinivasa Rao, Head Examiner, Mysore Government Press, to act as Head Clerk of the Kolar District Office during the absence of Raju Mudaliar, the permanent incumbent.	28th do	
124	The Superintendent of the Government Press, Fort Saint George, Madras, was requested to forward one copy each of the Gazetteers of Salem and certain other Districts.	Do do	
125	The proofs of the Asylum Press Almanac pages 889 to 891 were forwarded to the Superintendent, Lawrance Asylum Press., Madras, duly corrected.	Do do	
126	The Compiler of the Mysore Gazette was requested to supply one more copy of the Gazette for the use of the Assistant Commissioner, in addition to the usual number of copies supplied to this office.	Do do	
127	The half yearly promotion roll of the Engineers' establishment in the State was forwarded to the Assistant to the Resident for transmission to the Government of India.	Do do	
128	The Traffic Superintendent, Mysore State Railway, was requested to arrange for the speedy transmission of the six tents ordered from Jabbalpur.	Do do	
129	Certain papers connected with his service under the Mysore Government were forwarded to Rai Bahadur Krishna Rao, retired Deputy Commissioner.	Do do	
130	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, was informed that title deed No. 61108—106 had been cancelled and retained in this office	29th do	
131	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, was informed that the old stipend order No. 8—2 had been cancelled and retained in this office.	Do do	
132	In reply, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, was informed that the Secretary, Public Works Department, had ordered the Range Officer at Hassan to prepare the necessary estimate for repairing the Ramadevaru temple at Anaganhalli.	Do do	
133	In reply, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that no person of the name of Mr. V. Jenner was reported to be living in Bangalore.	Do do	
134	Two statements connected with the Maharaja of Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company were returned to the Assistant to the Resident.	Do do	
135	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District was requested to submit certain papers connected with the contract for certain works in the Anekal Municipality.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
136	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District was requested to report the market price of elephant tusks or ivory.	29th Sept. 1885.	
137	A copy of docket No. 356, dated 18th September 1885, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Stationery with a request that the despatch of supplies may be expedited so as to remove the necessity of buying Europe articles in the local market.	30th do	
138	In forwarding copy of an extract from a letter from the Chief Librarian, Royal Library, Berlin, dated 13th July 1885, the Curator, Mysore Government Library, was requested to send a copy of the catalogues therein referred to for transmission to Berlin.	Do do	
139	In returning a certain enclosure, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that Fatima Begam had left 2 daughters and 1 son.	Do do	
140	Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras, were requested to forward to the address of the Under-Secretary a copy of that part of the Ordnance Map of India showing the Mysore State.	Do do	
141	A notification regarding the grant of examination leave to certain Amildars and Deputy Amildars, was gazetted.	Do do	
142	A notification extending the privilege leave granted to Ramachandra Rao, Amildar of the Tumkur Taluk, to the 15th June 1885, was gazetted.—Communicated to Deputy Commissioner of the Tumkur District.	Do do	17th instant, Part II, G.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In forwarding a duplicate copy of each of the two returns, showing the strength of the Mysore Horse and Infantry for August 1885, the Assistant to the Resident was informed that a copy of each of the returns was this day posted to the Quarter-Master General and Adjutant General of the Madras Army, respectively.	1st Sep. 1885.	
2	A copy of letter No. 1495—286, dated 6th September from the Assistant to the Resident, forwarding a copy of his letter to the Commandant, Hyderabad Contingent, regarding the identification and removal of a lost mare captured in the Tumkur District, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of that District.	7th do	
3	In returning the pension roll of Risaldar Adinarayanasami Naidu, the Military Secretary was authorized to regard him as being thrown out of employ by the recent revision of the Siledar Force so as to entitle him to a higher pension in accordance with Proceedings No. 3308-9—52, dated 22nd August 1885, and to submit a revised pension roll accordingly.—Communicated to the Comptroller.	10th do	
4	Sanction was accorded to the reduction of 25 per cent in the retail prices of certain stores and to the writing off of Rs 639—14—8.—Communicated to the Military Secretary and the Comptroller.	Do do	
5	Copies of the Memorandum of the routes to be taken by the Head Quarters and Wing of the 6th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, and the Head Quarters and 7 Companies of the 33rd Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, the Assistant Commissioner, Hassan Sub-Division, the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, and the Assistant Commissioner, French Rocks Sub-Division, the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, and the Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldroog Sub-Division, with a request that the usual arrangements may be made and that all possible assistance may be rendered to facilitate the march of the troops through their respective jurisdictions.—Communicated to the Assistant to the Resident.	17th do	
6	Copy of letter No. 1653—324, dated 11th September 1885, from the Assistant to the Resident, intimating the sanction of the Madras Government to the supply on payment of six kegs of coal tar for the Mysore Local Force, was forwarded to the Military Secretary.	18th do	26th Aug. 1885, Part II, M.
7	Copies of the Memorandum of the route to be taken by the Head Quarters and Wing of the 6th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, through the State, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of the Mysore, Shimoga and Kadur Districts, and the Sub-Division officers of French Rocks, Hassan and Chitaldroog, with a request that the usual arrangements may be made to facilitate movement of the troops through their jurisdictions.	22nd do	
8	With reference to an estimate for constructing 50 additional foal stables on the Farm at Kunigal, submitted by him, the Military Secretary was requested to submit certain information regarding the Farm and its establishment.	28th do	
9	Copies of certain letters from the Officer, Commanding Bangalore Division, and the Deputy Quarter-Master General, Western District, regarding the march of the 6th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, through the State, were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioners of the Mysore, Shimoga and Kadur Districts and the Sub-Division officers of Hassan, French Rocks and Chitaldroog.	29th do	22nd instant, Part II, M.

OFFICE OF THE DEWAN OF MYSORE,
Bangalore, 30th September 1885.

R. VIJAYINDRA RAO,
Secretary.

PART II.

PUBLIC WORKS.

TABULAR TATEMENT OF MATTER OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 1885.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Buildings.		
1	The project for draining and ventilating the stables at Bangalore Palace, was returned to Executive Engineer, Palace Division, duly sanctioned in accordance with the orders of His Highness.—No 4375—955.	3rd Sep. 1885.	
2	An estimate amounting to Rs. 1,786 for constructing new cooking and dining apartments in the Palace grounds at Bangalore, was returned to the Executive Engineer, Palace Division, duly sanctioned by the Local Government as supplemental to the original estimate of Rs. 12,920 with the intimation that the necessary additional funds have been appropriated from the Palace Budget to allow of this work being completed within this official year.—No. 4418—971.	5th do	
3	An estimate amounting to Rs. 222 for repairing the Private Secretary's bungalow in the Palace ground at Bangalore, was returned to the Executive Engineer, Palace Division, sanctioned by the Local Government as supplemental to the estimate of Rs. 170 passed in February 1885.—No. 4419—972.	Do do	
4	The Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Military Department, was informed that the Dewan has ordered that the undermentioned Military works provided for in the current year's budget should be stopped in view to the grants being made available for relief purposes, if found necessary hereafter. 1. Extension of the Siladars' Stables at Bangalore 2. Construction of a Military Hospital at Bangalore. 3. Converting the jail buildings at Chitaldroog into Siladars' Stables. 4. Extension of the Siladars' Stables at Mysore.—No 4668—1044.	21st do	
	Communications.		
1	A revised estimate for opening out the Bababudan Hill road, was returned to the Executive Engineer, Kadur Division, duly sanctioned by the Local Government for Rs. 9,122.—No. 4723—1056.	24th Sep. 1885.	
	Miscellaneous.		
1	Copy of Mysore Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 4399—964 of 4th September 1884, bringing to notice certain statements made by Mr. Standish Lee, Sanitary Engineer, at a Municipal Meeting at Mysore, regarding the unsuitability of the site selected for the bed of the Kukarhalli tank, with copy of the Dewan's re-	4th Sep. 1885.	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	marks thereon, was forwarded to Mr S Lee, Sanitary Engineer, for early explanation.—No 4399—964		
2	The Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, requested, as directed by Dewan, to submit an early and concise preliminary report on proposal to extend the Vizayanadi Channel, after having a line of levels run from end of present Channel, to test the feasibility of the scheme —No. 4693.	22nd Sep. 1885.	
3	The Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, was informed that the papers connected with the construction of roads for the extension of the Town of Mysore, have been handed over to the Municipal President for his guidance in the construction of the road, as the Dewan considers it best not to encumber the Public Works Department at such a time as the present with extra work —No 4707—1058	25th do	
	Establishment.		
1	Notified that Mr. M B. Tivari, Assistant Engineer, attached to the Central Office, is transferred temporarily to the Kolar Division for employment on Survey duty —No 4346—944.	1st Sep. 1885	
2	Notified that Mr E Vigor, Overseer, has been permitted to resign his appointment in the Mysore Public Works Department.— No 4455—986	8th do	

BANGALORE,
30th *September* 1885

F. J. McLAUGHLIN,
Offg Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
P. W D.

Mysore Government Press, Bangalore.—13 11-85.—180.